DIVISION 3. ADULT INSTITUTIONS, PROGRAMS AND PAROLE

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DIVISION 3. ADULT INSTITUTIONS, PROGRAMS AND PAROLE

CHAPTER 1. RULES AND REGULATIONS OF ADULT OPERATIONS AND PROGRAMS

HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect repealing preface filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

Article 1. Behavior

§3000. Definitions.
The following are definitions of terms as used in these regulations:

Accessory means a person who, after a felony has been committed, harbors, conceals or aids a principal in such felony, with the intent that the principal may avoid punishment, and has knowledge that said principal committed the felony.

Administrative Officer of the Day (AOD) means an administrative staff member possessing managerial experience and authority to make decisions in the absence of an Institution Head.

Adverse Witness means a person who has given or will give information against a prisoner or parolee. For the purpose of conducting parole revocation hearings, adverse witness means a person whose expected testimony supports the violation charged.

Alternative Custody Program (ACP) means a voluntary program developed for non-violent, non-serious and non-registered sex offense inmates pursuant to PC section 1170.05 that allows eligible inmates committed to state prison to serve their sentence in the community in lieu of confinement in state prison.

Alternative Custody Program Participant means any offender who is approved for and placed in the Alternative Custody Program as defined in this section.

Appeal means a formal request for, or the act of requesting, an official change of a decision, action, or policy.

Architectural and Engineering Services means those services procured outside of the State’s Civil Service procedures and which are rendered by an architect or engineer, but may include ancillary services logically or justifiably performed in connection therewith.

Arrest means the taking of a person into custody, in a case and in a manner authorized by law.

Asylum State means the state other than California in which a parolee-at-large is in custody.

Attempted Escape means an unsuccessful effort to breach a secured perimeter or the use of force against a person to attempt access into an unauthorized area. Some progress toward implementing an escape must be made to implement a plan. This includes, but is not limited to the following overt acts: acquiring unauthorized clothing or identification, preparing a hiding place in an unauthorized area, lying in wait for a potential hostage, attempting access to a perimeter that was unsupervised, unlawfully obtaining tools to aid in an escape, manufacturing a likeness of a person in order to substitute for the inmate’s presence, or receiving assistance from other conspirators who acted upon an escape plan, e.g. a plan to escape uncovered from verbal, telephone or mail communication.

Behavior Management Unit is alternate general population housing and programming which is designed to reduce inmate’s continuing involvement in disruptive behavior, violence, or noncompliance with CDCR rules and regulations, allowing non-disruptive inmates in the general population the opportunity to program without continual interruption due to the behavior of a smaller, more disruptive segment of the inmate population.

Board of Parole Hearings (Board) means the state agency which is responsible for the administration of parole for those persons committed to the department under Penal Code section 1168 and those committed under Penal Code section 1170 who also meet the criteria found in Penal Code section 2962.

California Agency Parolee means a person released from department facility to parole supervision in a California community who subsequently is within the custody of any California agency, or subdivision thereof, except the department.

California Agency Prisoner means a prisoner who has been transferred from the custody of the department to the custody of any other California agency or subdivision thereof.

California Concurrent Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence and a sentence of another jurisdiction who is being supervised in a California community pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

California Out-of-State Correctional Facility (COCF). The COCF is a program through which male CDCR inmates are transferred to out-of-state correctional facilities that have contracted with the CDCR to provide housing, security, health care and rehabilitative programming services to CDCR inmates.

Case Conference Review means a documented review of the progress made in the Case Plan and will review the effectiveness of the current plan to determine necessary modifications. It will also include a review to determine if the parole supervision/case management expectations have been met.

Case records file means the file which contains the information concerning an inmate which is compiled by the department pursuant to Penal Code Section 2081.5 and includes such components as the central file, education file, visiting file and parole field file.

Central File (C-File) means a master file maintained by the department containing records regarding each person committed to its jurisdiction.

Central Office Calendar means the calendar which is composed of administrative hearing officers as designated by the deputy director, parole hearings division. They are authorized to make decisions regarding matters reported to the parole hearings division, including the decision to order a hearing scheduled.

Central Office Hearing Coordinator means the parole hearings division employee at headquarters who is responsible for hearing schedules, attorney appointments, and other hearing-related services.

Certification means that a business concern has obtained verification that it meets the definition of disabled veteran business enterprise pursuant to Military and Veterans Code section 999(g) from an agency that has been authorized by law to issue such certification.

Chaplain means an individual duly designated by a religious denomination to discharge specified religious duties, including a native American Indian spiritual leader.

Child means a person under the age of 18 years.

Chronicological History means a CDC Form 112 (Rev. 9/83), Chronological History, prepared for each inmate, upon which significant dates and commitment information affecting the inmate are logged.

Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) means the department employee designated at each institution to be that institution’s liaison with releasing boards and parole staff.

Collateral Contact means any communication between a Division of Adult Parole Operations staff and another person concerning a parolee.
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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

Concurrent Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence and a sentence of another jurisdiction who is being supervised in a state other than California pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

Conditions of Parole mean the specific conditions under which a prisoner is released to parole supervision.

Confined to Quarters (CTQ) means an authorized disciplinary hearing action whereby an inmate is restricted to their assigned quarters for a period not to exceed five days for administrative rule violations and ten days for serious rule violations.

Contraband means anything which is not permitted, in excess of the maximum quantity permitted, or received or obtained from an unauthorized source.

Control Service means the middle supervision category of a person on parole.

Controlled Substance means any substance, drug, narcotic, opiate, hallucinogen, depressant, or stimulant as defined by California Health and Safety Code section 11007. Also included are prescribed medications containing any of the substances identified in the H&S Code section above.

Cooperative Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence who is under parole supervision in a state other than California pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

Course of conduct means two or more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose.

Court Order means a custody determination decree, judgment, or order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, whether permanent or temporary, initial or modified, that affects the custody or visitation of a child, when issued in the context of a custody proceeding. An order, once made, shall continue in effect until it expires, is modified, is rescinded, or terminates by operation of law.

Criminal Identification and Investigation (CI&I) Report means the report defined by Penal Code section 11105, commonly referred to as “Rap Sheet”.

Cumulative Case Summary means the cumulative summary of specific portions of the record maintained by the department regarding each prisoner from reception to discharge.

Custody of the department means the inmate is in the physical custody of the department. The inmate would be considered out of the custody of the department when: out to court and housed in a County or Federal facility, escaped and not returned to departmental custody, in a non-departmental mental health facility, and in a medical facility under non-departmental supervision.

Dangerous contraband means materials or substances altered from their original manufactured state or purpose and which could be fashioned into a weapon. Examples would include, but not be limited to, metal, plastic, wood, or wire. Also included are: sharpened objects such as scissors or other tools not authorized to be in the inmate’s possession, as well as poison, caustic substances, or flame producing devices i.e. matches or lighters.

Deadly weapon means any weapon identified in Penal Code section 4502. Any item or substance not readily identified as a weapon becomes a deadly weapon when used in a manner that could reasonably result in serious bodily injury or death.

Department means the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

Deputy Regional Parole Administrator means the department’s administrator within a Division of Adult Parole Operations region.

Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores.

Detainer means a written document received from an official representing a district attorney office, court, or correctional or law enforcement agent which indicates that an inmate is wanted by that office and the basis for the detainer.

Determinate Sentencing Law (DSL) Prisoner means a person sentenced to prison under Penal Code section 1170 for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1977.

Direct and Constant Supervision means an inmate shall be monitored and observed by CDC staff, either custody staff or work supervisor as indicated in these regulations, sufficiently to account for the inmate’s whereabouts of the inmate at all times.

Director means the director of the department of corrections.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise means a business concern as defined in Military and Veterans Code section 999(g).

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper means a publication that meets all of the following criteria: (1) has an orientation relating to the disabled veteran business enterprise; (2) is known and utilized by members of the disabled veteran business community; (3) primarily offers articles, editorials (if any), and advertisements of business opportunities aimed at disabled veteran business enterprises; and (4) is readily available within the geographical area for which the advertisement is placed and for which the services are to be performed.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper and trade paper means a publication that meets all of the criteria of a disabled veteran business enterprise focus paper and all of the criteria of a trade paper.

Disciplinary Detention means a temporary housing status which confines inmates so assigned to designated rooms or cells for prescribed periods of time as punishment for serious rule violations.

Disciplinary Free Means without any finding of guilt of a disciplinary infraction filed on a CDC Form 115, Rule Violation Report, classified as either administrative or serious.

Disciplinary Free Period means the period that commences immediately following the date and time an inmate is identified (date of discovery of information leading to the charge) as committing a rules violation classified as serious.

Disruptive Behavior means behavior which might disrupt orderly operations within the institutions, which could lead to violence or disorder, or otherwise endangers facility, outside community or another person as defined in sections 3004(b), 3005(a) and 3023(a).

Disruptive Group 1 means any gang, other than a prison gang.

Distribution means the sale or unlawful dispersing, by an inmate or parolee, of any controlled substance; or the solicitation of or conspiring with others in arranging for, the introduction of controlled substances into any institution, camp, contract health facility, or community correctional facility for the purpose of sales or distribution.

District Administrator means the department’s administrator of a Division of Adult Parole Operations unit, district, or geographical area.

Drug paraphernalia means any device, contrivance, instrument, or paraphernalia intended to be used for unlawfully injecting or consuming into the human body a controlled substance as identified in Health and Safety Code section 11007.

Drugs means substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, and as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014.

Effective communication means providing the inmate, to the extent possible, the means to understand and participate in the disciplinary process to the best of their ability. This may be accomplished through reasonable accommodation or assignment of a staff assistant. If the inmate’s Test of Adult Basic Education (TABE) score is 4.0 or lower, employees are required to query the inmate to
determine whether or not assistance is needed to achieve effective communication. The employee is required to document on appropriate CDCR forms his/her determination of whether the inmate appeared to understand, the basis for that determination and how it was made. For contacts involving due process, employees shall give priority to the inmate’s primary means of communication, which may include but is not limited to: auxiliary communication aids, sign language interpreter, and bilingual interpreter.

Escape History refers to any reliable information or inmate self-admission in the central file to an escape, attempted escape, walkaway, or plan to escape. The available information describing the circumstances of the escape or attempted escape shall be evaluated in determining the level of risk to correctional safety and security posed by the inmate.

Examinee means a person who voluntarily takes a polygraph examination.

Exceptional Circumstances means circumstances beyond the control of the department or the inmate that prevent the inmate or requested witnesses from participating in the disciplinary hearing within established time limitations. Examples of this as applied to an inmate would include a serious temporary mental or physical impairment verified in writing by a licensed clinical social worker, licensed psychologist, psychiatrist, or physician. Some examples of exceptional circumstances preventing staff witnesses, to include the reporting employee, from attending the disciplinary hearing would be extended sick leave, bereavement leave, personal emergency, or extended military duty. Exceptional circumstances, as described above, would allow for suspension of time limitations pending resolution of the instances.

Ex-Offender means a person previously convicted of a felony in California or any other state, or convicted of an offense in another state which would have been a felony if committed in California.

Execution Type Murder describes the circumstances or manner of a fatal offense in which the victim is bound, cuffed, gagged, blindfolded, or forced to assume a position from which the victim is unable to resist or flee; the victim is shot at close range; or the manner of death demonstrates that the victim had no opportunity to defend himself or herself nor to flee.

Face-to-Face Contact means an in-person contact with a parolee, or an Alternative Custody Program Participant, by a CDCR parole agent.

Facility means any institution; community-access facility or community correctional facility; or any camp or other subfacility of an institution under the jurisdiction of the department.

Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routine-ly restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation.

Federal Consecutive Prisoner means a California prisoner who is also under sentence of the United States and is confined in a federal correctional facility, and whose California term shall commence upon completion of the United States’ sentence.

Felony means a crime which is punishable with death or by imprisonment in the state prison. Every other crime or public offense is a misdemeanor except those offenses that are classified as infractions.

Field Contact means face-to-face contact by Division of Adult Parole Operations staff with a parolee away from the parole office or office parking area.

Firm means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, joint venture or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture, landscape architecture, engineering, environmental services, land surveying or construction project management.

Force, as applied to escape or Attempted Escape, refers to physical contact or threat of physical harm against a person to enable or attempt the escape.

Frequent and Direct Supervision means that staff supervision of an inmate shall be sufficient to ensure that the inmate is present within the area permitted.

Friendly Witness means any witness who is not an adverse witness.

Gang means any ongoing formal or informal organization, association or group of three or more persons which has a common name or identifying sign or symbol whose members and/or associates, individually or collectively, engage or have engaged, on behalf of that organization, association or group, in two or more acts which include, planning, organizing threatening, financing, soliciting, or committing unlawful acts or acts of misconduct classified as serious pursuant to section 3315.

General Conditions of Parole mean general rules regarding behavior required or prohibited during parole for all parolees.

Goal means a numerically expressed disabled veteran business enterprise objective as set out in Public Contract Code section 10115(c), that awarding departments and contractors are required to make efforts to achieve.

Good Cause means a finding based upon a preponderance of the evidence that there is a factual basis and good reason for the decision made.

Good Faith Effort means a concerted effort on the part of a potential contractor to seek out and consider disabled veteran-owned and operated business enterprises as potential contractors, and/or subcontractors in order to meet the program participation goals.

Great bodily injury (GBI) means any bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death.

Grievance means a complaint about a decision, action, or policy which an inmate, parolee or staff wish to have changed.

Harassment means a willful course of conduct directed at a specific person, group, or entity which seriously alarms, annoys, or terrifies that person, group, or entity and which serves no legitimate purpose.

Hearing Committee means a panel of three certified Senior Hearing Officers comprised of: one Correctional Lieutenant or Correctional Counselor II, one Facility/Correctional Captain or Correctional Counselor III, and one staff member at the level of Associate Warden or above, or any combination thereof.

High Control means the highest supervision category of a person on parole.

High Notoriety describes an inmate who must be treated as a significant escape risk due to the unusual level of public panic that his or her escape would likely cause. The risk of public panic is based upon the nature or circumstance of the inmate’s crime, the inmate’s criminal history, the inmate’s behavior in custody, and extensive or prolonged media coverage of the crime beyond the closest large city and its surrounding communities. A High Notoriety inmate is one who is perceived by the public to have criminal influence or access to significant amounts of money or drugs or power that may enable the inmate to escape, trigger a public disturbance, or victimize any person or a witness to their conviction offense. Bases
for the High Notoriety designation include, but are not limited to, Execution Type Murder, Multiple Murders, mutilation of victims, or an original sentence of Death, a sentence of Life Without the Possibility of Parole, a total term of 100 years or more.

Hold means to retain an inmate or parolee, who is under the Secretary’s jurisdiction, in custody at an institution or a local detention facility in response to the legal request of a law enforcement or correctional agency representative.

Immediate Family Members means legal spouse; registered domestic partner, natural parents; adoptive parents, if the adoption occurred and a family relationship existed prior to the inmate’s incarceration; step-parents or foster parents; grandparents; natural, step, or foster brothers or sisters; the inmate’s natural and adoptive children; grandchildren; and legal stepchildren of the inmate. Aunts, uncles and cousins are not immediate family members unless a verified foster relationship exists.

Incarcerating Jurisdiction means the jurisdiction where an Interstate or Western Interstate Corrections Compact, federal contract, federal concurrent, or concurrent prisoner is incarcerated.

Indecent Exposure means every person who willfully and lewdly, either: exposes his or her person, or the private parts thereof, in any public place, or in any place where there are present other persons to be offended or annoyed thereby; or, procures, counsels, or assists any person so to expose him or her self to public view, or the view of any number of persons, such as is offensive to decency, or is adapted to excite to vicious or lewd thoughts or acts.

Indeterminate Sentence Law (ISL) means a person sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or before June 30, 1977, who would have been sentenced under Penal Code section 1170 if he/she had committed the crime on or after July 1, 1977.

Indigent Inmate means an inmate who is wholly without funds at the time they were eligible for withdrawal of funds for canteen purchases.

Inmate means a person under the jurisdiction of the Secretary and not paroled. Inmate and prisoner are synonymous terms.

Inmate Match means a one-on-one match of a citizen volunteer and an inmate who receives few or no visits to establish a relationship which encourages positive inmate behavior and programming.

Institution means a large facility or complex of subfacilities with a secure (fenced or walled) perimeter headed by a warden.

Institution Head means a warden, regional parole administrator, or designated manager of a facility housing inmates.

Institutional Unit means the office of the parole and community services division which coordinates the supervision of California cooperative parolee and the return of parolees-at-large from asylum states. The unit is responsible for Interstate and Western Interstate Corrections Compacts, federal contrast, federal concurrent, and consecutive prisoners and multijurisdiction parolees incarcerated in the prison of another jurisdiction.

Intoxicant not identified as a controlled substance means toluene or any bi-product i.e. paint thinners, paint, fingernail polish, lacquers, gasoline, kerosene, adhesives or other substance that markedly diminishes physical and/or mental control.

Joint Venture Employer (JVE) means any public entity, nonprofit or for profit entity, organization, or business which contracts with the director for the purpose of employing inmate labor.

Joint Venture Program (JVP) means a contract entered into between the director and any public entity, nonprofit or for profit entity, organization, or business for the purpose of employing inmate labor.

Laboratory means any toxicological or forensic laboratory which has been recognized by the state, other certifying agency, or which is accepted by any local, county, or state prosecuting authority to provide evidence as to the presence of controlled substances in human body fluids or confirm that a substance is or contains any controlled substance.

Legal process means a writ, summons, warrant or mandate issued by a court.

Legal Status Sheet (LSS) means a CDC Form 188, Legal Status Summary, containing the commitment and release status of an inmate.

Life Prisoner means a prisoner serving a sentence of 15- or 25-years-to-life.

Lockdown means the restriction of all inmates to their cells/dormitory beds encompassing no less than a Facility. True lockdowns are rare occasions, generally following very serious threats to institutional security and the safety of staff and inmates. The movement of any inmate to an assignment or resumption of any program would change the lockdown status of the program, returning the institution/facility to a diminished level of modified program or to normal program.

Lockout means any refusal by an employer to permit any group of five or more employees to work as a result of a dispute with such employees affecting wages, hours or other terms or conditions of employment of such employees.

Management Concern means a behavior observed or documented in the inmate’s criminal history that demonstrates to a classification committee that the inmate has a propensity towards violence against self or others; has a history of inciting or pressuring others toward criminal behavior; prey’s on more vulnerable members of society; or portrays a level of criminal sophistication and/or access to large amounts of drugs, money, or power. This may include disruptive groups and prison gang members or affiliates.

Manuscript means any written, typed or printed articles of fiction and nonfiction; poems; essays; gags; plays; skits; paintings; sketches; drawings; or musical compositions created by an inmate.

Material Evidence means evidence which has a substantial bearing on matters in dispute and legitimate and effective influence on the decision of a case.

Medical Parolee means a person released from confinement pursuant to Penal Code section 3550.

Minimum Eligible Parole Date (MEPD) means the earliest date on which an Indeterminate Sentence Law or life prisoner may legally be released on parole.

Modified Program means the suspension or restriction of inmate program activities and/or movement that impacts less than all programs or less than all inmates. A Modified Program may either occur independently in response to an incident or unusual occurrence or may occur as a facility transitions from a lockdown to regular programming. Imposed restrictions may fluctuate as circumstances dictate with the goal of resuming regular programming as soon as it is practical. Modified programming will last no longer than necessary to restore institutional safety and security or to investigate the triggering event, and shall not target a specific racial or ethnic group unless it is necessary and narrowly tailored to further a compelling government interest. For those inmates whose movement has been restricted, movement may be authorized on a case-by-case basis for essential or emergency services such as medical, dental, mental health or law library visits. The routine and/or temporary restrictions on inmate movement or yard activities, which do not last longer than 24 hours, are not considered a program modification.

Multijurisdiction Parolee means any concurrent, California concurrent, California agency, or cooperative parolee.

Multijurisdiction Prisoner means any federal contract, federal concurrent, federal consecutive, concurrent, consecutive, California agency, or cooperative parolee.
nia agency, Interstate or Western Interstate Corrections Compact prisoner.

Multiple Murders means the inmate killed or was involved in killing more than one victim during the commission of the crime for which the inmate is currently serving a Life term. This does not necessarily include an inmate who has killed more than one person during his or her criminal career.

Non-Revocable Parole is a form of unsupervised community release pursuant to the provisions of Penal Code section 3000.03, wherein the parolee is not subject to placement of a parole hold, revocation, or referral to the Board of Parole Hearings for violation of any condition of parole.

Our Hold Only (OHO) means a parolee is in custody under a Penal Code section 3056 parole hold and has no other charges or detainers pending.

Out-to-Court means an inmate is temporarily removed from a facility to be brought before a court to be tried for an offense, to be examined by a grand jury or magistrate, or for any other court proceedings.

Parole Agent means an employee and his/her supervisors in the department who are assigned to supervise those persons released from incarceration to the supervision of the Division of Adult Parole Operations.

Parole Field File means a file maintained by a parole unit office containing information about a parolee and his or her current parole.

Parole Hearings Division means the division of the department which is responsible for the department’s administration of paroles for those persons committed to the department under Penal Code section 1170, except those who also meet the criteria of Penal Code section 2962.

Parole Hold means authorization by a departmental employee to hold a parolee in custody pursuant to section 3056 of the Penal Code.

Parole Violation means conduct by a parolee which violates the conditions of parole or otherwise provides good cause for the modification or revocation of parole.

Parole Violation Extension means an extension of return-to-custody time for a parolee in revoked status.

Parole Violator means a parolee who is found to have violated parole and who may be returned to custody pursuant to Penal Code section 3057.

Parolee means an offender placed on supervised or non-revocable parole by the department.

Parolee-at-Large means an absconder from parole supervision, who is declared a fugitive by releasing authority action suspending parole.

Polygraph Examination means the procedure by which a polygraph examiner renders an opinion as to the veracity of statements made by an examinee.

Polygraph Examiner means a person who purports to be able to prove an issue or fact in dispute.

Preparation Credit means credit for time in custody as certified by the court and provided for in Penal Code section 2900.5.

Principal means any person involved in the commission of a crime, felony or misdemeanor, whether they directly commit the act constituting the offense, or aid and abet in its commission, or not being present, have advised and encouraged its commission, or who, by threats, menaces, command or coercion, compel another to commit any crime.

Prison Gang means any gang which originated and has its roots within the department or any other prison system.
or sub-facility being released. Such restrictions do not constitute a State of Emergency as determined in Section 3383.

Room and Board means all that the department provides for the inmate’s care, housing and retention.

Screening means evaluation by staff to ascertain that specified requirements or criteria are met.

Secure Perimeter means the largest Security Perimeter that physically retains inmates in custody on facility property.

Security Perimeter means any unbroken physical barrier or combination of physical barriers that restricts inmate movement to a contained area without being processed through a door, gate, or sallyport.

Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participant means an adult inmate who is deemed eligible and agrees to participate in a SB 618 Program, as defined in section 3000, which includes that prior to reception by the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the inmate will be assessed and classified at the county in which he or she is adjudged to have committed his or her crime.

Senate Bill (SB) 618 Program means a program developed for nonviolent felony offenders pursuant to SB 618 (2005/2006 session), which added Penal Code section 1203.8, which provides in part that programs shall be available for inmates, including vocational and educational programs that are designed to prepare nonviolent felony offenders for successful reintegration back into the community.

Serious bodily injury (SBI) means a serious impairment of physical condition, including, but not limited to, the following: loss of consciousness; concussion; bone fracture; protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ; a wound requiring suturing; and disfigurement.

Serious Offense, for the purpose of conducting parole revocation hearings, refers to any felony listed in section 1192.7(c) of the Penal Code.

Sexual Activity means any behavior of a sexual nature between an inmate and a visitor including, but not limited to:

(1) Sexual intercourse, oral copulation, or masturbation.

(2) The rubbing or touching of breast(s), buttock(s) or sexual organ(s) for the purpose of arousing, appealing to, or gratifying lust, passions, or sexual desires.

(3) Exposure of breast(s), buttocks or sexual organ(s) for the purpose of arousing, appealing to, or gratifying lust, passions, or sexual desires.

Sexual Disorderly Conduct means every person who touches, without exposing, his or her genitals, buttocks or breasts in a manner that demonstrates it is for the purpose of sexual arousal, gratification, annoyance, or offense, and that any reasonable person would consider this conduct offensive.

Single Family Dwelling means a real property improvement, such as a house, apartment, or mobile home that is used or is intended for use as a dwelling for one family.

Small Business Firm means a business in which the principal office is located in California and the officers of such business are domiciled in California which is independently owned and operated and which is not dominant in its field of operation. The maximum dollar volume that a small business may generate shall vary from industry to industry to the extent necessary to reflect differing characteristics of such industries.

Special Assignment means a departmentally-approved special program, temporary or short-term assignment for departmental convenience, or medical or psychiatric treatment category with exceptional credit-earning provisions.

Special Conditions of Parole means conditions of parole placed by the Board of Parole Hearings or Division of Adult Parole Operations and restricted to the individual.

Street gang refers to a gang as defined herein except that it is not a prison gang.

Strike means any concerted act of more than 50 percent of the bargaining unit employees in a lawful refusal of such employees under applicable state or federal law to perform work or services for an employer, other than work stoppages based on conflicting union jurisdictions or work stoppages unauthorized by the proper union governing body.

Subcontractor means any person or entity that enters into a subcontract with a prime contractor for work, materials, supplies and/or labor.

Sweat Lodge means a native American Indian ceremonial hut.

Terminal illness means an incurable disease process with progression unresponsive to medical intervention where a medical doctor estimates that death will occur within a six-month period.

Time Computation means the department’s uniform method for calculating an inmate’s term and minimum and maximum release dates as governed by law.

Time Served means that time an inmate is imprisoned with the department between their received date and a given date.

Trade Paper means a publication that meets all of the following criteria: (1) has a business orientation relating to the trade or industry for which the advertisement is being placed; (2) is known and utilized by members of that trade or industry; (3) primarily offers articles, editorials (if any), and advertisements of business opportunities aimed at that trade or industry; and (4) is readily available within the geographical area for which the advertisement is placed and for which the services are to be performed.

Transitional Housing Unit is a general population program designated for the observation phase of the Prison Gang Debriefing process. This program houses those inmates that are in the second phase of the debriefing process.

Under the influence of alcohol, any drug, controlled substance, toluene or any combination thereof means being in a condition that he/she is unable to exercise care for his/her safety or the safety of others pursuant to Penal Code 647(f) and confirmed by a positive test from a departmentally approved testing method, to include field sobriety testing.

Unit Supervisor means a supervisor of case-carrying parole agents in the Division of Adult Parole Operations.

Unusual Violence describes the circumstances of an offense wherein the inmate acted to torture the victim over a period of time or intentionally made the victim endure great pain and suffering. A single act of stabbing, shooting, or beating of a victim does not necessarily qualify.

Vexatious Litigant means a person who does any of the following: (1) in the immediately preceding seven-year period has commenced, prosecuted, or maintained in propria persona at least five litigations other than in a small claims court that have been (a) finally determined adversely to the person or; (b) unjustifiably permitted to remain pending at least two years without having been brought to trial or hearing; (2) after a litigation has been finally determined against the person, repeatedly relitigates or attempts to relitigate in propria persona either; (a) the validity of the determination against the same defendant or defendants as to whom the litigation was finally determined or; (b) the cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the issues of fact or law, determined or concluded by the final determination against the same defendant or defendants as to whom the litigation was finally determined; (3) in any litigation while acting in propria persona, repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, or other papers, conducts unnecessary discovery, or engages in other tactics that are frivolous
or solely intended to cause unnecessary delay; (4) has previously been declared to be a vexatious litigant by any state or federal court of record in any actions or proceeding based upon the same or substantially similar facts, transaction, or occurrence. Pursuant to In re Bittaker, Writs of Habeas Corpus are not included under vexatious litigation.

Violent Offense, for the purpose of conducting parole revocation hearings, refers to any felony listed in section 667.5(c) of the Penal Code.

Work Change Area means a portal controlled by staff and/or locking gates that is used to control access and includes the area where staff search inmates prior to permitting inmates in or out of adjacent areas such as Prison Industry Authority yards.

Worktime Credit means credit towards a prisoner’s sentence for satisfactory performance in work, training or education programs.

Writ means a court order in writing, requiring the performance of a specified act, or giving authority to have it done.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2717.3, 3000.03, 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code; Section 10115.3(b), Public Contract Code; and Sections 4525(a), 4526 and 14837, Government Code. Reference: Sections 186.22, 243, 314, 530, 532, 646.9, 653m, 832.5, 1170.05, 1203.8, 1389, 2080, 2081.5, 2600, 2601, 2700, 2717.1, 2717.6, 2932.5, 3003.5(a), 3550, 4570, 5009, 5054, 5068, 7000 et seq. and 11191, Penal Code; Sections 11324.4 and 11328, Labor Code; Sections 10106, 10108, 10108.5, 10115, 10115.1, 10115.2, 10127, Public Contract Code; and Section 999, Military and Veterans Code; Section 391, Code of Civil Procedure; Section 297.5, Family Code; Section 8550 and 8567, Government Code; Governor’s Prison Overcrowding State of Emergency Proclamation dated October 4, 2006; In re Bittaker, 55 Cal.App. 4th 1004, 64 Cal. Rptr. 2d 679; Section 11007, Health and Safety Code; and Madrid v. Cate (U.S.D.C. N.D. Cal. C90-3094 TEH).

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a)(19) filed 12-1-78 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-79 (Register 78, No. 48). For prior history, see Register 77, No. 40.
2. Certificate of Compliance filed 2-22-79 (Register 79, No. 8).
3. Amendment filed 11-20-79 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-80 (Register 79, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be filed within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 3-20-80.
4. Certificate of Compliance filed 2-15-80 (Register 80, No. 7).
5. Amendment filed 3-2-83: effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).
6. Change without regulatory effect repealing and adopting new section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
7. Amendment filed 11-28-90 as an emergency; operative 11-28-90 (Register 91, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-28-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Amendment adding definitions of “disruptive group,” “gang,” and “prison gang” filed 5-20-91; operative 6-19-91 (Register 91, No. 26).
9. Amendment adding definition for “Media representative” filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4).
10. Amendment adding definitions for “Disciplinary Free,” “Inmate Match,” and “Special Assignment” and amending Note filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Amendment adding definition for “Case records file” and amendment of Note filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
12. Amendment adding definition for “Detainer” and amendment of Note filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
13. Amendment adding definitions for “Received Date,” “Time Computation,” and “Time Served” filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
14. Editorial correction of printing error restoring inadvertently deleted definitions originally filed 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 24).
15. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order adding definition for “case records file” transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-27-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
16. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-29-91 order adding definitions for “Disciplinary Free,” “Inmate Match,” and “Special Assignment” transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
17. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order adding definition of “Detainer” transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
18. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
19. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 6-2-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
20. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-20-92 order transmitted to OAL 9-9-92; approved by OAL and order of repeal of 5-20-92 order filed on 10-22-92 (Register 92, No. 43).
21. Amendment adding definition for “Terminal illness” refiled 10-22-92 as an emergency; operative 10-22-92 pursuant to Government Code section 11346, (h) (Register 92, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 2-23-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
22. Amendment adding “Cumulative case summary,” “Chronological history,” “Legal status sheet,” “Probation officer’s report” and “Criminal identification and investigation report” and amendment of Note filed 11-5-92; operative 12-7-92 (Register 92, No. 45).
23. Change without regulatory effect amending “Immediate Family Members” filed 1-26-93 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 93, No. 6).
24. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-23-92 order transmitted to OAL 12-18-92 and filed 2-3-93 (Register 93, No. 6).
25. Amendment adding “Harassment” and amendment of Note filed 7-29-93 as an emergency; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 31). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 11-26-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
26. Amendment filed 9-3-93; operative 9-3-93 pursuant to Government Code section 11346, (d) (Register 93, No. 36).
27. Amendment of “Good Faith Effort,” “Minority Business Enterprise,” “Responsible Bidder” and “Women Business Enterprise” and Note and new definitions “Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise,” “Goal,” “Minority and/or Women and/or Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper,” “Minority and/or Women and/or Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper,” “Project,” “Subcontractor,” and “Trade Paper” filed 10-18-93 as an emergency; operative 10-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
28. Definitions added for “Chaplain,” “Religious Artifact,” and “Sweat Lodge” and amendment of Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-13-93 (Register 93, No. 45).
29. Amendment adding “Ex-Offender” filed 11-30-93; operative 12-30-93 (Register 93, No. 49).
30. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-29-93 order transmitted to OAL 11-18-93 and filed 12-31-93 (Register 94, No. 1).
33. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-18-93 order transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 and filed 3-16-94 (Register 94, No. 11).
34. Amendment of “Inmate”, new definition “Serious injury”, and amendment of Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
35. Amendment of “Institution Head” filed 9-13-96 as an emergency; operative 9-13-96. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-24-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
36. Amendment adding definition of “Certification” filed 11-22-96 as an emergency; operative 11-22-96 (Register 96, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-1-97 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
37. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-13-96 order transmitted to OAL 11-22-96 and filed 1-6-97 (Register 97, No. 2).
38. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-22-96 order, including amendment of definition of “Certification,” transmitted to OAL 3-20-97 and filed 5-1-97 (Register 97, No. 18).
39. Amendment adding definitions of “Lockdown” and “Restricted or controlled inmate movement” filed 10-16-97; operative 11-15-97 (Register 97, No. 42).
40. Amendment adding definition of “Program failure” filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
41. Amendment adding definition of “Vexatious Litigant” and amending Note filed 11-12-97 as an emergency; operative 11-12-97 (Register 97, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-08 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
42. Editorial correction of definition of “Vexatious Litigant” and Histories 40 and 41 (Register 98, No. 18).
43. Amendment adding definition of “Vexatious Litigant” and amending Note refiled 4-29-98 as an emergency; operative 4-29-98 (Register 98, No. 18). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
44. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including removal of definition of “Program failure” to section 3062(n), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
45. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-98 order, including further amendment of definition of “Vexatious Litigant” and Note, transmitted to OAL 6-12-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).
46. Amendment adding new definitions of “Controlled Medication,” “Controlled Substance,” “Distribution” and “Laboratory” and amendment of Note filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
47. Amendment filed 11-13-98 as an emergency; operative 11-13-98 (Register 98, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-15-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
48. Amendment adding new definitions of “Controlled Medication,” “Controlled Substance,” “Distribution” and “Laboratory” and amendment of Note refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
49. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-13-98 order transmitted to OAL 2-10-99 and filed 3-8-99 (Register 99, No. 11).
50. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).
51. Amendment filed 3-27-2000 as an emergency; operative 3-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 13). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-5-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
54. Amendment filed 10-19-2000 deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 10-19-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-27-2001 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
56. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-19-2000 order, including further amendment of definitions of “Execution Type Murder,” “High Notoriety” and “Public Interest Case,” transmitted to OAL 3-27-2001 and filed 5-3-2001 (Register 2001, No. 18).
57. Amendment of definitions of “Firm” and “Small Business Firm” and amendment of Note filed 7-12-2002; operative 8-11-2002 (Register 2002, No. 28).
58. Amendment adding definition of “Street gang” and amendment of Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
60. Amendment adding definitions of “Program failure” and “Significant work related disciplinary history” filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
61. Amendment adding definitions of “Program failure” and “Significant work related disciplinary history” refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
63. New definition of “Religious Review Committee (RRC)” filed 1-17-2006 as an emergency; operative 1-17-2006 (Register 2006, No. 3). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-26-2006 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
64. Amendment of definition of “Program failure” filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
66. Change without regulatory effect amending division heading and chapter heading filed 12-4-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 49).
67. New definitions of “Indecent Exposure” and “Sexual Disorderly Conduct” and amendment of Note filed 2-23-2007 as an emergency; operative 2-23-2007 (Register 2007, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-2-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
69. New definitions of “Non-serious offender” and “Non-violent offender” filed 10-1-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-1-2007 (Register 2007, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-10-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
70. Amendment of definition of “Immediate Family Members” and amendment of Note filed 10-16-2007; operative 11-15-2007 (Register 2007, No. 42).

71. New definitions of “Non-serious offender” and “Non-violent offender” filed 2-25-2008 as an emergency; operative 2-25-2008 (Register 2008, No. 9). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


73. New definitions of “Behavior Management Unit” and “Disruptive Behavior” filed 7-8-2008 as an emergency; operative 7-8-2008 (Register 2008, No. 28). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-15-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

74. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

75. Repealer of definition of “Media representative” filed 8-29-2008; operative 9-28-2008 (Register 2008, No. 35).

76. New definition of “California Out-of-State Correctional Facility” and amendment of Note filed 10-30-2008 as an emergency; operative 10-30-2008 (Register 2008, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-8-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

77. Amendment filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

78. New definitions of “Behavior Management Unit” and “Disruptive Behavior” refiled 12-15-2008 as an emergency; operative 12-15-2008 (Register 2008, 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-16-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

79. New definitions of “Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participant” and “Senate Bill (SB) 618 Program” and amendment of Note filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


81. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-2008 order transmitted to OAL 4-1-2009 and filed 5-12-2009 (Register 2009, No. 20).

82. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-5-2009 order transmitted to OAL 6-25-2009 and filed 7-28-2009 (Register 2009, No. 31).


84. New definition of “Transitional Housing Unit” filed 12-29-2009; operative 1-28-2010 (Register 2010, No. 1).

85. New definition of “Non-Revocable Parolee,” amendment of definition of “Parolee” and amendment of Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

86. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-2010 and filed 7-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 29).

87. New definitions of “Administrative Officer of the Day,” “Facility,” “Great Bodily Harm” and “Institution” and amendment of definition of “Serious Bodily Injury” and Note filed 8-19-2010; operative 8-19-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 34).

88. Repealer of definition of “Appeal Form” filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

89. New definition of “Medical Parolee” and amendment of Note filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

90. Repealer and new definition of “Lockdown” and new definition of “Modified Program” filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

91. New definitions of “Released on Parole,” “Residential Facility,” “Single Family Dwelling” and “Transient Sex Offender” and amendment of Note filed 6-15-2011 as an emergency; operative 6-15-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-22-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


93. Change without regulatory effect amending definition of “Modified Program” filed 8-3-2011 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2011, No. 31).

94. New definitions of “Alternative Custody Program” and “Alternative Custody Program Participant” and amendment of definitions of “Case Conference Review” and “Face-to-Face Contact” and Note filed 9-27-2011 as an emergency; operative 9-27-2011 (Register 2011, No. 39). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-5-2012 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

95. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).


97. New definitions of “Released on Parole,” “Residential Facility,” “Single Family Dwelling” and “Transient Sex Offender” and amendment of Note refiled 12-1-2011 as an emergency; operative 12-1-2011 (Register 2011, No. 48). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-29-2012 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3000.5. Rules of Construction.

The following rules of construction apply to these regulations, except where otherwise noted:

(a) The enumeration of some criteria for the making of discretionary decisions does not prohibit the application of other criteria reasonably related to the decision being made.

(b) The order in which criteria are listed does not indicate their relative weight or importance.

(c) “Shall” is mandatory, “should” is advisory, and “may” is permissive.

(d) The past, present, or future tense includes the others.

(e) The masculine gender includes the feminine gender; the singular includes the plural.

(f) The time limits specified in these regulations do not create a right to have the specified action taken within the time limits. The time limits are directory, and the failure to meet them does not preclude taking the specified action beyond the time limits.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 9-3-93; operative 9-3-93 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 93, No. 36).
§ 3001. Subject to Regulations.

Regardless of commitment circumstances, every person confined or residing in facilities of the department is subject to the rules and regulations of the Secretary, and to the procedures established by the warden, superintendent, or regional parole administrator responsible for the operation of that facility. Persons on parole or civil addict outpatient status are subject to such Secretary’s rules, regulations and parole region procedures as may be applicable to such persons.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

§ 3001.5. Assignment to Caseworker.

Upon reception at a facility, each inmate shall be assigned a caseworker.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-15-92; operative 11-16-92 (Register 92, No. 42).


(a) Within 14 days of reception by the Department of Corrections or upon return to confinement in a departmental institution or facility, every inmate or parolee shall be issued a copy of the Rules and Regulations of the Director of Corrections and copies of all rule changes that have occurred since the last complete reprinting and reissue of the rules and regulations. Each inmate and parolee shall sign a receipt for the rules. The receipt shall be filed as a permanent record in the inmate’s central file. In addition:

(1) Spanish language copies of the rules and regulations of the director shall be maintained at each reception center, institution and facility where inmates are confined. Notice shall be given in Spanish that a Spanish version of the rules is available for inspection. These rules shall be made available for review by Spanish speaking inmates who cannot read English.

(2) Within 14 days of transfer to another departmental institution or facility, the new arrival shall be given a written summary of local procedures governing the conduct and activities of inmates confined at that location and a summary of the range of work and training programs offered by and available at that institution or facility. The summary or summaries shall also include: procedures governing mail and visiting, the inmate’s right to appeal and appeal procedures or upon return to confinement in a departmental institution or facility, every inmate or parolee shall be issued a copy of the Rules and Regulations of the Director of Corrections and copies of all rule changes that have occurred since the last complete reprinting and reissue of the rules and regulations. Each inmate and parolee shall sign a receipt for the rules. The receipt shall be filed as a permanent record in the inmate’s central file. In addition:

(1) Spanish language copies of the rules and regulations of the director shall be maintained at each reception center, institution and facility where inmates are confined. Notice shall be given in Spanish that a Spanish version of the rules is available for inspection. These rules shall be made available for review by Spanish speaking inmates who cannot read English.

(2) Within 14 days of transfer to another departmental institution or facility, the new arrival shall be given a written summary of local procedures governing the conduct and activities of inmates confined at that location and a summary of the range of work and training programs offered by and available at that institution or facility. The summary or summaries shall also include: procedures governing mail and visiting, the inmate’s right to appeal and appeal procedures, the facility’s basic daily schedule, and where and how additional procedural information of interest may be obtained. New arrivals shall also be given verbal staff instructions regarding the procedures.

Staff instructions shall also be given to newly received inmates regarding the possibility of receiving a one-third reduction of their sentence or minimum eligible parole date for refraining from acts or activities of misbehavior and by participating in assigned work and program activities.

(b) During regularly scheduled institution and reception center inmate orientation sessions each inmate or parolee shall be advised of the following:

(1) The ability to earn credits by participating in assigned work and program activities; and,

(2) The availability of work and program activities; and,

(3) The possible loss of credits resulting from acts or activities of misbehavior; and,

(4) The availability of and procedures for access to health care including daily sick call procedures.

(5) Reception centers shall incorporate the inmate’s acknowledgement of the receipt of the summary of reception center work and program activities in the same form used as a receipt for issue of the rules and regulations to the inmate.

(6) When inmates are placed in specialized housing with specialized or limited program options and opportunities to participate, the initial classification committee shall explain the options and opportunities available to the inmate within that specialized unit. A copy of the committee’s chronicle reflecting the discussion shall be given to the inmate and a copy placed in the inmate’s central file.

(7) The facility location where Board of Prison Terms’ Rules may be reviewed by the inmate.

(8) Available institution social services.

(c) The issuance of rules and regulations and program information, summaries, and the inmate’s receipt for same is required in order to comply with Sections 2080 and 2930 of the Penal Code. An inmate’s refusal to sign a receipt for the issue of rules and regulations, work and program summaries, or work and program agreements or understandings, shall be noted by staff, and the receipt shall be filed in the inmate’s central file. Refusal or failure to acknowledge the receipt of information shall not relieve the inmate from any responsibility to behave and participate as expected nor from the consequence for misbehavior or refusal or failure to participate.

(d) Each institution and reception center shall provide a means of advising inmates who cannot read English of the expectations contained in this section. The provisions shall include communication of the expectations to those inmates who also have impaired hearing.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
3. Amendment filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
4. Amendment of subsections (a), (b) and new subsection (d) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
5. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (a)(1) and (b)(3) (Register 92, No. 5).

§ 3003. Threats Against Public Officials.

Any inmate away from a secure perimeter facility or parolee who makes a written or verbal threat against the life of any official specified in Penal Code section 76 with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat shall immediately be placed in custody at a jail or secure perimeter facility pending disposition of the charges.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-18-93; operative 11-17-93 (Register 93, No. 43). For prior history, see Register 89, No. 41.

§ 3004. Rights and Respect of Others.

(a) Inmates and parolees have the right to be treated respectfully, impartially, and fairly by all employees. Inmates and parolees have the responsibility to treat others in the same manner. Employees and inmates may use first names in conversation with each other when it is mutually acceptable to both parties.
(b) Inmates, parolees and employees will not openly display disrespect or contempt for others in any manner intended to or reasonably likely to disrupt orderly operations within the institutions or to incite or provoke violence.

(c) Inmates, parolees and employees will not subject other persons to any form of discrimination because of race, religion, nationality, sex, political belief, age, or physical or mental handicap.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
3. New subsection (c) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).

3005. Conduct.
(a) Inmates and parolees shall obey all laws, regulations, and local procedures, and refrain from behavior which might lead to violence or disorder, or otherwise endangers facility, outside community or another person.

(b) Obeying Orders. Inmates and parolees must promptly and courteously obey written and verbal orders and instructions from department staff, and from employees of other agencies with authorized responsibility for the custody and supervision of inmates and parolees.

(c) Refusing to Accept Assigned Housing. Inmates shall not refuse to accept a housing assignment such as but not limited to, an integrated housing assignment or a double cell assignment, when case factors do not preclude such.

(d) Force or Violence.
(1) Inmates shall not willfully commit or assist another person in the commission of an assault or battery to any person or persons, nor attempt or threaten the use of force or violence upon another person.

(2) Inmates shall not, with the intent to cause a riot, willfully engage in conduct that urges a riot, or urges others to commit acts of force or violence at a time and place under circumstances that produce a clear and present and immediate danger of acts of force or violence or the burning or destroying of property.

(3) Inmates shall not participate in a riot, rout, or unlawful assembly.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section (b) filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. New subsection (c) filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
3. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 6-30-77 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 77, No. 27).
4. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 9-29-77 as an emergency; effective upon filing. Certificate of Compliance included (Register 77, No. 40).
5. Amendment filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).

6. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a) filed 6-5-91 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 31).
7. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

8. Amendment of Note filed 9-20-99 as an emergency; operative 9-20-99 (Register 99, No. 39). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-28-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


10. Amendment of subsection (c) and amendment of Note filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

11. Amendment of subsection (c) and amendment of Note refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


14. Amendment of subsection (d), new subsections (d)(1)–(3) and amendment of Note filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3006. Contraband.
Inmates may possess only the personal property, materials, supplies, items, commodities and substances, up to the maximum amount, received or obtained from authorized sources, as permitted in these regulations. Possession of contraband as defined in section 3000 may result in disciplinary action and confiscation of the contraband.

(a) Dangerous Property. Inmates may not possess or have under their control any weapons, explosives, explosive making material, poisons or any destructive devices, nor shall they possess or assist in circulating any writing or voice recording which describes the making of any weapons, explosives, poisons, or destructive devices.

(b) Money. Inmates may not possess money. If an inmate finds money and voluntarily surrenders it, and the rightful owner does not claim it within 30 days, it will be credited to the inmate’s trust account.

(c) Except as authorized by the institution head, inmates shall not possess or have under their control any matter which contains or concerns any of the following:
(1) Any matter of a character tending to incite murder; arson; riot; or any form of violence or physical harm to any person, or any ethnic, gender, racial, religious, or other group.

(2) Blackmail or extortion.

(3) Contraband, or sending or receiving contraband.

(4) Plans to escape or assist in an escape.

(5) Plans to disrupt the order, or breach the security, of any facility.

(6) Plans for activities which violate the law, these regulations, or local procedures.

(7) Coded messages.

(8) A description of the making of any weapon, explosive, poison or destructive device.

(9) Illustrations, explanations, and/or descriptions of how to sabotage or disrupt computers, communications, or electronics.

(10) Diskettes.

(11) Catalogs, advertisements, brochures, and material whose primary purpose is to sell a product(s) or service(s) and when taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, educational, or scientific value.

(12) Maps depicting any area within a ten mile radius of a facility.

(13) Gambling or a lottery.

(14) Markings on the envelope which are obscene in nature as described in subsection (15) below.

(15) Obscene material and mail containing information concerning where, how, or from whom obscene material may be obtained.
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(A) Obscene material means material taken as a whole, which to the average person, applying contemporary statewide standards, appeals to the prurient interest; and is material which taken as a whole, depicts or describes sexual conduct; and which, taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value.

(B) When it appears from the nature of the matter or the circumstances of its dissemination, distribution, or exhibition that it appeals to deviant sexual groups.

(C) Material subject to the tests in paragraphs (A) or (B) includes, but is not limited to material that:

(1) Depicts, displays, or describes penetration of the vagina or anus, or contact between the mouth and the genitals.

(2) Depicts, displays, or describes bestiality, sadomasochism, or an excretory function including urination, defecation, or semen.

(3) Portrays the nudity of a minor, or person who appears to be under 18 years old.

(4) Portrays conduct which appears to be non-consensual behavior.

(5) Portrays conduct which is or appears to be forceful, threatening, or violent.

(6) Portrays conduct where one of the participants is a minor, or appears to be under 18 years old.

(16) Material that is reasonably deemed to be a threat to legitimate penological interests.

(17) Sexually explicit images that depict frontal nudity in the form of personal photographs, drawings, magazines, or other pictorial format.

(A) Sexually explicit material shall be defined as material that shows the frontal nudity of either gender, including the exposed female breast(s) and/or the genitalia of either gender.

(B) The following sexually explicit material shall be allowed:

1. Departmentally purchased or acquired educational, medical, scientific, or artistic materials, such as books or guides purchased by the department for inclusion in institution libraries and/or educational areas; or

2. Educational, medical/scientific, or artistic materials, including, but not limited to, anatomy medical reference books, general practitioner reference books and/or guides, National Geographic, or artistic reference material depicting historical, modern, and/or post modern era art, purchased or possessed by inmates and approved by the institution head or their designee on a case-by-case basis.

(18) Any tobacco product, or tobacco cessation product, that contains nicotine.

(19) Cellular telephone or other electronic communications device.

(d) Anything in the possession of an inmate which is not contraband but will, if retained in possession of the inmate, present a serious threat to facility security or the safety of inmates and staff, shall be controlled by staff to the degree necessary to eliminate the threat.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).

2. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

3. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (a) (Register 92, No. 5).

4. New subsection (c) and subsection relettering, renumbering and amendment of former subsections 3136(a)–(h) to subsections 3006(c)(1)–(8), new subsections 3006(c)(9)–(15), and amendment of newly designated subsection (d) and Note filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. New subsection (c) and subsection relettering, renumbering and amendment of former subsections 3136(a)–(h) to subsections 3006(c)(1)–(8), new subsections 3006(c)(9)–(15), and amendment of newly designated subsection (d) and Note refiled 6-13-95 as an emergency; operative 6-13-95 (Register 95, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-20-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 12-27-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f). Certificate of Compliance as to 6-13-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-9-95; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal as to 6-13-95 order filed on 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52).

7. Amendment of section and Note filed 12-27-95 as an emergency pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1; operative 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-25-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-27-95 order including amendment of subsections (c), (c)(3), and (c)(9), new subsection (c) (10) and subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsections (c)(11), (c)(14) and (c)(15), new subsections (c)(15)(A)–(c)(15)(C), amendment of newly designated subsections (c)(15)(A)–(c)(15)(C), and subsection renumbering, amendment of subsection (d) and Note transmitted to OAL 4-25-96 and filed 6-6-96 (Register 96, No. 23).

9. New subsections (c)(17)–(c)(17)(B)2. filed 9-30-2002 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3; operative 9-30-2002 (Register 2002, No. 40). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-10-2003 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


11. Amendment of first paragraph filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency: operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


13. New subsection (c)(18) and amendment of Note filed 7-7-2005 as an emergency; operative 7-7-2005 (Register 2005, No. 27). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-14-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


15. New subsection (c)(19) filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3007. Sexual Behavior.

Inmates may not participate in illegal sexual acts. Inmates are specifically excluded in laws, which remove legal restraints from acts between consenting adults. Inmates must avoid deliberately placing themselves in situations and behaving in a manner, which is designed to encourage illegal sexual acts.

Comment: Former DR-1105, sexual behavior.

3008. Obscenity.

Inmates shall not openly or publicly display photographs, pictures, drawings, or other pictorial representations of persons engaged in sexual acts, actual or simulated, masturbation, excretory functions or lewd exhibitions of the genitals which are obscene as defined in Section 311 of the Penal Code.

3009. Gambling.

Inmates shall not participate in any form of gambling or bookmaking. Comment: Former DR-1107, gambling and bookmaking.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3010. Gifts and Gratuities.

Inmates may not ask for or accept any gift of money, property, material or substance from institution visitors, employees or other persons, and may not give any person a gift or promise of one, except as provided for by law, approved institution procedures, or as specifically authorized by the warden or superintendent. Institution procedures established under this section should be directed toward control of property, safety of persons and institution security.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).

3011. Property.

Inmates shall not intentionally destroy, damage, or deface, state property or another person’s property. To do so shall be cause for disciplinary action and the inmate may be charged for the cost of repair or replacement, including materials. Intentional destruction of property may result in a credit loss as specified in Section 3323(c)(3), 3323(d)(6), or 3323(g)(1) of these regulations. Intentional damage to property valued at four hundred dollars or more may result in criminal prosecution and an additional term of imprisonment in addition to any credit loss resulting from the disciplinary action. Intentional damage to property valued at less than four hundred dollars may result in a misdemeanor conviction in addition to any credit loss resulting from the disciplinary action.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 12-1-78 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-79 (Register 78, No. 48).
3. Certificate of Compliance filed 2-22-79 (Register 79, No. 8).
4. Order of Repeal filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code Section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).
5. OAL Notice of Erroneous Filing filed 7-29-85; purported Order of Repeal of Section 3011(a) filed in error on 6-3-85 is null and void and text of subsection (a) as filed with Secretary of State on 12-1-78 remains in effect uninterrupted (Register 85, No. 31).
6. Amendment filed 12-16-88; operative 1-15-89 (Register 88, No. 53).
7. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 11-19-97 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 97, No. 47).
9. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3012. Theft.

Inmates shall not obtain anything by theft, fraud or dishonesty. Comment: Former DR-1110, stealing and dealing.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3013. Unlawful Influence.

Inmates shall not attempt to gain special consideration or favor from other inmates, employees, institution visitors or any other person by the use of bribery, threat or other unlawful means. Comment: Former DR-1111, improper influence.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3014. Calls and Passes.

Inmates must respond promptly to notices given in writing, announced over the public address system, or by any other authorized means. Comment: Former DR-1113, answering calls and passes.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer of section 3014 and renumbering of section 3015 to section 3014 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40). For former section 3014, see Register 77, No. 9.

3015. Unauthorized Areas and Facility Boundaries.

(a) Every area of a facility which is out of bounds to inmates or which is only out of bounds at specified times shall be clearly designated. Inmates shall not enter such areas unless specifically authorized to do so by staff.

(b) Inmates assigned to a work detail or project off their facility’s property shall not go beyond the geographical limits established by their staff escort.

(c) Except as provided in sections 3080 through 3083, Title 15, California Code of Regulations, inmates shall not travel past the boundaries of a facility unless escorted by authorized staff. Inmates shall not be escorted from a facility except in an emergency or when authorized for the purpose of a work or project assignment, transfer to another facility, or temporary community leave or removal.

(d) Inmates shall not escape, attempt to escape or conspire with others to escape from the custody of the department. Inmates shall not solicit or coerce others to aid or assist in an escape.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of Section 3014 to Section 3015 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
2. Amendment of section heading and newly designated subsection (a), new subsection (b), renumbering and amendment of former section 3444 to new subsection (c), and new Note filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).
3. New subsection (d) filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3016. Controlled Substances, Drug Paraphernalia, and Distribution.

(a) Inmates shall not inhale, ingest, inject, or otherwise introduce into their body; use, possess, manufacture, or have under their control any controlled substance, medication, or alcohol, except as specifically authorized by the institution’s/facility’s health care staff.

(b) Inmates shall not possess, exchange, manufacture, or have under their control any paraphernalia as defined by Health and Safety Code section 11014.5, or device related to the use, injection,
or manufacture of any controlled substance, except as specifically authorized by the institution’s/facility’s health care staff.

(c) Inmates shall not distribute, as defined in section 3000, any controlled substance.

(d) Inmates shall not possess medication in quantities exceeding the dosage specifically authorized by the institution’s/facility’s health care staff, nor may an inmate possess medication prescribed to another inmate.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of Section 3017 to Section 3016 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
2. Amendment filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).
3. Amendment filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 2-17-95 (Register 95, No. 5). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
6. Amendment filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including amendment of section heading and section transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
8. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Amendment of section heading, section and Note refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
10. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).
11. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3017. Responsibility for Counts.
Inmates must be present at designated times and places for counts, and must present themselves for count in the manner set forth in institution procedures.

Comment: Former DR-1116, responsibility for count.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of section 3019 to section 3018 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).

3019. Identification.
Inmates must carry on their person any identification and privilege card issued for identification purposes, in accordance with institution procedures. Inmates must not mutilate or destroy such cards nor possess the card of another inmate. An inmate must surrender his or her identification card or cards at the request of any employee. Unless a card is being officially recalled, the card(s) will be promptly returned to the inmate when staff’s use of the card has been accomplished. An inmate may be charged for replacement of a deliberately mutilated, lost or destroyed card in accordance with section 3011. An inmate may also be charged for replacement of a card if a physical change in the inmate’s appearance is a matter of his or her own choice and the change occurs within six months of the issue of a new or replacement card. An inmate will not be charged for replacement of a card because of a physical change in the inmate’s appearance over which the inmate has no control.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Renumbering of section 3020 to section 3019 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).

3020. Inmate Activity Groups.
(a) Inmates may not establish or participate in the establishment or activities of any inmate club, inmate activity group, or any association or organization of inmates within the institution except as specifically approved by the warden or superintendent, as provided in Sections 3233–3235.

(b) Inmate participation in an approved activity group will not be cause to deny or restrict regular correspondence and visitation rights with persons who are approved to attend and participate in such inside inmate group activities.

Comment: Former DR-1119, unauthorized organizations.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Renumbering of section 3021 to section 3020 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 2-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 8).
4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).

3021. Falsification of Records or Documents.
Inmates and parolees must not intentionally enter or introduce false information into or upon any record or document maintained by the Department of Corrections. Inmates and parolees must not destroy, delete, remove or otherwise intentionally cause any record or document maintained by the Department of Corrections to be a false or incomplete record or document by reason of such action.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Renumbering of section 3022 to section 3021 filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
3022. Equality of Inmates.
No inmate or group of inmates will be given or be permitted to assume control over other inmates. This does not preclude the use of inmates as aides or lead persons on work and training assignments when the activity is directed and supervised by responsible employees.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).

3023. Gang Activity.
(a) Inmates and parolees shall not knowingly promote, further or assist any gang as defined in section 3000.
(b) Gangs, as defined in section 3000, present a serious threat to the safety and security of California prisons.
(c) For the purpose of specific gang participant identification, the department categorizes gangs into prison gangs and disruptive groups as defined in section 3000.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-20-91; operative 6-19-91 (Register 91, No. 26).
2. New subsection (b) and subsection relettering filed 1-21-99 as an emergency; operative 1-21-99 (Register 99, No. 4). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-30-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-21-99 order transmitted to OAL 6-30-99 and filed 8-12-99 (Register 99, No. 33).

3024. Business Dealings by Inmates.
(a) Inmates shall not engage actively in a business or profession except as authorized by the institution head or as provided in Section 3104. For the purpose of this section, a business is defined as any revenue generating or profit making activity. An inmate who is engaged in a business or profession prior to commitment to the department shall assign authority for the operation of such business or profession to a person in the community.
(b) Inmate mail may be rejected by an institution head or designee for reasons, which include, but are not limited to, the mail relates the direction of an inmate’s business or profession. This does not, however, prohibit mail necessary to enable an inmate to protect property and funds that were legitimately the inmate’s at the time of commitment.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Repealed by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(g) (Register 95, No. 30).
3. New section filed 7-25-95 as an emergency; operative 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-22-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-25-95 order including amendment of section transmitted to OAL 11-17-95 and filed 1-3-96 (Register 96, No. 1).

3025. Department of Justice DNA and Forensic Identification Database and Data Bank Program.
(a) All inmates and parolees, including juveniles, committed to the custody of the department after having been convicted of, found guilty of, having pled guilty or no contest to, or having been found not guilty by reason of insanity for, any offense listed in Penal Code (PC) section 296(a), or whose records indicate a prior conviction for such an offense, shall provide all of the following required specimens, to be forwarded to the Department of Justice (DOJ) as soon as administratively practicable:
(1) Buccal Swab Samples.
(2) Right Thumbprint Impressions.
(3) Full Right and Left Palm Print Impressions.
(4) Writer’s Palm Print Impression.
(5) Any Blood Specimens or other Biological Samples required.
(b) The listed specimens shall be provided under the following circumstances, unless the inmate’s central file or other records indicate that all required specimens have already been obtained:
(1) Whether or not the offense predated the enactment of the DNA and Forensic Identification Database and Data Bank Act of 1998, or any amendments to it; including the DNA, Fingerprint, Unresolved Crime and Innocence Protection Act.
(2) Whether or not the court advised the convicted person of this requirement;
(3) If the inmate or parolee was convicted of a state or federal offense in another state which would constitute an offense as listed in PC section 296(a);
(4) If notification is received from the DOJ that an inmate’s or parolee’s specimens already taken for any purpose are not usable for any reason.
(c) DOJ DNA laboratory may obtain blood specimens from qualifying persons as defined in PC section 296(a) when it is determined that such specimens are necessary in a particular case or would aid the DOJ in obtaining an accurate forensic DNA profile for identification purposes. Cases requiring blood specimens include, but are not limited to, buccal swab samples that cannot be properly identified or analyzed by DOJ, or if the inmate refuses to submit to DNA buccal swab collection, and/or print impressions; newly committed inmates and persons returned to custody based upon a violation of parole, furlough or any other type of release, who meet the criteria established in PC section 296(a), shall, provide the required specimens, samples and print impressions during the reception center process or reasonably promptly after their transfer to an institution/facility.
(d) Parolees identified as meeting the criteria established in PC section 296(a) for present and past qualifying offenses, shall provide the required specimens, samples and print impressions within five days of notification by the court, or by parole unit staff at a collection location designated in accordance with PC section 296.1(a) (3)(B).
(e) Only medical staff trained and certified to do so shall draw blood for collection of specimens; in accordance with standard medical practices. The specimens, samples, and print impressions collected pursuant to Penal Code, Part 1, Title 9, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 7 (sections 295 et seq.), shall be forwarded promptly to the DOJ. The collection kit, including all blood specimen vials, buccal swab collectors, mailing tubes, labels and instructions for the collection shall be provided by the DOJ. A right thumbprint, a full palm print impression of each hand, and the writers palm print impression shall be taken on forms prescribed by the DOJ. The palm print forms shall be forwarded to and maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information of the DOJ. If
a blood specimen is necessary pursuant to subsection (c), right
thumbprints shall be taken at the time of the collection of samples
and specimens, and shall be placed on the samples and specimen
containers and forms as directed by DOJ. The samples, specimens
and forms shall be forwarded to and maintained by the DNA Labo-
atory of the DOJ.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-20-99 order transmitted to OAL

1. New article 1.5 (section 3025) and section filed 9-20-99 as an emer-
HISTORY:

295-300.3 and 5054, Penal Code.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
to the identification of the person.

pressions, or the collection container, with the intent to deceive as
specimen, sample, or print impression, with the intent to deceive as
section 298.2, who engages or attempts to engage in any of the fol-
Assistant Secretary, Office of Correctional Safety.

shall be preceded by efforts to secure voluntary compliance.

If the use of reasonable force to obtain DNA includes a
cell extraction, the extraction shall be videotaped. The videotap-
ing shall depict all correctional personnel directly involved and
the advisement to the inmate that the requisite specimen, sample
or impressions is required. All incidents that required the use of
reasonable force to obtain DNA samples shall be tracked and main-
tained by the institutional DNA coordinator and forwarded to the
Assistant Secretary, Office of Correctional Safety.

Any person described in section 3025(a), pursuant to PC
section 298.2, who engages or attempts to engage in any of the fol-
lowing acts is guilty of a felony:

(1) Knowingly aids in the wrongful collection of a required
specimen, sample, or print impression, with the intent to deceive as
to the origin of a DNA profile.

(2) Knowingly tampers with any specimen, sample, print
impressions, or the collection container, with the intent to deceive as
to the identification of the person.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
295-300.3 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:

1. New article 1.5 (section 3025) and section filed 9-20-99 as an emer-
cy, operative 10-4-2002 (Register 2002, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal
Code section 5058.3, this filing is deemed an emergency and a Certificate
of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-2003 or emer-
gency language will be repealed by operation of law on the follow-
ing day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-4-2002 order, including fur-
ther amendment of subsections (e) and (i), transmitted to OAL
3-12-2003 and filed 4-8-2003 (Register 2003, No. 15).

5. Amendment filed 8-23-2005; operative 8-23-2005. Submitted to
OAL for printing only pursuant to Penal Code section 295(h)(2)
(Register 2005, No. 34).

6. Amendment of subsection (l) filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011
(Register 2011, No. 21).

Article 2. State-Issued Inmate Clothing and Linen

3030. Issuance and Possession of State Clothing and Linen.

(a) Each inmate shall be provided state clothing and linen pursuant
to this section. Each item issued shall remain state property for
which the inmate shall be accountable. State items shall be recalled
and exchanged as directed by the institution head.

(b) Inmates shall possess only those items of state clothing and
linen issued to them. Below are the standard inmate issues:

(1) Each inmate shall be issued:

(A) Work shoes, one pair.
(B) Sheets, two.
(C) Pillow case, one.
(D) Towels, two.
(E) Blankets, two.
(F) The distinctive, protective and/or extra clothing required by
the climate and/or the inmate's job assignment.

(2) In addition to the items in (1) above, each male inmate shall
be issued:

(A) Jeans, blue denim, three pair.
(B) Shirts, blue chambray, three.
(C) Undershirts, white, four.
(D) Socks, six pair.
(E) Undershorts, white, four pair.
(F) Jacket, blue denim, one.
(G) Belt, web, one.

(3) In addition to the items in (1) above, each female inmate
shall be issued:

(A) Blouses/T-shirts, three.
(B) Slacks, three pair.
(C) Bras, three each six months.
(D) Dress, muumuu, robe or duster; one.
(E) Coat, one.
(F) Pantsies, five pair each six months.
(G) Nightgown, one.
(H) Socks, six pair.
(I) Pregnant inmates shall be issued one additional, larger pair
of shoes.

(c) Inmates shall possess only those items of personal clothing
specifically authorized by the institution head and acquired pursuant
to these regulations.

(d) During interdepartmental transportation, male inmates shall
wear a red, one-piece outer garment and female inmates shall wear
an orange, two-piece outer garment; and all shall wear state-issued
shoes, socks, and underclothes; and may possess one handkerchief.

(e) Inmates transported for appearance in court shall wear clean
state-issued clothing, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
2084 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:

1. Amendment of article heading, section heading, and newly desig-
nated subsection (a), renumbering and amendment of former sub-
section 3032(a) to 3030(b), renumbering and amendment of former
§ 3040

3040. Participation.

(a) Every able-bodied person committed to the custody of the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation is obligated to work as assigned by department staff and by personnel of other agencies to whom the inmate’s custody and supervision may be delegated. Assignment may be up to a full day of work, education, or other programs, or to a combination of work and education or other programs.

(b) Inmates assigned to a physical fitness program as part of a work incentive program shall be held to the same obligations/participation requirements governing other vocational, educational, or work assignments.

(c) Except as provided in section 3040(e), a classification committee shall assign each inmate to an appropriate work, education, vocational, therapeutic or other institution program, taking into account the:

(1) Inmate’s expressed desires and needs.
(2) Inmate’s eligibility for and availability of the desired work or program activity.
(3) Institution’s security and operational needs.
(4) Safekeeping of the inmate.
(5) Safety of persons and the general public.
(d) Despite an inmate’s assignment to a program mutually agreed upon in a classification committee hearing, or pending such a hearing, or pending assignment to a designated program, or during any period when the designated program is temporarily suspended, or in the absence of the inmate’s agreement to participate in any programs, any able-bodied inmate may be assigned to perform any work deemed necessary to maintain and operate the institution and its services in a clean, safe and efficient manner. Operational needs may always override a program assignment.

(e) Inmates assigned to clerical duties and office work positions, requiring an extensive amount of staff/inmate interaction, such as clerks and teachers’ aides, shall be rotated at regular intervals to other positions within the institution even though that may result in lower pay, or no pay at all, to the inmate being rotated out of the position. The institution head shall determine the rotation schedule based upon security needs of the institution. Assignments to such positions shall not exceed a two-year period. Routine rotation shall not affect the inmates’ work/training group designation, although it may divest the inmate of a paid position.

(f) Any staff request for removal of an inmate from a program shall be submitted to the inmate’s correctional counselor on a CDC General Chrono Form. The counselor shall refer the request to a classification committee for consideration and action. If a request is for cause, defined as behavior that would result in loss of participation credit pursuant to section 3043.2(a), the inmate may be temporarily relieved of the position and denied pay (if a paid position), pending classification committee action.

(g) Work assignments, in lieu of enrollment and participation in education, vocational, therapeutic or other institution program assignments, may be made with or without the inmate’s consent by


HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of printing error (Register 92, No. 5).
2. Renumbering of former section 3033 to 3032 filed 7-9-92; operative 8-10-92 (Register 92, No. 28).
3. Amendment of subsections (b)(3)(C)–(D) and new subsection (b) (3)(f) filed 3-6-2008; operative 4-5-2008 (Register 2008, No. 10).

3033. Alteration.


HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of printing error (Register 92, No. 5).
2. Renumbering of former section 3033 to 3032 filed 7-9-92; operative 8-10-92 (Register 92, No. 28).

Article 3. Work and Education

3032. Alteration of Clothing.

(a) Inmates shall not alter or dispose of damaged or worn out personal or state-issued clothing or linen in any manner without specific authority to do so. If the regular issue of clothing or linen does not meet an inmate’s special physical/health needs, the chief medical officer may authorize a special issue to that inmate based upon a medical necessity as defined in section 3350(b)(1). Upon staff verification, a state-issued item, which is lost or damaged through no fault of the inmate, shall be replaced without charge to the inmate.

(b) An inmate shall not alter personally owned clothing in any manner that would change its characteristics or style from that originally approved by the institution head.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former subsection 3032(a) to 3030(b), and former 3032(b) to 3030(c), and renumbering and amendment of former section 3033 to 3032 filed 7-9-92; operative 8-10-92 (Register 92, No. 28).
2. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment of subsection (a) refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
5. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including amendment of subsection (a) transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
a classification committee, a staff member designated as an inmate assignment lieutenant, or by any staff member responsible for the supervision of an unassigned inmate.

(b) Inmates who have a history of computer fraud or abuse, including documented institutional disciplinary action involving computer fraud or abuse, shall not be placed in any vocational or work assignment that provides access to a computer.

(i) A job description shall be developed for each inmate work/training position, establishing the minimum standards of acceptable participation and performance and the possible consequences of failure or refusal to meet the standards. The inmate shall sign a copy of the job description, indicating acceptance of the conditions of employment, and shall receive a copy.

(j) The allocation of paid inmate work/training assignments on an institution-specific basis shall be made by the institution’s inmate pay committee. Each institution shall administer an inmate pay program consistent with the budget allotted for such assignments. As directed and in accordance with section 3380, Department and institutional inmate pay committees shall administer inmate rate and wage matters subject to these regulations.

(k) An inmate’s assignment to a paid position is a privilege dependent on available funding, job performance, seniority and conduct. These factors shall be criteria considered in determining an inmate’s eligibility for pay earning status and rate of pay.

(l) The following inmate assignments shall not be considered paid work/training assignments.

(1) Inmate advisory council members (except the chairperson and secretary).

(2) Vocational student assignments (however, exceptions may be made where the inmate is enrolled in a bona fide apprenticeship program or performs work that provides a benefit to the institution and/or public).

(3) Academic student assignments.

(4) Substance abuse or therapeutic program assignments.

(5) Any other specific work/training assignment deemed “non-pay” by the inmate pay committee of the institution/facility.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirteenth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Amendment filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
3. New subsection (e) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
5. New subsection (e) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
7. New subsection (e) filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
8. Editorial correction of HISTORY 7. only changing Register 88, No. 16 to Register 88, No. 24 (Register 88, No. 34).
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-2-88 order transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
10. Amendment of subsection (b), new subsection (d) and subsection renumbering filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmit-
§ 3041.1

(1) Inmate’s classification score and administrative determinants, established in accordance with section 3375, shall be appropriate to the facility where the SAP is located.

(2) Inmate’s remaining time to serve shall be within the minimum length of participation required for the SAP as established at that institution.

(f) Inmates assigned to an SAP are subject to the program participation requirements listed in Section 3040, and the performance requirements of section 3041, and shall be placed in a work/training incentive group consistent with the provisions of section 3044. Inmates who fail to comply with program participation and/or performance requirements shall be subject to the methods of discipline defined in section 3312.

(g) Inmates who participate in an SAP shall not be eligible for placement in a Community Correctional Reentry Facility unless that facility provides a continuation of SAP activities.

(h) Inmates eligible for SAP placement who are housed in Conservation Camps or Minimum Support Facilities shall participate in an SAP only if one is available at that facility.

(i) A community services plan shall be developed by SAP staff for each inmate being paroled from an SAP.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-28-98 as an emergency; operative 8-28-98 (Register 98, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-28-98 order, including amendment of section, transmitted to OAL 2-2-99 and filed 3-18-99 (Register 99, No. 12).

3. Amendment of subsection (c)(3) filed 5-25-2006; operative 5-25-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).

4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (b) filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

6. Amendment of subsection (a), new subsections (a)(1)–(2) and amendment of subsection (c)(6) filed 12-20-2011; operative 1-19-2012 (Register 2011, No. 51).

3040.2. Bridging Education Program. [Repealed]


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).

2. Repealer filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3041. Performance.

(a) Inmates must perform assigned tasks diligently and conscientiously. Inmates must not pretend illness, or otherwise evade attendance or avoid performance in assigned work, education and programs, or encourage others to do so.

(b) Inmates must report to their place of assignment at the time designated by the institution’s schedule of activities and as instructed by their assignment supervisor. Inmates may not leave an assignment without permission to do so.

(1) Time and payroll credits for paid inmate workers shall be documented on timekeeping logs maintained by work supervisors in accordance with section 3045.

(2) The duration of an unauthorized absence from a compensated assignment shall be documented and under no circumstances shall an inmate be paid under the authority of section 3041.2 for time not worked.

(c) Inmates must perform their work and program assignments in a safe manner, using safety equipment as instructed by their assignment supervisor.

(d) Inmates assigned to educational, vocational, or other training programs must cooperate with the instructor or the person in charge, and must comply with instructions, and all requirements for participation in the assigned activity.

(e) Inmates in assignments where they will type, file, or otherwise handle any nonconfidential information pertaining to another inmate shall comply with all state Information Practices Act (Civil Code Sections 1798, et seq.) requirements.

1. For purposes of this section inmates in such assignments are designated “special agents” of the Department of Corrections as defined in Civil Code Section 2297, for the limited purposes of typing, filing, and handling information under the supervision of employees of the Department, and for no other purpose.

2. Pursuant to Civil Code Section 2318 inmate “special agents” are specifically deprived of the authority to disobey instructions as described in Civil Code Section 2320.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Section 5054, Penal Code; and Sections 2297, 2318, 2320 and 1798 et seq., Civil Code.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).

2. New subsections (e)–(e)(2) and Note filed 2-22-95; operative 3-24-95 (Register 95, No. 8).

3. Amendment of subsection (a) and new subsections (b)(1)–(2) filed 5-3-2004; operative 6-2-2004 (Register 2004, No. 19).

4. Amendment of subsections (b)(1) filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).

5. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3041.1. Paid Inmate Work/Training Assignment Criteria.

(a) Inmate work/training supervisors, in accordance with section 3040(d), shall fill vacant paid inmate assignments based on the following criteria:

(1) Skill level evidenced by the inmate’s technical expertise, ability, and knowledge.

(2) Behavior and relationships with others evidenced by the inmate’s ability to deal with staff and other authority figures, work/training supervisors, and other inmates.

(3) Attitude and adaptability evidenced by the inmate’s willingness to learn and to take directions.

(4) Work/training habits evidenced by the inmate’s punctuality, dependability, care of equipment, and safety practices.

(5) Formal education and training evidenced by the inmate’s preparation for the assignment and ability to read, write, and speak effectively.

(6) Mission and physical plant of the institution/facility.
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(7) Ethnic balance. Ethnic balance is achieved by having the facility’s White, Black, Hispanic, American Indian, and other identified ethnicities in the inmate population proportionately represented in the number of paid assignments at the facility.

(b) Each institution/facility shall establish an application process for selection of skilled workers to fill paid positions.

(c) Inmates assigned to paid positions will be paid from the fund or allotment of the institution’s/facility’s support budget.

(d) All paid work/training assignments shall be ranked in sequential order of technical skill required. The United States Department of Labor Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) shall be used to maintain consistency throughout the Department when determining skill levels.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-28-95; operative 3-30-95 (Register 95, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 5-3-2004; operative 6-2-2004 (Register 2004, No. 19).

3041.2. Inmate Pay Rates, Schedule and Exceptions.

(a) Pay rates at each facility for paid inmate assignments shall be commensurate with the level of skill and productivity required and shall be set with the assistance of the Institutional Inmate Pay Committee. Pay rates shall be in accord with the Following general pay schedule adopted and revised by the Director pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act.

(1) Pay Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skill Level</th>
<th>Minimum/Maximum Hourly</th>
<th>Minimum/Maximum Monthly</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td>$0.32–$0.37</td>
<td>DOT Skill Level 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead Person</td>
<td>$0.32–$0.37</td>
<td>$48–$56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>$0.19–$0.32</td>
<td>DOT Skill Levels 7–8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>$0.15–$0.24</td>
<td>$29–$48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td>$0.11–$0.18</td>
<td>DOT Skill Levels 3–4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technician</td>
<td>$0.15–$0.24</td>
<td>$23–$36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semi-Skilled</td>
<td>$0.08–$0.13</td>
<td>$17–$27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 5</td>
<td>$0.08–$0.13</td>
<td>DOT Skill Levels 1–2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborer</td>
<td>$0.11–$0.18</td>
<td>$12–$20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Monthly rates shall apply to full time employment in the job classifications and shall be paid from the support budget or inmate welfare funds. Hourly rates shall apply to half time and partial full time paid employment.

(b) Exceptions to the above schedule may be made in extraordinary circumstances. A wage comparable to that paid to inmates in the Prison Industry Authority inmate pay program may be paid for special projects or assignments that require a high degree of skill or expertise. Other exceptions may also be made in order to fill positions when recruitment or retention of inmate workers is a problem. Any exceptions based upon this subsection shall require approval, review and justification on an annual basis by the institution head or designee.

(c) Pay increases shall not be automatic or based on the inmate’s longevity in an assignment. Increases or reductions in the pay rate shall be based on the work/training supervisor’s recommendation, the inmate’s work/training performance reports, subject to review and approval of the inmate assignment authority.

(d) Inmates may receive a pay increase only on a quarterly basis and only until the maximum pay rate for that assignment is obtained.

(e) Inmate performance rating and total hours in job categories shall be reviewed when changes in job classifications are being considered. Inmates approved for advancement to a higher skill classification shall enter the new classification at a pay grade equal or greater to their previous pay grade in the lower skill, unless the new assignment is to a non-paid position.

(f) The reason for any reduction in an inmate’s pay rate, including either removing the pay status or decreasing the pay level from an assigned position or reassigning the inmate to a non-paid or lower paid position, shall be documented in the inmate’s central file as follows:

(1) When the reason for a pay reduction is misconduct, including the inmate’s willful refusal or failure to work as directed, the matter shall be reported in accordance with Sections 3314 and 3315 as appropriate.

(2) When the reason for a pay reduction is not the fault of the inmate, including their inability to satisfactorily perform the required duties after a reasonable effort to do so, the matter shall be documented on a CDC General Chrono.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-28-95; operative 3-30-95 (Register 95, No. 9).
2. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 5-3-2004; operative 6-2-2004 (Register 2004, No. 19).
3. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (e) filed 12-4-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 49).
4. Amendment filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3041.3. Inmate/Parolee Access to Computers.

(a) Inmates shall not access any computer outside of their authorized work, vocational, or educational assignment, or as needed for legal research on the Law Library Electronic Delivery System, except as authorized by the department’s Information Security Officer (ISO).

(b) Inmates shall not access any computer connected to a local area network (LAN), except as approved by the ISO; nor shall inmates access any computer which has any type of direct, outside communication capability, except as provided in section 3370(b).

(c) Only those computer programs developed by inmates that are written in a programming language approved by the ISO shall be authorized for use.

(1) The use of inmates as programmers and system experts shall be prohibited where there is a risk to the information assets of the department or the public, as determined by the institution head or the ISO. Inmates shall not be used as programmers or system experts for departmental business applications, systems, and data.

(2) Inmates assigned to one computer for work, vocation or education shall not be assigned to, or permitted to use, any other computer, except as approved by the ISO.

(d) Areas where inmates are authorized to work on computers shall be posted as such. Each computer in a facility shall be labeled to indicate whether or not inmates are authorized access to that computer.

(e) Inmates shall not access any computer that contains or is capable of accessing sensitive or confidential information or is connected to, other computers containing sensitive or confidential information, except as provided in section 3370(b).

(f) Inmates shall not use or be informed of any computer password, except when issued by the supervising staff. The supervising staff and not the inmate must always retain the ability to change the password.
(g) Inmates shall not have access to diskettes or any other electronic storage media, except within an area approved by the institution head.

(h) Inmates shall not possess a computer as part of their personal property.

(i) Inmates shall not access or use any computer-based tool or program that is capable of destroying or corrupting stored data, except as provided in sections 3041.3(m) and 3370(c).

(j) Inmates who have a record of computer fraud or abuse shall not have access to a computer.

(k) No external communication capabilities; e.g., telephone lines with connectivity outside the inmate facility, data lines, data punch panels, or telephone access punch panels, shall be permitted in any area where inmates are allowed to access computers, except as approved in writing by the ISO. The local Information Security Coordinator must keep a copy of the written exception on file for post audit.

(l) Inmates shall not directly access or alter any computer’s operating system, except as provided in sections 3041.3(m) and 3370(b), or authorized by the ISO.

(m) Inmate refurbishing of computers shall be permitted only as part of a program that has been approved, and subject to all requirements established, by the institution head and ISO. An unclad body search shall be conducted on each inmate prior to their exiting any area where a computer refurbishing program exists.

(n) Each parole office shall ensure the security of computers, LANs, and modems or other communication devices used in that office from unauthorized access by parolees. The unit supervisor of each parole office shall be responsible for enforcement of this subsection.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-24-99; operative 4-23-99 (Register 99, No. 13).
2. Amendment of section heading and new subsection (n) filed 1-31-2002; operative 3-2-2002 (Register 2002, No. 5).
3. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b) filed 5-6-2003 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 19).
4. Amendment of subsection (n) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).
5. Amendment of subsections (a), (d)-(f) and (k) filed 11-24-2009; operative 12-24-2009 (Register 2009, No. 48).

Article 3.5. Credits

3042. Penal Code 2933 Credits.

(a) Except where otherwise prohibited by law, effective January 25, 2010, for every six months of continuous incarceration from the date of sentencing to the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, an eligible inmate shall be awarded six months reduction in term of imprisonment. A lesser amount of credit based on this ratio shall be awarded for any lesser period of continuous imprisonment. Under no circumstances shall any inmate receive more than six-months credit reduction for any six-month period under this section.

(1) Inmates who have waived their right to credits under Penal Code section 2931, as provided in Penal Code section 2934, may, pursuant to PC section 2933, be eligible for a reduction in their term of imprisonment from the date of reception by the department on the effective date of the waiver.

(2) Inmates who have received involuntary civil commitment for narcotic addiction for an offense perpetrated on or after January 1, 1983 are not entitled to PC 2933 credits. Time shall be calculated in accordance with the entire sentence imposed by the court including any pre-sentence or post-sentence credits which have been granted.

(3) Civil Addict Commitments received prior to August 31, 1995 who are confined at California Rehabilitation Center (CRC) or a branch of CRC and are within 90 days of reaching their Custody Expiration Date (CED) which precedes their Program Expiration Date (PED); outpatients who are returned to CRC or a branch of CRC; and outpatient violators received prior to August 31, 1995 who have not previously elected to continue participation in the Civil Addict program shall be given two options:
(A) Remain in the Civil Addict Program, or
(B) Request exclusion from the Civil Addict Program and referral to the committing court for the vacating of Civil Addict Commitment and further proceedings on the criminal charges.

(4) The inmate’s choice shall be indicated and signed utilizing the CDC Form 1840 (Rev. 12/95).

(5) PC 2933 Credits awarded may be denied or forfeited due to disciplinary action.

(b) Credits for interstate transfer inmates. The Western Interstate Corrections Compact and the Interstate Corrections Compact Agreement enable the Department to transfer and exchange prisoners with other states.

(1) Inmates who agree to serve their term in another state or a federal institution, or who are serving a concurrent term in another jurisdiction, shall be eligible to earn credits as authorized under the provisions of Penal Code sections 2933 and 2933.05.

(2) Before such credit can be awarded, the inmate’s credits must be verified by a delegated official of the host institution and reported to the department.

(c) Life-term inmates.

(1) Pursuant to PC section 2933, credits shall be applied to reduce the minimum terms of life inmates sentenced only under PC sections 191.5(d), 217.1(b), 667.7(a)(1) and PC 667.75.

(2) Inmates sentenced to life terms with determinate sentence law (DSL) enhancements or with a consecutive DSL term shall, except where otherwise prohibited by law, be eligible to receive credits on such terms pursuant to PC section 2933.

(4) Case records staff shall process and calculate inmate credits and release dates based upon information provided by the courts and program staff.

(1) Any classification or inmate appeal action affecting an inmate’s release date, including a change in work group status or credit forfeitures and restorations, shall be forwarded to case records staff. Inmates shall be provided a copy of any change in their release dates.

(2) Case records staff shall compute credits. The resultant new legal status summary (LSS) shall be forwarded to the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day. For prior history, see Register 88, No. 38.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5).

3043. Credit Earning.

Presentence. Credit for time served on a term prior to sentencing shall be awarded by the sentencing court pursuant to sections 2900.1, 2900.5 and 4019 of the Penal Code.
(a) Behavior. All inmates serving a determinate term of imprisonment for a crime committed before January 1, 1983, who have not waived the time credit provisions of Penal Code section 2931, shall be credited with a one-fourth reduction on their term of imprisonment, unless all or part of such good behavior credit is denied or forfeited as the result of disciplinary action in the amounts listed in section 3323. Such credit shall be calculated from July 1, 1977 or the date of reception by the department, whichever is later.

(1) Except where otherwise prohibited by law, inmates sentenced under Penal Code section 190 to an indeterminate term of 15 years-to-life or 25 years-to-life and received by the department on or after May 27, 1987 shall be credited with a one-fourth reduction on their minimum eligible parole date, unless all or part of such good behavior credit is denied or forfeited as the result of disciplinary action in the amounts listed in section 3323.

(b) Participation. All inmates described in subsection (a) shall be credited with a one-twelfth reduction on their term unless all or part of such participation credit has been denied or forfeited as the result of disciplinary action for failure or refusal to participate and perform work and/or program assignments as ordered or directed.

(c) Milestone completion credits.

(1) Milestone means the achievement of a distinct objective of a rehabilitative program as established by CDCR in the Milestone Completion Credit Schedule (see 3043(c)(6)). If an inmate is eligible for program credits pursuant to PC section 2933.05, reaching a milestone allows for awarding of such credits.

(A) Milestone completion credits for GED academic achievements shall not be awarded to inmates already possessing a GED, high school equivalency/diploma or college degree.

(B) All inmates must sign the CDCR Form 2233 (Rev. 06/11), Inmate Declaration Of General Education Development (GED) Eligibility, which is hereby incorporated by reference, prior to taking any portion of the GED exam.

(2) In addition to any credit awarded pursuant to section 3042, credit reductions to reduce an eligible inmate’s term of confinement may be awarded in increments of not less than one week, but no more than six weeks in a twelve-month period for achievement of specific program performance milestones concluding with the successful completion of in-prison or Alternative Custody Program (ACP), pursuant to Chapter 1, Article 6.8, rehabilitative programs approved and listed by CDCR on the Milestone Completion Credit Schedule (see 3043(c)(6)). One week is equivalent to 7 calendar days.

(3) Inmates who have received involuntary civil commitment for narcotic addiction for an offense perpetrated on or after January 1, 1983 are not entitled to milestone completion credits as defined in subsection 3043(c)(1).

(4) For the purposes of this section, in-prison or ACP rehabilitative programs shall include, but are not limited to academic programs, vocational training programs, substance abuse programs and other core programs such as anger management and social life skills.

(5) Each program milestone shall identify the applicable credit reduction, and shall specify the performance measurement necessary for attainment. Performance measurements include the mastery/understanding of course curriculum demonstrated by completion of assignments, instructor evaluation and standardized testing.

(6) Specific milestone completions and credits awarded are established by Adult Programs on the Milestone Completion Credit Schedule (Rev. 05/11), which is hereby incorporated by reference. All changes to the Milestone Completion Credit Schedule shall be adopted in accordance with rulemaking requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act (Government Code sections 11340 through 11364).

(7) Program milestones earned in excess of six weeks within a twelve-month period shall be applied at the beginning of the next twelve-month period of continuous incarceration.

(A) For the purposes of this section, the 12-month period shall begin on the date when the first milestone completion credits are completed and verified by the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant. For ACP Participants, the 12-month period shall begin on the date when the first milestone completion credits are completed and verified by the ACP Program Manager or designee.

(B) Within 3 business days of completion of an approved performance milestone, the approved program instructor will certify completion of a milestone via a CDCR Form 128-B (Rev. 4/74), General Chrono and forward the document to the Inmate Assignment Office. ACP Participants shall notify the ACP Program Manager or designee upon verification of completion of an approved performance milestone in writing and provide documentation of completion. The ACP Program Manager or designee will verify completion of the performance milestone and, upon verification, notify the ACP Program Manager of completion of a performance milestone within 3 business days via a CDCR Form 1502 Activity Report (Rev. 10/06).

(C) Upon receipt of General Chrono, within 3 business days, the inmate assignment lieutenant or custody staff member not less than the rank of lieutenant, or the ACP Program Manager or designee, will verify the inmate’s eligibility for milestone completion credits and complete a CDC Form 128-G (Rev. 10/89), Classification Chrono and forward to Case Records.

(8) No milestone completion credits shall be awarded for incomplete performance milestones under any circumstances.

(9) Milestone completion credits shall be awarded for incomplete performance milestones under any circumstances.

(10) Inmates shall not be eligible for program milestone completion credits that result in an inmate being overdue for release.

(11) Upon parole or discharge, any program milestone completion credits unapplied shall be voided.

(d) Inmates assigned to the Western Interstate Corrections Compact or the Interstate Corrections Compact Agreement are eligible to earn Milestone Completion Credits in accordance with section 3042(b).

(e) Jail confinement. A reentry inmate who is confined in a local jail pending an investigation or disciplinary action, shall be classified and placed in an appropriate work group pursuant to section 3045.1.

(f) Return from work furlough. An inmate returned to an institution due to disciplinary action or refusal to participate in assigned work, education or vocational assignment shall be placed in work group A-2, or to workgroup C (non-credit earning) by a re-entry classification committee.

(g) Heroic acts and exceptional assistance. Up to 12 months reduction of sentence may be awarded for the following acts:

(1) Acts preventing loss of life or injury to the public, staff, or other inmates.

(2) Acts preventing significant loss or destruction of property.

(3) Providing sworn testimony in judicial proceedings involving prosecution of a felony offense which occurred within the prison.

(h) Case records staff shall process and calculate inmate Milestone Completion Credits in accordance with subsection 3042(d).

§ 3043.1 Waiver.

(a) Inmates serving a determinate term of imprisonment may waive the right to receive credit and thereafter be eligible to earn milestone completion credits in the amounts provided for in section 3043 (c).

1. Inmates serving an indeterminate term of imprisonment of 15 years-to-life, or 25 years-to-life shall not be entitled to waive their right to behavior and participation credits to earn Penal Code section 2933 worktime credits to reduce their minimum eligible parole dates.

2. Inmates sentenced under Penal Code section 190 to an indeterminate term of imprisonment of 15 years-to-life or 25 years-to-life received by the department prior to May 27, 1987, who waived their right to behavior and participation credits shall not be entitled to earn Penal Code section 2933 worktime credits after February 15, 1989 to reduce their minimum eligible parole date.

(b) All credit attributable to the portion of the inmate’s sentence served prior to the effective date of the waiver shall be retained by the inmate unless such credit has been forfeited for a disciplinary offense. This credit includes all pre-sentence custody and good behavior credit; credit granted under Penal Code Section 4019; post-sentence credit; actual days in custody from date of reception and behavior and participation credit attributable to that actual custody.

(c) Eligible inmates wishing to receive credits pursuant to PC sections 2933 and 2933.05 shall present a signed, CDCR Form 916 (Rev. 09/09), Time Credit Waiver, which is hereby incorporated by reference, to their caseworker who shall:

1. Verify the qualifying program.

2. Enter the effective date of the waiver upon the credit waiver form.

3. Forward the form to the facility’s records office for placement into the inmate’s central file.

(d) The credit waiver shall be effective on January 1, 1983 if signed on or prior to that date. If signed at a later date, such waiver shall be effective on the date the inmate’s assignment to a credit qualifying program is verified. In instances where any inmate serving a sentence prior to January 1, 1983 was not provided with an opportunity to sign a credit waiver, the waiver shall be effective on the date the inmate would otherwise have been eligible because of a qualifying work/training assignment. Accepted waivers shall be irrevocable.

(e) A waiver shall not be accepted from an inmate within 30 days of their release date or if the waiver is retroactive and recomputation of sentence credits would make the inmate overdue for release, or if granting the credit waiver will prevent notification to local law enforcement officials of the release of inmates described in section 3327(c)(2) in the 45-day time frame required by law.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, 667.5, 832.5, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.6, 2934, 3058.6, 3058.9 and 5054, Penal Code.
§ 3043.2. Loss of Participation Credit.

(a) Any inmate who accumulates participation credit as described in Section 3043(b) may be denied or may forfeit such credit for failure or refusal to perform assigned, ordered, or directed work or program activities, as described in section 3040. Any serious disciplinary offense committed while participating in such prison work or program activities shall be deemed a failure to participate.

(b) Not more than 30 days of participation credit may be denied or forfeited for any single failure or refusal to participate, which occurred on or after January 1, 1983.

(c) Failure to work or participate in program activities for reasons, which are beyond the inmate’s control, shall not be cause for denial or forfeiture of participation credit. Such circumstances may include but are not limited to:

1. The inmate has not been given instructions or an order or an assignment to perform or participate in work or program activities.
2. The inmate’s work or program assignment has been temporarily suspended or permanently terminated, and no other work or program assignment has been ordered.
3. The inmate is medically excluded or restricted from work or program activities, either on a temporary basis because of illness or injury, or on a permanent basis because of medically diagnosed physical or mental inability to participate.
4. The inmate has failed to perform or participate after demonstrating a reasonable effort in the specified activity.
5. The inmate is restricted from reporting to or participating in an assigned work or program activity by an order or action of institution staff.


HISTORY:
1. Certificate of Compliance including amendments transmitted to OAL 3-22-83 and filed 4-27-83 (Register 83, No. 18).

3043.3. Loss of Behavior, PC 2933, or PC 2933.05 Credit.

(a) As used in these regulations, forfeiture of credits means loss of credits previously earned or to be earned. Behavior, PC 2933 or PC 2933.05 credit may be denied or forfeited for the commission of any felony or misdemeanor, whether prosecuted or not, serious rule violation committed after January 1, 1983, or court judgment pursuant to Penal Code sections 2932.5 and 2933(c).

1. Not more than 360 days of credit shall be denied or forfeited for any act specified as a division A-1 offense in section 3323(c), of these regulations.
2. Not more than 180 days shall be denied or forfeited for any act specified as a division A-2 offense in section 3323(d) of these regulations or for any other felony not cited in subsection (a) (1).
3. Not more than 90 days shall be denied or forfeited for commission of any misdemeanor.
4. Not more than 30 days shall be denied or forfeited for any single act described as a serious rule violation in these regulations, unless such act is a misdemeanor or felony offense.
5. An inmate found by a court to be a vexatious litigant as defined in section 3000 shall be denied or lose 30 days of credit.

(b) No behavior credit attributable to any portion of a sentence served prior to January 1, 1983 shall be forfeited for any criminal or disciplinary offense occurring on or after January 1, 1983.

(c) Credit loss shall be assessed in accordance with the schedule provided in section 3323. The inmate shall be notified of the change in his or her anticipated release date due to the denial or forfeiture of credits.


HISTORY:
1. Certificate of Compliance including amendments transmitted to OAL 3-22-83 and filed 4-27-83 (Register 83, No. 18).
2. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
4. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
6. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
8. Editorial correction of printing error in History 1. (Register 92, No. 5).
9. Amendment of subsection (a), new subsection (a)(5) and amendment of Note filed 11-12-97 as an emergency; operative 11-12-97 (Register 97, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
10. Editorial correction of History 9 (Register 98, No. 18).
11. Amendment of subsection (a), new subsection (a)(5) and amendment of Note refiled 4-29-98 as an emergency; operative 4-29-98 (Register 98, No. 18). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
12. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-98 order transmitted to OAL 6-12-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).
14. Amendment of section heading and subsections (a) and (a)(5) filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
15. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3043.4. Non-Credit Earning.

An inmate eligible to earn credit who refuses a full-time qualifying assignment, or is placed on non-credit earning status (Work Group C) by a classification committee for frequent work/training violations due to serious disciplinary infractions, shall not receive earned credit.

(a) Inmates placed in SHU, PSU, BMU, or ASU for misconduct due to a serious disciplinary infraction are ineligible to earn credits for a period not to exceed the number of disciplinary credits forfeited.

(b) An inmate who is placed in SHU, PSU, or ASU for misconduct described in subsection (c) or upon validation as a prison gang member or associate is ineligible to earn credits pursuant to section 2933 or 2933.05 during the time he or she is in the SHU, PSU, or ASU for that misconduct.

(c) The following offenses shall exclude an inmate from earning credit:

1. Murder, attempted murder, and solicitation of murder. For purposes of this paragraph, solicitation for murder shall be proven by the testimony of two witnesses, or of one witness and corroborating circumstances.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Assault or battery causing serious bodily injury.
4. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16).
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
6. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88; operative 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
8. Amendment filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
9. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
10. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3043.5 Special Assignments.

(a) Special assignments include:

(1) Inmate advisory council. The positions of chairperson and secretary of an institution’s inmate advisory council may be full-time positions in Work Group A-1.
(2) Prerelease program. Assignment to an approved full time prerelease program shall qualify as full time assignment in Work Group A-1.
(b) Medical/psychiatric inpatient hospitalization (29 calendar days or less). Inmates determined by medical/psychiatric staff to need short-term inpatient care shall retain their existing credit earning category. Inmates requiring longer periods of inpatient care shall be referred by the attending physician/psychiatrist to a classification committee. The classification committee shall confirm the inmate’s unassigned inpatient category and change the inmate’s work/training group status as follows:

(1) General population inmates shall be placed in Work Group A-2, effective the thirtieth day of unassignment.
(2) Segregation inmates who are in Work Group A-1 or B shall be placed in Work Group D-1, effective the first day of placement into Administrative Segregation.
(3) Segregation inmates in Work Group D-1 or D-2 shall retain their Work Group status.
(c) Long term medical/psychiatric unassigned status. In cases where the health condition necessitates that the inmate becomes medically unassigned for 30 calendar days or more, the physician shall specify an anticipated date the inmate may return to work. The classification committee shall review the inmate’s medical or psychiatric unassigned status and change the inmate’s Work Group status as follows:

(1) An inmate in the general population shall be changed to Work Group A-2, involuntary unassigned, to be effective the thirtieth day of unassignment.
(2) An inmate in a lockup unit who is in Work Group A-1 or B shall be changed to Work Group D-1 to be effective the first day of placement into Administrative Segregation.
(3) An inmate in a lockup unit who is in Work Group D-1 or D-2 shall be retained in their respective Work Group.
(d) Medical/psychiatric health care status determination:

(1) When an inmate has a disability that limits his/her ability to participate in a work, academic, vocational or other such program, medical/psychiatric staff shall document the nature, severity, and expected duration of the inmate’s limitations on a CDC Form 128-C (Rev. 1/96), Chrono-Medical, Psychiatric, Dental. The medical/psychiatric staff shall not make program assignment recommendations or decisions on the form. The CDC Form 128-C shall then be forwarded to the inmate’s assigned correctional counselor who will schedule the inmate for a classification committee review. The classification committee shall have the sole responsibility for making program assignment and work group status decisions. Based on the information of the CDC Form 128-C and working in conjunction with staff from the affected work area, academic/vocational program, and the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant, the classification committee shall evaluate the inmate’s ability to participate in work, academic, vocational, or other programs and make a determination of the inmate's program assignment and work group status.
(2) Only when the inmate’s documented limitations are such that the inmate, even with reasonable accommodation, is unable to perform the essential functions of any work, academic, vocational or other such program, will the inmate be placed in one of the following categories by a classification committee:

(A) Temporary medical/psychiatric unassignment. Except as provided in section 3043.5(e)(2)(A), when a disabled inmate is unable to participate in any work, academic, vocational or other program, even with reasonable accommodation, because of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that is expected to last for less than six months, the classification committee shall place the inmate on temporary medical/psychiatric unassignment. Inmates on temporary medical/psychiatric unassignment shall be scheduled for classification review any time there is a change in his/her physical/mental impairment or no less than every six months for reevaluation. The credit earning status of an inmate on temporary medical/psychiatric unassignment for less
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than six months shall be in accordance with section 3044(b)(3), Work Group A-2. If the inmate’s condition lasts six months and the classification committee still cannot assign the inmate due to his/her impairment, the credit earning status shall be changed to be in accordance with section 3044(b)(2), Work Group A-1 and appropriate privilege group retroactive to the first day of the temporary medical/psychiatric unassignment.

(B) Medically disabled. When an inmate is unable to participate in any assigned work, academic, vocational, or other such program activity, even with reasonable accommodation, because of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that is expected to result in death or last six months or more, the classification committee shall place the inmate on medically disabled status. The inmate credit earning status shall be in accordance with section 3044(b)(2), Work Group A-1 and Privilege Group A.

(c) Medical/psychiatric special assignments:

(1) Light duty: Inmates determined to have long-term medical or psychiatric work limitations shall be processed in the following manner:

(A) A medical or psychiatric evaluation of the inmate shall be made to determine the extent of disability and to delineate capacity to perform work and training programs for either a full or partial workday. If the inmate is deemed capable of only a partial work program, full credit shall be awarded for participation in such a program.

(B) A classification committee shall review the evaluation and determine the inmate’s assignment.

1. A committee concurring with an evaluation’s light duty recommendation shall refer the matter to the facility’s assignment office which shall attempt to provide an assignment within the inmate’s capabilities. Inmates assigned to such light duty shall be scheduled for semi-annual review.

2. A committee disagreeing with an evaluation’s light duty recommendation shall refer the matter back to the medical department, describing the difference of opinion or rationale for requesting a second medical evaluation. If the committee disagrees with the second medical evaluation it shall refer the matter to the institution classification committee for final determination.

(2) Short-term medical/psychiatric lay-in or unassignment. Inmates who are ill or otherwise require a medical/psychiatric lay-in or unassignment for 29 days or less shall be processed in the following manner:

(A) Only designated medical/psychiatric staff are authorized to approve such lay-ins and unassignments. Reasons for the approval and the expected date of return to their regular assignment shall be documented by the medical/psychiatric staff making the decision.

(B) Inmates shall notify their work or training supervisor of their lay-in or unassignment status. The work or training supervisor shall record each day of the inmate’s approved absence as an “E”.

(C) Medical/psychiatric staff determining an inmate should continue on lay-in or unassigned status for more than 29 days shall refer the case to a classification committee.

(D) The inmate shall continue to use ETO time while on short-term medical/psychiatric lay-in or unassigned status.

(f) On-the-job injuries. The chief medical officer shall document inmate injuries occurring on the job. With the exception of inmates assigned to Work Group F, such injured inmates shall retain their existing work group status until medically approved to return to their work assignment. Inmates assigned to Work Group F shall revert to Work Group A-1 effective on the date the chief medical officer determines the on-the-job injury excludes the inmate from conservation camp placement providing the chief medical officer’s exclusion determination is within 29 days following the date of the inmate’s removal from the conservation camp assignment. If the chief medical officer’s exclusion determination is not within 29 days following the date of the inmate’s removal from the conservation camp assignment, the inmate shall revert to Work Group A-1 effective the 30th day following the date of the inmate’s removal from the conservation camp.

(g) Medical or psychiatric treatment categories “H”, “I”, and “N”. An inmate assigned to a category “H”, “I”, or “N” is not capable of performing a work or training assignment and shall, except where otherwise prohibited by law, be placed in Work Group A-1.

(h) Department of Mental Health (DMH) Penal Code sections 1364, 2684 and 2690 placements. An inmate transferred to DMH pursuant to PC sections 1364, 2684 or 2690 shall be placed in a work group as provided in section 3043.6(b).

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2933, 2933.05, 2933.3, 2933.6, 5054 and 5068, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Amendment of subsection (b), repealer of subsection (c)(4), and new subsections (d)–(g) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Editorial correction of subsection (a)(2) (Register 92, No. 4).
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order including amendment of subsection (f) transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
10. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
12. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
13. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-2-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
14. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
15. Amendment of subsection (e) and amendment of Note filed 10-23-2003 as an emergency; operative 10-23-2003 (Register 2003, No. 43). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-1-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
17. Amendment of subsection (a)(1) filed 5-3-2004; operative 6-2-2004 (Register 2004, No. 19).
18. Amendment filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
19. Amendment of section heading, repealer of subsection (a)(3) and amendment of subsection (d)(1) and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
20. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

**3043.6. Impact of Transfer on Credit Earning.**

(a) Non-adverse transfers.

(1) A non-adverse transfer is movement of an inmate to a less restrictive institution or program where the security level is the same or lower, movement to a secure perimeter from a non-secure camp or Level 1 (Minimum Support Facility) setting by order of the prison administration for non-adverse reasons or transfers from reception centers.

(2) With the exception of inmates assigned to Work Group F, an inmate transferred for non-adverse reasons shall retain their work and privilege group status. Inmates assigned to Work Group F shall revert to Work Group A-1 effective the date removed from the camp or institution fire fighter assignment.

(3) An inmate in a work assignment at the sending institution shall be placed on an existing waiting list at the receiving institution. If eligible, inmates on waiting lists at sending institutions shall be merged into the receiving institution’s waiting list based on credit earning status, release date, and the length of time they have spent on the sending institution’s waiting list. Inmates who are day-for-day eligible per Penal Code section 2933 shall be given priority for assignment with the exception of Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participants who, as defined in section 3000, pursuant to the provisions of subsection 3077.3(b)(1), and subject to the provisions of 3077.3(f), shall be placed at the top of an institution’s waiting list and given priority for assignment. Inmates shall be merged into the receiving institution’s waiting list in the following manner:

(A) First, SB 618 Participants. Those SB 618 Participants having the earliest release date shall be given first priority.

(B) Second, those inmates who are day-for-day credit eligible, approved for the program and are not assigned, Work Group A-2. Inmates eligible to earn credits per Penal Code section 2933 shall be given second priority for placement on waiting lists and the inmate with the earliest release date shall be given priority.

(C) Third, inmates who are day-for-day credit eligible and are already designated Work Group A-1. Inmates eligible to earn credits per Penal Code section 2933 shall be given next priority for placement on waiting lists and the inmate with the earliest release date shall be given priority.

(D) Fourth, those inmates who are not Penal Code section 2933 day-for-day credit eligible and are already designated Work Group A-1. Inmates will be placed on waiting lists based upon the work group effective date.

(E) Fifth, those inmates who are not Penal Code section 2933 day-for-day credit eligible and are not assigned, Work Group A-2. Inmates will be placed on waiting lists based upon the work group effective date.

(4) An inmate in an OCE approved academic, vocational program, or SAP at the sending institution shall be placed on the waiting list for the same or similar program, at the receiving institution if available. If the receiving institution’s program is unavailable, the inmate shall be placed on an existing waiting list at the receiving institution. California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) as described in Section 3768.1 shall be the primary determination for priority placement. Inmates with a CSRA of moderate to high shall take priority over those with a low risk assessment. Inmates shall be merged into the receiving institution’s waiting list based on their CSRA and in accordance with subsection (3) above.

(b) Transfers to Department of Mental Health (DMH).

(1) Penal Code (PC) sections 2684 and 2690 transfers. An inmate transferred to the DMH pursuant to PC sections 2684 and 2690 is not capable of performing a work or training assignment. Such an inmate shall be classified by the sending facility before the transfer and placed in Work Group A-1.

(2) Penal Code section 1364 transfers. An inmate transferred to DMH to participate in the voluntary experimental treatment program pursuant to Penal Code section 1364 shall participate in a full-time credit qualifying work/training assignment in order to earn full worktime credit.

(c) Adverse transfers.

(1) Adverse transfers are defined as a transfer resulting from any in-custody documented misbehavior or disciplinary that may or may not have resulted in an inmate’s removal from current program.

(2) If an inmate is removed from a program for adverse reasons and is subsequently exonerated of the charges, the credit earning status shall be designated as though the inmate had not been removed from the assignment.

(3) Effective on the date of transfer an inmate in Work Group A-1 or F who receives an adverse transfer shall be reclassified to Work Group A-2 by the sending institution. The inmate shall remain in Work Group A-2 until reclassified by the receiving institution.

(4) An inmate in Work Group A-2, C or D at the time of transfer shall be retained in that group status until reclassified at the receiving institution.

(d) Reception center or layover status.

(1) Inmates being processed in reception centers, who are ineligible to earn day-for-day credits per Penal Code section 2933, can be assigned to half-time assignments. Inmates on layover (en route) status in any institution shall only be assigned to half-time assignments. Exception to this policy requires approval from the director, division of adult institutions.

(2) An inmate’s participation in a full or half-time assignment while undergoing reception center processing shall be recorded on timekeeping logs. The inmate’s timekeeping log shall be completed by the work supervisor on a daily basis. A copy shall be issued to the inmate upon written request.

(e) Special housing unit transfers.

(1) Inmates found guilty of a credit loss offense which could result in a security housing unit (SHU) determinate term shall be evaluated for SHU assignment by a classification committee.

(2) Inmates placed in a SHU, PSU, or in ASU for reasons specified in section 3043.4 shall be placed in workgroup D-2. All other inmates in SHU, PSU, or ASU shall be placed in Work Group D-1. BMU inmates shall be placed in the appropriate workgroup, as designated by committee. The effective date of both workgroups shall be the first day of placement into SHU, PSU, BMU or ASU.

(f) Community Correctional Center (CCC) transfers. Transfers of inmates approved for a CCC program are considered non-adverse. With the exception of inmates assigned to Work Group F, inmates shall retain their current work group status while en route to a program. Inmates assigned to Work Group F shall revert to Work Group A-1 effective the date removed from the camp or institution fire fighter assignment.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 1203.8, 1364, 2684, 2690, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.3, 2933.6, 5054 and 5068, Penal Code.
HISTORY:  
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
7. New subsection (a)(4), amendment of subsection (b)(1) and new subsections (c)-(f) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order including amendment of subsection (b)(1) transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
9. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (c)(1) filed 2-5-97 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 97, No. 6).
10. Amendment of section and Note filed 10-23-2003 as an emergency; operative 10-23-2003 (Register 2003, No. 43). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-1-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
13. Amendment of subsection (a)(3), new subsection (a)(3)(A), subsection relettering, amendment of newly designated subsections (a)(3)(C)-(E) and amendment of Note filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
15. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
16. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).
17. Amendment of subsection (a)(3) and new subsection (a)(4) filed 12-20-2011; operative 1-19-2012 (Register 2011, No. 51).

3043.7 Impact of 45-Day Notification on Credit Earnings.  
Inmates shall not be placed in a greater credit earning category if it prevents notification to local law enforcement officials of the release of inmates described in Section 3327(c)(2) in the 45-day time frame, as required by Penal Code Sections 3058.6 and 3058.9.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3058.6, 3058.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:  
1. New section filed 5-22-2006; operative 5-22-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).
(E) An inmate when diagnosed by a physician and/or psychiatrist as partially disabled shall be assigned to an assignment within the physical and/or mental capability of the inmate as determined by the physician and/or psychiatrist, unless changed by disciplinary action.

(3) Work Group A-2: Involuntarily unassigned. An inmate willing but unable to perform in an assignment shall be placed in Work Group A-2. Inmates eligible to earn Penal Code section 2933 credits shall be awarded one day credit for each day assigned to this work group, in the following status:

(A) The inmate is placed on a waiting list pending availability of an assignment.

(B) An unassigned inmate awaiting adverse transfer to another institution.

(4) Work Group B: Half-time assignment. Half-time programs shall normally consist of an assignment of four hours per workday, excluding meals, five-days-per-week, or full-time enrollment in college consisting of 12 units in credit courses leading to an associate or bachelor’s degree. Inmates eligible to earn Penal Code section 2933 credits shall be awarded one day credit for each day assigned to this work group. The work day shall be no less than three hours and the work week no less than 15 hours.


(A) Any inmate who refuses to accept or perform in an assignment, or who is deemed a program failure as defined in section 3000, shall be placed in Work Group C for a period not to exceed the number of disciplinary credits forfeited due to the serious disciplinary infraction(s).

(B) An inmate shall remain in zero credit earning status, not to exceed the amount of disciplinary credits forfeited, and shall revert to his/her previous workgroup upon completion of the credit forfeiture. Inmates shall be returned to a classification committee for placement on an appropriate waiting list.

(6) Work Group D-1: Lockup status. Inmates assigned to a segregated housing program, except for reasons specified within section 3043.4, shall be awarded one day credit for each day assigned to this work group. Segregated housing shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Administrative Segregation Unit (ASU).

(B) Security Housing Unit (SHU).

(C) Psychiatric Services Unit (PSU).

(7) Work Group D-2: Lockup Status. Inmates placed in SHU, PSU, or ASU for disciplinary related offenses described in Penal Code section 2933.6 or upon validation as a prison gang member or associate are ineligible to earn credits during placement in SHU, PSU, or ASU. Inmates placed in SHU, PSU, or ASU following the commission of any other serious disciplinary infraction(s) are ineligible to earn credits for a period not to exceed the number of disciplinary credits forfeited. Zero credit.

(A) An inmate assigned to a determinate SHU term which included a forfeiture of credits shall not be placed in a credit earning assignment during the period of credit forfeiture or 180 days, whichever is less, starting from the date of change in custodial classification. An inmate confined in a secure housing unit for a division A-1 offense, as designated in section 3323(c) of these regulations, and which included great bodily injury on a non-prisoner shall not receive participation or work-time credits for up to 360 days. Upon completion of the period of credit forfeiture, the inmate shall be re-evaluated by a classification committee.

(B) An inmate’s status in Work Group D-2 may be extended, in up to six-month increments, by a classification committee in unusual cases where no credit qualifying program can be assigned the inmate without causing a substantial risk of physical harm to staff or others. At the end of the designated period (six months or less), the determination shall be reviewed by an institution classification committee.

(C) An inmate in, ASU, SHU, or PSU, on indeterminate or determine lockup status, who is deemed a program failure as defined in section 3000, may be assigned Work Group D-2 by a classification committee. An inmate assigned to Work Group C at the time of placement in ASU, SHU, or PSU, or who refuses to accept or perform work assignments, shall be assigned Work Group D-2. An inmate released from ASU, SHU, or PSU may be placed back into Work Group C by a classification committee not to exceed the remaining number of disciplinary credits forfeited due to the serious disciplinary infraction(s).

(D) If the administrative finding of the misconduct is overturned or if the inmate is criminally prosecuted for the misconduct and is found not guilty, credit earning status shall be restored to the inmate’s previously-designated workgroup at the time of placement into segregated housing.

(8) Work Group U: Unclassified. An inmate undergoing reception center processing is in this status from the date of their reception until classified at their assigned institution. Inmates eligible to earn Penal Code section 2933 credits shall be awarded one day credit for each day assigned to this work group.

(c) Privileges. Privileges for each work group shall be those privileges earned by the inmate. Inmate privileges are administratively authorized activities and benefits required of the secretary, by statute, case law, governmental regulations, or executive orders. Inmate privileges shall be governed by an inmate’s behavior, custody classification and assignment. A formal request or application for privileges is not required unless specified otherwise in this section. Institutions may provide additional incentives for each privilege group, subject to availability of resources and constraints imposed by security needs.

(1) To qualify for privileges generally granted by this section, an inmate shall comply with rules and procedures and participate in assigned activities.

(2) Privileges available to a work group may be denied, modified, or temporarily suspended by a hearing official at a disciplinary hearing upon a finding of an inmate’s guilt for a disciplinary offense as described in sections 3314 and 3315 of these regulations or by a classification committee action changing the inmate’s custody classification, work group, privilege group, or institution placement.

(3) Disciplinary action denying, modifying, or suspending a privilege for which an inmate would otherwise be eligible shall be for a specified period not to exceed 30 days for an administrative rule violation or 90 days for a serious rule violation.

(4) A permanent change of an inmate’s privilege group shall be made only by classification committee action under provisions of section 3375. Disciplinary or classification committee action changing an inmate’s privileges or privilege group shall not automatically affect the inmate’s work group classification.

(5) No inmate or group of inmates shall be granted privileges not equally available to other inmates of the same custody classification and assignment who would otherwise be eligible for the same privileges.

(6) Changes in privilege group status due to the inmate’s placement in lockup:

(A) An inmate housed in an ASU, SHU, or PSU shall be designated Privilege Group D.

(B) An inmate removed from the general population for disciplinary or administrative reasons shall surrender their privilege card to staff.

(7) An inmate in a re-entry furlough assignment shall be eligible for available privileges subject to working eight-hours-per-day and shall not require a privilege group designation. A re-entry inmate
placed in a county facility shall be entitled to the same privileges accorded county prisoners and provided for under terms of the department’s contract with the county facility. 

(8) An inmate’s privileges shall be conditioned upon each of the following:

(A) The inmate’s compliance with procedures governing those privileges.

(B) The inmate’s continued eligibility and possession of the appropriate privilege card.

(C) The inmate’s good conduct and satisfactory participation in an assignment.

(9) Inmates returned to custody from parole may be eligible to receive privileges based upon their satisfactory participation in an assignment.

(d) Privilege Group A:

(1) Criteria:

(A) Full-time assignment as defined in section 3044(a).

(B) An inmate diagnosed by a physician and/or psychiatrist as totally disabled shall remain in Privilege Group A unless changed by disciplinary action.

(C) An inmate designated by a physician and/or psychiatrist as partially disabled pursuant to section 3044(a) shall remain in Privilege Group A unless changed by disciplinary action.

(2) Any inmate classified and assigned to Privilege Group A may receive a red CDC 130 Privilege Card with photo.

(G) The receipt of four personal property packages, 30 pounds maximum weight each, per year; exclusive of special purchases.

(e) Privilege Group B:

(1) Criteria, any of the following:

(A) Half-time assignment as defined in section 3044(a) or involuntarily unassigned as defined in section 3044(a) or involuntarily unassigned as defined in section 3044(b).

(B) A hearing official may temporarily place an inmate into the group as a disposition pursuant to section 3314 or 3315.

(2) Any inmate in Privilege Group B shall not be issued a privilege card.

(3) Privileges for Privilege Group B are as follows:

(A) One family visit each six months, unless limited by section 3177(b) or other law.

(B) Visits during non-work/training hours, limited only by availability of space within facility visiting hours, or during work hours when extraordinary circumstances exist, as defined in section 3045.

(C) One-half the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized by the secretary.

(D) One personal telephone access period per month.

(E) Access to yard, recreation, and entertainment activities during the inmate’s non-working/training hours and limited only by institution/facility security needs.

(F) Excused time off as described in section 3045.2.

(G) The receipt of four personal property packages, 30 pounds maximum weight each, per year, exclusive of special purchases.

(f) Privilege Group C:

(1) Criteria, any of the following:

(A) The inmate who refuses to accept or perform in an assignment or is deemed a program failure as defined in section 3000.

(B) A hearing official may temporarily place an inmate into the group as a disposition pursuant to section 3314 or 3315.

(C) A classification committee action pursuant to section 3375 places the inmate into the group. An inmate placed into Privilege Group C by a classification committee action may apply to be removed from that privilege group no earlier than 30 days from the date of placement. Subsequent to the mandatory 30 days placement on Privilege Group C, if the inmate submits a written request for removal, a hearing shall be scheduled within 30 days of receipt of the written request to consider removal from Privilege Group C.

(2) Any inmate in Privilege Group C shall not be issued a privilege card.

(3) Privileges and non-privileges for Privilege Group C are as follows:

(A) No family visits.

(B) One-fourth the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized by the secretary.

(C) Telephone calls on an emergency basis only as determined by institution/facility staff.
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(D) Yard access limited by local institution/facility security needs. No access to any other recreational or entertainment activities.

(E) No personal property packages.

(g) Privilege Group D:

(1) Criteria: Any inmate housed in a special segregation unit, voluntarily or under the provisions of sections 3335-3345 of these regulations who is not assigned to either a full-time or half-time assignment.

(2) An inmate in Privilege Group D shall not be issued a privilege card.

(3) Any inmate removed from the general population due to disciplinary or administrative reasons, shall forfeit their privilege card and privileges within their general population privilege group pending review by a classification committee.

(4) Privileges and non-privileges for Privilege Group D are as follows:

(A) No family visits.

(B) One-fourth the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized by the secretary.

(C) Telephone calls on an emergency basis only as determined by institution/facility staff.

(D) Yard access limited by local institution/facility security needs. No access to any other recreational or entertainment activities.

(E) The receipt of one personal property package, 30 pounds maximum weight, per year, exclusive of special purchases as provided in Section 3190. Inmates shall be eligible to acquire a personal property package after completion of one year of Privilege Group D assignment.

(h) Privilege Group U:

(1) Criteria: Reception center inmates under processing.

(2) An inmate in this category shall not be issued a privilege card.

(3) Privileges and non-privileges for Privilege Group U are:

(A) No family visits.

(B) Canteen Purchases. One-half of the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized by the secretary.

(C) Telephone calls on an emergency basis only as determined by institution/facility staff.

(D) Yard access, recreation, and entertainment limited by local institution/facility security needs.

(E) Excused time off as described in section 3045.2.

(F) No personal property packages.

(i) Inmates shall retain in their possession any privilege card issued them for eligibility to receive designated privileges. Each inmate shall present the card upon staff request in order to receive or participate in an authorized privilege, and may be denied the privilege if the card is not presented.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2700, 2701 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2932, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.3, 2933.6, 2935, 5005, 5054 and 5068, Penal Code; and In re Montgolf, 205 Cal.App.3d 1224 (1988).

HISTORY:

1. Change without regulatory effect of subsection (c)(1) and NOTE pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations filed 12-28-89 (Register 90, No. 1). For prior history, see Register 88, No. 50.

2. Relocation of (a) to section 3045, amendment of redesignated (c) (4)-(f), new subsections (c)(8)-(9) and (i) and subsection renumbering filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-6-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 4).
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No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

24. Amendment of section, including further amendments, refilled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


27. Amendment filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).

28. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency: operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

29. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

30. Amendment of subsections (b)(5)(A) and (b)(7), new subsection (b)(7)(C), subsection relettering and amendment of subsection (d) (2) filed 12-20-2011; operative 1-19-2012 (Register 2011, No. 51).

3045. Timekeeping and Reporting.

(a) Inmate timekeeping logs. The attendance and/or participation of each assigned inmate shall be recorded on an approved timekeeping log. If the assignment began or ended during the reporting month, the date(s) of such activity shall be recorded on the timekeeping log. Only the symbols designated on the timekeeping log shall be used to document the inmate’s attendance. The symbol(s) and applicable hours for each day shall be recorded in the space corresponding to the calendar day. This log shall be the reference for resolving complaints or appeals and shall be retained at a secure location designated by the facility management for a period of 4 years from the date of completion.

(1) Staff shall record the work or training time and absences of each inmate assigned to their supervision as they occur. At intervals designated by the institution head, the supervisor shall:

(A) Enter the totals, hours worked and ETO hours used in the designated columns of timekeeping log.

(B) Sign the log to authenticate the information.

(C) Forward the log to the division head for review and approval.

(2) Mismanagement or falsification of an inmate timekeeping log may result in adverse action and/or prosecution.

(b) Security of timekeeping logs. Inmates shall not have unauthorized access to any timekeeping logs.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2700, 2701 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2932, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.6, 2935, 5005, 5054 and 5068, Penal Code; and In re Monigold, 205 Cal. App. 3d 1224.

HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).

2. Repealer and new section filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).

3. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 ordered transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

5. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

7. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

8. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

9. Reumbering and amendment of former section 3045 to section 3045.2, relocation and amendment of former section 3044(a) and adoption of subsections (b) and (c) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

10. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

11. Editorial correction deleting language previously transferred to section 3045.2 (Register 93, No. 50).


13. Amendment of subsections (a)-(a)(1) and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

14. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).

3045.1. Timekeeping for Inmates in Administrative Segregation.

(a) A classification committee shall evaluate the reasons for an inmate’s administrative segregation (ASU) placement to ensure appropriate credits are awarded the inmate. If the placement was for:

(1) A disciplinary infraction for which the finding was not guilty or pending an investigation where the inmate was released, the inmate shall retain their work group status at the time of their placement in ASU unless otherwise impacted by a classification or disciplinary action.

(2) A disciplinary infraction for misconduct described in section 3043.4 for which the finding was guilty, the inmate shall remain in Work Group D-2 for the period of the credit loss assessment effective the date of their placement in ASU, whether or not a SHU term was assessed.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2700, 2701 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2932, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.6, 2935, 5005, 5054 and 5068, Penal Code; and In re Monigold, 205 Cal. App. 3d 1224.

HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
7. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3045.1 to section 3045.3 and adoption of new section 3045.1 filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order including amendment of subsection (a)(2) transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

9. Repealer of subsection (b) filed 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


11. Amendment of subsection (a)(1) filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).

12. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

13. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).


§ 3045.2

3045.2. Excused Time Off (ETO).

(a) It is the policy of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation that inmates assigned to work groups A-1 and B may use excused time off (ETO) during approved absences from their assignment in the manner set forth in this article.

(b) ETO shall be authorized by the work supervisor/employer in no less than 15-minute increments. The inmate shall not be required to use excused time off for any service that the department requires. An inmate who is ill and requires a medical lay-in or is short term medically unassigned for 29 days or less shall use ETO.

(c) Inmates who are ill may use ETO, but will be responsible for notifying the work/training supervisor. Sick time must be approved/authorized by the appropriate institution medical authority. Upon becoming capable of performing medically unrestricted work activities the inmate will be given priority to resume his/her previous assignment. If the assignment is not immediately available, the inmate will be placed in an assignment in his/her previous work group category.

(d) Authorized uses of ETO. Excused time off may be approved by work/training supervisors only for the below stated reasons. A proposal to use ETO for any other reason requires approval by the secretary.

(1) Family visiting. An inmate scheduled for a family visit may be permitted to visit in the visiting room (regular visit) on the first day of a family visit while awaiting processing, and on the last day of the family visit.

(2) Regular visiting under extraordinary circumstances. Following are extraordinary circumstances for which use of ETO is authorized:

(A) Out-of-state visitors. Upon substantiation that the visitor(s) resides out-of-state and is in California for a temporary stay of 30 days or less, and the visitor(s) has not visited with the particular inmate for four months. No more than two such visits shall be permitted for each such occurrence.

(B) Excessive distance. When a visitor must travel a distance of 250 miles or more, and has not visited the inmate within the last 30 days.

(C) Weddings. When an inmate marries, the inmate may, with five working days prior approval, use ETO for a visit on the wedding day.

(D) Handicapped. When a visitor is handicapped as defined by California law and must rely on special transportation to the institution. Approval is required five working days prior to the visit.

(E) Family emergencies. When death, serious illness or injury occurs to an inmate’s immediate family member as defined in Section 3000, clergymen, family members or close friends may visit the inmate to offer condolences or inform the inmate of the occurrence.

(F) Infrequent visits. When a visitor unexpectedly arrives who has not visited in the last six months, the visit will be considered an infrequent visit.

(G) Visiting during authorized absence. An inmate shall be permitted to visit using ETO during approved periods away from assignment involving circumstances beyond the inmate’s control. (Refer to section 3045.3 of these regulations.)

(H) Work assignment conflicts. When the inmate has not received a visit in the last 30 days and would otherwise be prohibited from visiting because of a conflict in work, training, or education assignment.

(3) Temporary community leave.

(4) Attendance at approved religious services or approved religious functions. For routine religious services, the use of ETO shall be limited to instances where it is unduly burdensome to change the conflicting work/education assignment.

(5) Non-routine recreation and entertainment activities.

(6) Emergency telephone access.

(e) Excused time off applies only to authorized time away from an assignment.

(f) An inmate shall receive pay only for actual hours worked, and not for excused time off.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).

2. Repealer and new section filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).

3. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-8-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-8-77 ordered transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

5. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

7. Amendment of subsection (c), repealer and new subsection (e) and new subsection (i) filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

8. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

9. Renumbering of former section 3045 to section 3045.2 and amendment of subsections (b) and (f) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

10. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3045.3. “S” Time.

(a) “S” time shall be noted on timekeeping documents for an authorized absence from the inmate’s assignment by order of the prison administration. The inmate shall receive sentence-reducing credit commensurate with their designated work group. Inmates who are removed from their assignment for the reasons noted below, shall retain their existing work group status unless otherwise impacted by a classification committee or disciplinary action.

(b) “S” time shall be authorized only for the following:

1. Institutional lockdown or modified program.
2. Emergency recall.
3. Attorney visits.
4. Fog or inclement weather conditions.
5. Work/training supervisor’s absence when no relief supervisor is provided.
6. Removed to out-to-court status.
7. Three working days prior to transfer to another institution.
8. Ten working days prior to parole or discharge, including institution base camps. Conservation camp inmates shall receive 15 days “S” time prior to release.
9. Thirty working days prior to parole or discharge of an inmate serving a term in another jurisdiction.
10. Appearances at classification hearings or casework interviews which cannot be reasonably conducted during the inmate’s off-duty hours.
11. Staff interviews with inmates regarding a death or emergency involving a member of their immediate family as defined in section 3000.
13. A temporary interruption or delay in the inmate’s assignment which is no fault of the inmate.
14. Medical consultant appointments with other than state employees.
15. Inmate match job development and initial screening interview.
16. Board of Prison Terms’ hearings.
17. Interviews with representatives of other governmental agencies.
18. Delay in reporting to an assignment because of delayed meal schedule, unlocks, and clearing of the institutional count.
19. Interview for staff preparation of a Penal Code Section 1170(d) report to the court.
20. Temporary leave processing for a family emergency.
21. A serious disciplinary hearing if overtime would be required for a staff witness to attend the hearing.
22. Authorizations for any reason not listed in this section shall be considered on a case-by-case basis and require approval of the secretary or their designee.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 673, 1170, 25690, 2933, 2933.05, 2933.6 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
7. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3045.1 to section 3045.3 filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
9. Amendment of subsections (a) and (b), repealer of subsection (b) (4), subsection renumbering and amendment of newly designated subsection (b)(22) filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
10. Amendment of subsections (a), (b)(13) and (b)(18) and Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-23-2010 and filed 8-4-2010 (Register 2010, No. 32).
12. Amendment of subsection (b)(1) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3046. Workers’ Compensation for Inmates.

Inmates are eligible for workers’ compensation benefits for injuries sustained while performing assigned work while imprisoned. They are not eligible for benefits for injuries resulting from an assault in which the inmate was found to be the aggressor; an intentional act of self-inflicted injury; nor injuries sustained while assigned to academic and vocational education programs. The department is not liable for injuries sustained while a person is on parole or escape status.

(a) Inmates should immediately report any injury to their supervisor so that prompt medical attention can be given if needed, and for the supervisor’s information and initiation of necessary reports.

(b) Inmates will have access to, and be given a copy upon request, of the department’s guidelines covering workers’ compensation for inmates. Such guidelines will be available at each institution’s inmate assignment office or the office of the official responsible for inmate assignments; the inmate law libraries; each camp; and at or near the inmate’s work location through the inmate’s work supervisor.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8). For prior history, see Register 78, No. 33.
3047. Unemployment Compensation and Disability Benefits.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8). For prior history, see Register 78, No. 33.
2. Change without regulatory effect repealing section 3047 (Register 87, No. 24).

Article 4. Food Services

3050. Regular Meals.
(a) Each inmate shall be provided a wholesome, nutritionally balanced diet. Nutrition levels shall meet the Recommended Dietary Allowances and Dietary Reference Intakes as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the Institute of Medicine, National Academy of Science.

(1) Inmates confined in segregated housing shall be served food representative of that being served to general population inmates. Food shall not be withheld nor standard menu varied as a disciplinary sanction for any inmate.

(2) Inmates shall be provided three meals each day, two of which shall be served hot. Variations to the two hot meals per day requirement may be allowed to accommodate religious observances, religious meal programs, and institution emergencies. The breakfast meal shall be served not more than 14 hours following the previous day’s evening meal.

(3) Pregnant inmates shall receive two extra eight ounce cartons of milk or a calcium supplement if lactose intolerant, two extra servings of fresh fruit, and two extra servings of fresh vegetables daily. A physician may order additional nutrients as necessary.

(b) Facility menus shall be prepared at least one week in advance and posted in locations accessible to all general population inmates. Inmates in segregation housing shall, upon request, be provided a weekly menu.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
3. Amendment of article heading and section filed 9-12-95; operative 10-12-95 (Register 95, No. 37).
4. Editorial correction of subsection (c) (Register 95, No. 42).
5. Amendment of section and Note filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).

3052. Health and Safety Standards.
(a) Standards for sanitation shall meet the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code (H&SC) Sections 113945 through 114259.4 (California Retail Food Code (CFC)).
(b) An inspection of the food service area of each institution/camp shall be conducted at least once a year by the Department Food Administrator, Central Office, and/or a Department of Health Services’ Environmental Health Specialist.
(c) The institution head or their designee shall conduct sanitation inspections of the institution/camp kitchens at least once a month to ensure compliance with the standards set forth in this section.
(d) Cooks and culinary officers shall conduct daily sanitation inspections of all workers who handle food to ensure cleanliness, proper attire, and the absence of open sores or any condition that may contaminate food.
(e) No person shall be assigned to handle food until instructed on the standards for sanitation as set forth in CFC, and on all requirements of this section.
(f) Food handlers shall keep their hands and fingernails clean, wear nets or caps entirely covering their hair and/or facial hair, wear clean garments, and conform to and comply with CFC. A hand washing requirement sign shall be posted in each restroom used by on-duty food service workers.
(g) No inmate shall be assigned to the food service area until medically cleared to handle food.
(h) An inmate food handler with any condition which may contaminate food shall be referred to the medical department for examination and shall not return to work in the food service area until medically cleared.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-18-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-26-92 (Register 92, No. 22).
3. Editorial correction of subsection (c) (Register 95, No. 42).
4. Amendment of section and Note filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
5. Change without regulatory effect amending subsections (a), (e) and (f) and amending Note filed 12-18-2007 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2007, No. 51).
6. Amendment of subsection (f) filed 12-22-2011; operative 1-21-2012 (Register 2011, No. 51).

3051. Use of Pork or Pork Derivatives.
(a) Pork or Pork derivatives may be part of meals within camp settings outside Institutions.

(b) Each menu food item containing pork or prepared in or seasoned with a pork derivative (including use of a shortening containing a pork product) shall be identified on the menu with a “P”. Unless it can be determined with certainty that a food item does not contain pork or a pork derivative, that item shall be identified with an asterisk (∗). A pork-free protein alternate shall be offered to those inmates who do not eat pork because of religious reasons.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3053. Food for Religious Events.
(a) Inmate religious groups shall not be permitted more than two events each year where foods with religious significance are...
provided by the institution in place of the regularly planned meal. These event meals must be approved and sponsored by a Chaplain. For the purposes of this article, Chaplain means a local Institution Chaplain, or their designee representing the religious group.

(b) A Chaplain shall decide the two religious events when religious meals are provided. The religious group’s request for ceremonial foods shall be directed to the institution head, or designee by the Chaplain at least 30 days, but no more than 90 days before the event, and shall include the following:

(1) Date and location of the event.
(2) Proposed menu.
(3) Number of inmates and/or guest to be served.
(4) Specific ceremonial foods.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3053 to section 3055 and adoption of new section 3053 filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-18-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-26-92 (Register 92, No. 22).
3. Amendment of section heading and section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).

3054. Religious Diet Program.

(a) Each institution shall make reasonable efforts, as required by law, to accommodate those inmates who have been determined, pursuant to CCR, Title 15, subsection 3054.4(b)(1), to require a religious diet.

(b) Each institution shall provide ongoing religious awareness training for custody and food service staff, and anyone involved in the Religious Diet Program.

(c) Within an institution, religious meals shall not be restricted from inmates, based on their classification or housing placement. Inmates who are transferred shall have the ability to continue participating in their current Religious Diet Program at the receiving institution, barring medical needs or other extraordinary circumstances.

(d) Medical diets shall take precedence over religious diets,

(e) There shall be at least three distinct religious diet options: (1) Vegetarian.
(2) Jewish kosher.
(3) Religious meat alternate.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-18-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-26-92 (Register 92, No. 22).
3. Editorial correction of History Note 1 (Register 95, No. 9).
4. Renumbering of former section 3054 to new section 3056 and new section file 9-12-95; operative 10-12-95 (Register 95, No. 37).
5. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
6. Amendment of subsections (a), (c) and (e) and new subsection (e)(3) filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.1. Vegetarian Diet.

Vegetarian meals shall be available at all institutions. Inmates with determined religious, personal, or ethical dietary needs and showing a CDCR Form 3030-B (09/05), Religious Diet Card, which is incorporated by reference, shall be provided with an approved vegetarian protein alternative(s), often from that same day’s scheduled meal.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 12-18-2007 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2007, No. 51).
3. Amendment section heading and section filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.2. Jewish Kosher Diet.

(a) Jewish kosher meals shall be available at designated institutions. Jewish inmates may participate in the program, as determined by a Jewish Chaplain.

(b) Jewish inmates with unmet kosher dietary needs may, when classification is appropriate, be considered for transfer to another institution that can provide the Jewish inmate with a kosher diet.

(c) Jewish inmates shall not give away, trade, or sell a sack meal. Doing so may result in a compliance violation of the Religious Diet Program Agreement.

(d) All institutions will adhere to standardized departmental Jewish kosher diet program menus and approved procedures for purchasing, preparing, and serving kosher meals.

(e) Observance of Passover constitutes a single religious event, requiring kosher for Passover foods to be provided during the eight days of observance.

(f) Each institution shall arrange for ongoing and appropriate training for all inmate workers, and custody and food service employees involved in the supervising, ordering, preparation, and serving of kosher meals.

(g) The Jewish kosher diet program shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of this Article. A Jewish Chaplain shall:

(1) Determine inmate entry into the Jewish kosher diet program, oversee the program, and determine Jewish inmate compliance violations.

(2) Review each institution’s Jewish kosher diet program annually and provide results of the review to the Correctional Food Manager (CFM).


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Amendment of subsection (g)(2) filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.3. Religious Meat Alternate Program.

(a) Religious meat alternates (meat that has been certified as halal) shall be available at all institutions. Muslim inmates may participate in the program, as determined by a Muslim Chaplain or designee Chaplain. Non-Muslim inmates with a religious dietary need may seek participation in the program by submitting to any appropriate Chaplain a CDCR Form 3030 (Rev. 08/09), Religious
Diet Request, which is incorporated by reference, for determination by the Religious Review Committee (RRC).

(b) All institutions will adhere to standardized departmental halal meat alternates, and approved procedures for procuring and serving halal meats.

(c) Each institution shall arrange for ongoing and appropriate training for all inmate workers, custody, and food service employees involved in the supervising, ordering, and serving of halal meats.

(d) The religious meat alternate program shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of this Article. A designee Chaplain shall:

(1) Oversee the program and determine inmate compliance violations.

(2) Review each institution’s religious meat alternate program annually and provide results of the review to the Correctional Food Manager (CFM).


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Renumbering of former section 3054.3 to section 3054.4 and new section 3054.3 filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.4. Participation in a Religious Diet Program.

(a) Any inmate who claims to require a religious diet shall be responsible for completing a CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request, and submitting it to the appropriate institution’s Chaplain. No more than 30 calendar days shall pass from the day the Chaplain receives the completed CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request, which results in a determination of program eligibility, to the day an accepted inmate begins receiving the religious meals requested.

(b) The Chaplain shall:

(1) Interview the inmate to explain the three religious diet options, including what the meals consist of.

(2) Determine the inmate’s religious diet eligibility, except that the RRC shall determine the eligibility of a non-Muslim inmate to participate in the religious meat alternate program. When a non-Muslim inmate seeks the religious meat alternate program, the Chaplain shall forward the CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request, to the RRC for consideration.

(3) When religious diet program eligibility is determined, explain the department’s Religious Diet Program Agreement.

(4) When applicable, have the inmate sign the CDCR Form 3030-A (Rev. 08/09), Religious Diet Program Agreement, which is incorporated by reference, the CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request, and the CDCR Form 3030-D (Rev. 08/09), Religious Diet Program Cancellation Request, which is incorporated by reference. Document an inmate’s refusal to sign any religious diet departmental forms.

(5) Complete and distribute the CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request and/or the CDCR Form 3030-A, Religious Diet Program Agreement, within two working days.

(6) Notify the inmate of the decision in writing by copy of their CDCR Form 3030, Religious Diet Request.

(7) Enter pertinent information for each inmate approved to participate in a religious diet program onto a religious diet participant list within 24 hours of approval. Maintain, update the list every 30 days, and provide the CFM with a copy of the list of those inmates who have been determined eligible to receive a religious diet, and which diet they will receive.

(8) Regularly monitor the religious diet lists with Food Service staff to ensure that all inmates receiving religious diet programs are served their religious dietary meals with minimal delay.

(9) Coordinate with the CFM to determine which dining area will provide the inmate his/her meals.

(10) Provide each approved inmate with a CDCR Form 3030-B, Religious Diet Card. Collect Religious Diet Cards that are no longer valid.

(11) Meet with inmates, giving them the opportunity to respond to a determination of religious diet program eligibility.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Renumbering of former section 3054.4 to section 3054.5 and renumbering and amendment of section 3054.3 to section 3054.4 filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.5. Monitoring for Religious Diet Program Inmate Compliance.

Any incident of an alleged inmate Religious Diet Program Agreement compliance violation shall be reported using CDC Form 128-B, General Chrono, citing CCR, Title 15, section 3054. All reports shall be sent to the appropriate Chaplain, who shall consult with the inmate, make the final determination of continuing eligibility, and complete a CDCR Form 3030-C (09/05), Religious Diet Program Agreement-Notice of Non-Compliance, which is incorporated by reference. A copy of the completed CDCR Form 3030-C shall be provided to the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Renumbering of former section 3054.4 to section 3054.5 and renumbering of section 3054.4 to section 3054.5 filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.6. Meals Served to Non-Inmates.

The meal charge for state employees and persons other than official guests in state-operated dining rooms maintained and operated for inmates shall be $1.00 plus sales tax. The meal charge for institution-operated employee dining rooms shall be in accordance with this article.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-24-2006; operative 4-24-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 17).
2. Renumbering of former section 3054.5 to section 3054.6 and renumbering of section 3054.4 to section 3054.5 filed 2-2-2010; operative 2-2-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

3054.7. Reimbursement for State Purchased Food.

Outside guests attending inmate banquets, luncheons, or other special events where state-purchased food is provided shall be charged a minimum of $1.00 plus sales tax per meal, per guest. Funds collected in excess of $1.00 plus sales tax, for the event shall be accompanied by a statement, signed by a non-inmate representative of the group, which reads: “We donate the sum of $________.
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Article 5. Personal Cleanliness

Inmates shall keep themselves clean, and practice those health habits essential to the maintenance of physical and mental well-being.

Comment: Former DR-1501, personal hygiene.

3062. Inmate Grooming Standards.

(a) An inmate’s hair and facial hair shall be clean, neatly styled, and groomed, as specified in these regulations, when he/she is away from the immediate area of his/her quarters.

(b) An inmate’s hair and facial hair shall have no lettering, numbering, or designs of any kind cut, shaved, dyed, painted or in any way placed in the hair or on the scalp or face of the inmate.

(c) An inmate shall not alter the appearance of his/her hair or facial hair by changing its natural color.

(d) An inmate shall not possess a wig or hairpiece unless deemed medically necessary by the Chief Medical Officer and authorized, in writing, by the appropriate division of adult institutions’ associate director.

(e) An inmate’s hair or facial hair may be any length but the inmate’s hair shall not extend over the eyebrows or cover the inmate’s face. The hair and/or facial hair shall not pose a health and safety risk. If hair or facial hair is long, it shall be worn in a neat, plain style, which does not draw undue attention to the inmate.

(f) An inmate may possess and use approved hair and/or facial hair holding devices based on Section 3190.

(g) An inmate with hair/facial hair styles, including but not limited to braids, cornrows, ponytails, or dreadlocks, shall be required to unbraid, undo, or take down their hair, as applicable for thorough inspections, as instructed by custody staff to ensure hair and/or facial hair is free of contraband.

(h) Facial hair, including beards, mustaches, and sideburns are permitted for male inmates and shall be maintained in a manner as defined in this section.

(i) An inmate who is assigned to work in food preparation, processing or serving areas, and/or around machinery, or in high fire hazard areas, may be required, for safety and sanitation reasons, to further limit his/her grooming in order to properly wear such health and safety equipment as is deemed necessary by staff, including but not limited to, hair nets, safety head coverings, etc.

(j) An inmate’s fingernails shall not extend more than 1/4 inch beyond the tips of the fingers. Nails shall be neat and clean. Female inmates may be permitted to wear only clear nail polish.

(k) An inmate may not pierce any part of his/her body for the purpose of wearing an earring or other jewelry. A male inmate may not possess or wear earrings. A female inmate may wear authorized earrings with only one matching earring worn in each ear. An inmate shall not possess or wear any type of jewelry or other object intended to be worn as a body piercing adornment.

(l) A female inmate may wear cosmetics that blend with or match the natural, non-ruddy skin tone. False eyelashes are not permitted.

(m) An inmate who fails to comply with these grooming standards may be deemed a program failure, pursuant to Section 3062, subject to progressive discipline and classification committee review for appropriate housing and program placement. Physical force shall not be used to enforce compliance with these regulations, except as permitted by existing law or with a court order.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5054, Penal Code; Section 5058, Penal Code.

HISTORY:

1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3046 to new section 3055 filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-18-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-26-92 (Register 92, No. 22).

3055. Use of Food.

Inmates shall not steal, waste, or contaminate food or equipment used in preparing, processing or serving food. Inmates shall not remove any food from the dining room, kitchen, or food storage areas except as specifically authorized by facility staff.


HISTORY:

1. Renumbering of former section 3054 to new section 3055 filed 9-12-95; operative 10-12-95 (Register 95, No. 37).

3056. Meals Served to Non-Inmates.

Guests at an inmate banquet, luncheon or other special event shall be charged for state-purchased food. If funds collected from the guests for a meal are not the same as the allowed cost per meal, an additional charge to the inmate group’s trust account shall be made in accordance with this article.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Section 5054, Penal Code; and Section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 6).

HISTORY:

1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3053 to section 3055 filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including amendment of subsection (m) and relocation and amendment of definition of “Program failure” from section 3000 to new section (n), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).


6. Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

7. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including amendment of subsection (m), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).

8. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including amendment of subsection (m) and relocation and amendment of definition of “Program failure” from section 3000 to new section (n), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
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3073. Vehicles.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3073 to section 3294.1 and repealer of former section 3073 filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3074. Alternative Sentencing Program Establishment.

HISTORY:
1. New article heading and section filed 10-30-92 as an emergency; operative 10-30-92 (Register 92, No. 44). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 3-1-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-92 order transmitted to OAL 2-9-93 and filed 3-12-93 (Register 93, No. 11).

Article 6.1. Alternative Sentencing Program

3074.3. The Family Foundations Program.
(a) The Family Foundations Program (FFP) is a 12-month residential substance abuse treatment program for pregnant and/or parenting female inmates who have been determined by the court to benefit from participation, recommended by the court for placement, and are accepted by the Department to participate. Female inmates in the program will be placed in a Family Foundations facility in the community as an alternative to serving their prison term in a State prison institution.

(b) Eligibility. To be eligible, a female inmate shall be sentenced to serve a term of not more than 36 months and be recommended by the court to participate, must have an established history of substance abuse, and be either pregnant or the parent of a child under the age of six years. Medical/dental and mental health evaluations shall be performed prior to placement to determine the existence of health care conditions that would affect participation in the program or require a reasonable accommodation be provided to the participant.

(c) Ineligibility. Female inmates who have been convicted of violent crimes and other offenses enumerated in Penal Code section 1174.4 are excluded from the program. In addition, a woman is ineligible for the program if she has an active or potential United States Immigration and Naturalization hold; felony hold; her child is a dependent of the court and it has been determined by the representative of the appropriate county agency that it is not in the best interest of the child; she is determined by the Department to pose an unreasonable risk to the public; a staff physician or psychiatrist has determined that the inmate’s medical or psychiatric condition is likely to cause an adverse effect upon the inmate or upon other persons if the inmate is placed in the program; or she is not willing to sign a CDC Form 1890, Voluntary Placement Agreement, (4/99), which is incorporated by reference, and outlines the obligations and responsibilities of program participants.

(d) Credit earnings and losses, including pre-sentence, behavioral, participation and work time credits shall not be applied while a woman is in the program. Participants who fail to complete the 12-month residential program shall have credit earnings and losses applied for time served in the program. Participants who fail the program for reasons identified in (e) below, shall be delivered to State prison where they shall serve the remainder of their original sentence.

Article 6. Camp Assignment

3070. Regulations and Procedures.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer of article 6 (Sections 3070–3073) and section filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3071. Camp Limits.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer file 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3072. Public Contact.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3072 to section 3266, and repealer of former section 3072 filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3063. Tattoos.

Inmates shall not tattoo themselves or others, and shall not permit tattoos to be placed on themselves. Inmates shall not remove or permit removal of tattoos from themselves or others.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).
2. Amendment filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 96, No. 8).
3. Amendment filed 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
5. Amendment filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-21-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including amendment of section transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

3064. Quarters.

Inmates must keep their quarters and surroundings neat, clean and sanitary. Inmates may not alter their quarters or equipment without specific authorization to do so.

Comment: Former DR-1504, care of quarters.

3074. Alternative Sentencing Program Establishment.


HISTORY:
1. New article heading and section filed 10-30-92 as an emergency; operative 10-30-92 (Register 92, No. 44). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 3-1-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-92 order transmitted to OAL 2-9-93 and filed 3-12-93 (Register 93, No. 11).

Article 6.3. The Family Foundations Program

3074.3. The Family Foundations Program.
(a) The Family Foundations Program (FFP) is a 12-month residential substance abuse treatment program for pregnant and/or parenting female inmates who have been determined by the court to benefit from participation, recommended by the court for placement, and are accepted by the Department to participate. Female inmates in the program will be placed in a Family Foundations facility in the community as an alternative to serving their prison term in a State prison institution.

(b) Eligibility. To be eligible, a female inmate shall be sentenced to serve a term of not more than 36 months and be recommended by the court to participate, must have an established history of substance abuse, and be either pregnant or the parent of a child under the age of six years. Medical/dental and mental health evaluations shall be performed prior to placement to determine the existence of health care conditions that would affect participation in the program or require a reasonable accommodation be provided to the participant.

(c) Ineligibility. Female inmates who have been convicted of violent crimes and other offenses enumerated in Penal Code section 1174.4 are excluded from the program. In addition, a woman is ineligible for the program if she has an active or potential United States Immigration and Naturalization hold; felony hold; her child is a dependent of the court and it has been determined by the representative of the appropriate county agency that it is not in the best interest of the child; she is determined by the Department to pose an unreasonable risk to the public; a staff physician or psychiatrist has determined that the inmate’s medical or psychiatric condition is likely to cause an adverse effect upon the inmate or upon other persons if the inmate is placed in the program; or she is not willing to sign a CDC Form 1890, Voluntary Placement Agreement, (4/99), which is incorporated by reference, and outlines the obligations and responsibilities of program participants.

(d) Credit earnings and losses, including pre-sentence, behavioral, participation and work time credits shall not be applied while a woman is in the program. Participants who fail to complete the 12-month residential program shall have credit earnings and losses applied for time served in the program. Participants who fail the program for reasons identified in (e) below, shall be delivered to State prison where they shall serve the remainder of their original sentence.

Article 6. Camp Assignment

3070. Regulations and Procedures.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer of article 6 (Sections 3070–3073) and section filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3071. Camp Limits.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer file 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3072. Public Contact.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3072 to section 3266, and repealer of former section 3072 filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).
sentences. A classification committee hearing shall precede a participant's delivery to State prison.

(e) Adverse reasons for failure to complete the program include:

1. Program participant fails to participate in programming activities;
or,
2. Program participant fails to comply with facility rules as presented in orientation;
or,
3. Program participant fails to participate in vocational/educational activities;
or,
4. Program participant fails urinalysis/drug or alcohol testing;
or,
5. Program participant demonstrates violent or disruptive behavior.

(f) Program participants may be removed from the program because of a health care condition that cannot be adequately managed in the FFP facility. Behavioral credit loss shall not be applied in such cases.

(g) Individualized treatment plans shall be developed for each participant and her child. The treatment plan shall be formulated as a result of an individual assessment performed by a program counselor. Each plan shall address the specific treatment needs of the participant and child including the treatment needs necessary for transitioning the participant to parole and/or another treatment program, and shall describe treatment goals for both mother and child and specific activities and services to achieve these goals. Changes to this plan may occur throughout the course of treatment and must be relevant to the participant's progress toward treatment goals. Individualized treatment plans shall address a full range of problems including those directly and indirectly related to:

1. Substance abuse.
2. Physical and mental health.
3. Social services.
4. Parenting skills.
5. Vocational and educational skills.
7. Treatment methods and resources.

(h) Early childhood care and development plans shall be developed for each child and shall address issues including, but not limited to:

1. Immunizations and communicable diseases.
2. Pediatric medical care.
4. Psychological interventions.
5. Communication skills.
7. Play therapies.

(i) Each participant shall be provided all of the following:

1. Intensive substance abuse education classes and relapse prevention counseling.
2. Classes, as appropriate, on topics such as domestic violence, incest survivors, family relationships, co-dependency, living with AIDS, child custody issues, and legal issues.
3. Individual counseling sessions.
4. Group counseling.
5. HIV/AIDS counseling for pre- and post-HIV testing.
6. Classes on parenting skills.
7. Early childhood care and development services.
8. Educational, vocational, and life skills training.
9. Medically necessary health services pursuant to section 3350 et seq.

(j) Each participant shall be assigned a case manager and casework team, comprised of a social worker, facility manager, counselor, child development specialist, child care worker, nurse, and departmental custody staff person. The casework team will manage the participant's intake, orientation and treatment program for the duration of the 12 months.

(k) Transition planning for the participant's release from the facility to parole, shall begin in the first six months of the program with a written Transition Services Plan for each participant to be developed no later than the seventh month. Each participant's Transition Services Plan shall be initiated after nine months of participation in the program. Transition Services Plans shall consist of, but are not limited to, transitional housing, job placement or assistance, identification of available social services, etc.

(f) An outpatient transitional services program shall be developed for each participant and shall include a twelve-month period of intensive parole supervision pursuant to Penal Code Section 1174.2.

(m) The FFP shall maintain a zero tolerance for drugs and/or alcohol use. Frequent and random urine testing shall be conducted to detect any illegal drug use.

(n) Each facility shall maintain a library containing a variety of reference, fiction, self-help and children's books for use by participants and their children.

(o) Facilities shall accommodate requests for voluntary participation in religious programs.

(p) Facilities shall post visiting hours and conditions in English and Spanish and maintain a weekly visiting schedule for six hours on Saturday and six hours on Sunday of each week.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 1174.8(a) and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 1174–1174.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 6.3 (section 3074.3) and section filed 8-18-99 as an emergency; operative 8-18-99 (Register 99, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-25-2000 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-18-99 order, including further amendment of subsection (1) and Note, transmitted to OAL 12-2-99 and filed 1-13-2000 (Register 2000, No. 2).

Article 6.5. Intake, Release and Discharge of Inmates

3075. Initial Intake.

(a) Inmates received by the department shall be accompanied by either a copy of the minute order or an abstract of the judgment certified by the clerk of the court or judge. The inmate’s identity shall be verified by staff to prevent inadvertent acceptance of a person not legally committed to the department.

(b) Upon staff’s receipt of an inmate’s cash, personal securities and property, a CDC Form 104 (Rev. 4/77), Inmate Property and Cash Receipt—Arrival, shall be completed.

(c) Each inmate shall be photographed and an identification card prepared. The identification photo shall be updated every five years or when there is a distinct change in the inmate’s physical appearance. An inmate who noticeably changes his/her appearance will be charged for the cost of the updated identification photo/card, if the distinct change occurs anytime within the five year period.

(d) Each inmate shall be informed of the departmental grooming standards and afforded an opportunity to comply prior to being photographed. Each inmate will be advised that failure to comply with departmental grooming standards may result in the issuance of an administrative rule violation report and that a repeated pattern of administrative rule violations, may result in the inmate being deemed a program failure pursuant to Section 3000. The processing officer will document on a CDC 128-B, General Chrono, the inmate’s refusal to comply with the departmental grooming standards. The CDC 128-B will be forwarded to records for the inmate’s initial classification committee review.
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manage the participant's intake, orientation and treatment program for the duration of the 12 months.

(k) Transition planning for the participant's release from the facility to parole, shall begin in the first six months of the program with a written Transition Services Plan for each participant to be developed no later than the seventh month. Each participant's Transition Services Plan shall be initiated after nine months of participation in the program. Transition Services Plans shall consist of, but are not limited to, transitional housing, job placement or assistance, identification of available social services, etc.

(l) An outpatient transitional services program shall be developed for each participant and shall include a twelve-month period of intensive parole supervision pursuant to Penal Code Section 1174.2.

(m) The FFP shall maintain a zero tolerance for drugs and/or alcohol use. Frequent and random urine testing shall be conducted to detect any illegal drug use.

(n) Each facility shall maintain a library containing a variety of reference, fiction, self-help and children's books for use by participants and their children.

(o) Facilities shall accommodate requests for voluntary participation in religious programs.

(p) Facilities shall post visiting hours and conditions in English and Spanish and maintain a weekly visiting schedule for six hours on Saturday and six hours on Sunday of each week.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 1174.8(a) and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 1174–1174.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 6.3 (section 3074.3) and section filed 8-18-99 as an emergency; operative 8-18-99 (Register 99, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-25-2000 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-18-99 order, including further amendment of subsection (1) and Note, transmitted to OAL 12-2-99 and filed 1-13-2000 (Register 2000, No. 2).

HISTORY:
1. Article 6.5 heading and new section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order including amendment of Note transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 22).
3. New subsection (d) filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including further amendment of subsection (d), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
5. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 1-17-2006 as an emergency; operative 1-17-2006 (Register 2006, No. 3). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-26-2006 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).

3075.1. Intake Processing.
(a) A CDC Form 188-L (Rev. 3/89), Cumulative Case Summary, shall be prepared for each inmate committed to the department and shall include:
(1) CDC Form 188, Legal Status Summary.
(2) CDC Form 112 (Rev. 9/83), Chronological History.
(3) CDC Form 174 (Rev. 3/87), Probation Officer’s Report (POR).
(4) Criminal Identification and Investigation (CI&I) Report.
(5) A psychiatric/psychological evaluation, when completed pursuant to (c) below.
(6) The Institutional Staff Recommendation Summary (ISRS) described in (h) below.
(7) CDC Form 816 (Rev. 2/03), Reception Center Readmission Summary.
(8) A summary of the inmate’s social factors regarding the inmate’s: religion; driver’s license number; social security number; and the names, birthdays, addresses and occupations of parents and siblings; dates and status of marriages; names, birthdays and custody of children; and family arrest history.
(b) Information affecting an inmate’s conditions of confinement or parole and sentence shall be solicited from sources outside the department, with or without the inmate’s consent, and shall include California Youth Authority commitment history within the last five years and history of any federal, state or local commitment.
(c) A psychiatric or psychological evaluation shall be prepared for each inmate whose behavior or background information causes staff to believe a serious mental problem may exist.
(d) Casework information and documents important to the placement and supervision of the inmate shall include:
(1) CDC Form 127 (Rev. 5/00), Notification in Case of Inmate Death, Serious Injury, or Serious Illness.
(2) CDC Form 128-0 (8/92), Document Receipt.
(3) CDC Form 345 (Rev. 5/95), Authorization for the Director to Maintain Trust Account.
(e) All questionable information shall be verified to the extent possible.
(f) Information obtained from other documents shall indicate the source. Unverified information affecting an inmate’s conditions of confinement or parole and sentence shall be noted as unverified.
(g) Each inmate shall before initial classification be provided a copy of their CDC Form 188-L from which the CI&I Report and CDC Form 112 have been removed.
(h) An ISRS shall be prepared for each person committed with or returned as a parole violator with a new life term.
(1) The ISRS shall state the sources of information used and summarize the inmate’s history of or status concerning: type of confidential information on file; holds or detainers; medical and dental requirements or limitations; results of a psychiatric or psychological referral; work experiences and skills; narcotics, drugs and alcohol use; escapes; arson offenses; sex-related offenses; academic and vocational needs or interests; necessary casework follow-up; the counselor’s evaluation of the inmate; reentry plans if the inmate has six months or less to release; classification score and custody designation suffix; community correctional facility eligibility; and recommended facility placement.
(2) An ISRS prepared for a Penal Code section 1203.03 (referred to as a presentence diagnostic) case shall:
(A) Address the inmate’s past criminal behavior.
(B) Include in the counselor’s evaluation of the inmate a sentencing recommendation to the court.
(C) If the court commits the inmate to the department, include a supplemental report of any changes affecting the inmate’s conditions of confinement or parole and sentence since the presentence summary and a recommended facility placement.
(i) A CDC Form 816, Reception Center Readmission Summary, shall be completed for parole violators who are returned to custody with new terms other than a life sentence.
(j) Information affecting an inmate’s conditions of confinement or parole and sentence and received after completion of the ISRS or CDC Form 816 shall be incorporated into the inmate’s file.
(1) If the information is received after a transfer recommendation endorsement, or the nature of the information indicates a proposed classification action inappropriate, the case shall be referred to a classification committee for reconsideration.
(2) Information received after the inmate has been transferred shall be forwarded to the inmate’s new facility.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 1203.01, 1203.03, 2930, 3002, 5054, and 5068, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 11-5-92; operative 12-7-92 (Register 92, No. 45).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (d)(3) and adding new form filed 6-28-95 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 26).
3. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(2) and (d)(1) filed 8-28-2000; operative 9-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 35).
4. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a)(7) filed 8-21-2003 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 34).

3075.2. Releases.
(a) Day of release. Inmates, except as otherwise provided by applicable law and regulations, shall be released on their scheduled release date. Inmates shall not be retained beyond their discharge date.
(b) Release Instructions.
(1) Notification of registration requirements:
(A) An inmate required to register pursuant to Penal Code sections 290 or 457.1 or Health and Safety Code section 11590 shall be notified of the requirement before being released from custody.
AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DIRECTOR TO MAINTAIN TRUST ACCOUNT

Pursuant to Penal Code Sections 5058 and 5057, I understand that by signing this form, I authorize the Director of the California Department of Corrections to maintain a trust fund account in my name, thus enabling me to make purchases from the canteen. I understand that I am not required to sign this form. I also understand that if I do not complete and sign this form, my current privileges will be lost.

PLEASE MARK YOUR CHOICE

☐ I hereby authorize the Director of Corrections to maintain a trust account in my name. I also authorize any interest earned on monies held for me in such trust shall be deposited into the inmate incentive fund.

☐ I choose not to authorize the Director of Corrections to maintain a trust account in my name. I acknowledge that it shall be my responsibility to ensure that any funds in my trust account are appropriately disbursed. I understand I shall have no concurrent access. I shall notify my family and friends to refrain from sending any future monetary contributions.

Signed and delivered in the presence of:

_____________________________

_____________________________

_____________________________

_____________________________

Exhibited at: _______________   ____________________

the ______ day of __________, 20__.
(B) Such inmates shall complete a SS Form 8047, Notice of Registration Requirement, acknowledging notification of the requirement.

(2) Reporting instructions, except for inmates released to non-revocable parole as provided in section 3505:
   (A) The CDC Form 611 (Rev. 9/91), Release Program Study; CDC Form 1515 (Rev. 3/92), P&CSD Notice and Conditions of Parole; CDC Form 1570 (Rev. 12/89), Guidelines for Parole; and reporting instructions shall be explained to the inmate at least 45 days before their scheduled release to parole or, if less than 45 days remain as a result of a change in the inmate’s legal status, as soon as possible.

(B) The CDC Form 611 shall specify a date, time, place and official to whom a newly released inmate shall report.

(C) Authorized delay in reporting. Any delay in reporting shall be in writing. The assigned parole agent may authorize a delay in reporting of no more than seven days from the parolee’s scheduled reporting date. A delay of more than seven days shall require the authorization of a unit supervisor or higher staff. Parolees designated as high control cases shall not be granted a delay in reporting to their assigned parole agent.

(3) Notice and conditions of parole requirements, except for inmates released to non-revocable parole:
   (A) The CDC Form 1515 shall be interpreted or otherwise communicated to any parolee who does not understand or read English.

   (B) A unit supervisor or higher level staff may place an inmate or parolee refusing to sign the CDC Form 1515 into custody pending a revocation hearing.

   (C) Any special conditions of parole imposed by the department shall be related to the inmate’s commitment offense or to conduct that may reasonably lead to future criminal behavior.

   (D) When a department-imposed special condition no longer applies to a parolee, a unit supervisor or higher level staff may remove or modify any but the following department-imposed special conditions:
      1. A prohibition on the use of alcoholic beverages pursuant to Penal Code section 3053.5 and 15 CCR 3901.9,4(b).
      2. A requirement to participate in psychiatric treatment, unless parole outpatient clinic staff have recommended, in writing, that the treatment be discontinued.
      (E) Within five days after verbally requiring or prohibiting specific behavior of a parolee, staff shall give the parolee written confirmation of such instructions.

   (4) Notice of non-revocable parole requirements:
      (A) Inmates who are approved for non-revocable parole shall have a CDCR Form 1515-A (01/10), Notification of Non-Revocable Parole Requirements, which is incorporated by reference, effectively communicated to them at least 45 days prior to their scheduled release to parole, or as soon as possible if less than 45 days prior to release remain. The CDCR Form 1515-A shall document the offender’s understanding of requirements including, but not limited to, the following:
         (1) Return to the county of last legal residence prior to incarceration pursuant to Penal Code section 3003(a).
         (2) Obligation to register with local law enforcement as ordered by law.
         (3) Obligation to pay outstanding restitution balances while on non-revocable parole.
         (4) Search and seizure requirements pursuant to Penal Code section 3067.
      (B) Inmates and parolees who refuse to sign the CDCR Form 1515-A shall be denied non-revocable parole pursuant to the provisions of Penal Code section 3000.03.

   (C) Parolees on non-revocable parole are not assigned to a parole agent and have no requirement to report to a parole office upon release.

   (e) Release Clearances.
      (1) Before release, an inmate shall be provided a CDC Form 162 (Rev. 1/66), Inmate Release Clearance, to obtain the signature indicating the release clearance of the facility officials as designated thereon, and return the form to the facility’s receiving and release office.

      (2) The original CDC Form 122 (Rev. 12/85), Property Receipt-Release, which is completed by receiving and release staff, shall be provided to the inmate before release.

      (3) At time of release, the inmate shall sign a CDC Form 102 (Rev. 5/92), Release Statement and Clothing Authorization, acknowledging receipt of any cash, checks, and clothing.

      (d) Release Allowances. A release allowance is a sum of money intended for the rehabilitative purpose of assisting in an inmate/parolee’s reintegration into society, and shall only be provided to an inmate who is released from prison to the direct supervision of a parole agent in the community, is placed on non-revocable parole, or is discharged from the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. Except as stipulated below, inmates with six months or more served on a sentence or parole violation shall be given $200, less the costs of clothing and public transportation provided by the facility in connection with their release. Parolees who willfully abscond shall forfeit any remaining release allowance otherwise due them.

      (1) A release allowance shall not be provided to an inmate released to the custody of the federal government or another state unless the inmate is released from custody and available for parole supervision in California or a state under the interstate compact (Article 3 (commencing with Section 11175) and Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 11180) of Chapter 2 of Title 1 of Part 4 of the Penal Code)). Inmates released to the custody and supervision of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service and awaiting a deportation hearing date are not entitled to receive a release allowance.

      (2) Inmates who are released to the custody of local law enforcement as a result of a detainer or hold are ineligible to receive a release allowance until the inmate is released from custody to direct parole supervision in the community. This includes a detainer or hold pursuant to commitment proceedings as a sexually violent predator (Article 4 (commencing with Section 6600) of Chapter 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare & Institutions Code)). If the local custody detainer or hold results in a new commitment, the inmate will be ineligible for release funds for the prior prison term(s).

      (3) Work furlough inmates:
         (A) Work furlough inmates may receive an advance of up to $100 of their release allowance.

         (B) A work furlough inmate subject to Penal Code section 1168 and returned to the institution and whose parole date is rescinded shall receive $200 if six months or more has been served since rescission, or up to $200, as determined by the assigned parole agent, if less than six months has been served.

         (C) A work furlough inmate subject to Penal Code section 1170 and returned to the institution for administrative reasons shall receive $200 upon release, less any amount previously advanced during work furlough.

         (D) Release funds shall not be used to repay facility program costs.

         (e) Parole violators returned-to-custody and serving:
             (A) Six consecutive months or more shall receive $200.
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(B) Less than six consecutive months shall receive $1.10 for each day or fraction thereof in custody or revocation status up to a maximum of $200.

(C) A local concurrent sentence exceeding the Board of Prison Terms’ ordered revocation time shall receive funds only upon completion of the local concurrent term and after their release from jail.

(5) California Youth Authority wards confined in department facilities, and released;
(A) Within the state shall be given up to $10 cash in addition to transportation expenses and, if necessary, clothing which shall not exceed $20 in value.
(B) To independent placement may receive no more than $25 cash.
(6) Upon release from a revocation unit, parolees or civil addict parolees shall be provided bus transportation to their residence area plus $10 cash if the distance to their residence is less than 200 miles or $15 cash if such distance is 200 miles or more, if release is for one of the following reasons:
(A) Charges against the parolee were dismissed.
(B) Charges against the parolee were not substantiated.
(C) The parolee was continued on parole and a revocation term was not assessed.
(7) Inmates or parole violators transferred to the custody and supervision of the Department of Mental Health shall not be provided a release allowance until they are released to the community and are either under the direct supervision of a parole agent, or discharged to the community and no longer under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections.

(e) Transportation Arrangements.
(1) An inmate’s transportation upon release shall be arranged by the facility, unless a private party has contacted the facility at least three days before the inmate’s scheduled release, has offered to provide transportation, and the facility has approved the arrangement.
(2) Any transportation costs paid by the state shall be deducted from the inmate’s release allowance.

3076. Recall of Commitment Recommendation Circumstances.

The director may recommend at any time to the sentencing court the recall of an inmate’s commitment pursuant to Penal Code section 1170(d) for one or more of the following reasons:
(a) The inmate is terminally ill and is not condemned or sentenced to life without possibility of parole.
(b) It is evident from the inmate’s exceptional behavior that is so extraordinary beyond simply complying with all regulations and procedures during incarceration that they have changed as a person and would be a positive asset to the community.
(c) Information which was not made available to the court in pronouncing the inmate’s sentence is brought to the attention of the director, who deems the information would have influenced the sentence imposed by the court.
(d) The director deems that circumstances have changed to the extent that the inmate’s continued incarceration is not in the interest of justice.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2008, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 2-25-2008 as an emergency; operative 2-25-2008 (Register 2008, No. 9). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3075.4. Earned Discharge From Parole. [Repealed]

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 667.5(c), 1192.7 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-1-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-1-2007 (Register 2007, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-10-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 2-25-2008 as an emergency; operative 2-25-2008 (Register 2008, No. 9). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3075.3. Discharge Certificates.

(a) CDCR Form 163 (Rev. 10/06), Certificate of Discharge, which is incorporated by reference, shall be issued to each person who has completed their commitment to the department.
(b) Such certificate shall be issued to the inmate before release and mailed to parolees after their discharge date.
(c) Parolees on non-revocable parole, as provided in section 3505, must submit a written request to the department upon or after their discharge date to receive a CDC Form 163 (Rev. 10/06), Certificate of Discharge.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-27-94; operative 7-27-94 (Register 94, No. 26).
2. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).
3. New subsection (c) and amendment of Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-2010 and filed 7-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 29).

3075.4. Earned Discharge From Parole. [Repealed]
3076.1. Recall of Commitment Consideration Criteria.

For inmates meeting one or more of the eligibility requirements of section 3076, the classification and parole representative shall consider the following criteria as may be applicable before recommending recall of commitment consideration for an inmate:

(a) The inmate is or is not terminally ill or, if diagnosed as having an illness, which results in death, the inmate has more than an estimated six months to live.

(b) The inmate’s commitment offense is for one or more of the following felonies: murder, attempted murder, voluntary manslaughter, mayhem, rape with force or violence, sodomy with force or violence, oral copulation with force or violence, lewd acts on a child under 14 years of age, arson, and/or other felonies punishable by imprisonment for life.

(c) The inmate is or is not designated as a high notoriety case by the classification staff representative or their placement has or has not been ordered by the departmental review board because of an unusual threat to the safety of persons or public interest in the inmate’s case.

(d) The court was aware of the inmate’s imminent terminal status at the time of sentencing.

(e) The inmate’s prior criminal history reflects a pattern of convictions for violent acts against persons pursuant to Penal Code section 667.5(c).

(f) The inmate has no prior criminal convictions preceding the commitment offense.

(g) There exists a documented victim or next of kin of the commitment offense in the community who would suffer fear from the release of the inmate back into the community.

(h) The inmate’s documented institutional behavior reflects an ongoing, serious pattern of force, violence, assault, arson or predatory sexual behavior.

(i) The inmate is terminally ill and there are or are not verifiable community resources appropriate, sufficient, and immediately available to provide support and sustenance and to meet the inmate’s medical and/or psychological needs upon release.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-20-92 as an emergency; operative 5-20-92 (Register 92, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-20-92 order transmitted to OAL 9-9-92; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal of 5-20-92 order filed on 10-22-92 (Register 92, No. 43).
3. New section refiled 10-23-92 as an emergency; operative 10-22-92 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1(h) (Register 92, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 2-23-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-23-92 order including amendment of first paragraph and subsection (c) transmitted to OAL 12-18-92 and filed 2-3-93 (Register 93, No. 6).

3076.2. Recall of Commitment Processing.

(a) Recall of Commitment Processing for Terminally Ill Inmates.

(1) Requests for a determination that an inmate is terminally ill and that they be considered for recall of commitment which are initiated by the facility at any time or by the sentencing court more than 120 days after the date of commitment shall be referred to the inmate’s caseworker, who shall inform the inmate’s treating physician or the facility’s chief medical officer of the request.

(2) For the purpose of this regulation, the facility’s chief medical officer must also concur with the treating physician’s prognosis of the inmate.

(3) Within three working days of the caseworker advising the chief medical officer or the inmate’s treating physician of the request or of a medical staff member’s discovery of a medical condition appropriate for eligibility review, the chief medical officer shall determine if the inmate is terminally ill. This determination shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-C, Chrono-Medical-Psych-Dental, which shall include a description of the inmate’s illness, physical condition, estimated life expectancy and desire to participate in a recall consideration, and which shall be submitted to the classification and parole representative.

(4) The classification and parole representative shall review the report and the inmate’s central file and consider the criteria listed in section 3076.1 before recommending recall of commitment consideration for the inmate.

(5) If the classification and parole representative recommends against further recall consideration, the reasons shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B, Chrono-General (Rev. 4/74), which shall be countersigned by the warden or chief deputy warden within three working days of receipt of the CDC Form 128-C. The original CDC Form 128-B shall be filed in the inmate’s central file and a copy, excluding any confidential material as defined in section 3321, sent to the inmate.

(6) If the classification and parole representative determines that the case warrants recall consideration, the CDC Form 128-C shall be submitted to the inmate’s caseworker, who shall investigate and evaluate the inmate’s suitability for recommendation of recall and document their evaluation in a report, with the following attachments:

(A) The CDC Form 128-C.

(B) The inmate’s cumulative case summary.

(C) A list of any victim notification or other special notification requirements.

(7) The institution’s evaluation and recommendation for a Penal Code section 1170(d) recall of a terminally ill inmate, if in favor of recall or equivocal, or in all cases if the evaluation was originally requested by the sentencing judge or if the inmate’s term of imprisonment is under the jurisdiction of the Board of Prison Terms pursuant to Penal Code section 1170.2, shall be signed by the warden or chief deputy warden and forwarded within twelve working days from the date of the CDC Form 128-C to department headquarters, and if the inmate’s term of imprisonment is under the jurisdiction of the Board of Prison Terms pursuant to Penal Code section 1170.2 to the Board of Prison Terms.

(b) Recall of Commitment Processing for Non-Terminally Ill Inmates.

(1) Requests for consideration for recall of commitment which are initiated by the facility at any time or by the sentencing court more than 120 days after the date of commitment shall be referred to the classification and parole representative via the inmate’s caseworker.

(2) Upon receipt of the request, the classification and parole representative shall consider the criteria listed in section 3076.1 and the inmate’s central file before recommending recall of commitment consideration for the inmate.

(3) If the classification and parole representative recommends against further recall consideration, the reasons shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B, Chrono—General (Rev. 4/74), which shall be countersigned by the warden or chief deputy warden. The original CDC Form 128-B shall be filed in the inmate’s central file and a copy, excluding any confidential material as defined in section 3321, sent to the inmate.

(4) If the classification and parole representative determines that the inmate’s case warrants recall consideration, the classification and parole representative’s findings shall be submitted to the in-
mate’s caseworker, who shall investigate and evaluate the inmate’s suitability for recommendation of recall and document their evaluation in a report, with the following attachments:

(A) The inmate’s cumulative case summary.
(B) A list of any victim notification or other special notification requirements.

(5) The institution’s evaluation and recommendation for a Penal Code section 1170(d) recall of the inmate, if in favor of recall or equivocal, or in all cases if the evaluation was originally requested by the sentencing judge or if the inmate’s term of imprisonment is under the jurisdiction of the Board of Prison Terms pursuant to Penal Code section 1170.2, shall be signed by the warden or chief deputy warden and forwarded to department headquarters, and if the inmate’s term of imprisonment is under the jurisdiction of the Board of Prison Terms pursuant to Penal Code section 1170.2, to the Board of Prison Terms.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-20-92 as an emergency; operative 5-20-92 (Register 92, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-20-92 order transmitted to OAL 9-9-92; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal of 5-20-92 order filed on 10-22-92 (Register 92, No. 43).
3. New section refiled 10-23-92 as an emergency; operative 10-22-92 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1(h) (Register 92, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 2-23-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-23-92 order including amendment in subsections (a)(1), (a)(3)–(5) and (b)(2) transmitted to OAL 12-18-92 and filed 2-3-93 (Register 93, No. 6).

3076.3. Victim Notification for Recall of Commitment Recommendations.

When informed that an inmate’s commitment has been recommended for recall to the court, the inmate’s classification and parole representative shall notify any victim of a crime committed by the inmate, or the victim’s next of kin if the victim has died, provided that the victim or the victim’s next of kin has requested notice of any hearing to review or consider the parole suitability or the setting of a parole date for the inmate, and the requesting party has kept the department or the Board of Prison Terms apprised of their current mailing address. The notification shall include the name and address of the court that will consider recall.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-20-92 as an emergency; operative 5-20-92 (Register 92, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-20-92 order transmitted to OAL 9-9-92; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal of 5-20-92 order filed on 10-22-92 (Register 92, No. 43).
3. New section refiled 10-23-92 as an emergency; operative 10-22-92 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1(h) (Register 92, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 2-23-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-23-92 order transmitted to OAL 12-18-92 and filed 2-3-93 (Register 93, No. 6).

Article 6.7. Transfer of Inmate Assessment Responsibility

3077. County Assessment Program.

The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR), pursuant to the provisions in sections 3375 through 3379, provides upon reception, an assessment and classification process to each person committed to the custody of the CDCR. Exception to this are Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participants, as defined in section 3000, who will be participating in a SB 618 Program, as defined in section 3000. Pursuant to the authority and process as described in this section, SB 618 Participants, prior to reception by the CDCR, shall be assessed by the county in which the offender is adjudged to have committed his or her crime.

(a) Assessment transfer authority. Pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 1203.8, the CDCR is authorized to enter into an agreement with up to three counties in the State of California to carry out the assessment of nonviolent felony offenders and to develop a multi-agency plan (MAP).

(1) The MAP shall be developed at the participating county and subject to the approval of the CDCR, will be the general plan and agreement permitting the transfer of the assessment responsibility to the county. The MAP shall be developed by and have the concurrence of the following local county representatives or their designees, which shall include:
(A) The presiding judge.
(B) The chief probation officer.
(C) The district attorney.
(D) The county defense agency.
(E) The local custodial agency (e.g. sheriff).
(2) The MAP shall be submitted to the Board of Supervisors for approval.

(b) Inmate eligibility. An eligible offender may voluntarily participate in a SB 618 Program. To be eligible, the offender must meet the following criteria:
(1) Is convicted in the current case of a non-violent felony.
(2) Must be in custody to participate with no convictions under PC section 667.5(c) except as provided in subsection 3077(d)(1).
(3) Is a legal resident of the participating county at the time of his or her conviction (county of last legal residence).
(4) Is sentenced to a state prison for a period of 7 and 72 months with time to serve remaining to permit commencement and completion of programming of no more than 36 months or less than 4 months.
(5) Is able to live independently in the General Population (GP) of the participating institution independent of housing designation.
(6) Has a classification score below 52 points.
(7) Repeal offenders with a new sentence and who are offered a probationary sentence are not automatically excluded from con-
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consideration for participation in the SB 618 Program upon approval of the court.
(d) Discretionary factors. The following are discretionary factors that will be taken into consideration when determining on a case-by-case basis, SB 618 Program eligibility:
(1) Prior convictions for PC section 667.5(c). Where a defendant has been out of custody for no less than five years and has committed no other violent felony as defined under Penal Code section 667.5(c), prior convictions for violent felonies under Penal Code section 667.5(c) that do not involve death, great bodily injury or permanent disability will be screened for SB 618 eligibility on a case-by-case basis.
(2) Repeat offenders as described in 3077(d)(1) with a new offense who pick up a new prison term are not automatically excluded from consideration for participation in the SB 618 Program upon recommendation of the court with concurrence of CDCR.
(3) Parole violators with a new term, who before parole were SB 618 Participants, are automatically excluded from consideration for participation in the SB 618 Program.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 667.5(c), 1203.8 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 6.7 (sections 3077–3077.4) and section filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3077.1.  Senate Bill 618 Program Participant Determination, Assessment, and Processing.

(a) When an offender is arrested and charges filed, the participating county district attorney (DA) will conduct preliminary screening for Senate Bill (SB) 618 Program eligibility utilizing the criteria provided in subsections 3077(b), (c) and (d). If the offender is identified as a possible SB 618 Participant, as defined in section 3000, the DA, defense attorney, and court shall affirm eligibility for the SB 618 Program, as defined in section 3000. If eligibility for participation is approved by the court, the offender will be petitioned to voluntarily participate in the SB 618 Program. If the offender agrees, the court will refer the case to county probation for pre-sentence investigation, multidisciplinary assessment, and the development of a Life Plan, as described in subsection 3077.1(b). Within 3 working days of the court referral, the offender will be transported to a predetermined county site for assessment by a Multi-Disciplinary Team (MDT)
(1) The MDT shall include the following:
(A) County Probation Officer.
(B) Community Case Manager (CCM) who will assist the SB 618 Participant in the community to which he/she is released and will help to develop a community reentry plan with the SB 618 Participant, his/her family, treatment and social service providers, and community support persons.
(C) Correctional Counselor (CC) I. The CCI shall make appropriate placement recommendations to a primary California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) institution/facility and an alternate CDCR institution/facility. The Participant’s Life Plan and available Substance Abuse Treatment programs, and Academic and Vocational programs to advance the Participant’s Life Plan, shall be used in consideration of the institution/facility recommendation.
(D) Prison Case Manager (PCM). The PCM shall be a licensed Clinical Social Worker, or other professional social work classification such as a Bachelor or Master’s degree in Social Work. The PCM will work with the SB 618 Participant from time of assessment at the county facility to parole release. The PCM is a member of the CDCR institution’s Multidisciplinary Team.
(2) The MDT may also include the following:
(A) An education specialist who is a subject matter expert on educational and vocational assessment, testing and programs.
(B) A licensed mental health clinician who is a subject matter specialist on mental health and substance abuse screenings, assessments and treatments.
(C) Medical staff, which will include but not be limited to, doctors, nurse practitioners, nurses, dentists, optometrists, and medical technical assistants. Medical staff may perform medical assessments pursuant to the provisions of section 3077.2.
(b) The Life Plan. The SB 618 Participant’s Life Plan will be a plan based on the assessed needs of the offender which shall outline the inmate’s specific programming needs and act as a guide for the SB 618 Participant from sentence and incarceration through release on supervised parole. The Life Plan, which may be referenced differently at each participating county (e.g. Case Plan, Participant Plan, etc.), shall be developed by and have the concurrence of the participating county’s MDT.
(1) The Life Plan shall:
(A) Include, but not be limited to, the SB 618 Participant’s court recommended behavioral health treatment, education literacy, and vocational needs.
(B) Include a recommendation for completion while in state prison, all programs to address those needs identified in the assessment.
(2) The CDCR, to the extent feasible, shall provide to the SB 618 Participant, all programs pursuant to the Life Plan recommendations.
(c) Within 23 days of the court referral, the following will occur:
(1) The SB 618 Participant’s Life Plan, as described in subsection 3077.1(b), shall be developed.
(2) The county probation officer will include the Life Plan with the pre-sentence report and return it to the court.
(d) Within 28 working days post conviction, the court will affirm the Life Plan recommendations and sentence the Participant to state prison.
(e) Within 14 working days after sentencing, the SB 618 Participant shall be transported to the appropriate CDCR institution for placement.
(f) All SB 618 Participants in substance abuse programs will be subject to random drug testing pursuant to the provisions of section 3290.
(g) Upon the SB 618 Participant’s arrival at the institution’s reception center (RC), the SB 618 RC CCI will review the SB 618 Participant’s Life Plan, complete the casework and recommend endorsement for placement into the General Population. The case will be presented to a Classification Staff Representative for endorsement with the SB 618 Participant in RC status.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 667.5(c), 1203.8 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-5-2009 order, including amendment of subsections (a)(1)(C) and (d), transmitted to OAL 6-25-2009 and filed 7-28-2009 (Register 2009, No. 31).

3077.2. Senate Bill 618 Participant Medical, Dental, and Mental Health Assessments.

(a) For each county participating in the Senate Bill (SB) 618 Program, as defined in section 3000, and pursuant to California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) and Division of Correctional Health Care Services medical, dental, and mental health court or Receiver ordered requirements, regulations, policies and procedures, the following assessments may be performed at an appropriate county facility for each SB 618 Participant, as defined in section 3000:

(1) Medical assessments. As permitted by the Medical Care Receiver, all applicable medical tests and assessments, including tuberculosis and other tests as necessary relating to communicable diseases and other medical conditions, may be performed by one or more of the following:
   (A) CDCR medical staff.
   (B) County medical staff.
   (C) County contract medical staff.

(2) Dental screening, as permitted by the court, may be performed by one or more of the following:
   (A) CDCR dental staff.
   (B) County dental staff.
   (C) County contract dental staff.

(3) Dental training. The CDCR Dental Quality Management Assessment Team staff or designee shall schedule and provide any necessary training for county dental staff or county contract dental staff on-site at the appropriate county correctional facility. Any necessary materials or supplies, as needed, shall also be provided to county dental staff or county contract dental staff.

(4) Mental health evaluations, as permitted by the court, may be performed by one or more of the following:
   (A) CDCR mental health staff.
   (B) County mental health staff.
   (C) County contract mental health staff.

(b) After the arrival of the SB 618 Participant at the appropriate CDCR institution’s reception center, CDCR medical staff shall:

(1) Complete all required medical, dental, and mental health assessments within mandatory time frames.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 667.5(c), 1203.8 and 5054, Penal Code; Title 15, CCR, Section 3350(b) (1); Title 15, CCR, Article 8, Medical and Dental Services; Title 15, CCR, Article 9, Mental Health Services; Coleman v. Schwarzenegger (No. S90-0520 LKK JFM P) U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California; Plata v. Schwarzenegger (No. C01-1351 TEH), U.S. District Court, Northern District of California; and Settlement Agreement, Perez v. Tilton, et al., Case No. C05-5241 JSW, U.S. District Court, Northern District of California.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-5-2009 order, including amendment of Note, transmitted to OAL 6-25-2009 and filed 7-28-2009 (Register 2009, No. 31).

3077.3. Senate Bill 618 Participant Institutional Programming.

(a) The Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participant, as defined in section 3000, shall be delivered to a Departmental RC as arranged between the respective county Sheriff’s personnel and CDCR’s Transportation Unit. The RC shall expedite the RC processing of the SB 618 Participant and present the Participant’s case to the Classification Staff Representative (CSR) within 30 days of arrival at the RC. The CSR shall endorse the case for placement at an appropriate institution/facility in consideration of the SB 618 Participant’s Life Plan. The Departmental Transportation Unit shall expedite movement of SB 618 Participants to the endorsed institution/facility utilizing existing resources when possible. Within 14 days from the time the Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participant, as defined in section 3000, arrives at the endorsed institution, the SB 618 Participant shall be seen by the Initial Classification Committee to ensure that the SB 618 Participant is assigned to appropriate programming according to his or her Life Plan as described in subsection 3077.1(b).

(b) Upon completion of the Initial Classification Committee, the Inmate Assignment Office shall assign the SB 618 Participant into assignments that correspond with his or her Life Plan.

(1) If there are no vacancies available in appropriate work/training assignments, the SB 618 Participant shall be placed at the top of the waiting list for assignment. SB 618 Participants having the earliest release date shall be given priority.

(2) A Classification Committee action shall be required to place SB 618 Participants onto a waiting list or remove them from a waiting list.

(c) A Classification Committee shall review the SB 618 Participant’s progress and case factors at least once a year.

(d) The Prison Case Manager (PCM), as described in subsection 3077.1(a)(1)(D), shall:

(1) Monitor, track, record, and evaluate the SB 618 Participant’s participation and completion in the assigned programs.

(2) Attend the SB 618 Advisory Committee meetings to report program status and to make any recommendations for changes in the SB 618 Participant’s Life Plan, if appropriate.

(3) Assist the SB 618 Participant in meeting their Life Plan needs and goals.

(e) Six months prior to release, the PCM, the SB 618 Participant, parole representative, and the CCM will meet and revise the Life Plan with an emphasis on the community reentry plan for housing, transportation, and immediate enrollment in community support programs which include, but are not limited to, substance abuse and mental health services, work readiness training and placement.

(f) A SB 618 Participant who no longer wishes to participate in the SB 618 Program or is no longer eligible for retention at the SB 618 programming institutions, will be seen by an SB 618 Advisory Group in the institution or while on parole in the community. Reasons for being determined ineligible while in the program may include, but are not limited to, rule violations in prison with a guilty finding, archive information which if known prior to entry into the program, such as past violence, would have precluded the SB 618 Participant from the program, not following program requirements, and parole violations subsequent to parole. The respective Advisory Group will make a determination regarding the SB 618 Participant’s continued participation in the SB 618 Program.

(1) The Advisory Group at the institution shall include:
   (A) Associate Warden or designee.
   (B) Classification representative or designee.
   (C) PCM Coordinator or designee.
   (D) SB 618 Participant’s assigned PCM or designee.
   (E) Division of Community Partnership (DCP) analyst or designee.
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(2) The Advisory Group in the parole community shall include:
(A) SB 618 Participant.
(B) SB 618 Participant’s assigned:
   1. Parole Agent or designee.
   2. Community Case Manager or designee.
   (C) DCP analyst or designee.
   (3) The respective Advisory Group’s findings shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B, (474) General Chrono, as described in section 3000 under General Chrono, with a copy placed in the SB 618 Participant’s Central File.
   (4) An SB 618 Participant who is determined to no longer be eligible for the SB 618 Program, may appeal the Advisory Group decision by utilizing the inmate appeal process as provided in the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Chapter 1, Article 8, sections 3084 through 3085.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-5-2009 order, including amendment of subsections (a) and (c), transmitted to OAL 6-25-2009 and filed 7-28-2009 (Register 2009, No. 31).

3077.4. Senate Bill 618 Participant Community Services.
(a) To meet the objective of providing a state and local response that will support and sustain the Senate Bill (SB) 618 Participant, as defined in section 3000 under General Chrono, may be made available to the SB 618 Participant.
(b) The community services which are designed to maintain the SB 618 Participant through discharge from parole or 18 months from release from parole, whichever is the longest period of time, may include, but are not limited to:
(1) Transitional or step-down housing.
(2) Occupational development and job placement.
(3) Outpatient mental health services.
(4) Substance abuse treatment services.
(5) Education.
(6) Life skills counseling.
(7) Restitution and community services.
(8) Case management.
(9) Intermediate sanctions for technical violations of conditions of parole.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-5-2009 order, including amendment of subsections (a) and (c), transmitted to OAL 6-25-2009 and filed 7-28-2009 (Register 2009, No. 31).

3081. Compliance.
Inmates who are granted a furlough or temporary leave must comply with all departmental rules and regulations governing such programs; with any conditions for approval; and, with all applicable laws; and must meet eligibility requirements in accordance with departmental procedures and Sections 2690, 2691, 6250 et seq., 6263 of the Penal Code and Section 3306 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).

3082. Temporary Leaves.
Temporary leaves will be granted only for inmates who meet the criteria for such leaves, as prescribed in guidelines established by the director, for the following reasons:
(a) Family Emergency. Emergency leaves will normally be considered only for attendance at services for deceased members of the inmate’s immediate family, and for visits to critically ill members of the inmate’s immediate family. Immediate family members are defined in section 3000.
(b) Prerelease Planning. Prerelease planning leaves may be considered for the purpose of employment interviews, making residential plans and for other reasons closely connected to release programs. A prerelease leave will not normally be granted earlier than 63 days before the inmate has an established or reasonably anticipated release date nor any earlier than is required to accomplish the purpose of a prerelease leave.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
2. Amendment filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
3. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
4. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a) filed 12-2-2003 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 49).

3083. Court Hearing on Inmate’s Children.
Upon a court order, inmates will be released to the custody of the sheriff for appearance in court in actions concerning termination of parental rights of an inmate or other parental or marital rights.

HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of printing error (Register 92, No. 5).

Article 8. Appeals

3084. Definitions.
For the purpose of Article 8, the following definitions shall apply:
(a) Appellant means an inmate or parolee who has submitted an appeal.
(b) General allegations means allegations that lack specificity or factual evidence to support them.
(c) Material adverse effect means a harm or injury that is measurable or demonstrable, or the reasonable likelihood of such harm or injury. In either case, the harm or injury must be due to any...
policy, decision, action, condition, or omission by the department or its staff.
(d) Modification order means an order by the institution, parole region, or third level Appeals Chief directing a previous decision to be modified.
(e) Remedy means a process or means to address an issue or correct a wrong.
(f) Reviewer means the individual with signature authority for the approval or disapproval of an appeal response at any level.
(g) Staff misconduct means staff behavior that violates or is contrary to law, regulation, policy, procedure, or an ethical or professional standard.

(b) Supporting documents means documents that are needed to substantiate allegations made in the appeal including, but not limited to, classification chronos, property inventory sheets, property receipts, disciplinary reports with supplements, incident reports, notifications of disallowed mail, trust account statements, memora- randa or letters, medical records and written requests for interviews, items or services. Supporting documents do not include documents that simply restate the matter under appeal, argue its merits, or introduce new issues not identified in the present appeal form.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day. For prior history, see Register 91, No. 6.

§ 3084.2 Right to Appeal.
The appeal process is intended to provide a remedy for inmates and parolees with identified grievances and to provide an administrative mechanism for review of departmental policies, decisions, actions, conditions, or omissions that have a material adverse effect on the welfare of inmates and parolees. All appeals shall be processed according to the provisions of Article 8, Appeals, unless exempted from its provisions pursuant to court order or superseded by law or other regulations.

(a) Any inmate or parolee under the department’s jurisdiction may appeal any policy, decision, action, condition, or omission by the department or its staff that the inmate or parolee can demonstrate as having a material adverse effect upon his or her health, safety, or welfare.

(b) Unless otherwise stated in these regulations, all appeals are subject to a third level of review, as described in section 3084.7, before administrative remedies are deemed exhausted. All lower level reviews are subject to modification at the third level of review. Administrative remedies shall not be considered exhausted relative to any new issue, information, or person later named by the appellant that was not included in the originally submitted CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal, which is incorporated by reference, and addressed through all required levels of administrative review up to and including the third level. In addition, a cancellation or rejection decision does not exhaust administrative remedies.

(c) Department staff shall ensure that inmates and parolees, including those who have difficulties communicating, are provided equal access to the appeals process and the timely assistance necessary to participate throughout the appeal process.

(d) No reprisal shall be taken against an inmate or parolee for filing an appeal. This shall not prohibit appeal restrictions against an inmate or parolee abusing the appeal process as defined in section 3084.4, nor shall it prohibit the pursuit of disciplinary sanctions for violation of department rules.

(e) The department shall ensure that its departmental appeal forms for appeal of decisions, actions, or policies within its jurisdiction are readily available to all inmates and parolees.

(f) An inmate or parolee has the right to file one appeal every 14 calendar days unless the appeal is accepted as an emergency appeal. The 14 calendar day period shall commence on the day following the appellant’s last accepted appeal.

(g) An appellant shall adhere to appeal filing time constraints as defined in section 3084.8.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89. For prior history, see section 3003.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order including a clarifying change of subsection (b) transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).
3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 1-16-92; operative 2-17-92 (Register 92, No. 13).
4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (d), new subsection (e), and amendment of Note filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Amendment of subsections (a) and (d), new subsection (e), and amendment of Note refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment of subsections (a) and (e), transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).
9. Amendment of subsection (e) and amendment of Note filed 11-3-2006 as an emergency; operative 11-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Amendment of section and Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

§ 3084.2 Appeal Preparation and Submittal.
(a) The appellant shall use a CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal, to describe the specific issue under appeal and the relief requested. A CDCR Form 602-A (08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal Form Attachment, which is incorporated by reference, shall be used if additional space is needed to describe the issue under appeal or the relief requested.
(1) The inmate or parolee is limited to one issue or related set of issues per each Inmate/Parolee Appeal form submitted. The inmate or parolee shall not combine unrelated issues on a single appeal form for the purpose of circumventing appeal filing requirements. Filings of appeals combining unrelated issues shall be rejected and returned to the appellant by the appeals coordinator with an explanation that the issues are deemed unrelated and may only be submitted separately.

(2) The inmate or parolee is limited to the space provided on the Inmate/Parolee Appeal form and one Inmate/Parolee Appeal Form Attachment to describe the specific issue and action requested. The appeal content must be printed legibly in ink or typed on the lines provided on the appeal forms in no smaller than a 12-point font. There shall be only one line of text on each line provided on these forms.

(3) The inmate or parolee shall list all staff member(s) involved and shall describe their involvement in the issue. To assist in the identification of staff members, the inmate or parolee shall include the staff member’s last name, first initial, title or position, if known, and the dates of the staff member’s involvement in the issue under appeal. If the inmate or parolee does not have the requested identifying information about the staff member(s), he or she shall provide any other available information that would assist the appeals coordinator in making a reasonable attempt to identify the staff member(s) in question.

(4) The inmate or parolee shall state all facts known and available to him/her regarding the issue being appealed at the time of submitting the Inmate/Parolee Appeal form, and if needed, the Inmate/Parolee Appeal Form Attachment.

(b) The inmate or parolee shall submit the signed original appeal forms and supporting documents. If originals are not available, copies may be submitted with an explanation why the originals are not available. The appeals coordinator shall have the discretion to request that any submitted copy is verified by staff.

(1) Only supporting documents, as defined in subsection 3084(h), necessary to clarify the appeal shall be attached to the appeal. Attachments shall not raise new issues, but shall only serve to clarify the present appeal issue and action(s) requested as stated in Parts A and B of the Inmate/Parolee Appeal form. New issues raised in the supporting documents shall not be addressed and any decision rendered will pertain only to the present appeal issue and action(s).

(2) Inmates or parolees shall submit their appeal documents in a single mailing and shall not divide their appeal documents into separate mailings.

(3) Inmates or parolees shall not deface or attach dividers or tabs to their appeal forms.

(4) Inmates or parolees shall not contaminate or attach physical/organic objects or samples to their appeal documents. Examples of these objects or samples include, but are not limited to, food, clothing, razor blades, books, magazines, tape, string, hair, blood, and/or bodily fluids/excrement.

(c) First and second level appeals as described in section 3084.7 shall be submitted to the appeals coordinator at the institution or parole region for processing.

(d) If dissatisfied with the second level response, the appellant may submit the appeal for a third level review, as described in section 3084.7, provided that the time limits pursuant to section 3084.8 are met. The appellant shall mail the appeal and supporting documents to the third level Appeals Chief via the United States mail service utilizing his or her own funds, unless the appellant is indigent in which case the mailing of appeals to the third level of review shall be processed in accordance with indigent mail provisions pursuant to section 3138.

(e) If the appeal has been accepted and processed as an emergency appeal and the appellant wishes a third level review, the appellant must forward the appeal to the appeals coordinator who shall electronically transmit it to the third level Appeals Chief. The third level review shall be completed within five working days.

(f) An inmate or parolee or other person may assist another inmate or parolee with preparation of an appeal unless the act of providing such assistance would create an unmanageable situation including but not limited to: acting contrary to the principles set forth in sections 3163 and 3270, allowing one offender to exercise unlawful influence/assume control over another, require an offender to access unauthorized areas or areas which would require an escort, or cause avoidance or non-performance in assigned work and program activities. Inmates or parolees shall not give any form of compensation for receiving assistance or receive any form of compensation for assisting in the preparation of another’s appeal. The giving or receiving of compensation is considered misconduct and is subject to disciplinary action.

(g) An inmate or parolee shall not submit an appeal on behalf of another person.

(h) Group appeal. If a group of inmates/parolees intend to appeal a policy, decision, action, condition or omission affecting all members of the group, one CDCR Form 602, Inmate/Parolee Appeal, shall be submitted describing the appeal issue(s) and action requested, accompanied by a CDCR Form 602-G (08/09), Inmate/Parolee Group Appeal, which is incorporated by reference, with the legible name, departmental identification number, assignment, housing, and dated signature of the inmate or parolee who prepared the appeal. Each page of the CDCR Form 602-G must contain the appeal issue, action requested, and a statement that all the undersigned agree with the appeal issue/action requested.

(1) The legible names of the participating inmates/parolees, departmental identification numbers, assignments, housing, and dated signatures shall be included in the space provided on the Inmate/Parolee Group Appeal form and no other signature page shall be accepted by the appeals coordinator.

(2) The inmate or parolee submitting the appeal shall be responsible for sharing the appeal response with the inmates or parolees who signed the appeal attachment.

(3) If the inmate or parolee submitting the appeal is transferred, released, discharged, or requests to withdraw from the group appeal, responses shall be directed to the next inmate or parolee listed on the appeal attachment who remains at the facility/region, and who shall be responsible for sharing the response with the other inmates or parolees identified on the appeal.

(4) An appeal shall not be accepted or processed as a group appeal if the matter under appeal requires a response to a specific set of facts (such as disciplinary and staff complaint appeals) that are not the same for all participants in the appeal. In such case, the group appeal shall be screened out and returned to the inmate or parolee submitting the appeal with directions to advise all those who signed the appeal attachment to submit individual appeals on their separate issues.

(5) Every inmate or parolee who signs a group appeal is ineligible to submit a separate appeal on the same issue.

(6) A group appeal counts toward each appellant’s allowable number of appeals filed in a 14 calendar day period.

(1) Multiple appeals of the same issue. When multiple appeals are received from more than one inmate or parolee on an identical issue, each such appeal shall be individually processed. However, if other issues in addition or extraneous to the multiple appeal issue are contained in the submitted appeal, this particular complaint shall not be processed as a multiple appeal, but will be subject to processing as a separate, individual appeal.
(1) The original inmate or parolee, and as needed for clarification of issues, one or more of the other inmates or parolees, shall be interviewed.

(2) The appellant shall be provided with an appeal response. A statement shall be included in the response indicating that the appeal has been designated as one of multiple identical appeals for processing purposes and the same response is being distributed to each appellant.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 832.5(a) and 5054, Penal Code; Civil Rights of Institutionalized Persons Act; Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1997 et seq., Public Law 96-247, 94 Stat. 349; and Section 55.107, Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).

3. New subsection (g) filed 5-6-92 as an emergency; operative 5-6-92 (Register 92, No. 19). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-3-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-6-92 order transmitted to OAL 8-31-92 and filed 10-7-92 (Register 92, No. 41).

5. Amendment of subsection (a) and Note filed 4-7-95 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058; operative 4-7-95 (Register 95, No. 14). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-14-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-7-95 order transmitted to OAL 6-26-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).

7. Amendment of subsections (a)(1), (a)(2), (c) and (f)(1) filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Amendment of subsections (a)(1), (a)(2), (c) and (f)(1) refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

9. Editorial correction of History 8 (Register 97, No. 24).

10. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment of subsection (c), transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

11. Amendment of section heading, repealer and new section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 4084.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

12. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-13-2010 order, including amendment of subsections (b), (c)-(f) and (h)(6), transmitted to OAL 6-15-2011 and filed 7-28-2011 (Register 2011, No. 30).

3084.3. Supporting Documents.

(a) An inmate or parolee shall obtain and attach all supporting documents, as described in section 3084(b), necessary for the clarification and/or resolution of his or her appeal issue prior to submitting the appeal to the appeals coordinator.

(b) The inmate or parolee shall not delay submitting an appeal within time limits established in section 3084.8 if unable to obtain supporting documents, but shall submit the appeal with all available supporting documents and in Part B of their CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal, provide an explanation why any remaining supporting documents are not available. Time limits for filing an appeal are not stayed by failure to obtain supporting documentation and commence as set forth in subsection 3084.8(b).

(c) Failure to attach all necessary supporting documents may result in the appeal being rejected as specified in subsection 3084.6(b)(7). The appeals coordinator shall inform the inmate or parolee that the appeal is rejected because necessary supporting documents are missing. The appellant shall be allowed an additional 30 calendar days to secure any missing supporting documents and resubmit the appeal.

(d) The appeals coordinator may grant additional time extensions beyond the initial 30 calendar day extension if the inmate or parolee submits a reasonable explanation of why the supporting documents still are not available.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).

3. Amendment of subsection (b), transmitted to OAL 6-15-2011 and filed 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-6-92 order transmitted to OAL 8-31-92 and filed 10-7-92 (Register 92, No. 41).

5. Amendment of subsection (a) refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Amendment of subsection (c), transmitted to OAL 9-24-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

7. Amendment of sections (a)(1), (a)(2), (c) and (f)(1) filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Amendment of subsections (a)(1), (a)(2), (c) and (f)(1) refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

9. Editorial correction of History 6 (Register 97, No. 24).

10. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

11. Repealer and new section heading and section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3084.4. Appeal System Abuse.

(a) The following are deemed misuse or abuse of the appeals process and may lead to appeal restriction as described in subsection 3084.4(g).

(1) The submittal of more than one appeal for initial review within a 14 calendar day period is considered excessive, unless the inmate or parolee is submitting an emergency appeal.

(2) The repeated filing of appeals that have been cancelled pursuant to subsection 3084.6(c).

(3) The appeal submission contains information the appellant knows to be false or consists of a deliberate attempt at distorting the facts.

(4) The appeal contains threatening, grossly derogatory, slanderous or obscene statements and/or organic contamination is included in or makes up any part of the appeal package.

(5) The description of the problem and/or requested action deliberately exceeds the space provided on the 602 forms or the appeal is intentionally filed contrary to instructions.

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(b) When an inmate or parolee submits appeals as described above in subsections 3084.4(a)(1)–(a)(5):

(1) The first appeal received shall be screened for routine processing.

(2) All subsequent non-emergency appeals submitted by that individual shall be screened and the appeals coordinator shall begin documenting any abuse as evidenced by the screening results.

(c) If an inmate or parolee persists in submitting excessive, demonstrably false, noncompliant or abusive appeals, as described in subsection 3084.4(a), he or she shall receive a warning letter from the appeals coordinator that will document the history and nature of appeal system abuse.

(d) If the abuse of process continues after the issuance of a warning letter, the appeals coordinator shall meet with the inmate or parolee in a timely manner before imposition of any restriction to provide instruction for the appropriate use of the appeals process and to rule out any unintended basis for non-compliance. If a face-to-face meeting is not possible, an agent acting on behalf of the appeals coordinator shall conduct the meeting.

(e) Excessive, demonstrably false, noncompliant or abusive appeals, as described in subsection 3084.4(a), submitted by an inmate or parolee after the issuance of a warning letter, pursuant to subsection 3084.4(c) above, shall be screened by the appeals coordinator to ensure they do not contain qualifying emergency issues.

(1) If the appeal contains emergency issues, as described in subsection 3084.9(a)(1), it shall be processed as an emergency appeal.

(2) If no such issue is determined to be present, the appeal shall be retained by the appeals coordinator pending placement of the appellant on appeal restriction by the third level Appeals Chief. The appellant shall be informed in writing why the appeal constitutes abuse of the appeal process and informed that appeal processing has been suspended pending determination of appeal restriction status.

(f) If the appeal abuse continues after the issuance of a warning letter and a face-to-face meeting, the request for placement on restriction shall be referred to the third level Appeals Chief for approval.

(g) Upon confirmation of continued abuse and verification that a face-to-face interview and warning letter have occurred, the third level Appeals Chief shall have the discretion to authorize preparation of a notice by the Appeals Coordinator restricting the inmate or parolee to one non-emergency appeal every 30 calendar days for a period of one year. Any subsequent violation of the appeal restriction shall result in an extension of the restriction for an additional one-year period upon approval by the third level Appeals Chief.

(h) If the third level Appeals Chief makes a decision not to place the inmate or parolee on appeal restriction, any appeal submitted by the inmate or parolee and retained pursuant to subsection 3084.4(e)(2) shall be returned to the inmate or parolee who may then resubmit a returned appeal if he or she desires to do so. Resubmitted appeals are not exempt from the standard submittal requirements set forth in this Article, except that the appellant's original submittal date of the appeal may serve to satisfy filing time requirements.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 148.6(a), 832.5(c) and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order including a clarifying change of subsections (a) and (b) transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).

3. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(1) and (a)(3), repealer and new subsection (a)(4), and amendment of subsections (b) and (d) filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(1) and (a)(3), repealer and new subsection (a)(4), and amendment of subsections (b) and (d) filed 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Editorial correction of History 4 (Register 97, No. 24).

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment of subsection (d), transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

7. Repealer and new section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3084.5  Screening and Managing Appeals.

(a) Each institution head and parole region administrator shall designate an appeals coordinator at a staff position level no less than a Correctional Counselor II or Parole Agent II.

(b) The appeals coordinator or a delegated staff member under the direct oversight of the coordinator shall screen all appeals prior to acceptance and assignment for review.

(1) When an appeal indicates the inmate or parolee has difficulty describing the problem in writing or has a primary language other than English, the appeals coordinator shall ensure that the inmate or parolee receives assistance in completing and/or clarifying the appeal.

(2) When an appeal is received as an emergency appeal that does not meet the criteria for an emergency appeal as defined in subsection 3084.9(a), the appellant shall be notified that the appeal does not meet the criteria for processing as an emergency appeal and has been either accepted for regular processing or is rejected for the specific reason(s) cited.

(3) When an appeal is not accepted, the inmate or parolee shall be notified of the specific reason(s) for the rejection or cancellation of the appeal and of the correction(s) needed for the rejected appeal to be accepted.

(4) When an appeal is received that describes staff behavior or activity in violation of a law, regulation, policy, or procedure or appears contrary to an ethical or professional standard that could be considered misconduct as defined in subsection 3084(g), whether such misconduct is specifically alleged or not, the matter shall be referred pursuant to subsection 3084.9(i)(1) and (i)(3), to determine whether it shall be:

(A) Processed as a routine appeal but not as a staff complaint.

(B) Processed as a staff complaint appeal inquiry.

(C) Referred to Internal Affairs for an investigation/inquiry.

(5) If an appeal classified as a staff complaint includes other non-related issue(s), the provisions of 3084.9(i)(2) shall apply.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89. For prior history, see section 3003(a) and (b).
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 in order including amendment of subsections (a) and (g) transmitted to OAL 9-7-97 and filed 10-10-99 (Register 92, No. 41).

3. New subsection (a)(3)(F), amendment of subsection (b), new subsections (g) and (h), and relettering of subsection (g) to (i) filed 5-6-92 as an emergency; operative 5-6-92 (Register 92, No. 19). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-3-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-6-92 order transmitted to OAL 8-31-92 and filed 10-7-92 (Register 92, No. 41).

5. New subsection (a)(3)(G) filed 2-1-93 as an emergency; operative 2-1-93 (Register 93, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-1-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-1-93 order transmitted to OAL 5-20-93 and filed 6-8-93 (Register 93, No. 24).

7. New subsection (a)(3)(H) and amendment of Note filed 4-7-95 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058; operative 4-7-95 (Register 95, No. 14). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-14-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. New subsection (b)(4) filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

9. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-7-95 order transmitted to OAL 6-9-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).

10. Amendment of subsections (c), (d), and (e)1 filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

11. Amendment of subsections (c), (d), and (e)1 reflected 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

12. Editorial correction of History 11 (Register 97, No. 24).

13. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

14. Repealer and new section heading and section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


§ 3084.6 Rejection, Cancellation, and Withdrawal Criteria.

(a) Appeals may be rejected pursuant to subsection 3084.6(b), or cancelled pursuant to subsection 3084.6(c), as determined by the appeals coordinator.

(1) Unless the appeal is cancelled, the appeals coordinator shall provide clear and sufficient instructions regarding further actions the inmate or parolee must take to qualify the appeal for processing.

(2) An appeal that is rejected pursuant to subsection 3084.6(b) may later be accepted if the reason noted for the rejection is corrected and the appeal is returned by the inmate or parolee to the appeals coordinator within 30 calendar days of rejection.

(3) At the discretion of the appeals coordinator or third level Appeals Chief, a cancelled appeal may later be accepted if a determination is made that cancellation was made in error or new information is received which makes the appeal eligible for further review.

(4) Under exceptional circumstances any appeal may be accepted if the appeals coordinator or third level Appeals Chief conclude that the appeal should be subject to further review. Such a conclusion shall be reached on the basis of compelling evidence or receipt of new information such as documentation from health care staff that the inmate or parolee was medically or mentally incapacitated and unable to file.

(5) Erroneous acceptance of an appeal at a lower level does not preclude the next level of review from taking appropriate action, including rejection or cancellation of the appeal.

(b) An appeal may be rejected for any of the following reasons, which include, but are not limited to:

(1) The appeal concerns an anticipated action or decision.

(2) The appellant has failed to demonstrate a material adverse effect on his or her welfare as defined in subsection 3084(c).

(3) The inmate or parolee has exceeded the allowable number of appeals filed in a 14 calendar day period pursuant to the provisions of subsection 3084.1(f).

(4) The appeal contains threatening, obscene, demeaning, or abusive language.

(5) The inmate or parolee has attached more than one CDCR Form 602-A (08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal Form Attachment.

(6) The appeal makes a general allegation, but fails to state facts or specify an act or decision consistent with the allegation.

(7) The appeal is missing necessary supporting documents as established in section 3084.3.

(8) The appeal involves multiple issues that do not derive from a single event, or are not directly related and cannot be reasonably addressed in a single response due to this fact.

(9) The appeal issue is obscured by pointless verbiage or voluminous unrelated documentation such that the reviewer cannot be reasonably expected to identify the issue under appeal. In such case, the appeal shall be rejected unless the appellant is identified as requiring assistance in filing the appeal as described in subsection 3084.1(c).

(10) The inmate or parolee has not submitted his/her appeal printed legibly in ink or typed on the lines provided on the appeal forms in no smaller than a 12-point font or failed to submit an original.

(11) The appeal documentation is defaced or contaminated with physical/organic objects or samples as described in subsection 3084.2(b)(4). Appeals submitted with hazardous or toxic material that present a threat to the safety and security of staff, inmates, or the institution may subject the appellant to disciplinary action and/or criminal charges commensurate with the specific act.

(12) The appellant has attached dividers or tabs to the appeal forms and/or supporting documents.

(13) The appeal is incomplete; for example, the inmate or parolee has not provided a signature and/or date on the appeal forms in the designated signature/date blocks provided.

(14) The inmate or parolee has not submitted his/her appeal on the departmentally approved appeal forms.

(15) The inmate or parolee has submitted the appeal for processing at an inappropriate level bypassing required lower level(s) of review, e.g., submitting an appeal at the third level prior to lower level review.

(16) The appeal issue or complaint emphasis has been changed at some point in the process to the extent that the issue is entirely new, and the required lower levels of review and assessment have thereby been circumvented.

(17) An appeal may be cancelled for any of the following reasons, which include, but are not limited to:

(1) The action or decision being appealed is not within the jurisdiction of the department.

(2) The appeal duplicates an inmate or parolee’s previous appeal upon which a decision has been rendered or is pending.

(3) The inmate or parolee continues to submit a rejected appeal while disregarding appeal staff’s previous instructions to correct the appeal including failure to submit necessary supporting documents, unless the inmate or parolee provides in Part B of the CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal, a reasonable ex-
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1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order including amendment of subsection (b) transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).

3. Amendment of subsections (b)(1)–(5), repealer and new subsection (b)(6)(D), amendment of subsections (b)(7) and (c), and repealer of subsections (c)(1) and (c)(2) filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Amendment of subsections (b)(1)–(5), repealer and new subsection (b)(6)(D), amendment of subsections (b)(7) and (c), and repealer of subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) filed 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Editorial correction of History 4 (Register 97, No. 24).

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment, transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).

7. Repealer and new section heading and section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5083.8, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3084.7 Levels of Appeal Review and Disposition.

(a) All appeals shall be initially submitted and screened at the first level unless the first level is exempted. The appeals coordinator may bypass the first level for appeal of:

(1) A policy, procedure or regulation implemented by the department.

(2) A policy or procedure implemented by the institution head.

(3) An issue that cannot be resolved at the division head level such as Associate Warden, Associate Regional Parole Administrator, PIA manager or equivalent.

(4) Serious disciplinary infractions.

(b) The second level is for review of appeals denied or not otherwise resolved to the appellant’s satisfaction at the first level, or for which the first level is otherwise waived by these regulations. The second level shall be completed prior to the appellant filing at the third level as described in subsection 3084.7(c).

(1) A second level of review shall constitute the department’s final action on appeals of disciplinary actions classified as “administrative” as described in section 3314, or of minor disciplinary infractions documented on the CDC Form 128-A (rev. 4-74), Custodial Counseling Chrono, pursuant to section 3312(a)(2), and shall exhaust administrative remedy on these matters.

(2) Movies/videos that have been given a rating of other than “G”, “PG”, or “PG-13” by the Motion Picture Association of America are not approved for either general inmate viewing pursuant to section 3220.4 or for viewing within the classroom, and will not be accepted for appeal at any level. The first level shall be waived for appeals related to the selection or exclusion of a “G”, “PG”, or “PG-13” rated or non-rated movie/video for viewing and the second level response shall constitute the department’s final response on appeals of this nature.

(3) Civil addict/releasee exclusion appeals. Civil addicts or releasees may appeal a staff recommendation for exclusion from the civil addict program, unless the recommendation is based upon a commitment to prison, deportation, or releasee-at-large status. A second level review shall constitute the department’s final response on appeals of this type.

(c) The third level is for review of appeals not resolved at the second level, or:

(1) Failure to correct and return a rejected appeal within 30 calendar days of the rejection.

(2) The issue under appeal has been resolved at a previous level.

(3) An issue that cannot be resolved at the division head level such as Associate Warden, Associate Regional Parole Administrator, PIA manager or equivalent.

(4) Serious disciplinary infractions.

(5) Time limits for submitting the appeal are exceeded even though the inmate or parolee had the opportunity to submit within the prescribed time constraints. In determining whether the time limit has been exceeded, the appeals coordinator shall consider whether the issue being appealed occurred on a specific date or is ongoing. If the issue is ongoing, which may include but is not limited to, continuing lockdowns, retention in segregated housing, or an ongoing program closure, the inmate or parolee may appeal any time during the duration of the event; however, the inmate or parolee is precluded from filing another appeal on the same issue unless a change in circumstances creates a new issue.

(5) The appeal is submitted on behalf of another person.

(6) The issue is subject to a department director level review independent of the appeal process such as a Departmental Review Board decision, which is not appealable and concludes the appellant’s departmental administrative remedy pursuant to the provisions of section 3376.

(7) The appellant is deceased before the time limits for responding to an appeal have expired and the appeal is not a group appeal.

(8) The appellant refuses to be interviewed or to cooperate with the reviewer.

(A) The appellant’s refusal to be interviewed or to cooperate with the reviewer shall be clearly articulated in the cancellation notice.

(B) If the appellant provides sufficient evidence to establish that the interviewer has a bias regarding the issue under appeal, the appeals coordinator shall assign another interviewer.

(9) The appeal is presented on behalf of a private citizen.

(10) Failure to correct and return a rejected appeal within 30 calendar days of the rejection.

(11) The issue under appeal has been resolved at a previous level.

(d) Group appeals shall not be cancelled at the request of the submitting individual unless all of the inmate signatories are released, transferred, or agree to withdraw the appeal.

(e) Once cancelled, an appeal shall not be accepted except pursuant to subsection 3084.6(a)(3); however, the application of the rules provided in subsection 3084.6(c) to the cancelled appeal may be separately appealed. If an appeal is cancelled at the third level of review, any appeal of the third level cancellation decision shall be made directly to the third level Appeals Chief.

(f) An appeal may be withdrawn by the appellant by requesting to have the processing stopped at any point up to receiving a signed response. The request for the withdrawal shall identify the reason for the withdrawal in section H of the CDCR Form 602, Inmate/Parolee Appeal and shall be signed and dated by the appellant. If there is an agreed upon relief noted in writing at the time of a withdrawal and the relief is not provided when and as promised, then the failure to provide the agreed upon relief may be appealed within 30 days of the refusal to grant the promised relief. The withdrawal of an appeal does not preclude further administrative action by the department regarding the issue under appeal. A withdrawn staff complaint shall be returned to the hiring authority to review for possible further administrative action.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 832.5 and 5054, Penal Code; Sections 19570, 19575.5, 19583.5 and 19635, Government Code.

HISTORY:

1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.
(1) When the inmate or parolee appeals alleged third level staff misconduct or appeals a third level cancellation decision or action.

(2) In the event of involuntary psychiatric transfers as provided in subsection 3084.9(b).

(d) Level of staff member conducting review.

(1) Appeal responses shall not be reviewed and approved by a staff person who:

(A) Participated in the event or decision being appealed. This does not preclude the involvement of staff who may have participated in the event or decision being appealed, so long as their involvement with the appeal response is necessary in order to determine the facts or to provide administrative remedy, and the staff person is not the reviewing authority and/or their involvement in the process will not compromise the integrity or outcome of the process.

(B) Is of a lower administrative rank than any participating staff. This does not preclude the use of staff, at a lower level than the staff whose actions or decisions are being appealed, to research the appeal issue.

(C) Participated in the review of a lower level appeal refiled at a higher level.

(2) Second level review shall be conducted by the hiring authority or designee at a level no lower than Chief Deputy Warden, Deputy Regional Parole Administrator, or the equivalent.

(3) The third level review constitutes the decision of the Secretary of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation on an appeal, and shall be conducted by a designated representative under the supervision of the third level Appeals Chief or equivalent.

The third level of review exhausts administrative remedies; however, this does not preclude amending a finding previously made at the third level.

(e) At least one face-to-face interview shall be conducted with the appellant at the first level of review, or the second level if the first level of review is bypassed, unless:

(1) The appellant waives the interview by initialing the appropriate box on the CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09), Inmate/Parolee Appeal. An appellant’s waiver of the interview shall not preclude staff from conducting an interview in the event of staff determination that an interview is necessary.

(2) The reviewer has decided to grant the appeal in its entirety.

(3) The appeal is a request for a Computation Review Hearing, in which case the initial interview shall occur at the second level of review.

(4) The appellant is not present at the institution or parole region where the appeal was filed.

(A) In such case, a telephone interview with the appellant shall meet the requirement of a personal interview. If the appeal concerns a disciplinary action, the telephone interview may be waived if the appeals coordinator determines an interview would not provide additional facts.

(B) The response must note that the interview was conducted by telephone, explain the extraordinary circumstances that required it, and state why a face-to-face interview was not possible under the circumstances.

(C) If the appellant is not available for a telephone interview, the reviewer may request that a suitable employee in the jurisdiction where the appellant is located complete the interview and provide a report.

(f) An interview may be conducted at any subsequent level of review when staff determine that the issue under appeal requires further clarification.

(g) When a group or multiple appeal is received, one or more of the participating inmates/parolees shall be interviewed to clarify the issue(s).

(h) At the first and second level of review, the original appeal, within the time limits provided in section 3084.8, shall be returned to the appellant with a written response to the appeal issue providing the reason(s) for each decision. Each response shall accurately describe the matter under appeal and fully address the relief requested. If the decision is a partial grant, the response shall clarify for each requested action whether it is granted, granted in part, or denied, and shall also state the action taken.

(i) Modification orders issued by the institution, parole region, or by the third level of review shall be completed within 60 calendar days of the appeal decision which determined the need for a modification order. Reasonable documented proof of completion of the modification order shall accompany the completed order, or a statement shall be added by the responder clarifying the action taken and why documentation is not available.

(1) If it is not possible to comply with the modification order within 60 calendar days, staff responsible for complying with the modification order shall advise the local appeals coordinator every 30 calendar days of the reason for the delay and provide a projected date of completion. If the modification order was imposed by the third level of review, the local appeals coordinator shall notify the third level Appeals Chief every 30 calendar days of the reason for the delay and provide a projected date of completion.

(2) When it is clear that the modification order cannot be completed in the allotted time, the appeals coordinator shall advise the appellant of the reason for the delay and the anticipated date of completion. This process shall occur every 30 calendar days until the modification order is completed. All time constraints for an appellant to submit an appeal to the next level are considered postponed until 120 days after the completion of a previous level modification order.

Thereafter, the appellant shall submit his/her appeal to the next level within 30 calendar days of receiving the modification order response.

(3) If the modification order is not completed after 120 calendar days of the issuance, the appellant may submit the appeal to the next level for administrative review within 30 calendar days.

(4) If the appellant transfers prior to the completion of the modification order, the originally assigned institution or parole region shall retain responsibility for completion of the modification order as specified in subsection 3084.7(i), including cases where the receiving institution or parole region provides the actual relief.

(5) In cases where a modification order is issued on an emergency appeal, the order shall specify the timeframe for the completion of the action granted. The appeals coordinator, if granted at the second level of review, and the third level Appeals Chief or designee, if granted at the third level of review, shall notify the hiring authority by electronic transmission of the emergency timeframe for completion of the granted action.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-89 as an emergency: operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89. For prior history, see section 3325(c).
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order including amendment of subsections (a) and (d) transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).
3. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (f)(1)(B) and (g)(2) (Register 92, No. 5).
4. Amendment of subsection (e)(4) and new subsections (h)(3), (i)(2) (c)1. and 2., and (k) filed 5-6-92 as an emergency: operative 5-6-92
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(Register 92, No. 19). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 9-3-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-6-92 order including amendment of subsections (c)(4) and (i)(2)(C). Transmitted to OAL 8-31-92 and filed 10-7-92 (Register 92, No. 41).

6. New subsection (l) and amendment of Note filed 4-7-95 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058; operative 4-7-95 (Register 95, No. 14). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-14-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

7. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-7-95 order transmitted to OAL 6-26-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).

8. New subsections (m)-(m)(3) and amendment of Note filed 6-28-96 as an emergency; operative 6-28-96 (Register 96, No. 26). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-6-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

9. Editorial correction of subsection (m)(3) (Register 96, No. 51).

10. New subsections (m)-(m)(3) and amendment of Note refiled 12-19-96 as an emergency; operative 12-19-96 (Register 96, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-28-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

11. Repealer of subsection (a)(1)(D), amendment of subsections (a)(2)(A), (b)(2), (d)(4), (d)(4)(A) and (e)(1), repealer of subsections (h) and (h)(1), renumbering of old subsections 3084.7(h)(2) and (h)(3) to new subsections 3391(b) and (c), subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (k) filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

12. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-96 order, incorporating relettering from 12-23-96 order and further amending section and Note, transmitted to OAL 4-14-97 and filed 5-23-97 (Register 97, No. 21).

13. Repealer of subsection (a)(1)(D), amendment of subsections (a)(2)(A), (b)(2), (d)(4), (d)(4)(A) and (e)(1), repealer of subsections (h) and (h)(1), renumbering of old subsections 3084.7(h)(2) and (h)(3) to new subsections 3391(b) and (c), subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (k) refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

14. Editorial correction of subsection (j)(1) and History 13 (Register 97, No. 24).

15. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment of subsections (b)(2) and (k), transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).


17. Repealer and new section heading and section and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3084.8. Appeal Time Limits.

(a) Time limits for reviewing appeals shall commence upon the date of receipt of the appeal form by the appeals coordinator.

(b) An inmate or parolee must submit the appeal within 30 calendar days of:

(1) The occurrence of the event or decision being appealed, or;

(2) Upon first having knowledge of the action or decision being appealed, or;

(3) Upon receiving an unsatisfactory departmental response to an appeal filed.

(c) All appeals shall be responded to and returned to the inmate or parolee by staff within the following time limits, unless exempted pursuant to the provisions of subsections 3084.8(f) and (g):

(1) First level responses shall be completed within 30 working days from date of receipt by the appeals coordinator.

(2) Second level responses shall be completed within 30 working days from date of receipt by the appeals coordinator.

(3) Third level responses shall be completed within 60 working days from date of receipt by the third level Appeals Chief.

(d) Exception to the time limits provided in subsection 3084.8(c) is authorized only in the event of:

(1) Unavailability of the inmate or parolee, or staff, or witnesses.

(2) The complexity of the decision, action, or policy requiring additional research.

(3) Necessary involvement of other agencies or jurisdictions.

(4) State of emergency pursuant to subsection 3383(c) requiring the postponement of nonessential administrative decisions and actions, including normal time requirements for such decisions and actions.

(e) Except for the third level, if an exceptional delay prevents completion of the review within specified time limits, the appellant, within the time limits provided in subsection 3084.8(c), shall be provided an explanation of the reasons for the delay and the estimated completion date.

(f) An appeal accepted as an emergency appeal shall be processed within the time frames set forth in subsections 3084.9(a) and (a)(5).

(g) An appeal of the involuntary psychiatric transfer of an inmate or parolee shall be made directly to the third level pursuant to subsection 3084.9(b), within 30 calendar days of receipt of the hearing decision on the need for involuntary transfer.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


(a) Emergency appeals. Emergency appeals should not be used by inmates or parolees as a substitute for verbally or otherwise informing staff of an emergency situation requiring immediate response.

(1) When circumstances are such that the regular appeal time limits would subject the inmate or parolee to a substantial risk of personal injury or cause other serious and irreparable harm, the appeal shall be processed as an emergency appeal. Emergency circumstances include, but are not limited to:

(A) Threat of death or injury due to enemies or other placement concerns.

(B) Serious and imminent threat to health or safety.

(2) An emergency appeal shall be submitted directly to the appeals coordinator and shall include a clear description of the circumstances warranting emergency processing. A request for emergency processing of an appeal that clearly does not meet the criteria for emergency processing or is made for the purpose of cir-
cuming normal procedures or obtaining an expedited response may be considered misuse or abuse of the appeals process.

(3) If the appeals coordinator determines emergency processing is unwarranted, the inmate or parolee shall be notified and the appeal shall be processed pursuant to subsection 3084.5(b)(2).

(4) If emergency processing is warranted, the first level shall be waived and the second level review shall be completed within five working days.

(b) Involuntary psychiatric transfers. An inmate or parolee may appeal the written decision of an involuntary psychiatric transfer, pursuant to subsection 3379(d), directly to the third level. A copy of the hearing decision shall be attached to the CDCR Form 602 (Rev. 08/09). Inmate/Parolee Appeal, but the absence of such documentation shall not be cause for rejection of the appeal.

(c) Joint Venture Program (JVP) employer related grievances.

(1) Any current or former Joint Venture inmate-employee who believes he/she has a grievance regarding a wage and hour or retribution claim against a JVP employer shall submit the written grievance to the JVP Chief.

(2) The JVP Chief shall attempt to resolve all complaints.

(3) Time frames for filing grievances will be governed by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement’s (DLSE) statutes of limitations, including but not limited to, Labor Code sections 98.7 and Code of Civil Procedure sections 337, 338, and 339, for the appropriate type of complaint.

(4) If the inmate is dissatisfied with the JVP Chief’s decision, the inmate may file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner.

(d) Parole period and term computation appeals. Parole period and term computation appeals shall be reviewed at the first level by the department’s records staff. The inmate or parolee must state in detail the alleged error or reason for disputing the calculation of his or her release date.

(1) Records staff shall research the relevant case factors and document the findings. If the appeal is denied, the denial shall be delivered by records staff or by the appropriate caseworker to the appellant who shall sign and date a CDC Form 1031 (8-88), Acknowledgement of Receipt.

(2) The inmate or parolee may request a Computation Review Hearing that constitutes the second level review. The inmate or parolee shall be notified at least 24 hours prior to the hearing via the CDC Form 1032 (12/86), Notice of Time, Date, and Place of Computation Review Hearing, but may sign a voluntary waiver of such notice.

(3) The inmate or parolee shall be provided a copy of the CDC Form 1033 (8-88), Computation Review Hearing Decision, at the conclusion of the hearing.

(e) California Prison Industry Authority (CALPIA) health and safety complaints.

(1) A health and safety complaint should not be used by inmates as a substitute for verbally or otherwise informing staff of an urgent health or safety situation requiring immediate response.

(2) Pursuant to Labor Code and Industrial Relations regulations, an inmate who believes a health or safety hazard exists in a CALPIA operation shall deposit a written complaint in a readily accessible complaint box or give the complaint to any CALPIA staff member who shall submit it to the CALPIA health and safety committee for review and response. The committee shall undertake all authorized levels of review and referral.

(f) Property appeals. All property loss or damage arising from the same event or action for a single appellant shall be included in one appeal.

(1) An inmate or parolee who is appealing missing/damaged property that he or she believes occurred as a result of an error made by the receiving entity or by the transportation unit during the transfer of his/her property shall submit the appeal to the appeals coordinator of the receiving institution/region.

(2) An inmate or parolee who is appealing missing/damaged property that he or she alleges occurred as a result of an error made by the sending entity during the transfer from one institution/region to another institution/region, shall submit the appeal to the appeals coordinator of the receiving institution/region who will forward it to the sending institution/region for processing.

(3) The appeals coordinator shall process the appeal for a first level response.

(A) An attempt shall be made by staff to assess the damaged property and/or conduct a thorough search to locate the missing property.

(B) An attempt shall be made by staff to research the appellant’s claim utilizing departmental inmate property records.

(4) If an administrative decision is made that the department is responsible for loss or damage to the appellant’s property pursuant to section 3193, an attempt by staff to use donated property to substitute for or replace lost property at no cost to the state, or any effort to repair damaged property at institution expense, will be made prior to awarding monetary compensation for the loss.

(5) An appellant’s refusal to accept repair, replacement, or substitution of like items and value shall be cause to deny the appeal. When denying an appeal on this basis, the reviewer must state why the replacement offered to the appellant is considered an equivalent item and value.

(6) The provisions of subsection 3193(b) shall apply when monetary compensation is determined to be the appropriate remedy.

(7) Before payment of any granted claim, the inmate or parolee shall discharge the state from further liability for the claim if required pursuant to Government Code section 965.

(8) The document denying a property claim appeal shall inform the appellant of the right to submit a claim directly with the Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board and shall provide the mailing address for such filing.

(9) An inmate or parolee who intends to submit a claim with the Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board shall adhere to the rules and timeframes governing those claims, which may be more restrictive than those of the CDCR appeals process.

(g) Disciplinary Appeals.

(1) A disciplinary action cannot be appealed until the hearing process is completed, including any re-hearing.

(2) Inmates who wish to exhaust their administrative remedies for “serious” disciplinary issues pursuant to section 3315 must appeal through the third level of review.

(h) Transfer Appeals. A decision for transfer to another institution may be appealed by the affected inmate after the transfer endorsement by the classification staff representative.

(1) Filing of an appeal of a transfer decision shall not normally be cause to stay or delay a transfer except in extraordinary circumstances and at the discretion of the Warden or designee.

(2) Regular transfer appeals:

(A) The first level of appeal shall be waived.

(B) If the appeal is granted at second level, the appellant’s case shall be presented to a second classification staff representative for reconsideration.

(C) If the second classification staff representative disagrees with institution’s recommendation, the institution head may submit the case to the departmental review board for final decision.

(D) If the appeal is denied at second level or the institution head does not refer the case to the departmental review board, the appellant may appeal at the third level.

(3) Reception center transfer appeals:
A confidential report shall summarize the review and include a determination of the findings concerning the allegation. This document shall not be provided to the appellant. It shall be kept in the appeal file in the Appeals Office and no other copies shall be kept or maintained except as herein described or as needed for First Level review or litigation. This document is strictly confidential to all inmates and any staff except those involved in the inquiry process or litigation involving the department.

2. The accused staff may review the confidential report in the appeals office upon approval of the litigation coordinator, but if any information relating to other staff is contained in the confidential document, a copy shall be made and that information redacted prior to the review. Neither the original nor the copy shall leave the appeals office except as required for litigation and any redacted copy shall be placed with the original after review.

3. The assigned reviewer will interview the appellant and as many witnesses as necessary to reach a determination concerning the allegation. The subject(s) of the staff complaint may be interviewed by a person trained to conduct administrative interviews and will be given notice of the interview at least 24 hours prior to the interview. If the subject chooses to waive the 24-hour requirement, he/she must indicate this at the time they are given notice. If waived, the subject may be interviewed immediately.

4. A confidential inquiry shall review the information available to determine whether policy was violated.

(A) The institution’s appeal response to a staff complaint shall inform the appellant of either:

1. The referral for investigation and the status of the investigation. Additionally, the appellant shall be notified of the outcome at the conclusion of the investigation.

2. The decision to conduct a confidential inquiry and whether the findings determined that the staff in question did or did not violate departmental policy with regard to each of the specific allegation(s) made.

3. A staff complaint alleging excessive or inappropriate use of force shall be addressed pursuant to the procedures described in sections 3268 through 3268.2.

4. An appeal alleging staff misconduct by an appeals coordinator shall be reviewed by the hiring authority for determination of processing.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


Explanation: Departmental compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) is currently under the supervision of federal courts as specified in Court Ordered Remedial Plans articulated in the Armstrong v. Schwarzenegger (previously: Armstrong v. Davis) case. Accordingly, departmental ADA practices, including offender ADA appeal rights are currently carried out in accordance with an Armstrong Remedial Plan (ARP) established by the Superior Court of San Diego County in accordance with Armstrong v. Schwarzenegger (2002) USDC-ND (No. C-94-2307-CW); Americans With Disabilities Act, Public Law 101-336, July 26, 1990, 104 Stat. 328.

HISTORY:
1. New section and forms filed 4-7-95 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058; operative 4-7-95 (Register 95, No. 14). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-14-95.
or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-7-95 order transmitted to OAL 6-26-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).

3. Repealer of section and Form CDC 1824, new explanatory paragraph and amendment of Note filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


Article 8.5. Written Request Process

3086. Inmate/Parolee Request for Interview, Item or Service.

(a) Inmates and parolees may request interviews with staff and/or request items and services via a written request process. The objectives of timely resolution of routine matters through an effective and non-conflictive communication process shall be facilitated by the practices set forth in this article, which shall be henceforth applied uniformly toward that end. Department staff shall attempt to resolve inmate and parolee issues expeditiously.

(b) The written request process may be used when the inmate or parolee seeks a response to an issue or concern related to his or her confinement or parole.

(c) The department shall ensure that inmates and parolees will have access to the CDCR Form 22 (10/09), Inmate/Parolee Request for Interview, Item or Service, which is incorporated by reference. This form shall be made readily available in:

(1) All inmate housing units, general or segregated.
(2) All institutional libraries.
(3) Any facility under the department’s jurisdiction, whether residential or medical, where inmates are required to remain more than 24 hours.
(4) All parole field offices.

(d) The Inmate/Parolee Request for Interview, Item or Service form will provide:

(1) A written method for an inmate or parolee to address issues and concerns with staff and/or to request items and services.
(2) A record of the date the form was first presented to staff, and the date of each staff response.

(e) When seeking response to a written request for an interview, item, or service, the inmate or parolee shall complete the Request for Interview, Item or Service form to describe his or her request. The inmate shall deliver or mail via institutional mail the completed form to any staff member who is able to respond to the issue. The parolee shall deliver or mail via United States Postal Service the completed form to his or her parole agent, who shall respond to the issue or, as appropriate, route the form to another staff member who is able to respond to the issue.

(f) When the written request process does not stay the time constraints for filing an appeal, the inmate or parolee is not precluded from filing an appeal on the same issue prior to receiving a response to their written request. However, the appeal may be rejected by the appeals coordinator or designee with instructions to complete the request form process before resubmitting the appeal.

(f) Upon receipt of an inmate or parolee completed Request for Interview, Item or Service form, the employee shall:

(1) Accept, date and sign the form.
(2) Provide to the inmate or parolee the bottom copy of the employee signed form, which shall serve as the inmate’s or parolee’s receipt to verify the date of submittal. The employee, at his or her discretion, can respond to the request at this time or wait until he or she has more time to respond within the constraints of this article.

(g) If the inmate or parolee is dissatisfied with or disagrees with the staff member’s response, he or she may submit the Request for Interview, Item or Service form to the employee’s supervisor for review, while retaining a copy for his or her records. Only in the absence of the staff member’s supervisor may the inmate or parolee submit the form to another supervisor of the office or unit in question.

(h) Within seven calendar days of receipt of the Request for Interview, Item or Service form, the supervisor shall:

(1) Indicate a decision or action on the form.
(2) Sign and date the form.
(3) Ensure a copy is made and retained in the facility records for a period no less than prescribed for inmate correspondence in the approved departmental records retention schedule.

(i) An inmate or parolee’s documented use of a Request for Interview, Item or Service form does not constitute exhaustion of administrative remedies as defined in subsection 3084.1(b).


HISTORY:

1. New article 8.5 (section 3086) and section filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


SUBCHAPTER 2. INMATE RESOURCES

Article 1. Canteens

3090. Inmate Canteen Establishment and Draw Limits.

(a) Each facility shall establish an inmate canteen pursuant to penal code section 5005 enabling inmate purchases of approved merchandise. Facility staff shall consult with representatives of the inmate population when determining items to be stocked in the canteen for resale to the inmates.

(b) The maximum monthly canteen draw authorized by the Secretary is $220.00. An inmate’s regular canteen purchase shall not exceed the limits specified in section 3044 or the inmate trust account balance, whichever is less.

(c) Inmates shall be permitted to deduct from their trust accounts for canteen purchases by signing a canteen sales receipt.
(d) An inmate’s trust account deductions for canteen purchases shall not be restricted beyond limits established by the Secretary for all inmates in like work groups, except by formal disciplinary action for a violation involving canteen or the intentional or negligent destruction, damage, or misuse of state property, or in accordance with subsections 3315(f)(5)(K) and 3315(f)(5)(M).
(e) Trust account statements showing current balances shall be issued to those inmates submitting written requests, provided 90 days have elapsed since their previous request.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
3. Amendment filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (c) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
5. Amendment of section heading, text and Note filed 10-14-93; operative 11-15-93 (Register 93, No. 42).
6. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 3-8-2001; operative 4-7-2001 (Register 2001, No. 10).
7. Amendment of subsections (b) and (c) filed 5-25-2010; operative 6-24-2010 (Register 2010, No. 22).
8. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 7-19-2011; operative 8-18-2011 (Register 2011, No. 29).

3091. INMATE CANTEEN OPERATION.

(a) A current list of approved available merchandise, the price of each item, and the canteen operating hours shall be conspicuously posted at each canteen. Copies shall be made available to inmates denied direct access to the canteen.

(b) Canteen draw schedules shall:
   (1) Be published at least once every six months.
   (2) Be posted in each housing unit at each facility and camp.
   (3) Include no less than three canteen draw dates each month based on the last two digits of the inmate’s department identification number.

(c) Each inmate shall be entitled to no less than one draw each month.

(d) Inmates who do not present their privilege card when purchasing IWF Forms 22, Canteen Yard Cards (Rev. 8/90), or merchandise shall be limited to one-fourth the maximum monthly draw.

(e) When purchasing merchandise, inmates shall be required to:
   (1) Complete an itemized order list prior to purchasing canteen items.
   (2) Place a clear thumbprint or three fingerprints on the canteen sales receipt.
   (3) Sign the canteen sales receipt to authorize the Trust Account withdrawal and verify the amount purchased.

(f) Segregated inmates shall sign the approved canteen shopping list prior to submitting it to the segregation unit staff authorizing the Trust Account withdrawal, and upon receipt of the merchandise, shall sign the approved institution distribution forms to verify the amount purchased and received.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of section heading, text and Note filed 10-14-93; operative 11-15-93 (Register 93, No. 42).
3. Repealer of subsection (b)(2), subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsection (b)(3), new subsection (b)(4), amendment of subsections (d)(2)–(3) and repealer and new subsection (d)(4) filed 5-25-2010; operative 6-24-2010 (Register 2010, No. 22).

3092. SPECIAL INMATE CANTEEN PURCHASES.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text and new Note filed 10-14-93; operative 11-15-93 (Register 93, No. 42).
2. Amendment relocating former section 3092 to section 3190(e)–(f) filed 12-30-2003 as an emergency; operative 1-1-2004 (Register 2004, No. 1). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-9-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Withdrawal and repeal of 12-30-2003 amendment filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment relocating former section 3092 to section 3190(h) and (p) filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3093. CANTEEN YARD AND CASH REGISTER CARDS.

(a) Facilities may issue IWF Form 22, Canteen Yard Cards (Rev. 8/90), for inmate use in making canteen purchases. Inmates shall not alter such card, nor possess or control another inmate’s card or other approved means of canteen purchase.

(b) A transferring inmate’s IWF Form 22 shall be returned to the canteen cancelled and its value credited to the inmate’s trust account.

(c) Annually on May 31, IWF Form 22 of a color different from that currently used shall be issued and the previous color no longer honored. The facility shall post, in conspicuous locations available to every inmate, a written notice of the IWF Form 22 exchange. Inmates may, before June 30, exchange their old IWF Form 22 for new or for credit to their trust account. Exception: IWF Form 22 of the previous color may be exchanged after June 30 for inmates who were out-to-court or in any inpatient medical or mental health facility during the exchange period.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Amendment of section heading, text and Note filed 10-14-93; operative 11-15-93 (Register 93, No. 42).
3. Amendment of subsections (b) and (c) filed 5-25-2010; operative 6-24-2010 (Register 2010, No. 22).

3094. EXCEEDING INMATE CANTEEN LIMITS.

Inmates shall not possess canteen items and IWF Form 22, Canteen Yard Card (Rev. 8/90), with a combined value exceeding the monthly canteen limits established in section 3044. Excess canteen items and IWF Form 22 shall be confiscated and stored in a secure area pending a disciplinary hearing and resolution of any appeal of the matter.
3097. **Inmate Restitution Fine and Direct Order Collections.**

(a) When an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a direct order of restitution imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 30 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits, regardless of the source of such income, subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 33 percent. A maximum deduction of 33 percent shall remain in effect through December 31, 2004 at which time subsection (b) shall take effect.

(b) Effective January 1, 2005, when an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a direct order of restitution imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 40 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits, regardless of the source of such income, subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 44 percent. A maximum deduction of 44 percent shall remain in effect through December 31, 2006 at which time subsection (c) shall take effect.

(c) Effective January 1, 2007 and thereafter, when an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a direct order of restitution imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 50 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits, regardless of the source of such income, subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 55 percent.

(d) When an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a restitution fine imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 30 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits, regardless of the source of such income, subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 33 percent. The amount deducted, less the administrative fee, shall be transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for deposit in the Crime Victims’ Restitution Fund in the State Treasury. The inmate shall be credited for the amount deducted, less the administrative fee, against the amount owing on the fine. A maximum deduction of 33 percent shall remain in effect through December 31, 2004 at which time subsection (e) shall take effect.

(e) Effective January 1, 2005, when an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a restitution fine imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 40 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits regardless of the source of such income subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 44 percent. The amount deducted, less the administrative fee, shall be transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for deposit in the Crime Victims’ Restitution Fund in the State Treasury. The inmate shall be credited for the amount deducted, less the administrative fee, against the amount owing on the fine. A maximum deduction of 44 percent shall remain in effect through December 31, 2006 at which time subsection (f) shall take effect.

(f) Effective January 1, 2007 and thereafter, when an inmate owes any obligation pursuant to a restitution fine imposed by a court, the department shall deduct 50 percent or the balance owing, whichever is less, from the inmate’s wages and trust account deposits regardless of the source of such income subject to the exemptions enumerated in subsection (j). In addition, an administrative fee of 10 percent of the deduction shall be deducted to reimburse the department for its administrative costs, for a maximum deduction of 55 percent. The amount deducted, less the administrative fee, shall be transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for deposit in the Crime Victims’ Restitution Fund in the State Treasury. The inmate shall be credited for the amount deducted, less the administrative fee, against the amount owing on the fine.

(g) When an inmate owes both a restitution fine and a direct order of restitution from a sentencing court, the department shall collect on the direct order(s) of restitution first. Upon satisfaction of the direct order(s) of restitution, collection of any unsatisfied restitution fine(s) shall commence until paid in full.

(h) Fines and direct orders of restitution shall be collected from inmates/parolees who owe restitution while the inmate/parolee remains under the jurisdiction of the department, with certain exceptions, set out in subsection (j).

(i) Fines and direct orders of restitution may be collected from inmates and parole violators housed in a Reception Center, Community Correctional Center, Community Correctional Facility, Community Correctional Reentry Center, Restitution Community Correctional Center or Return to Custody Substance Abuse Treatment Facility. Fines and direct orders of restitution may also be collected from inmates in the Community Prisoner Mother and Family Foundations Programs.

(j) Joint Venture Program deposits, funds designated to pay the costs of a family visit (“family visit funds”), Temporary Community Leave funds, federal disability payments, veteran benefits, any reimbursement to an inmate as a result of a claim for lost or damaged property, or money reimbursed to an inmate due to a failed attempt to purchase merchandise are exempt from deductions for...
(k) Family visit funds and Temporary Community Leave funds shall be so designated by the sender on Form 1839 (Rev. 5/97), Exemption of Family Visit/Temporary Community Leave Funds From Collection Fines/Orders, to be completed in its entirety and returned to staff with the appropriate funds. Any funds received for either of these two purposes that are not accompanied by the prescribed form, properly completed, shall be deposited in the inmate’s trust account and shall be subject to a deduction for restitution pursuant to subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).

(l) Existing funds from the inmate’s trust account can be used to pay for a family visit or a Temporary Community Leave. Upon the inmate’s request, a hold will be placed on a specified portion of these funds to pay for the upcoming family visit or Temporary Community Leave. The inmate shall not use these designated funds for any other purpose other than the planned family visit or Temporary Community Leave. Should the family visit or Temporary Community Leave not take place then the hold previously placed on the funds shall be removed and no restitution deduction shall be made.

(m) If the family visit does not occur, then the funds designated for the family visit on Form 1839 (Rev. 5/97), shall have a permanent hold placed on them in the inmate’s trust account for a future family visit or until the inmate is released on parole. Should the inmate transfer to another institution, the hold shall be removed, the funds deposited into the inmate’s trust account, and no restitution deduction shall be made.

(n) If the Temporary Community Leave does not occur, then the funds designated for the leave on Form 1839 (Rev. 5/97), shall be refunded to the sender.

(o) Any remaining balance on the Temporary Community Leave fund for a Temporary Community Leave that took place shall be refunded to the sender.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 9-16-92 as an emergency; operative 9-16-92 (Register 92, No. 38). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 1-14-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-16-92 order transmitted to OAL 12-24-92 and filed 2-8-93 (Register 93, No. 7).

3. Amendment of section filed 10-17-95 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 10-17-95 (Register 95, No. 42). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance, including amendment of section, as to 10-17-95 order transmitted to OAL 3-15-96 and filed 4-24-96 (Register 96, No. 17).

5. Editorial correction of subsection (a) (relettered to subsection (b)) (Register 98, No. 9).

6. Amendment of section heading, new subsections (a), (c), and (e), subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsections (b), (d), and (l)–(j) filed 2-26-98 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 2-26-98 (Register 98, No. 9).

7. Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-5-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-11-98 order, including further amendment of subsections (a) and (b), transmitted to OAL 9-25-98 and filed 11-4-98 (Register 98, No. 45).


10. Amendment of section and Note filed 6-18-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-18-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-29-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


### 3099. Inmate Trust Account Interest.

(a) Beginning January 1, 2009, interest earned on Inmate Trust Account deposits shall be distributed to qualifying inmates’ trust accounts based upon the average daily balance in their trust account. A qualifying inmate is one who has provided a Social Security Account Number or a Taxpayer ID Number and that number has been validated with either the Social Security Administration or Internal Revenue Service.

(b) Interest will be distributed in whole penny increments. Interest will not be rounded up to the next penny.

(c) Inmate Trust Account funds shall be deposited into an interest bearing account within the California State Treasury.

(d) The State Treasury account bears interest quarterly. Operational costs shall be deducted from the interest earned on that account prior to disbursal of the remainder to qualifying inmate trust accounts on a monthly basis. The interest rate paid to inmates will be determined by reducing the rate earned to a rate that will allow maximum distribution of available interest to qualifying inmates. The rate paid will not exceed the rate earned.

(e) Inmates with validated U. S. Social Security Account numbers or validated Tax ID numbers shall be eligible to receive interest.

(f) Inmates who have received $10 or more interest during a tax year shall have a Form 1099INT filed by CDCR.

(g) Interest distribution shall occur monthly and be subject to all normal debts and obligations including restitution.

(h) Costs for providing interest such as charges by Social Security Administration for validation of Social Security Numbers, cost of forms for reporting, and mailing costs will be deducted from the interest earned prior to distribution to inmates.

(i) The balance of the interest earned is the amount remaining after distribution of whole penny increments plus interest earned on non-qualifying inmate trust accounts less cost of providing interest. The balance of interest earned remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall be deposited into the Inmate Welfare Fund for the benefit of all inmates.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-1-2008 as an emergency; operative 6-1-2008 (Register 2008, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-26-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


### Article 2. Handicraft

#### 3100. Handicraft Program Participation.

(a) Each institution or their designee may establish a handicraft program based on, but not limited to, the following conditions:

1. possible threat to facility security,
2. space availability,
3. sufficient staffing, and
Inmates assigned to handicraft programs may possess handicraft articles and materials in their quarters/living area. Any authorized handicraft activity during their scheduled work/training assignment shall be restricted to the extent necessary to provide for the reasonable security of the facility and the protection of persons and shall be subject to review by the institution head or their designee.

(i) Inmates shall not work on a project or participate in any other handicraft activity during their scheduled work/training assignment hours.

(j) Supplies and materials for a project shall not be ordered until the inmate’s loan request for the cost of materials exceeds the limit established by the institution head or their designee.

(c) Approval may be granted to those inmates whom, in the judgement of the institution head or their designee, intend serious participation and have the skills or the potential and an interest to develop the skills required for the craft.

(d) The reason(s) for denying an inmate handicraft privileges shall be documented on Form 165 (Rev. 7/95), Application for Handicraft Privilege, and returned to the inmate with their application.

(e) An inmate’s right to own, sell or convey personal property, including all written and artistic material produced or created by that inmate shall be governed by Section 2601 of the Penal Code.

(f) Handicraft projects or tools necessary for completion of handicraft projects shall be restricted to the extent necessary to provide for the reasonable security of the facility and the protection of persons and shall be subject to review by the institution head or their designee.

(g) Only those items approved by the institution head or their designee shall be manufactured. A project shall not be approved under any one or more of the following circumstances:

(1) The size of the materials would exceed the limits established pursuant to section 3101.

(2) The proposed quantities of the finished item for sale would exceed probable demands.

(3) The inmate’s loan request for the cost of materials exceeds the limit established by the institution head or their designee.

(h) Handicraft projects, tools, and materials within a designated handicraft area, shall be controlled by staff and may be stored in a designated secured storage area of the facility, dependant upon space availability at the institution/facility.

(i) Inmates shall not work on a project or participate in any other handicraft activity during their scheduled work/training assignment hours.

(j) Supplies and materials for a project shall not be ordered until the project is approved by the institution head or their designee.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 3-20-96; operative 4-19-96 (Register 96, No. 12).
3. Amendment of subsection (h) filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3101. Volume.

Inmates assigned to handicraft programs may possess handicraft articles and materials in their quarters/living area. Any authorized handicraft items in excess of six cubic feet of space shall be confined and disposed of in accordance with Section 3191(c).


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3102. Suspension or Termination.

(a) Violation of institution handicraft procedures may result in the inmate being denied participation in the program. Such denial through disciplinary action will be for a specific period of time in keeping with the seriousness of the violation. Participation in handicraft programs or in specific handicraft projects may be terminated or suspended as a result of classification committee action which changes the inmate’s custodial classification, housing, or other circumstances which preclude handicraft or specific kinds of handicraft activity.

(b) Upon suspension or termination of handicraft through disciplinary action, classification committee action, or upon the inmate’s voluntary termination of handicraft activity, all personally owned handicraft tools and materials will be placed in institution storage, or at the inmate’s option and own expense, shipped to any person designated by the inmate. If placed in institution storage, tools and materials will be returned to the inmate no later than the time of release from the institution.

Comment: Former DP-2203, suspension of privilege.

3103. Gifts.

Inmates may give gifts of handicraft items produced by themselves to any correspondent or visitor, subject to institution procedures for doing so. No limitation will be placed upon the number of gifts or estimated value of gifts that may be given in total or to any one person, except that no gift may be given to or be accepted by an employee of the Department of Corrections.

Comment: Former DP-2204, handicraft gifts.

3104. Inmate Handicraft Sales.

(a) Handicraft items may be sold to the public only at the facility and as otherwise may be specifically authorized by the institution head.

(b) The sale price of handicraft items shall be set by the inmate. An additional 10 percent mark up shall be added to the price of all articles placed for sale.

(1) One percent of the mark up shall be given to the inmate for the purpose of refunding duplicate sales tax paid on raw materials used in the handicraft articles sold.

(2) Nine percent of the mark up shall be deposited into the Inmate Welfare Fund for the purpose of offsetting administrative costs.

(c) Inmate handicraft items shall not be sold or given to other persons for the purpose of resale, except as provided in subsection (a).

Comment: Former DP-2205, dealing with handicraft.

Comment: Former DP-2206, sales of handicraft.


HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b) (Register 92, No. 5).
2. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a), new subsection (b), subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (c) filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 7-25-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 95, No. 30).
4. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a), new subsection (b), subsection relettering and amendment of newly designated
3105. Handicraft Program Assistance to Indigent Inmates.

The institution head or their designee may authorize loans from the inmate welfare fund (IWF) to help indigent inmates purchase materials for their initial or continued participation in the handicraft program. The institution head or their designee shall establish a limit on the dollar amount of IWF loans. A hold for the amount of the loan shall be placed on the trust account of such an inmate until the loan is fully repaid.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading, section and new Note filed 3-20-96; operative 4-19-96 (Register 96, No. 12).

3106. Materials.

Inmates must use only materials purchased from their own funds or approved for their use by the institution’s designated supervisor of the handicraft program in the manufacture of handicraft articles.

Comment: Former DR-2201, source of handicraft materials.

3107. Donating Items to the Institution.

Inmates may donate handicraft items, articles, tools, and materials to the institution for use by other inmates who are properly enrolled in approved handicraft programs. Such donations shall be recorded by the institution’s supervisor of handicraft programs.


HISTORY:
1. Amendments filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Editorial correction filed 2-19-85 (Register 85, No. 8).
3. Repealer and new section filed 7-25-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 11-3-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency repeal filed 7-25-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 95, No. 30).
5. Repealer filed 7-25-95 as an emergency; operative 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-22-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-25-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-17-95 and filed 1-3-96 (Register 96, No. 1).

Article 3. Library

3120. Inmate Library Requirements.

(a) Each warden shall ensure a library, law library and related services are maintained for the benefit of all inmates in their facility, including those inmates confined to segregated housing units. A library access schedule shall be approved by the warden and posted throughout the facility.

(b) Material that contains any of the characteristics listed in sections 5006(a) and (c) shall be prohibited from inmate libraries unless specifically authorized by the institution head.

(c) To check out material from a library, each inmate shall:
1. Present photo identification (state identification or privilege card) as required.
2. Sign a trust account withdrawal order.
3. Display the materials to staff when leaving the library.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Amendment filed 6-30-93; operative 7-30-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-27-95 order including amendment of subsection (b) and Note transmitted to OAL 4-25-96 and filed 6-6-96 (Register 96, No. 23).

3121. Library Restrictions and Penalties.

(a) No books or other reference material shall be removed from an inmate library without the librarian’s authorization.

(b) Books or other library material checked out to an inmate shall not be loaned to or borrowed by another inmate, and shall be returned to the library as required.

(c) Inmates whose checked out library material is lost, damaged, or stolen shall be subject to disciplinary actions and may also be charged for the costs of repair or replacement of the material and may be denied or have restrictions placed upon their library privileges.


HISTORY:
1. Amendments filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Editorial correction of printing error in Note (Register 92, No. 5).
3. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3122 to section 3121 and renumbering and amendment of former section 3121 to section 3122 filed 6-30-93; operative 7-30-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3122. Inmate Law Library.

(a) Each facility shall provide legal materials through its law library to provide inmates with meaningful access to the courts.

(b) Inmates who have established court deadlines may apply for Priority Legal User (PLU) status to the prison law libraries. Inmates who are granted PLU status based on their application shall receive higher priority to prison law library resources than other inmates. All inmates who are not on PLU status are on General Legal User (GLU) status.

(1) An established court deadline may be either a court imposed deadline for an active case or a statutory deadline. Inmates who apply for PLU status based on a court imposed deadline must show documentation from the court to verify that deadline. Inmates who apply for PLU status based on a statutory deadline must identify the legal rule that compels the deadline.

(2) An inmate who is represented by an attorney for a case shall not be eligible for PLU status for any established court deadline pertaining to that case. An inmate with attorney representation for the established court deadline shall be entitled to GLU status only.

(3) Inmates shall complete and sign a CDCR Form 2171 (Rev. 9/09), Priority Library User (PLU) Request and Declaration, which is incorporated by reference, to apply for PLU status. The Form 2171 shall include check boxes for inmates to designate their established court deadlines. The Form 2171 shall also include a check box for inmates to confirm that they do not have attorney representation for their listed deadline.

(4) Except under extraordinary circumstances beyond staff control, law library staff shall have seven calendar days after receipt of the completed and signed Form 2171 to process an inmate’s application for PLU status and make a decision to approve or disapprove the application. Staff members who disapprove an inmate’s application shall provide the reasons for their disapproval on the form and shall provide a copy of that document to the inmate.

(5) An inmate who is found to have provided false information on his or her application for PLU status shall be guilty of an administrative rule violation and shall not be able to obtain PLU status based on that application.

(6) An inmate may receive PLU status within 30 calendar days of his or her established court deadline unless the inmate can demonstrate need for a longer period of PLU status based on extraordinary circumstances beyond the inmate’s control.

(7) PLU status is intended to assist inmates to do legal work in a quiet law library setting. An inmate on PLU status who, while in the law library, is observed by staff to act in an unreasonably disruptive manner or to engage in non-legal work shall be removed from the PLU list and shall be dismissed from the library for that day. Inmates who are removed from the PLU list for these reasons shall be ineligible to reapply for PLU status for 30 calendar days, but may continue to use the law library on GLU status.

(c) Inmates may not in any way trade, transfer, or delegate their PLU status to other inmates. An inmate who assists another inmate in the preparation of legal documents, as described in section 3163, may not use the PLU status of the inmate being assisted.

(d) An inmate in a facility without a law library and requesting access to such resources shall be transferred to a facility with a law library of departmental choosing for the period of time needed to complete legal work.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3122 to section 3121 and renumbering and amendment of former section 3122 to section 3121 filed 6-30-93; operative 7-30-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
3. Amendment of subsection (a), new subsections (b)–(c), subsection relettering and amendment of Note filed 11-24-2009; operative 12-24-2009 (Register 2009, No. 48).


(a) Physical law library access means physical entry into a facility law library for the purpose of using its legal resources. A facility law library includes, but is not limited to, a print law library or the Law Library Electronic Delivery System (LLEDS) with any necessary print supplements.

(b) All inmates, regardless of their classification or housing status, shall be entitled to physical law library access that is sufficient to provide meaningful access to the courts. Inmates on PLU status may receive a minimum of 4 hours per calendar week of requested physical law library access, as resources are available, and shall be given higher priority to the law library resources. Inmates on GLU status may receive a minimum of 2 hours per calendar week of requested physical law library access, as resources are available.

(c) When unable to physically access the law library, an inmate may request access to legal material through delivery of those materials to the inmate by library staff. This process is referred to as law library paging. An inmate shall not be limited to law library paging for access to legal materials except under extraordinary circumstances including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) The inmate is directly under a prison lockdown or modified program.

(2) The inmate is under restricted movement due to his or her medical status.

(3) The inmate has been suspended from physical access to the law library pending investigation of a serious rule violation.

(d) Inmates who are limited to law library paging due to a lockdown or modified program shall, whenever possible, have their law library access restored within 16 calendar days unless a high security risk continues to exist to prohibit physical law library access.

(e) When inmates are limited to law library paging for any reason as described in section 3123(c), law library staff must deliver the requested legal material to their cells as soon as possible, but no later than 16 calendar days from the date of the paging request.

(f) Disciplinary action for an inmate who is found to be guilty of a serious rule violation pertaining to law library resources, facilities, or staff may include a suspension of all physical law library access for up to 90 calendar days. This action does not preclude an inmate from pursuing legal research through the reasonable use of law library paging, beginning three calendar days after the date of suspension until the suspension period ends.


HISTORY:
2. Amendment of subsections (c)(1) and (d) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3124. Content of Law Libraries.  
(a) Each institution shall maintain at least one law library for the use of inmates, in print and/or by means of theElectronic Law Library Delivery System with any necessary print supplements. Except for items that are out of print, the law library collection shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following current and updated legal materials or their equivalents from other publishers:  
(1) West’s Annotated California Codes.  
(2) West’s California Digest (latest edition).  
(3) West’s California Reporter, volumes 1 to 286.  
(4) West’s California Reporter, Second Series, volumes 1 to 135.  
(5) West’s California Reporter, Third Series, volumes 1 to date.  
(9) United States Code Annotated.  
(11) Supreme Court Reporter, volumes 70 to date.  
(12) Federal Reporter, Second Series, volumes 176 to 999.  
(13) Federal Reporter, Third Series, volumes 1 to date.  
(14) Federal Supplement, volumes 180 to 999.  
(15) Federal Supplement, Second Series, volumes 1 to date.  
(16) United States Law Week (newspaper), one year backfile.  
(17) Shepard’s United States Citations.  
(18) Shepard’s Federal Citations.  
(19) Shepard’s California Citations.  
(20) A recognized law dictionary, such as Black’s or Ballantine’s (latest edition).  
(b) Each institution shall also make supplemental legal materials available to inmates from an outside source. Except for items that are out of print, the supplemental legal materials shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following legal materials or their equivalents from other publishers:  
(1) Federal Supplement, volumes 1 to 179.  
(2) United States Supreme Court Reports, Lawyers’ Edition, First Series, volumes 1 to 93.  
(3) California Reports, First Series.  
(4) California Reports, Second Series.  
(5) California Appellate Reports, First Series.  
(7) Corpus Juris Secundum.  

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2600, 2601(d) and 5054, Penal Code; and Procurier v. Martinez, 416 U.S. 396.

HISTORY:  
1. Repealer of Article 4 (Sections 3130–3143) and new Article 4 (Sections 3130–3147) filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41). For prior history, see Registers 78, No. 33; 78, No. 12; 77, No. 40; 77, No. 20; 77, No. 9 and 76, No. 31.

2. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3131. Plan of Operation.  
Each warden or head of a correctional facility shall prepare and maintain a plan of operation for the sending and receiving of mail for all inmates housed in the facility. Procedures of the correctional facility shall conform to the policies, regulations and the provisions of law made reference to and shall apply to all inmates of the facility. Correctional staff shall promptly inform each newly received inmate of all department regulations and local procedures governing inmate mail.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3132. Responsibility and Compliance.  
(a) Correspondents are personally responsible for the content of each item of mail they send into or out of a correctional facility. All persons corresponding with inmates must comply with existing laws, regulations and local rules. Any violation of laws governing mail will be referred to postal authorities and to appropriate criminal authorities. Violations of law, the policies and regulations set forth in this article, or of approved facility mail procedures may result in the temporary suspension or denial of correspondence between the persons involved.  
(b) Departmental employees, inmates and persons corresponding with inmates must comply with the regulations set forth in this article and with approved facility mail procedures. Failure to do so may result in legal or administrative measures against the person or persons involved.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3133. Definitions and Disposition of Mail.  
(a) Definitions:  
(1) First-Class Mail is all mail wholly or partly in writing or typewriting, all actual and personal correspondence, all bills and statements of account, and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection. The maximum weight for a First-Class letter is 13 ounces. All First-Class Mail shall be delivered to the inmate as soon as possible, but not later than seven calendar days from receipt of the mail at the facility mailroom.
(2) Standard Mail, formerly called Bulk Mail, is used for advertising mail, catalogues, and newsletters of a non-personal nature that are not required to be mailed as First-Class Mail. The maximum weight for Standard Mail is 16 ounces.

(3) Periodicals are a class of mail consisting of magazines, newspapers or other publications formed of printed sheets that are published at least four times a year at regular, specified intervals from a known office of publication. The known office of publication must be a public office for transacting the business of the publishing during normal business hours, and must also be the office where the publication's circulation records are available for USPS examination.

(4) Package Services are Parcel Post, bound Printed Matter, Media Mail, and Library Mail. With the exception of parole clothes and third party special purchase health appliances, inmates shall not be allowed to receive package services directly from personal correspondents. Packages containing parole clothes or third party special purchase health care appliances must be clearly marked with either “Parole Clothes” or “Health Care Appliance” on the outside of the package. Personal correspondents do not include the Courts, Law Firms, County, State and Federal Agencies, Publishers, Bookstores, Book Distributors, Religious Organizations that provide written materials only, etc.

(5) For purposes of this article, the definition of indigent inmate is an inmate who has $1.00 or less in their Inmate Trust Account for 30 consecutive days.

(b) All incoming and outgoing mail shall be handled in accordance with the following:

(1) All incoming mail shall be properly addressed. Appropriately addressed mail shall include the inmate’s name and department identification number. The mail should also include the address designated by the institution for inmate mail. The receiving institution is required to update any mail piece that does not reflect accurate housing or institutional location. Standard Mail must be addressed to an individual inmate, showing their name, CDCR number and the address for the applicable institution.

(2) All outgoing mail shall be properly addressed, and shall be marked indicating that it originated from a California State Correctional Facility. If addressed to an inmate, it must contain the sender’s name, department identification number and the return address designated by the institution for inmate mail, including housing. It shall also contain the recipient’s name, address, city, state, and zip code.

(3) All incoming packages and non-confidential mail addressed to an inmate will be opened and inspected before delivery to the inmate. The purpose of inspection will be to receive or receipt any funds enclosed for deposit to the inmate’s trust account, to verify and record the receipt of permitted personal property, and to prevent the introduction of contraband. All non-confidential inmate mail, incoming or outgoing, is subject to being read in its entirety by designated staff. All non-confidential inmate mail that is “returned to sender” shall be opened and inspected before being returned to the inmate.

(4) Facilities shall not require incoming books, magazines or newspapers to have an institution pre-approved “vendor approved” label affixed to the packaging. A departmentally approved vendor is any publisher, book store, or book distributor, that does mail order business. Books, periodicals or other publications that are mailed from a religious organization shall be considered as coming from an authorized vendor.

(c) Confidential Mail with Inmate Trust Account Withdrawals. Inmate confidential mail submitted with a CDC Form 193, Inmate Trust Withdrawal (Rev. 1/88), to pay for filing fees or other costs may be left unsealed so that the voucher (check) can be enclosed after the trust account withdrawal has been processed. Inmates who do not wish to forward this type of mail unsealed should attach a stamped, appropriately addressed envelope to the confidential mail so the check can be enclosed and forwarded in the extra envelope.

(d) Undelivered Mail. All undelivered letters and packages returned to a facility by the post office shall be opened and inspected before being returned to the inmate. This inspection is to determine if the content originated with the inmate sender identified on the letter or package, and to prevent the transmission of contraband, material, substances, and property that an inmate is not authorized to possess in the correctional facility. The inspection of returned mail includes regular mail and letters that were mailed as confidential correspondence. In the case of returned confidential correspondence, the envelope shall be opened in the presence of the inmate. It shall be examined and read to the degree necessary to determine if it was sent by the inmate and opened or tampered with before its return to the facility. Upon completion of this examination, the returned correspondence shall be given to the inmate. Any contraband found in the returned correspondence shall be confiscated and processed, and appropriate disciplinary action taken.

(e) Unmailed Correspondence. If any First-Class Mail is not accepted for mailing, or is accepted for mailing but is not properly mailed, the inmate shall be notified in writing of the reason for refusal to accept or to promptly mail the item(s). When the delay in mailing exceeds 5 business days, the notice shall be sent and include the disposition of such mail. Unless retention of such mail is required in administrative, legal, or disciplinary proceedings against the inmate or other persons, it shall be promptly mailed or returned to the inmate.

(f) Forwarding Mail. Mail received for an inmate who has been transferred from the facility where the mail is received shall be immediately forwarded to the facility or agency that has current custody of the inmate. Mail addressed to an inmate who has been transferred or released shall not be returned to the sender as “Addressee Unknown” unless the individual has been discharged from CDCR. First-Class Mail and Periodicals addressed to an inmate who has been transferred within the CDCR shall have a label affixed with the current address and shall be forwarded via the USPS. For inmates who have paroled, the affixed label shall state “Paroled Region #____”, and shall show that Parole Regions’ address. Standard Mail with a “Mailer Endorsement” that was appropriately addressed, but is undeliverable because the inmate is no longer housed at the facility, shall be returned to the USPS for processing. Mailroom staff shall affix a label to the Standard Mail piece showing the correct address before returning it to the USPS for processing. For inmates who have paroled, the label affixed to the Standard Mail piece shall state “Paroled Region #____” and shall show that Parole Regions’ address. The Mailer Endorsement will appear either near the address block or below the return address in the top left corner of the mail piece. A Mailer Endorsement may read “Address Service Requested”, or “Forwarding Service Requested”, or “Change Service Requested”, or “Return Service Requested”. Staff may dispose of any Standard Mail piece that does not have a Mailer Endorsement, and is undeliverable because the inmate is not currently housed at the institution. Daily newspapers that are delivered by courier will not be forwarded nor will they be held for an inmate who is temporarily away from the facility for longer than 72 hours. Exceptions will be made when the absence results from the inmate’s participation in facility approved activities such as a community release program, firefighting or other disaster control assignments. Newspapers that are delivered by the USPS will have a forwarding address affixed and shall be returned to the USPS for processing.
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(g) Forwarding Confidential Correspondence. All confidential correspondence for inmates that must be forwarded will be done on a daily basis. If delivery of confidential correspondence from the courts is impeded because the addressee’s name and CDCR number do not conform to each other, the mailroom will contact the Litigation Coordinator who will telephone the court to clarify the identification of the addressee in order to expedite delivery of confidential correspondence. Staff will document their efforts to identify the addressee when confidential correspondence from the courts cannot be delivered.

(h) Temporary Absence. Mail shall be held for an inmate who is temporarily away from the facility when the inmate’s return is anticipated within one week.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer of former section 3133 and renumbering of former section 3147 to new section 3133, including amendment of sections heading and repealer and new section, filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3134. General Mail Regulations.

(a) First-Class Mail can have the following items enclosed, including but not limited to:

(1) Photographs, with the exception of photographs with attached backing, framed photographs that cannot be searched, Polaroid’s, negatives, and slides.

(2) Calendars.

(3) Blank greeting cards (No 3-dimensional attachments or stamps).

(4) Postage embossed envelopes, up to forty.

(5) Blank envelopes.

(6) Writing paper/tablets (white or yellow lined only - no cotton paper).

(7) Typing paper (no cotton paper).

(8) Legal paper, to include colored paper required by court rules (no cotton paper).

(9) Children’s drawings.

(10) Newspaper clippings, Internet downloaded articles, photocopies of clippings/articles, or electronic mail (e-mail). Prior to issuance they shall be reviewed to ensure that they comply with sections 3006 and 3135.

(11) Forty postage stamps. If there is a rate change, then forty stamps at the old rate, and 40 stamps at the amount needed to equal the new rate. No personalized postage stamps will be allowed.

The weight limit for First-Class Mail is 13 ounces, and for Standard Mail is 16 ounces. Photo albums can be obtained by the inmate from the canteen and the Vendor Package Program. Any unacceptable mail shall be immediately returned to the sender with the envelope annotated “Unauthorized Mail, Return to Sender”. Inmates shall be noticed pursuant to section 3136.

(b) Metered Envelopes. Metered reply envelopes sent in with correspondence must adhere to the following conditions:

(1) The postage amount must be enough to prepay the postage in full.

(2) Indicia may be printed directly on the mail piece or on a label and must be positioned appropriately.

(3) Indicia used to prepay reply postage must not show the date.

(4) The words “NO POSTAGE STAMP NECESSARY POSTAGE HAS BEEN PREPAID BY” must be printed above the address.

(c) Inspection of Incoming and Outgoing Packages will occur as follows:

(1) Facilities will establish and make available to all inmates procedures for shipping packages to their correspondents.

(2) Facilities will make available to all inmates local procedures for the receipt of packages from their correspondents in accordance with limits set for their assigned inmate work/training incentive group. A facility may refuse to deliver the package if the inmate is not qualified to receive it. If the package is in excess of the 30-pound limit, or is damaged, the package shall be returned to the vendor at the vendor’s expense.

(3) All incoming packages addressed to an inmate shall be opened and inspected in the presence of the inmate. The contents of the package are inspected to record authorized personal property, and to prevent the introduction of contraband.

(4) Delivery by staff of packages, special purchases, and all publications, shall be completed as soon as possible but not later than 15 calendar days, except during holiday seasons such as Christmas, Easter, and Thanksgiving, and during lockdowns or modified programs of affected inmates.

(5) All packages shall be processed and issued from a designated distribution area. All outgoing packages shall be inspected for contraband prior to being sealed and mailed.

(d) Contests. Inmates shall not participate in any contest when a financial obligation is involved or when such participation shall result in expense to the facility beyond the cost of processing mail. If lottery tickets, lottery scratchers, or other contest materials, are discovered in incoming mail, the entire envelope and its contents shall be returned to sender with a pre-printed notice to the sender which states: “Unauthorized item”.

(e) Inmate Manuscripts. Manuscripts include, but are not limited to, written, typed or printed articles of fiction and nonfiction, poems, essays, gags, plays, skits, paintings, sketches, drawings, or musical compositions created by an inmate. Any manuscript remains the property of the inmate who created it. It may be retained in the inmate’s possession, unless it violates sections 3006 or 3135.

If unauthorized state materials have been used in the creation of a manuscript, the item shall be confiscated pending disciplinary action and reimbursement by the inmate for the state materials. Incoming and outgoing manuscripts shall be processed as regular mail in accordance with the provisions of this article.

(f) There shall be no limitations placed on the number of persons with whom an inmate may correspond.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

2. Editorial correction deleting duplicate sentence (Register 91, No. 11).

3. Editorial correction of printing error in Note (Register 92, No. 5).


5. Renumbering of former section 3134 to section 3138 and renumbering of former section 3138 to section 3134, including repealer and new section, filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

6. Amendment of subsection (c)(4) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3134.1. Processing of Publications.

(a) Publications. Inmates may subscribe to, purchase, or have items sent in to them such as newspapers, periodicals, magazines or books. If subscriptions or books are purchased for the inmate by a third party or donated to an inmate, they must be mailed directly from a book store, book distributor, or publisher. Personal corre-
3135. Disturbing or Offensive Correspondence.
(a) Non-confidential correspondence may be disallowed if the text of such correspondence presents a danger, or a threat of danger, to any person. The authority to disallow such correspondence shall not be delegated below the staff level of Correctional/Facility Captain.
(b) Disagreement with the sender’s or receiver’s morals, values, attitudes, veracity, or choice of words will not be cause for correctional staff to disallow mail. Correctional staff shall not challenge or confront the sender or receiver with such value judgments.
(c) Certain correspondence, including but not limited to the following, is disallowed, regardless of values or morals, in order to ensure the safety and security of the institution/facility:
1. Any mail of a character tending to incite murder, arson, a riot, or any form of violence or physical harm to any person, or any ethnic, gender, racial, religious, or other group.
2. Threatens blackmail or extortion.
3. Contraband, or sending or receiving contraband.
4. Concerns plans to escape or assist in an escape.
5. Concerns plans to disrupt the order, or breach the security, of any institution/facility.
6. Concerns plans for activities which violate the law, these regulations or local procedures.
7. Contains coded messages.
8. Describes the making of any weapon, explosive, poison, or destructive device.
9. Contains illustrations, explanations, and/or descriptions of how to sabotage or disrupt computers, communications, or electronics.
10. Contains maps depicting any area within a ten-mile radius of an institution/facility.
11. Contains gambling or lottery information or paraphernalia.
12. Contains material obscene in nature.
13. Contains human or animal hair, substances, or fluids.
(d) Inmates shall not possess or have under their control obscene material and/or mail containing information concerning where, how, or from whom obscene material may be obtained. Obscene material means catalogs, advertisements, brochures, and/or material taken as a whole, which to the average person, applying contemporary statewide standards, appeals to the prurient interest. It is material which taken as a whole, depicts or describes sexual conduct, and lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value. Additionally, material is considered obscene when it appears from the nature of the matter or the circumstances of its dissemination, distribution or exhibition that it appeals to deviant sexual groups. Material subject to the test of the above includes, but is not limited to:
1. Portrays sexually explicit materials, which are defined as materials that show frontal nudity including personal photographs, drawings, and magazines and pictorials that show frontal nudity.
2. Portrays, displays, describes, or represents penetration of the vagina or anus, or contact between the mouth and genitals.
3. Portrays, displays, describes, or represents bestiality, sadomasochism, or an excretory function, including urination, defecation, or semen.
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(4) Portrays, displays, describes, or represents the nudity of a minor, or person who appears to be under 18 years old.
(5) Portrays, displays, describes, or represents conduct that appears to be non-consensual behavior.
(6) Portrays, displays, describes, or represents conduct that appears to be forceful, threatening, or violent.
(7) Portrays, displays, describes, or represents sexual conduct where one of the participants is a minor, or appears to be under 18 years old.

(e) If the receiver of any mail, confidential or nonconfidential, directs a written complaint to administrative staff of the department or to facility officials, consideration will be given to any reasonable remedy sought by the individual. This may include discussion of the complaint with the inmate in an attempt to resolve the matter, reading of all mail, including confidential mail, addressed to the individual, and either disallowing only that which appears to perpetuate the problem, or disallowing all mail to the individual. Complaints and requests for actions which would, if approved, restrict an inmate’s correspondence, and any action taken in response to such complaints or requests, will be fully documented on a CDC Form 128B (Rev. 4-74). The inmate shall receive a copy of the documentation and the original shall be placed in the inmate’s C-file.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2601 and 5054, Penal Code; and Procunier v. Martinez, 416 U.S. 396.

HISTORY:
2. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3136. Disapproval of Inmate Mail.

(a) Disapproval of inmate mail that is in clear violation of CCR sections 3006 or 3135 shall be referred to staff not below the level of Correctional/Facility Captain for determination and appropriate action. Disapproval of inmate mail that is not in clear violation of CCR sections 3006 or 3135 shall be referred to the Warden, but not lower than the Chief Deputy Warden, for determination and appropriate action. When incoming or outgoing mail/packages/ publications addressed to or being sent by an inmate are withheld or disallowed, the inmate shall be informed via CDC Form 1819, Notification of Disapproval-Mail/Packages/Publications (Rev. 06/98) of the reason, disposition, name of official disallowing the mail/package/publication, and the name of the official to whom an appeal can be directed.

(b) When inmate mail is disapproved based on the criteria established in this section, a copy of the CDC Form 1819 and the supporting document(s) shall be retained by each facility for a minimum of seven years.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and section, and redesignation of former subsections 3136(a)-(h) to subsections 3006(c)(1)-(8) filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of History (Register 95, No. 24).
3. Amendment of section heading and section, and redesignation of former subsections 3136(a)-(h) to subsections 3006(c)(1)-(8) refiled 6-13-95 as an emergency; operative 6-13-95 (Register 95, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-20-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 12-27-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f). Certificate of Compliance as to 6-13-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-9-95; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal as to 6-13-95 order filed on 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52).
5. Amendment filed 12-27-95 as an emergency pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1; operative 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-25-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-27-95 order including amendment of subsection (b) transmitted to OAL 4-25-96 and filed 6-6-96 (Register 96, No. 23).
7. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3137. Appeals Relating to Mail and Correspondences.

(a) Inmates, their correspondents, and publishers may appeal departmental rules, regulations, policies, approved facility procedures and their application relating to mail and correspondence.

(b) Inmates shall use the established inmate appeal procedures as provided in section 3084, et seq. An inmate’s submittal of an appeal within 30 calendar days of a notice that mail is being designated as undelivered will postpone any disposition of the mail until an appeal decision is made at the third level of appeal review. If the inmate’s appeal is denied at the third level of appeal review, the item of mail shall be disposed of as provided in subsection 3191(c).

(c) Persons other than inmates should address any appeal relating to department policy and regulations to the Director of the Division of Adult Institutions (DAI). Appeals relating to a specific facility procedure or practice should be addressed in writing to the Warden, or Associate Director of the facility where the appeal issue arises. A written response shall be provided within 15 working days. Appeals that are not satisfactorily resolved at this level may be forwarded in writing to the Director of the DAI who shall provide a written response within 20 working days.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading, renumbering and amendment of former subsection 3147(a)(5)(C) to section 3137 (b), and amendment of Note filed 6-6-96; operative 6-6-96 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 96, No. 23).
2. Amendment of section heading and section filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).
3. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3138. Indigent Inmates.

(a) Upon an indigent inmate’s request, writing paper, envelopes, a writing implement, and the postage required for five 1-ounce First-Class letters per week shall be supplied. Inmates are not allowed to trade, transfer, or swap indigent inmate supplies with another inmate.

(b) Except as provided in subsection 3138(h) for mail to the courts or to the Attorney General, indigent inmates may request to mail any type of correspondence that weighs more than one ounce. Indigent inmates must relinquish the appropriate number of indigent envelopes to either their assigned Correctional Counselor or housing unit staff with the item to be mailed. If the item to be mailed weighs more than five ounces, the indigent inmate must relinquish all five indigent envelopes. Staff must forward the indi-
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Inmates shall obtain written authorization from the Warden/Regional Parole Administrator or their designee/assigned probation officer, person in charge of the County Jail and/or other State Correctional Systems, at a level not less than Correctional Captain/ Facility Captain or Parolee Agent III, to correspond with any of the following:

1. Inmates under the jurisdiction of any county, state or federal, juvenile or adult correctional agency.
2. Persons committed to any county, state or federal program as a civil addict.
3. Persons on parole or civil addict outpatient status under the jurisdiction of any county, state or federal, juvenile or adult correctional agency.
4. Persons on probation.
5. Inmates may initiate requests to correspond with the above by contacting their Correctional Counselor I (CCI). Parolees may initiate request by contacting their Parole Officer (PA).

Inmates may be allowed to correspond with the persons described in subsections 3139(a)(1) through (4) provided those persons meet the criteria of approval of no known gang affiliation, or involvement with a known terrorist group or racketeering enterprise.

The CCI/PA shall interview the inmate/parolee and/or review their C-file/Field File to obtain the information required to process an inmate’s Request for Correspondence Approval, CDC Form 1074 (Rev. 08/87). If an inmate’s request to correspond with another inmate/parolee is denied, the CCI/PA shall advise the inmate in writing.

1. When reviewing the initiating inmate’s C-file, staff shall ascertain whether prior approval exists. If prior approval exists, a copy of the previously approved CDC Form 1074 shall be forwarded to both institutional mailrooms.
2. When an initiating inmate’s request to correspond with another inmate meets the criteria for approval per section 3139(b), and no prior approval exists, the CCI/PAI shall ensure that a CDC Form 1074 is completed.
3. If the request is approved, staff shall retain the fifth page in the C-File/Field File at the requesting institution/parole office. The remaining four pages shall be forwarded, intact, to the institution/parole office/probation office/other county, state or federal facility where the other requested correspondent is housed. Neither a photocopy of the CDC Form 1074, nor the fifth page, shall be forwarded to the C-File or mailroom while the correspondence approval is pending.
4. If the request to correspond is denied at the institution/parole office/probation office/other state correctional facility, the reason for denial shall be annotated on the CDC Form 1074, and it shall be returned, in its entirety, to the sending institution/parole office.
5. Copies/photocopies shall not be delivered to the requested inmate, the receiving institutions mailroom, or the housing unit.
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(6) Upon receipt of the disapproved CDC Form 1074, staff at the sending institution/field office shall ensure that the 2nd page is returned to the initiating inmate.

(7) If correspondence is approved at the institution/parole office, staff shall ensure that the CDC Form 1074 is completed. They shall retain the third and fourth pages for distribution. If the third page and fourth pages are not legible, the CCI/PAI shall make photocopies of the first page prior to forwarding the completed CDC Form 1074 to the sending institution. The approved CDC Form 1074 will be distributed as directed on the form.

(8) Photocopies of the CDC Form 1074 shall not be made for the housing unit(s). The housing units shall not keep records of approved correspondents.

(9) The mailroom supervisor shall establish and maintain a record of approved CDC Form 1074s.

(10) When a CDCR inmate requests to correspond with an inmate in a county, state, or federal facility, or if the request is from a county, state, or federal inmate, the CCI shall ensure that a CDC Form 1074 is completed along with a cover letter that thoroughly explains the need for the CDC Form 1074. If the request is denied, the CCI shall ensure that a letter is forwarded to the requesting agency thoroughly explaining the denial.

(d) There shall be no limits set on the number of times approved inmates/parolees/probationers can correspond with one another unless revoked. The approval to correspond may be revoked due to disciplinary violations involving correspondence between the inmates/parolees or as a result of a classification action based on safety and security. Any such restriction, or revocation of approval, shall be communicated to inmate(s)/parolee(s) and to the warden(s)/parole administrator(s) of the institution/facility where the inmate(s)/parolee(s) are housed.

(e) Wardens at institutions where there are segregated housing units such as, but not limited to, Security Housing Units (SHU), Administrative Segregation Units (ASU), and Psychiatric Services Units (PSU), shall outline in their local procedure any further restrictions on correspondence due to safety and security concerns, limited to those specific housing units.

(f) The most restrictive facility is to correspond with respect to inmate mail privileges is to limit correspondence between inmates to only the following:

   (1) Immediate Family Members as defined in section 3000.
   (2) Co-litigants on active cases, until the case is resolved.
   (3) Incarcerated natural parent of the inmate’s child.

A facility may not restrict mail privileges between an inmate and any of the above three types of correspondents, unless the inmate or the correspondent violates section 3006 or other CCCR section.

(g) Approval to correspond shall remain in effect upon transfer to another departmental facility or another parole office.

(h) If an inmate’s transfer is based on case factors that create security concerns, such as, but not limited to, placement in SHU, ASU, or PSU, a reexamination by committee of all approved correspondence shall be conducted. The CCI shall review and recommend to committee whether to continue approval of the correspondence.

(i) If an institution/parole office receives mail from an unapproved inmate/parolee correspondent, staff shall mark the envelope with “Not an Approved Correspondent” or equivalent language and return it to the sender.

(j) Inmates confined in departmental facilities may correspond with former inmates. Prior approval of the warden, superintendent, or person in charge of the correctional facility is required if the person was discharged from a facility within the past twelve months.


3140. Funds Enclosed in Correspondence.

(a) Funds may be mailed to an inmate in the form of a money order, certified check, personal check, or any other negotiable means except cash and Travelers Checks.

(1) The check or money order shall be made payable to the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation with the inmate’s last name and departmental identification number. This information shall be on the face of the check or money order.

(2) Funds from other inmates/parolees shall be only accepted from approved correspondents, pursuant to section 3139, who are members of the same family, or the parent of the inmate’s child(ren).

(3) Funds received in the mail shall be removed from the envelope by mailroom staff, and the envelope shall be imprinted with a stamp that reads “Funds Enclosed.” The date, amount, and initials of the person processing the funds shall be recorded on the envelope before it is forwarded to the inmate. The stamped envelope is the inmate’s receipt for the funds.

(4) Cash received in incoming mail will be returned to the sender. Mailroom staff shall notify the inmate in writing, informing them that cash was received and will be returned to sender. The envelope containing cash and two copies of the memo will be forwarded to the Inmate Trust Office to be returned to the sender.

(5) Mailroom staff shall arrange the day’s remittances in numerical order. The remittances shall be listed in sequence on the report of collections. This report shall include each inmate’s name, departmental identification number, type of payment amount and the total received.

(b) Generally, inmates are not eligible to receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI) checks from the Social Security Administration, Veteran Affairs Benefits, or Welfare checks from the California Department of Social Services/County Welfare agencies. Depending upon eligibility, inmates may be allowed to receive tax refund checks.

(1) A facility representative shall be appointed by the Associate Warden, Business Services, to assist outside agencies in determining an inmate’s eligibility.

(2) Mailroom staff shall deliver all received SSI, Veteran Affairs Benefits, and/or welfare and tax refund checks to the Inmate Trust Office. The Accounting Officer shall notify the facility representative that checks are being held pending determination of eligibility of the inmates to receive the checks. The facility representative shall notify the appropriate agency.

(3) Unauthorized checks shall be returned to the appropriate agency.

(c) When a U.S. Government check is received for an inmate who is deceased or discharged from CDCR, the check and envelope shall be returned to the sending agency with the necessary information shown as to the inmate being deceased or discharged.

(1) If an inmate has been transferred to another facility, the check shall be forwarded including a note requesting the inmate to notify the state or federal agency of their change of address.

(2) Mail received for inmates who have been paroled shall be forwarded to the office of the parole region to which the inmate was released, or if unable to locate the parolee, the check should be returned to the originating state or federal agency.

(d) Funds not in the form of certified checks shall not be released for spending by the inmate for thirty (30) days from the date of de-
posit into the inmate trust account and must have cleared the bank upon which they were drawn. When personal checks or money orders are received, the face of the envelope in which the funds were received shall be imprinted with a stamp indicating the funds have been accepted at this time. This stamp is not intended to indicate that the funds are immediately available for inmate use, but only that the funds were accepted for processing by the department.

(e) No foreign currency shall be accepted. If foreign currency is received, the entire envelope and its contents shall be returned to sender with a pre-printed notice to the sender which states it is unauthorized.


HISTORY:
1. Numbering of former section 3140 to subsection 3139(j) and new section 3140 filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

2. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 6-27-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 6-27-2011 (Register 2011, No. 26). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a certificate of compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-5-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-27-2011 order, including further amendment of subsection (d), transmitted to OAL 11-21-2011 and filed 1-5-2012 (Register 2012, No. 1).

3141. Confidential Correspondence.
(a) Confidential correspondence is a right guaranteed by law. Using confidential correspondence for personal non-business correspondence, the transmission of contraband items, or the smuggling of letters and other communications to be forwarded to persons not listed in subsection (c) is an abuse of this right and such proven abuse may be subject to disciplinary action as described in Sections 3314 and 3315.
(b) Confidential mail will not be limited to First Class mail standards. Mail received from confidential correspondents will be processed regardless of weight or postage class.
(c) Persons and employees of persons with whom inmates may correspond confidentially and from whom inmates may receive confidential correspondence include:

1. All state and federal elected officials.
2. All state and federal officials appointed by the governor or the President of the United States.
3. All city, county, state and federal officials having responsibility for the inmate’s present, prior or anticipated custody, parole or probation supervision.
4. County agencies regarding child custody proceedings, as clearly identified in the communication and listed on the envelope.
5. All state and federal judges and courts.
6. An attorney at law, on active status or otherwise eligible to practice law, listed with a state bar association.
7. All officials of a foreign consulate.
8. The Secretary, Undersecretary, Chief Deputy Secretaries, Executive Director, Assistant Secretaries, Division Directors, Deputy Directors, Associate Directors, the Chief, Inmate Appeals, and the Lead Ombudsman’s Office of the Department.
9. A legitimate legal service organization that consists of an established group of attorneys involved in the representation of offenders in judicial proceedings including, but not limited to:
   (A) The American Civil Liberties Union.
   (B) The Prison Law Office.
   (C) The Young Lawyers Section of the American Bar Association.
   (D) The National Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers.
   (E) California Appellate Project.
(d) All incoming confidential mail from an attorney or legal service organization shall include the attorney’s name, title, and return address of their office. Institution mailroom staff shall contact the CDCR Office of Legal Affairs Division at Headquarters if there is any question regarding the legitimacy of a legal service organization.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2600 and 5054, Penal Code; and In re Jordan, 12 CA 3rd 575 (1974); and King v. Borg, USDC-ED Case No. CIV. S-87–0519 LKK/PAN/P.

HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of subsection (a) filed 2-19-85 (Register 85, No. 8).
2. Change without regulatory effect adopting new subsection (c)(8) and amending Note filed 8-19-93; operative 8-19-93 (Register 93, No. 34).
3. Repealer of subsection (c)(6) and subsection renumbering filed 8-4-96 as an emergency; operative 8-4-96 (Register 96, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-15-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-8-96 order transmitted to OAL 9-13-96 and disapproved 10-28-96 (Register 96, No. 44).
5. Repealer of subsection (c)(6) and subsection renumbering filed 10-28-96 as an emergency; operative 10-28-96 (Register 96, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-6-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-28-96 order transmitted to OAL 3-3-97 and filed 4-14-97 (Register 97, No. 16).
7. New subsection (c)(4), subsection renumbering, and amendment of Note filed 7-28-97 as an emergency; operative 7-28-97 (Register 97, No. 31). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-3-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-28-97 order, including further amendment of subsection (c)(4), transmitted to OAL 12-2-97 and filed 1-15-98 (Register 98, No. 3).

3142. Processing of Outgoing Confidential Mail.
In order to be accepted and processed as confidential correspondence, an inmate’s letter shall comply with the following requirements:
(a) The letter must be addressed to a person or to the office of a person listed in Section 3141. The address of an attorney must match the address listed with the State Bar.
(b) The inmate’s full name, department identification number, and the address of the facility shall be included in the return address appearing on the outside of the envelope.
(c) The word “confidential” shall appear on the face of the envelope. Failure to do this will result in the letter being processed as regular mail or being returned to the inmate if for any reason the mail cannot be processed as regular mail.
(d) Inmates shall post confidential mail by presenting the mail unsealed to designated staff. In the presence of the inmate, the staff shall remove the contents of the envelope upside down to prevent reading of the contents. Staff shall remove the pages and shake them to ensure there is no prohibited material, consistent with these regulations. If no prohibited material is discovered, the contents shall be returned to the envelope and sealed. Staff shall place their signature, badge number and date across the sealed area on the back of the envelope. Staff shall then deposit the confidential mail in the appropriate depository.
(e) If prohibited material is found in the confidential mail, the prohibited material shall be confiscated; however, the letter may
be returned to the inmate or mailed following the process outlined above. If the prohibited material indicates a violation of the law or intent to violate the law, the matter may be referred to the appropriate authorities for possible prosecution. Administrative and/or disciplinary action shall also be taken against all parties involved.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

### §3143. Processing Incoming Confidential Mail.

Incoming letters must show the name, title, return address and the office of persons listed in Section 3141 on the outside of the envelope to be processed as confidential correspondence. An attorney’s return address must match the address listed with the State Bar. A notice or request for confidentiality is not required on the envelope. Correspondence that is appropriately addressed with a return address that indicates it may be confidential shall be processed and treated as confidential correspondence whether or not it is stamped as such.

(a) Designated staff shall open the letter in the presence of the addressed inmate at a designated time and place. Staff shall not read any of the enclosed material. Staff shall remove the pages and shake them to ensure the absence of prohibited material.

(b) Inmates shall sign for all confidential mail at the time of delivery. This shall be accomplished by use of a permanent logbook or use of receipts. If receipts are used, the receipts shall be forwarded to the mailroom for filing. The log book at a minimum must record the date of delivery, the inmates name and departmental identification number, and the senders name and address.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

### §3144. Inspection of Confidential Mail.

Confidential mail will be opened and inspected for contraband in the presence of the inmate addressee. Inspecting correctional officials will not read any of the contents of the confidential mail. Confidential mail may be further inspected, for cause only.

(a) Cause may include, but is not limited to, the reasonable belief by correctional officials that the letter is not addressed to or is not from an official or official listed in Section 3141 or when other means of inspection indicates the presence of physical contraband in the envelope. In such instances the mail will be opened in the presence of the inmate for determination.

(b) Administrative action may be taken to restrict, for cause, the confidential mail privileges afforded to an attorney pursuant to this Article.

(1) A first offense of a non-serious mail rule violation of the department’s mail regulations shall result in a written warning or up to a six-month suspension of the attorney’s confidential mail privileges. A non-serious mail violation means a violation of the inmate regulations that is not chargeable as a felony but is nevertheless unlawful, such as an enclosure of contraband into the confidential mail, or a misrepresentation of the sender or addressee’s identity.

(2) A second offense of a non-serious mail rule violation shall result in modification/suspension of confidential mail privileges for a period of up to twelve months.

(3) A third offense of a similar nature and/or a first offense that could be charged as a felony that jeopardizes the safety of persons, or the security of the facility, shall result in confidential mail privileges being suspended from one year up to an indefinite period of time.

(4) The attorney must petition the Warden or Director of the Division of Adult Services (DAI) for reinstatement of confidential mail privileges.

The confidential mail privilege may be a statewide suspension for any offense that could be prosecuted as a felony. Only the Director of the DAI or designee shall issue a statewide suspension of confidential mail privileges.

(c) Upon determining that the envelope contains prohibited material or that there is a misrepresentation of the sender’s or the addressee’s identity the letter and any enclosures may be examined and read in its entirety to determine the most appropriate of the following actions:

1. When the prohibited material or misrepresentation of identity indicates a violation of the law or an intent to violate the law, the matter will be referred to the appropriate criminal authorities for possible prosecution. Any case referred to criminal authorities will be reported to the Director of the DAI. When a case is referred to criminal authorities and the determination is made not to prosecute, the fact of the referral and the determination made will be reported to the inmate and to the inmate’s correspondent. The Director of the DAI will be informed of the outcome of all referrals to criminal authorities.

2. When an inmate’s action or complicity indicates a violation of law; the regulations set forth in this article; or approved facility mail procedures; the matter may also be handled by appropriate disciplinary action.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

### §3145. Enclosures in Confidential Mail.

When the inspection of confidential correspondence discloses written or printed enclosures, the enclosures will be treated in the same manner as confidential correspondence. The inmate will not be given the enclosures or be allowed access to the enclosures except as authorized in the following subsections:

(a) The inmate may consent to an immediate examination of the enclosure by staff who issues mail. Such examination will be limited to the extent necessary to determine if the enclosure may be safely admitted into the facility under the standards of Penal Code Section 2601. The conclusion of the examiner will be written on the enclosure, and be dated and signed by the examiner. If the enclosure can be safely admitted into the facility, it will be given to the inmate. If in the examiner’s opinion the enclosure does not meet the standards of Penal Code Section 2601 and cannot be safely admitted into the facility, it will be referred to staff at not less than the Correctional/Facility Captain level, for final determination. If not released to the inmate at this level, the enclosure will be allowed access to the enclosure only as authorized in subsection (b).

(b) The inmate may decline to consent to examination of enclosures in confidential mail by any staff. When this occurs, the enclosure will be immediately placed in a separate envelope and the envelope will be sealed in the presence of the inmate. The separate envelope will, at the inmate’s choosing, be returned to the sender with the mailing cost charged to the inmate’s trust account, or disposed of pursuant to section 3191. The inmate is entitled to keep the letter or correspondence and the envelope it came in.

(c) Any person who examines the content of mail under the authority of this article or in connection with an appeal by an inmate of a ruling under this article, must keep the content of the material
which was examined in strict confidence. No original, copy, excerpt, or summary of personal correspondence to or from an inmate shall be made or be placed in an inmate’s C-file unless such correspondence is or has been the subject of:

1. Legal, disciplinary, criminal investigation, or casework determination and actions affecting the inmate.

2. When the recipient of an inmate’s disturbing or offensive mail corresponds with the facility and requests administrative action, subject to section 3135.

3. If an inmate requests that a copy of personal correspondence be placed in their C-file and the inmate’s caseworker deems it appropriate to do so based on the relationship of the correspondence to the inmate’s incarceration.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a) filed 4-3-2001 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 14).
2. Amendment filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

3146. Mail in Languages Other Than English.

Mail may be subject to a delay for translation of its contents by staff. When such delay exceeds normal mail processing by five business days, the inmate shall be notified in writing of the delay, the reason for the delay, and subsequent determinations and actions regarding that item of mail. If staff are unable to translate the letter and its contents within 20 business days of notice to the inmate, then the letter shall be delivered to the inmate untranslated.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Amendment refiled 6-13-95 as an emergency; operative 6-13-95 (Register 95, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-20-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 12-27-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f). Certificate of Compliance as to 6-13-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-9-95; disapproved by OAL and order of repeal as to 6-13-95 order filed on 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52).
4. Amendment filed 12-27-95 as an emergency pursuant to Government Code section 11346.1; operative 12-27-95 (Register 95, No. 52). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-25-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-27-95 order including amendment of subsections (a)5 and (a)(5)(A), relocation of former subsection (a)(5)(C) to section 3137(b), redesignation and amendment of former subsection (a)(6) to subsection (a)(5)(B), repealer of former subsections (a)(6)(A) through (a)(6)(D) and section renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsections (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8)(C) through (a)(8)(E), and relocation of former subsections (a)(9)(G) through (a)(9)(J) to section 3138(d) through (g) transmitted to OAL 4-25-96 and filed 6-6-96 (Register 96, No. 23).
6. Renumbering of former section 3147 to new section 3133 filed 7-17-2008; operative 7-17-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 29).

Article 5. Inmate Manuscripts

3150. Definitions.

HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect repealing section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

3151. Possession.

Any manuscript as defined in section 3000 remains the property of the inmate who created it. It may be retained in the inmate’s possession except as otherwise described in section 3152.

Comment: Former DP-2502, possession of manuscripts.

HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

3152. Unauthorized or Dangerous Material.

(a) If unauthorized state materials have been used in the creation of a manuscript, the item may be impounded pending disciplinary action and reimbursement by the inmate for materials used.

(b) An inmate will not be permitted to retain in his or her personal possession manuscripts, which violate the provisions of Section 3006. Any such manuscript will be confiscated and disposed of in accordance with the provisions of Section 3006(c), or providing there is no conflict with the regulations governing mail...
and handicraft as set forth in Subchapter 1, Articles 2 and 4 of these regulations, the manuscript and related material may be sent to a person outside the correctional facility as designated by the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new subsection (b) filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).

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TITLE 15

3153. Mailing.
Incoming and outgoing manuscripts will be processed as regular mail in accordance with the provisions of Sections 3136 and 3138.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).

Article 6. Legal Documents

3160. Inmate Access to Courts.
(a) Inmate access to courts shall not be obstructed. Staff shall assist illiterate inmates or those physically incapable of preparing forms adopted under rules of the United States courts and the Judicial Council of California for petitions for habeas corpus or modification of custody if such an inmate requests assistance. Staff shall not in any way retaliate against or discipline any inmate for initiating or maintaining a lawsuit.

(b) In addition to any other court costs, filing fees, or procedures, an inmate initiating a state civil action shall pay a three-dollar ($3) filing fee to the Department.

(1) Civil actions are defined as any non-criminal actions. For the purposes of this regulation, habeas corpus actions are not considered civil actions.

(2) The filing fee shall be charged against the inmate’s trust account.

(3) If the inmate is without sufficient funds at the time of the charge, the civil action shall be allowed to be transmitted to the courts, and the inmate shall not be charged for any remaining balance of the filing fee.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text and new Note filed 10-19-93; operative 11-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43).
2. Newly designated subsection (a), new subsections (b)–(b)(2) and amendment of Note filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 1-3-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 95, No. 30).
4. New emergency amendment filed 7-25-95; operative 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-22-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-25-95 order transmitted to OAL 9-7-95 and filed 10-16-95 (Register 95, No. 42).

3161. Inmate-Owned Legal Materials.
Inmate-owned legal materials/documents, law books and papers shall be limited to the availability of space authorized by section 3190(b) for personal property in the inmate’s quarters/living area except as specified in this section. Inmates may possess up to one cubic foot of legal materials/documents related to their active cases, in excess of the six cubic feet of allowable property in their assigned quarters/living area. Legal materials/documents, law books and papers in excess of this limitation shall be disposed of pursuant to section 3191(c). Inmates may request the institution/facility store excess legal materials/documents related to their active cases(s) when such materials/documents exceed this one cubic foot additional allowance. Inmate-owned law books in excess of the additional allowance shall not be stored by the institution/facility.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text and new Note filed 10-19-93; operative 11-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43).
2. Amendment filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3162. Legal Forms and Duplicating Services.
(a) For purposes of this article, an indigent inmate means an inmate who currently has and for the previous 30 consecutive days has maintained $1.00 or less in his or her inmate trust account.

(b) Legal duplication services may be provided to inmates for the purposes of initiating or maintaining a court action. The printed forms required by state and federal courts shall be made available to inmates. An inmate shall be required to pay for the duplication of printed forms and other written or typed materials, and for any special paper and envelopes required for mailing to the courts so long as the inmate has more than $1.00 in his or her trust account or the inmate has attorney representation for the court action. An inmate who is indigent and is without attorney representation for the court action may receive legal duplicating services without charge subject to subsection (d).

(c) A legal document to be duplicated for any inmate, including all exhibits and attachments, shall be limited to the maximum number of pages needed for the filing, not to exceed 50 pages in total length, except when necessary to advance litigation. The inmate shall provide to designated staff a written explanation of the need for excess document length.

(d) Subject to the length requirements of subsection 3123(c), an indigent inmate who does not have attorney representation may receive duplication services without charge for the following legal documents to a court:

(1) Petition for a writ of habeas corpus.
(2) Traverse, Reply Pleading, and other documents in support of a petition for writ of habeas corpus, as authorized by the court or as required by statute or court rule.
(3) Appeal from the denial of a writ of habeas corpus.
(4) Summons and Complaint for a civil action.
(5) Documents in support of a civil action, as authorized by the court or as required by statute or court rule.
(6) Petition for a hearing in an appellate court.
(7) Appellant’s Brief, Reply Brief, and other documents in support of an appeal, as authorized by the court or as required by statute or court rule.
(8) Petition for a writ of certiorari to the Supreme Court.
(9) Motion to proceed in forma pauperis (as an indigent person).
(10) Additional documents that are necessary to advance litigation. The inmate shall provide to designated staff a written explanation of the need for additional documents.

(e) The authority to place restrictions on duplication services for any reason as described in this section shall not be delegated to staff...
below the level of correctional captain. The reasons for any restrictions on the services provided an inmate shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B (Rev. 4.74), General Chrono, and placed in the inmate’s central file.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).
2. Amendment filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).
3. Amendment of section heading and text filed 10-19-93; operative 11-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43).

3163. Assisting Other Inmates.

One inmate may assist another in the preparation of legal documents, but shall not receive any form of compensation from the inmate assisted. Legal papers, books, opinions and forms being used by one inmate to assist another may be in the possession of either inmate with the permission of the owner. All papers must be returned to the respective owners when either inmate is transferred to another institution or when other administrative action prevents direct communications between the inmates. An inmate may be barred from giving legal assistance to other inmates when violations of regulations and established procedures relate directly to such activities. An inmate will not be barred from giving or receiving legal assistance for violations of regulations and procedures which are unrelated to providing or receiving legal assistance. However, no otherwise prohibited contacts or access to prohibited areas will be permitted because of this regulation.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).

3164. Administrative Segregation.

(a) Inmates confined in administrative segregation for any reason will not be limited in their access to the courts.

(b) During a period of disciplinary detention, as described in Section 3330, legal resources may be limited to pencil and paper which will be provided upon request for correspondence with an attorney or the preparation of legal documents for the courts. Other legal material in the inmate’s personal property may be issued to an inmate in disciplinary detention if litigation was in progress before the inmate’s placement in disciplinary detention and legal due dates are imminent.

(c) Inmates who are housed in any restricted unit and who are not serving a period of disciplinary detention may possess and have access to any legal resource material available to the general population and may assist each other in their legal work to the extent compatible with institution security. For the purpose of this subsection, restricted units include reception centers, institution reception or orientation units, controlled housing and security housing units.

(d) An inmate in a restricted housing unit may have access to an inmate law library subject to the provisions of section 3123.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
2. Repealer and new subsection (d) filed 11-24-2009; operative 12-24-2009 (Register 2009, No. 48).

3165. Mailing Legal Documents.

(a) The mailing of legal documents to courts and claims to the Board of Control (BOC) is the inmate’s responsibility. Mail designated by the inmate as legal mail will be delivered to the facility mail room for inspection, pursuant to Sections 3144 and 3145, and mailing in accordance with local facility mail procedures. The mail room shall maintain a current address list of federal, state, county, appellate, and district courts. The mail room will send mail out each working day.

(b) With each transmittal of mail to a court or claim filed with the BOC requiring the addition of postage, the inmate must submit a signed CDC Form 193, Trust Account Withdrawal Order. The mail room will remove the trust account withdrawal order, enter the amount of postage required, and forward the order to the trust office for processing. Mail addressed to a court or claims addressed to the BOC will be posted on the inmate’s CDC Form 119, Mail Record.

(c) Notarization of legal documents is not normally required by the courts and will not be provided as a free service to any inmate, indigent or not. Inmates must pay the established notary fee for such service.

(d) The cost of postage for mailing documents to the courts will be charged against an inmate’s trust account unless the inmate was indigent, as defined in subsection 3162(a), at the time the documents were submitted for mailing.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
2. New subsection (d) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).
3. Amendment filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (b) and amendment of Note filed 11-18-96; operative 12-18-96 (Register 96, No. 47).
5. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 11-24-2009; operative 12-24-2009 (Register 2009, No. 48).

Article 7. Visiting

3170. General Visiting.

(a) These regulations are made in recognition and consideration of the value of inmate visitation as a means of increasing safety in prisons, maintaining family and community connections, and preparing inmates for successful release and rehabilitation. It is the intent of these regulations to establish a visiting process in the institutions/facilities of the department that is conducted in an accommodating manner as possible, subject to the need to maintain order, the safety of persons, the security of the institution/facility, and required prison activities and operations.

(b) The privacy of inmates and their visitors shall be respected subject to the need to verify the identity of an inmate or visitor; enforce laws, regulations, and procedures; and/or ensure the safety of persons and institution/facility security. Video-recording devices may be utilized in visiting areas, excluding family visiting units or confidential attorney consultation areas.

(c) Visits with inmates may, without prior notification, be terminated, temporarily suspended, or modified in response to an institution/facility emergency as determined by the institution head or designee. Emergency modifications of the visiting schedule shall be posted at the institution/facility as soon as practical and will be included in the automated telephonic visiting information system.
(d) Devices that do not allow physical contact between inmates and visitors shall not normally be used, except as provided in section 3170.1 or as necessary in the following circumstances:

(1) Physical contact with a visitor(s), or with other inmates, will seriously endanger the safety of persons or the security of the institution/facility.

(2) As a temporary measure for willful failure or refusal to abide by visiting regulations.

(e) Each inmate and visitor is responsible for his or her own conduct during visits. Any violation of laws, regulations, or local procedures governing visits may result in termination, suspension, revocation, or denial of visiting with the person or persons involved, as described in section 3176. Such violation may also result in exclusion from the facility, as described in section 3176.3.

(f) Reasonable accommodation shall be afforded visitors and inmates with disabilities to facilitate their full participation in contact, non-contact, or family visiting as provided in these rules.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
2. Amendment filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
3. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 8-23-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
4. Amendment of subsections (a), (c) and (e) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
5. Editorial correction of printing error restoring subsection (g) (Register 94, No. 2).
6. Repealer of former article 7 (sections 3170–3179) and new article 7 (sections 3170–3179) and repealer and new section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
7. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (e) filed 5-22-2003 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 21).

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3170.1 General Visiting Guidelines.

(a) Visiting is permitted only in designated areas and at designated times.

(b) Inmates shall not be permitted to visit during the hours of their assignment to work, training, vocational and/or academic education, except as provided in section 3045.2.

(c) No limitations shall be placed on the number of visitors approved to visit an inmate. However, limitations on the length and frequency of visits may be imposed to avoid overcrowding or the inequitable allocation of visiting time or for other reasons as provided in section 3176.

(1) An inmate shall not be permitted a contact visit with more than five persons, including minors, at the same time. Groups of visitors in excess of five may be accommodated only once per visit by means of rotation through the visiting area. Such rotation shall be considered a single visit in the event it is necessary to terminate a visit in progress in accordance with 3176(a)(9) and (10).

(2) An inmate shall not be permitted a non-contact visit with more than three persons, including minors, at the same time. Groups of visitors in excess of three may be accommodated only one per visit by means of rotation through the visiting area. Such rotation shall be considered a single visit in the event it is necessary to terminate a visit in progress in accordance with 3176(a)(9) and (10).

(d) Visiting with more than one inmate at the same time, shall require that both inmates are approved to visit in the same visiting room, and that either:

(1) The visitors and inmates are immediate family members as defined in Section 3000;

(2) The visitor(s) has prior written approval from the institution/facility head or designee.

(e) Inmates undergoing reception center processing shall be limited to non-contact visiting. If non-contact visiting cannot be accommodated because of physical plant limitations, the institution head shall take such limitations into account in establishing an alternative visiting plan. Inmates with disabilities, who remain at the reception center for extended stays (exceeding 60 days) due to their disability, shall be authorized regular visiting privileges.

(f) Inmates assigned to Administrative Segregation and Security Housing Units shall be eligible for non-contact visits only. On a case-by-case basis, the institution head or designee may allow contact visits for administratively segregated inmates. Visitors who have made appointments in advance for non-contact Administrative Segregation and Security Housing Unit visits shall be given priority. Non-contact visits shall be scheduled in one-hour increments and may be extended based on space availability. When overcrowding occurs, those who have visited at least one-hour and who have been visiting for the longest time may have their visits terminated as outlined in sections 3176(a)(9) and (10).

(g) During contact visits, the inmate and visitor may pass, exchange, or examine any items of property or consume any items of food or beverage that either party is permitted to bring into or purchase in the visiting area, except for items that are contraband under section 3006. Neither the inmate nor the visitor shall take any property items out of the visiting area that were passed or exchanged from the other party, except for legal documents as provided in section 3178 and photographs that were taken during the visit. Neither the inmate nor the visitor shall take any food or beverage items out of the visiting area.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (c)(1) and amending Note filed 5-22-2003 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 21).
4. Amendment of subsection (g) filed 5-25-2010; operative 6-24-2010 (Register 2010, No. 22).

3170.5 Child Victim Visiting Restrictions.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-12-93; as an emergency; operative 8-12-93 (Register 93, No. 33). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-10-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-12-93 order including amendments transmitted to OAL 11-20-93 and filed 1-11-94 (Register 94, No. 2).

3171. Visiting Procedures.

(a) The institution head shall maintain visiting procedures for inmate visiting at each institution/facility. All local visiting procedures must conform to and shall not conflict with the rules and regulations set forth in this article. The degree of informality of
inmate visiting will be consistent with the security requirements of each institution/facility.

(b) Inmates shall be informed of local visiting procedures and shall be given a written summary of all rules, regulations and procedures governing visiting at the institution/facility. Additional copies shall be readily available for inmates to give or send to their visitors. The written summary shall include the institution/facility visiting schedule. This same summary will be conspicuously displayed in all public entrances to the institution/facility and will be available to any interested person. Institutions/facilities shall have the visiting days and hours, as well as appropriate dress standards, clearly published in the visiting centers and in the visitor processing area.

(c) Inmates may refuse to see a visitor. Such refusal shall not result in removal of the visitor from the inmate’s visitor list. To remove a visitor from their approved visitor list, inmates shall submit a written request to the visiting staff. After six months, the inmate may make a written request to have the visitor placed back on their approved visitor list. At this time, the visitor shall reapply for approval to visit by submitting a visiting questionnaire.

(f) Previously approved visitors shall submit a new visiting questionnaire prior to visiting any inmate who has been returned to an institution/facility from parole or admitted into a substance abuse treatment control unit while on parole. The visitor shall not be allowed to visit prior to obtaining the institution/facility approval.

(g) The applicant shall return the completed questionnaire to the institution/facility via common carrier or personal delivery (except as provided in subsection (d) above) addressed to the attention of “Visiting”. Any questionnaire received by the visiting office directly from an inmate shall be disapproved. Approved visitors required to update information in accordance with (e) above, shall, absent information which would warrant immediate disapproval, be allowed to continue to visit pending review and approval/disapproval of the questionnaire.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 8-27-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
2. Repealer and new section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
3. Change without regulatory effect amending Note filed 5-22-2003 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 21).

§ 3172. Applying to Visit an Inmate.

(a) It is the inmate’s responsibility to forward a visiting questionnaire to any prospective visitor.

(b) All adults seeking to visit an inmate shall provide a completed visiting questionnaire and obtain institution/facility approval before they may be permitted to visit with an inmate.

1. An emancipated minor shall apply as an adult visitor, and shall provide a certified copy of the court order granting emancipation.

2. A minor legal spouse of an inmate may apply to visit the inmate as an adult visitor with a certified copy of their marriage license.

(c) Minor visitors shall have prior written approval from a parent or legal guardian unless the minor applies as an adult as provided in (b) above. Except when prior approval has been obtained from the institution head or designee for an inmate to visit with his or her unchaperoned minor children or siblings, visitors under 18 years of age shall be accompanied by an adult who is also approved to visit.

(d) It is a felony for any former prison inmate to come on institution/facility property for any reason, without prior approval of the institution head or designee. Requests must be made in writing and include a visiting questionnaire and a Certificate of Discharge. Parolees and prospective visitors under probation or civil addict outpatient supervision shall provide written proof of permission to make such a visit from their case supervisor.

(e) The visiting approval application process shall include an inquiry of personal, identifying, and the arrest history information of the prospective visitor sufficient to complete a criminal records clearance applicant and a decision by the institution/facility designated staff to approve or disapprove based upon the information provided. This information is subject to periodic review by designated staff. Any change in the visitor’s name, address, telephone number, or arrest history must be reported and may require submission of an updated questionnaire in order to retain the status of an approved visitor.

3172.1. Approval/Disapproval of Prospective Visitors.

(a) The authority to approve or disapprove prospective visitors may be delegated by the institution head. This authority shall not be delegated below the level of a correctional sergeant or parole agent II.

(b) Reasons for disapproving a prospective visitor include but are not limited to the following:

1. The prospective visitor has outstanding arrests/warrants including a Department of Motor Vehicles Failure to Appear notice with no disposition from the court.

2. The prospective visitor has one felony conviction within the last three years or two felony convictions within the last six years or three or more felony convictions during the last ten years.

3. The prospective visitor has any one conviction of the following types of offenses:

   A) Distributing a controlled substance into or out of a state prison, correctional institution/facility or jail.

   B) Transporting contraband (weapons, alcohol, escape and drug paraphernalia, etc.) in or out of a state prison, correctional institution/facility or jail.

   C) Aiding or attempting to aid in an escape or attempted escape from a state prison, correctional institution/facility or jail.

   D) The prospective visitor is a co-offender of the incarcerated inmate.

4. The prospective visitor is a former prison inmate who has not received the prior written approval of the institution head or designee. After one year from the date of a former inmate’s discharge from an institution/facility, or after discharge from parole or outpatient status, the institution head will only deny visiting by a former prison inmate for reasons that would apply to any other person as set forth in this article.

5. The prospective visitor is a supervised parolee, probationer, or on civil addict outpatient status and has not received written permission of his or her case supervisor and/or the prior approval of the institution head.

6. The identity of the prospective visitor or any information on the visiting questionnaire, is omitted or falsified.

(A) If the prospective visitor has omitted information, the request to visit shall be reconsidered when the information is provided.
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(B) If the applicant has falsified information or other request to visit shall be considered until six months after the date of disapproval.
(C) When positive identity cannot be established or clearing the criminal history of the prospective visitor is not possible due to inadequate or conflicting information, the visiting request will be reconsidered when positive identity is established.
(c) The documentation of the approval or disapproval of an application to visit shall be in writing.
(1) If the application is approved, the inmate shall be notified in writing and is responsible for informing their prospective visitor(s) of the institution/facility decision to approve the application.
(2) If disapproved, the prospective visitor and inmate shall both be notified in writing. The prospective visitor’s notification shall include the specific reason(s) for disapproval and instructions regarding the process for reconsideration.
(d) The prospective visitor may appeal the disapproval by following the established visitor appeal process described in section 3179.
(e) Approval to visit an inmate is conditioned upon compliance with all laws, regulations, and procedures governing visitor conduct on institution/facility property.
(f) There are no restrictions on the number of inmates that a visitor may be approved to visit at one or more institution/facility.
(g) Any visitor approved for visiting at one institution/facility shall be approved to visit the same inmate upon transfer to another institution/facility provided the visitor’s approval status remains unchanged.
HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

3172.2. Minimum Visiting Days and Hours.
(a) Each institution/facility shall provide visiting for no less than 12 hours per week. Any reduction of an institution/facility visiting schedule below 12 hours shall require the prior approval of the director or designee. Regular visiting days shall be consecutive and include Saturday and Sunday.
(b) Each institution head shall develop an operational supplement that includes the respective visiting schedules as follows:
(1) Regular Visiting Days: Four days (Thursday through Sunday); or Three days (Friday through Sunday); or Two days (Saturday and Sunday); and
(2) Holiday Visiting Days: New Year’s Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; Christmas Day.
(3) Visiting Appointments: The institution/facility shall specify procedures and criteria for scheduling visiting appointments for non-contact visits in accordance with the provisions of this article.
(c) When a holiday listed in (b)(2) occurs on a day not regularly scheduled for visiting, each institution/facility shall provide the same number of hours of visiting on that holiday as for any single regularly scheduled visiting day.
HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

3173. Processing of Approved Visitors.
(a) Approved visitors shall complete a visitor pass upon their arrival at the institution/facility visitor processing center and their approval to visit shall be verified.
(b) All adult visitors shall present picture identification before being permitted to visit. For each minor, a certified record of birth (official birth certificate, or county embossed abstract of birth) shall be presented during each visit.
(c) Acceptable proof of picture identification for visitors may be, but is not restricted to, the following valid documents:
(1) Driver’s license with picture,
(2) Department of Motor Vehicles identification card with picture,
(3) Picture passport,
(4) Armed forces identification card with picture,
(5) Picture identification cards issued by the United States Department of Justice—Immigration and Naturalization Service, or
(6) Picture identification issued by the Mexican Consulate.
(d) Minors may be allowed to visit an inmate subject to the restrictions of section 3173.1. If the accompanying adult is not the parent or legal guardian of the minor, a notarized written consent shall be required from a person with legal custody of the minor, authorizing the minor to visit while accompanied by a designated adult.
HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsections (h) and (p) filed 8-24-79; effective thirty day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34). For prior history, see 78, No. 33, 78, No. 30; 78, No. 12; 77, No. 127; 77, No. 20, and 77, No. 9.
2. Amendment of subsection (m) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
3. Amendment of subsections (b), (g) and (k) filed 8-23-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
4. Amendment of subsection (f) filed 8-27-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
5. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
6. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (f), (g) and (h) (Register 92, No. 5).
7. New subsections (p) and (q) filed 5-11-98 as an emergency; operative 5-11-98 (Register 98, No. 7). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-11-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-11-98 order transmitted to OAL 5-4-98 and filed 6-16-98 (Register 98, No. 25).
9. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (f) filed 12-18-98 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 98, No. 51).
11. Change without regulatory effect amending Note filed 5-22-2003 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2003, No. 21).

3173.1. Visiting Restrictions with Minors.
(a) For inmates convicted of Penal Code (PC) Section(s) 261, 264.1, 266c, 269, 285, 286, 288, 288a, 288.5, or 289 when the victim is a minor, visitation with the minor victim shall be prohibited, except as authorized by an order of the juvenile court pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 362.6. Visitation pursuant to such an order shall be limited to non-contact status.
(b) For inmates convicted of PC Section(s) 261, 264.1, 266c, 285, 286, 288, 288a, 288.5, or 289 when the victim is a minor, visitation with any minor who is not the victim of the crime shall be limited to non-contact status except as authorized by the Institution Classification Committee.
(c) For inmates convicted of PC Section(s) 273a, or 273d, visitation with the minor victim shall be limited to non-contact status.
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(d) For inmates convicted of violating PC Section(s) 187, 269, 273a, 273ab, or 273d, when the victim is a minor, visitation with any other minor shall be limited to non-contact status except as authorized by the Institution Classification Committee.

(e) When an inmate has been arrested, but not convicted, of any crime involving a minor victim included in this Section, a classification committee shall determine whether all visitation with a minor(s) is to be limited to non-contact status.

Unless otherwise prohibited, the inmate’s visiting status shall be unrestricted until a classification committee has done the following:

(1) Made a case-by-case determination whether the inmate poses a threat of harm to minor visitors in contact visitation.

(2) Considered the circumstances of the misconduct involving a minor victim in determining whether the inmate poses a threat of harm to minor visitors in contact visitation. In making its determination, the classification committee shall consider, but is not limited to, arrest reports, probation officer reports, court transcripts, parole revocation transcripts.

(f) If a classification committee, when making a decision regarding the visiting status of an inmate described in (e) above, determines that the inmate will pose a threat of harm to minor visitors in contact visitation, it will order all the inmate’s visitation with minors be restricted to non-contact visiting status.

(g) If an inmate disagrees with the decision of a classification committee, the inmate may file an inmate grievance via the CDCR Form 602 appeal process as outlined in sections 3084 through 3084.9.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
2. Repealer and new section and amendment of Note filed 12-5-2005 as an emergency; operative 12-5-2005 (Register 2005, No. 49). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-15-2006 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-5-2005 order, including amendment of subsections (f) and (g), transmitted to OAL 4-24-2006 and filed 6-6-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
4. Amendment of subsections (a)-(c) and amendment of Note filed 10-6-2009; operative 10-6-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 41).
5. Amendment of subsection (g) filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3173.2. Searches and Inspections.
(a) Any person coming onto the property of an institution/facility shall be subject to inspection as necessary to ensure institution/facility security including prevention of the introduction of contraband. Inspections may include a search of the visitor’s person, personal property and vehicle(s) when there is reasonable suspicion to believe the visitor is attempting to introduce or remove contraband or unauthorized items or substances into, or out of, the institution/facility.

(b) Visitors shall not be forcibly searched unless institution/facility officials possess a court issued warrant to conduct the search, or are being detained for unlawful actions or activities in accordance with section 3292.

(c) Visitors shall be required to submit to contraband and/or metal detection device(s), and a thorough search of all personal items, including inspection of a wheelchair, implant, prosthetic or assistive device, prior to being allowed to visit with an inmate.

(d) Visitors with medically implanted or prosthetic devices:
1. Visitors with temporary or permanently implanted or prosthetic device(s) who cannot clear the metal detection device and/or visitors who require the use of a wheelchair or other assistive devices for mobility impairment shall present a letter of verification signed by their physician, physical therapist, prosthetist, or orthotist. The letter must confirm the mobility impairment, and/or the nature of the medically implanted or prosthetic device and its specific location in/on the body, and the need for any assistive device.
2. Visitors with a temporary medically implanted or prosthetic device(s) shall be required to renew the verification letter, as described in subsection 3173.2(d)(1), every two years.
3. Visitors with a permanent medically implanted or prosthetic device(s) shall be required to update the verification letter, as described in subsection 3173.2(d)(1), to coincide with any changes to the device(s).

(e) Visitors who require the use of a wheelchair shall temporarily transfer to a designated institution/facility wheelchair, when available, while visiting staff conduct an inspection of the visitor’s wheelchair. Visitors who present a letter signed by their physician that confirms the need for using a battery powered or custom designed wheelchair shall be exempt from the requirement of transferring from their personal wheelchair. In such cases, the visitor shall permit an inspection of the personal wheelchair and allow a hand held metal detection device to be used.

(f) Except as provided in subsection (b), if the search of any visitor’s person, property or vehicle exceeds that which is normally required for all visitors, the visitor shall be informed in writing of the reason for the search and the name of the official ordering the search. Consent shall be obtained from the visitor prior to the search.

(g) A visitor who refuses to be searched shall be denied visiting for that day.
1. The inmate and the visitor who refused to be searched shall be notified in writing as described in section 3176(a)(3).
2. Future visits may be conditioned upon the visitor’s willingness to submit to a search prior to each visit for as long as institution/facility officials have reasonable suspicion to believe that the visitor will attempt to introduce contraband or unauthorized substances into the institution/facility.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
2. Amendment of subsections (a) and (g)(2) filed 4-7-2008; operative 5-7-2008 (Register 2008, No. 15).
3. Amendment of subsection (d) and new subsections (d)(1)–(3) filed 5-25-2010; operative 6-24-2010 (Register 2010, No. 22).

3174. Standards of Dress for Inmate Visitors.
(a) Visitors are expected to dress appropriately and maintain a standard of conduct during visiting that is not offensive to others. Consistent with the goal of making visiting a safe, positive, constructive time for families and staff, the following standards shall apply:
1. Visitors shall remain fully clothed at all times in the visiting room.
2. Appropriate attire includes undergarments; a dress or blouse/shirt with skirt/pants/or shorts; and shoes or sandals.
3. For security reasons, no brassiere will have metal underwires.
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(b) Prohibited attire consists of:
(1) Clothing that resembles state-issued inmate clothing (blue denim or blue chambray shirts and blue denim pants);
(2) Clothing that resembles law enforcement or military-type clothing, including rain gear;
(3) Clothing or garments that:
   (A) Expose the breast/chest area, genitals or buttocks;
   (B) By design, the manner worn, or due to the absence of, excessively allows the anatomical detail of body parts or midriff to be clearly viewed;
   (C) Are sheer, transparent or excessively tight;
   (D) Expose more than two inches above the knee, including slits when standing.
(4) Undergarments shall be worn beneath translucent clothing, under all circumstances.
(5) Gloves, head coverings (except clear, see-through rain gear), and readily removable wigs or hairpieces. The institution head or designee may grant an exception for a visitor to wear gloves, head coverings, and/or readily removable hairpieces or wigs, based upon verification of need. Written approval shall be required prior to visiting and subject to staff inspection during any visit. The institution head or designee may also grant a general exception allowing visitors to wear gloves and head coverings based upon weather conditions at the institution/facility.
(6) Any other clothing, garment or accessory worn in a manner that would be prohibited in (b)(1) through (5) above.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of subsection (e) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
3. Amendment filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).
4. Amendment of subsection (e) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
5. Amendment of subsection (e) filed 8-23-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
6. New subsection (f) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
7. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
8. New subsections (e)(1)–(2) and amendment of Note filed 2-27-95 as an emergency; operative 5-30-95 (Register 95, No. 9). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-6-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. New subsections (e)(1)–(2) and amendment of Note refiled 11-7-95 as an emergency; operative 11-7-95 (Register 95, No. 45). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-14-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
10. Editorial correction of History 9 (Register 96, No. 21).
11. Repealer of subsections (e)(1) and (e)(2) and reinstatement of Note as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 5-30-95 pursuant to Government Code section 11349.6(d) (Register 96, No. 21).
12. New subsections (e)(1) and (e)(2) and amendment of Note filed 6-7-96 as an emergency; operative 6-7-96 (Register 96, No. 23). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-7-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
13. Editorial correction of subsection (e)(2) (Register 96, No. 40).
14. Change without regulatory effect amending Note filed 10-1-96 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 96, No. 40).
15. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-7-96 order transmitted to OAL 10-3-96 and filed 11-18-96 (Register 96, No. 47).
16. Editorial correction of History 9 (Register 99, No. 4).

3175. Standards of Conduct for Inmates and Their Visitors.
(a) Inmates and visitors shall comply with all laws, regulations, and institution/facility procedures. Any violation may result in denial, termination, suspension, restriction, or revocation of visiting as described in section 3176.
(b) Accompanying adults shall ensure that minors remain under their constant control and supervision.
(c) Nursing mothers shall be discreet and covered when breastfeeding their child in the visiting area. Failure to do so shall result in termination of visiting for that day.
(d) Inmates and their visitors may hold hands.
(e) At the beginning and end of each visit, inmates and their visitors may briefly embrace and/or kiss.
(f) An inmate may hold his or her minor children. Inmates may also hold minor children accompanied by an adult.
(g) Except as provided in this section, no other bodily contact shall be permitted.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsections (h) and (i) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
2. Amendment filed 8-23-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).
3. Amendment of subsection (g)(1) filed 2-7-83 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 83, No. 7).
4. Order of Repeal of 2-7-83 emergency order filed 2-10-83 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.6 (Register 83, No. 7).
5. Repealer and new section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

3176. Denial, Restriction, Suspension, Termination or Revocation of Visits and Exclusion of a Person.
The terms “approve,” “disapprove,” “deny,” “restrict,” “suspend,” “terminate,” “revoke,” and “reinstate” as used in this article apply to actions which may be taken by the institution head or designee for the administration of visiting. The director or institution head may, for cause, exclude a person from entering institutions/facilities of the Department. All such actions are subject to the provisions set forth in this article.
(a) The official in charge of visiting may deny an approved visitor access to an institution/facility, terminate, or restrict a visit in progress for the following reasons:
(1) The visitor appears to be under the influence of alcohol, drugs or other substance to the extent that his or her presence in the institution/facility would pose an undue threat to his or her safety or the safety of others, or to the security of the institution/facility.
(2) The visitor does not provide the identification and/or documentation required as set forth in these regulations.
(3) The visitor refuses to submit to a search and inspection of his/her person or vehicles and property brought onto the institution/facility grounds.
(A) Visitors who refuse to submit to an unclothed body search, where probable cause exists, shall have their visiting privileges denied for that day. Future visits may be conditioned upon the visitor’s willingness to submit to an unclothed body search prior to being allowed to visit. Such searches may be repeated on subsequent visits...
for as long as institution/facility officials have probable cause to believe that the visitor will attempt to introduce contraband or unauthorized substances or items into the institution/facility.

(B) The willingness or unwillingness of the visitor to submit to a search shall not affect conditions or restrictions placed on an inmate’s visiting privileges by a disciplinary or classification committee unless the inmate is found in a subsequent disciplinary hearing to have been a conspirator to smuggle contraband into or out of the institution/facility.

(4) Conduct in violation of institution/facility procedures, including excessive physical contact, refusal to follow staff instructions, disruption of the visiting/processing area, destruction or alteration of visiting documents, or any other behavior that would constitute a misdemeanor or felony or repetition of less serious violations and disregard for a warning about such violations.

(5) The visitor is not appropriately dressed.

(6) The visitor is under 18 years of age and the conditions prescribed in section 3173(b) have not been met.

(7) The visitor has a medically implanted or prosthetic device, cannot clear the contraband or metal detection devices, and does not provide the written verification required in section 3173.2(d).

(8) The visitor requires the use of a wheelchair or other assistive device(s) for mobility impairment, but does not provide the written verification as required in section 3173.2(e), or refuses to temporarily transfer to a designated institution/facility wheelchair while the visitor’s personal wheelchair is being inspected.

(9) The maximum capacity of the visiting area has been reached and to allow others to visit it is necessary to terminate the visits of those persons who have been visiting for the longest period of time. Exceptions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

(A) Excessive Distance: The visitor has traveled a distance of 250 miles or more, and has not visited within the last 30 days. This exception applies to two consecutive days of visiting.

(B) Weddings: When an inmate and the visitor’s marriage ceremony occurred on that day.

(C) Disabled: A disabled visitor who must rely on special transportation to the institution/facility.

(D) Family Emergencies: When death, serious illness or injury occurs to an inmate’s immediate family as defined in Section 3000. Clergy or approved visitors may visit the inmate to offer condolences or inform the inmate of the occurrence.

(E) Infrequent Visits: When the visitor has not visited the inmate in the last six months.

(10) When the overcrowding situation persists, visits of those remaining will be terminated as necessary.

(b) Written notification shall be provided to the visitor when action is taken by the official in charge of visiting to deny, terminate or restrict a visit. The written notification shall contain information instructing the visitor how to appeal the action as outlined in section 3179.

(c) The institution head or designee may revoke or suspend an approved visitor’s future visits for a specified period of time for the following reasons:

(1) Information, which would have resulted in disapproval of visits in section 3172.1, becomes known after approval to visit has been granted.

(2) The visitor has been involved in a serious violation or multiple less serious violations of CDC regulations.

(3) Visitors who participate in Sexual Activity in a visiting room may have their access to the visiting program suspended for up to 6 months. A second violation may result in a suspension of up to one year. A third or subsequent violation may result in exclusion.

(d) The ranking custody officer on duty or the official in charge of visiting may restrict visits, but may not deny visiting, as a temporary security measure when an inmate is scheduled for a hearing on a serious rules violation or for classification on an order for placement in administrative segregation. Subsequent disciplinary or classification committee action will supersede any such temporary action.


HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (c) (Register 92, No. 5).
2. Repealer and new section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

Any person seeking entry into an institution/facility for the purpose of visiting an inmate shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations. Any person violating a law, rule or regulation while visiting shall be subject to warning, termination, suspension, and/or revocation of their visiting privileges as described below:

(a) Warning. Visitors may be verbally warned about violations of applicable law, rules, regulations or of local procedures governing visits. When a verbal warning achieves corrective action, a written report of the misconduct or warning is not necessary.

(b) Termination. When verbal warnings and/or restrictions fail to achieve compliance, or fail to deter conduct by a visitor that if committed by an inmate would constitute a serious rules violation, the visit shall be terminated and documented in writing.

(c) Suspension up to six months. For serious or repeated violations of the rules, regulations, or procedures, and/or upon belief of the visitor’s involvement in a criminal act and pending the outcome of an investigation, the official in charge of visiting may impose a suspension of the visitor’s access to the visiting program for up to 6 months. The length of suspension shall be commensurate with the seriousness of the violation.

(d) Suspension up to 12 months. The institution head or designee may impose a suspension of visiting for up to 12 months when a visitor is involved in criminal activity on institution/facility property, which constitutes a misdemeanor.

(e) Suspension up to 24 months. The director or designee may impose a suspension of visiting privileges up to 24 months when a visitor is involved in criminal activity on institution/facility property, which constitutes a felony.

(f) Revocation. Subsequent discovery of information that would have resulted in disapproval or disqualifying conduct are grounds for revocation of the previously granted permission to visit an inmate.

(g) The visitor and the inmate shall be notified in writing of all formal warnings, terminations, suspensions and revocations. The notice shall clearly state the reason for the action and length of time any sanction will apply. The notification shall also include the signature of the official taking the action and advise the visitor of the right to appeal in accordance with section 3179. The notification shall be provided to the visitor at the time of the action or mailed to the visitor’s last known address within five working days of the action.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
§ 3176.2. Violation of State Law on Institution/Facility Property.

Any violation of state law, misdemeanor, or felony committed on institution/facility grounds or property by a visitor may be referred to prosecuting authorities.

(a) Upon determination by the official in charge of visiting that a violation of state law has occurred, the visitor’s access to the visiting program shall be suspended pending investigation, prosecution, and service of any sentence by the court.

(1) If the individual is not prosecuted, or upon completion of any court ordered sentence, approval to visit shall be reconsidered upon the visitor’s written request.

(2) If a court finds the individual not guilty, a prior approval to visit shall be reinstated upon written request of the visitor.

(b) Regardless of the outcome of any referral to prosecuting authorities, future visits are subject to restrictions as provided in section 3176.1.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

§ 3176.3. Exclusion of a Person from Institutions/Facilities.

(a) The term “exclusion” as used in this article describes an administrative action by the director or institution head to bar, for cause, a person from entering institutions/facilities of the department, when that person would otherwise be permitted to enter. The director may delegate the authority for exclusion no lower than the rank of deputy director. The institution head may delegate the exclusion authority not lower than the chief deputy warden. Any person, including employees of the department, attorneys, attorney representatives, representatives of the news media, and delivery persons, may be excluded. The exclusion of a person is effected by issuance of an exclusion order.

(b) Exclusion orders shall be issued only when the director or institution head determines one or more of the following:

(1) The person’s presence in the institution/facility presents a serious threat to security.

(2) The person is charged with a felony.

(3) The person is under investigation for a felony committed on institution/facility property.

(4) The person’s purpose for entering an institution/facility is no longer valid or has been lawfully terminated.

(5) The person has committed any offense described in subsection 3178(a)(3) for which exclusion is an appropriate penalty.

(6) The person has violated subsection 3176(c)(3) for which exclusion is an appropriate penalty.

(c) A temporary exclusion may be ordered pending investigation and/or verification of the cause for exclusion.

(d) The director or designee may exclude a person from any or all institutions/facilities. An institution head or designee may issue an order to exclude a person only from the institution/facility within his/her jurisdiction.

(e) When the institution head’s exclusion order affects an inmate’s attorney, or when the matter may have department wide significance, an immediate telephone report will be made to the director. In all instances of exclusion a written report will be made to the director or designee within two working days of the effective date of the order.

(f) The person excluded shall be provided with written notification of the action taken. The notification shall advise the person that, upon request, a meeting with the official who ordered the exclusion may be arranged at the convenience of both parties, and that he/she may bring other persons to the meeting, including an attorney, and any information or evidence to support his/her position. Following the meeting, the person shall be provided the official’s written decision within 20 working days.

(1) If the exclusion is modified to permit the person’s entry only under special conditions, the reasons shall be given.

(2) If an institution head ordered the exclusion, the person shall also be informed that the decision may be appealed to the director.

(3) A copy of the letter to the person shall be forwarded to the director or designee and a copy shall be retained in the institution/facility files.

(4) If the exclusion letter is rescinded in full, notice of the rescission will be given in writing to the person, with a copy to the director or designee.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b)(5) filed 3-27-2006 pursuant to section 100, title I, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 13).

§ 3176.4. Restriction, Revocation or Suspension of an Inmate’s Visits.

(a) Designated staff, not below the rank of correctional lieutenant or parole agent II, may temporarily impose non-contact visiting restrictions as a necessary security measure for an inmate who is pending a serious disciplinary hearing for the distribution and/or possession/control of a controlled substance, possession of money or other dangerous contraband that has been introduced into the institution/facility, or for other violations related to visiting.

(b) Pursuant to section 3314, a hearing officer conducting an administrative rules violation hearing may restrict an inmate’s visiting privileges for up to 30 days when the inmate is found guilty of visiting related misconduct.

(c) Upon a finding of guilt of a drug related offense, as described in subsections 3323(c)(6) and/or 3323(d)(7), the official conducting a disciplinary hearing, shall suspend and restrict an inmate’s visiting privileges pursuant to subsections 3315(f)(5)(H) and 3315(f)(5)(I).

(d) Pursuant to section 3315, the official conducting a disciplinary hearing may suspend or restrict an inmate’s visiting privileges for up to 90 days, when the inmate is found guilty of any of the following serious rule violations:

(1) Possession of $5.00 or more without authorization.

(2) Visiting related violations presenting a threat as described in section 3315(a)(2).

(3) Serious or repeated violations of visiting regulations or procedures.

(e) Suspension and or restriction of visiting may be imposed by a classification committee for a specific period of time when there is substantial reason(s) to believe that the inmate poses a threat to the security of the institution/facility and or safety of persons.

(1) Separate from the disciplinary authority of the senior hearing officer as provided in section 3315, a classification committee may suspend and restrict the visiting privileges of an inmate found guilty of multiple visiting related violations as described in section 3176.4(d). The committee may impose the following suspensions and restrictions:

(A) Suspension of visiting privileges for up to 90 days, to be followed by non-contact visiting for up to 180 days for any second...
§ 3177

Family Visiting (Overnight)

Inmates may be prohibited from family visiting where subsection (c) (1) and (2) apply.

(a) When a bona fide and verified foster relationship exists between an inmate and another person, by virtue of being raised in the same foster family, the person may be approved for family visiting with the prior approval of the institution head or designee.

(b) Family visiting is a privilege. Eligibility for family visiting shall be limited by the assignment of the inmate to a qualifying work/training incentive program as outlined in section 3044.

(1) Family visits shall not be permitted for inmates convicted of a violent offense involving a minor or family member or any sex offense, which includes but is not limited to the following Penal Code sections: 187 (when the victim is a family member as defined in Section 3000 or minor); 192 (when the victim is a family member or minor); 243.4; 261; 261.5; 262; 264.1; 266c; 266j; 273a; 273d; 273d.6; 285; 286; 288a; 288a; 288.2; 288.5; 289; 289.5; 311.1; 311.2; 311.3; 311.4; 313.1; 314; or 647.6.

(A) Inmates may be prohibited from family visiting where substantial documented evidence or information of the misconduct described in section 3177(b)(1) exists, without a criminal conviction. The evidence or information appropriate for the purpose of this regulation shall include rule violation reports as well as the standard described in section 3173.1.

(B) Family visiting shall be restricted as necessary to maintain order, the safety of persons, the security of the institution/facility, and required prison activities and operations, pursuant to section 3170.

(2) Family visits shall not be permitted for inmates who are in any of the following categories: sentenced to life without the possibility of parole; sentenced to life, without a parole date established by the Board of Prison Terms; designated Close A or Close B custody; designated a condemned inmate; assigned to a reception center; assigned to an administrative segregation unit; assigned to a security housing unit; designated "C" status; guilty of one or more Division A or Division B offense(s) within the last 12 months; or guilty of narcotics distribution while incarcerated in a state prison.

(C) Family visits shall be permitted only in CDC institutions and conservation camps.

(d) Inmates shall not be eligible for a family visit while any action that restricts, suspends, or denies their contact with a visitor or visitors during regular visiting is in effect. Family visits may be revoked or suspended without such action affecting an inmate’s eligibility for contact or non-contact visits.

(e) Each inmate shall be subject to disciplinary action, which may include suspension or exclusion from participation in the family visiting program, for any willful damage of the unit and/or furnishings or for failure to maintain the cleanliness of the family visiting program unit.

(f) Visitors failing to report to the visitor processing area by 11:00 a.m. without the notification and approval of the family visiting coordinator are subject to cancellation of the visit and suspension of family visiting program privileges for six months.

(g) Inmates with a disability requiring an accommodation for family visits shall give 72 hours notice of any request for accommodation.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).

2. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 7-19-2011; operative 8-18-2011 (Register 2011, No. 29).

3000, including registered domestic partners, are authorized for family visits.

(a) When a bona fide and verified foster relationship exists between an inmate and another person, by virtue of being raised in the same foster family, the person may be approved for family visiting with the prior approval of the institution head or designee.

(b) Family visiting is a privilege. Eligibility for family visiting shall be limited by the assignment of the inmate to a qualifying work/training incentive group as outlined in section 3044.

(1) Family visits shall not be permitted for inmates convicted of a violent offense involving a minor or family member or any sex offense, which includes but is not limited to the following Penal Code sections: 187 (when the victim is a family member as defined in Section 3000 or minor); 192 (when the victim is a family member or minor); 243.4; 261; 261.5; 262; 264.1; 266c; 266j; 273a; 273d; 273d.6; 285; 286; 288a; 288a; 288.2; 288.5; 289; 289.5; 311.1; 311.2; 311.3; 311.4; 313.1; 314; or 647.6.

(A) Inmates may be prohibited from family visiting where substantial documented evidence or information of the misconduct described in section 3177(b)(1) exists, without a criminal conviction. The evidence or information appropriate for the purpose of this regulation shall include rule violation reports as well as the standard described in section 3173.1.

(B) Family visiting shall be restricted as necessary to maintain order, the safety of persons, the security of the institution/facility, and required prison activities and operations, pursuant to section 3170.

(2) Family visits shall not be permitted for inmates who are in any of the following categories: sentenced to life without the possibility of parole; sentenced to life, without a parole date established by the Board of Prison Terms; designated Close A or Close B custody; designated a condemned inmate; assigned to a reception center; assigned to an administrative segregation unit; assigned to a security housing unit; designated "C" status; guilty of one or more Division A or Division B offense(s) within the last 12 months; or guilty of narcotics distribution while incarcerated in a state prison.

(3) Family visits shall be permitted only in CDC institutions and conservation camps.

(c) Unescorted minors of the inmate’s immediate family shall not participate in family visits. Exceptions include an inmate’s legal spouse, the inmate’s children or legal stepchildren and the inmate’s own brothers or sisters when the institution head or designee approves such unchaperoned visits.

(d) Inmates shall not be eligible for a family visit while any action that restricts, suspends, or denies their contact with a visitor or visitors during regular visiting is in effect. Family visits may be revoked or suspended without such action affecting an inmate’s eligibility for contact or non-contact visits.

(e) Each inmate shall be subject to disciplinary action, which may include suspension or exclusion from participation in the family visiting program, for any willful damage of the unit and/or furnishings or for failure to maintain the cleanliness of the family visiting program unit.

(f) Visitors failing to report to the visitor processing area by 11:00 a.m. without the notification and approval of the family visiting coordinator are subject to cancellation of the visit and suspension of family visiting program privileges for six months.

(g) Inmates with a disability requiring an accommodation for family visits shall give 72 hours notice of any request for accommodation.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).

2. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).

3. Amendment of subsection (c)(4) and new subsection (c)(13) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).

4. Amendment of subsection (c)(11)(C) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No 16).

5. Amendment of subsection (c)(10)(C) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).

6. Amendment of subsections (c)(11)(B) and (c)(12) filed 8-23-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 35).

7. Amendment of subsection (c)(3) filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).

8. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (c)(9)(C) filed 9-26-95 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 39).

9. New subsections (c)(11)(D) and (E) and subsection relettering filed 2-11-98 as an emergency; operative 2-11-98 (Register 98, No. 7). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-11-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

10. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-11-98 order transmitted to OAL by 5-4-98 and filed 6-16-98 (Register 98, No. 25).


12. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b)(1) filed 12-4-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 49).

3178. Attorney Visitation and Consultation.  
(a) The provisions of this section apply to any attorney or legal service organization as identified in section 3141(c)(8) authorized to practice law in California, another state, or the District of Columbia.  
(b) A private consultation between an inmate and his or her attorney or attorney representative is known as an attorney visit. Attorney visits shall be conducted in a confidential area specified by the institution/facility. Attorney visiting shall normally be accommodated during the institution/facility regularly scheduled visiting days and hours. Where regular visiting is scheduled on both weekdays and weekends, the scheduling preference will be on weekdays because of the personnel and resources needed for the greater volume of weekend visits by friends and relatives.  
(1) When an institution/facility visiting schedule only provide(s) for visiting on weekends an attorney visit shall be scheduled during normal weekday business hours upon written request of the attorney or attorney representative.  
(2) The institution head or the official in charge of visiting has the discretion to authorize a contact attorney visit for an inmate on non-contact visiting status.  
(3) If an attorney, or attorney representative, does not desire private accommodations, the attorney or attorney representative may visit the inmate on any scheduled visiting day and shall be provided the same accommodations including the schedule, as a regular visitor.  
(c) An attorney or court may designate other persons to act on their behalf as attorney representatives.  
(1) Attorney representatives must be one of the following:  
(A) A private investigator licensed by any state and sponsored by the attorney or appointed by the court.  
(B) An investigator who is employed by a government agency, public agency or public institution.  
(C) A law student sponsored by the attorney.  
(D) A legal para-professional sponsored by the attorney or appointed by the court.  
(E) An employee of an attorney, legitimate legal service organization, or licensed private investigator who is sponsored by the attorney or licensed private investigator.  
(2) Personnel retained by an attorney or attorney representative, including, but not limited to certified sign language interpreters, certified language interpreters and court reporters may accompany the attorney or attorney representative during the private consultation and are required to provide the information requested in (c)(3) below. Licensed mental or medical health care professionals may also serve as attorney representatives and do not have to be accompanied by the attorney.  
(3) The designation shall be in writing and signed by the attorney and/or judge, and shall contain the following:  
(A) The designee’s name and position of employment or title.  
(B) The designee’s date of birth, driver's license and social security number.  
(C) Certification, in the form of a license that the representative is a licensed private investigator retained by the attorney or appointed by the court; or valid identification that the investigator is employed by a government agency, public agency, or public institution; or a letter in the form of a declaration, that the attorney representative is being sponsored by the attorney and that the attorney accepts responsibility for all actions taken by the attorney representative.  
(D) The name and CDC number of the inmate(s) to be visited.  
(E) The designation shall be presented by the representative at the time of their visit and shall be subject to verification by institution/facility staff.  
(g) While five days notice to schedule an attorney visit is requested an approved attorney or approved attorney representative shall provide the institution/facility with no less than two business days notice to schedule a private consultation with an inmate. In an emergency, appointment requests may be cleared through the institution head or designee.  
(h) Upon arrival at the institution/facility, the approved attorney shall be processed into the institution/facility in the same manner and under the same restrictions as regular visitors. Attorneys shall also be required to present their state bar card or other similar documentation that the attorney is currently registered in good standing with a governing bar association. In order to obtain approval/clearance, the attorney shall provide the following personal and professional information in writing (including via facsimile): name; mailing address; date of birth, valid driver's license or state-issued identification card number; proof of current registry and good standing with a governing bar association; and indication of the jurisdiction(s) licensed to practice law. Requesting attorneys must also report any prior felony convictions, explain any prior suspension or exclusion from a correctional facility and declare one or more of the following:  
(i) They are the inmate’s attorney either by appointment by the court or at the inmate’s request;  
(j) They have been requested by a judge to interview a named inmate for purposes of possible appointment as counsel by the same court;  
(k) They are requesting to visit an inmate who may be a witness directly relevant to a legal process, purpose, or proceeding;  
(l) They are seeking to interview a named inmate, at the request of the inmate, for the purpose of representation of the inmate in a legal process, for a legal purpose or in a legal proceeding.  
(m) They have been requested by a third party to consult with the inmate when the inmate cannot do so because of a medical condition, disability, or other circumstance.  
(n) Any false statement or deliberate misrepresentation of facts specific to the information requested in subsection (d) above shall be grounds for denying the request and/or cause for subsequent suspension or exclusion from all institutions/facilities administered by the department.  
(f) Upon receipt of the information specified in (d) above, a California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System check of the attorney through the Department of Justice and verification of the attorney’s credential through the governing state bar will be conducted. Once the clearance and state bar verification have been obtained and approved, the attorney shall be contacted to schedule the initial in-person visit with the specified inmate(s). Attorneys and attorney representatives must report any change in personal or professional information, arrest history and declarations made in subsections (c) and (d) above to retain their approval/clearance.  
(i) To follow-up on information obtained during a private consultation with an inmate, attorneys or attorney representatives may request to visit inmates other than those already formally represented. Such requests shall be considered subject to reasonable and unduly disrupts an institutional function, e.g.,
interferes with count or feeding, it will be deemed unreasonable and the request will be denied.

(j) When there is cause to believe an attorney or a legal service organization is abusing the privilege of private consultation with the inmate, the institution head is authorized to:

(1) Require proof that the inmate and attorney are involved in active litigation or have a legitimate legal reason for contact.

(2) Initiate an investigation of the facts and circumstances of the situation.

(k) An attorney request for the deposition of an inmate shall be made in writing to the institution head. The request shall include:

(1) The name and CDC number of the inmate.

(2) The name and other identifying information of the court reporter.

(3) The specific date and time requested for taking the deposition.

(l) Any and all items including written or printed materials given to the inmate by the attorney or attorney representative, it shall be returned to the attorney/attorney representative.

(m) Conversations between an inmate and an attorney or attorney representative shall not be listened to or monitored, except for that visual observation by staff, which is necessary for the safety and security of the institution/facility.

(n) All items, including legal documents permitted into the security area, shall be inspected for contraband and/or unauthorized items or substances. The inmate may retain and take from the visiting area any legal documents given to him or her by the attorney or attorney representative, providing the inmate consents to staff examination of the documents for contraband or unauthorized items or substances.

(o) After proper inspection, written and printed material may be exchanged. The attorney or attorney representative may retain and take from the visiting area any legal documents given to him or her by the inmate and not otherwise prohibited by law or these regulations.

(p) An attorney or attorney representative may be permitted, with the inmate’s consent, to audio record the inmate’s interview.

(1) The institution/facility shall make audio recording equipment available for such use. The interviewer may use personal recording equipment providing the equipment can be thoroughly inspected by staff before entry into the institution/facility.

(2) The attorney or attorney representative must provide a factory sealed audiocassette/compact disk(s).

(q) The institution head or designee may authorize video recording of inmate interviews, with the inmate’s consent.

(1) Video recording equipment provided by the attorney shall be thoroughly inspected by staff before entry into the institution/facility and searched for contraband.

(2) If the attorney’s or attorney representative’s video equipment cannot be thoroughly searched without an undue risk of damage, the equipment shall be permitted only if the attorney or attorney representative agrees to pay for staff to escort and control the equipment while inside the institution/facility. The pay for such staff escorts shall be at the state established hourly wage, including rates for overtime when necessary.

(r) The attorney or attorney representative must provide factory sealed videocassette(s).

(s) Attorneys shall not be permitted to attend or participate in any conference or committee meeting of staff and the inmate concerned, except as may be authorized in these regulations.

(t) Administrative action may be taken by the institution/facility head or designee to restrict, where cause exists, the confidential privileges, including confidential visiting, mail and/or telephone privileges, and/or normal visiting privileges afforded an attorney or attorney representative based upon the schedule contained in this section:

(1) A written warning notifying the attorney or attorney representative that the offender’s confidential legal privileges are subject to modification/suspension and that the offender will be subject to exclusion for a minimum of six months. Written warnings are appropriate for minor infraction or violations of the institution/facility regulations, i.e., violations that cannot be prosecuted as either a misdemeanor or felony.

(2) Modification, suspension, or exclusion of visiting privileges for a period of at least six months shall occur in the event that the written warning above fails to deter or correct the offending behavior.

(3) Committing an act that jeopardizes the life of a person, violates the security of the facility, constitutes a misdemeanor or a felony, or is a recurrencer of previous violations shall result in a one-year to lifetime exclusion depending on the severity of the offense in question. Exclusions shall be made in accordance with section 3176.3 and the appeal process in section 3179.

(u) All appeals related to institution/facility procedures or staff decisions shall be addressed to the institution head. A written appeal shall be provided within 15 working days from receipt of the appeal. If dissatisfied with the institution/facility response or
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action, the appellant may refer the appeal, with a copy of the institution/facility decision, to the director or designee.

(c) Appeals related to visiting shall be addressed to the director. A written response to appeals addressed to the director shall be provided within 20 working days from the date of receipt.

(d) All subsequent decisions made as the result of an appeal and the reasons for the decisions shall be documented with a copy to the appellant and/or inmate. Visiting privileges shall be promptly approved or restored when an investigation concludes that no violation of rules, regulations, or procedures took place.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3182 to section 3179 filed 6-26-95 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 26).
2. Repealer and new section filed 2-18-2003; operative 3-20-2003 (Register 2003, No. 8).
3. Amendment of subsection (a)(1) filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3182. Minimum Visiting Days and Hours.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-13-93 as an emergency; operative 1-13-93 (Register 93, No. 3). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 5-13-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 5-21-93 as an emergency; operative 5-21-93 (Register 93, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-20-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-21-93 order transmitted to OAL 9-14-93; disapproved by OAL on 10-13-93 (Register 93, No. 42).
4. New section refiled 10-14-93 as an emergency; operative 10-14-93 (Register 93, No. 42). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-11-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Editorial correction adding History 2 (Register 93, No. 42).
6. New section refiled 3-9-94; operative 3-9-94 (Register 94, No. 10).
7. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3182 to Section 3179 filed 6-26-95 pursuant to Section 100; Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 26).

Article 8. Tobacco

3180. General Policy.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).
2. Repealer and new section filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
3. Repealer filed 2-6-90; operative 3-8-90 (Register 90, No. 6).

3181. Quantity.

1. Repealer of article 8 and section filed 10-29-90; operative 11-28-90 (Register 91, No. 6).

3187. Smoking Policy.

(a) The terms below are defined for the purposes of this section:

1. Smoke or Smoking means the inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying of any lit cigarette, cigar, pipe, or smoking paraphernalia used for consuming the smoke of tobacco or any other burning product.
2. Use means the use of any tobacco product.
3. Residential Space means the private living areas of staff. Residential Space does not include the living areas of inmates or family visiting areas. Residential space includes, but is not limited to, residential areas at institutions, correctional training academies, and conservation camps.
4. Facility means any building, areas of any building, or group of buildings owned, leased, or utilized by the Department. This shall include, but not be limited to, institutions, conservation camps, community correctional facility, and reentry furlough, and restitution centers.
5. No person shall smoke within 20 feet of any operative window of, entrance/exit to, or within the interior of any state owned or state occupied building, with the following exceptions:
6. Residential spaces of staff excluding correctional training academies, Bachelor Officer Quarters (BOQ) at conservation camps, and designated non-smoking housing on institutional grounds. For these excluded areas, smoking will be permitted for staff in designated areas at designated times.
7. In areas designated by each institution head for the purpose of approved inmate religious ceremonies as specified.
8. In addition to (b), no person shall smoke in any area that may pose a safety or security risk, e.g., within any fire hazardous areas.
9. Signs shall be posted at entrances of all areas designated no smoking and, as necessary, any other outside areas of a facility not designated for smoking, along with a citation of the authority requiring such prohibition.
10. No person shall smoke in any vehicle that is state-owned or leased by the state.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3188 to new section 3187, including amendment of section and Note, filed 7-7-2005 as an emergency; operative 7-7-2005 (Register 2005, No. 27). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-14-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-7-2005 order transmitted to OAL 12-13-2005 and filed 1-26-2005 (Register 2006, No. 4).

3188. Tobacco Products.

(a) The terms below are defined for the purposes of this section:
1. Advertise means the display or posting of any poster, sign, or other written or visual material that serves to communicate commercial information or images to the public.
2. Tobacco product means any product that contains tobacco, the prepared leaves of any plant belonging to the nicotiana family, which shall include, but not be limited to, cigarettes, loose tobacco, cigars, snuff, chewing tobacco, or any other preparation of tobacco, tobacco substitutes, smoking paraphernalia, and all other items developed or processed for the primary purpose of facilitating the use or possession of tobacco or tobacco related products as well as packaging material. Packaging material includes, but is not limited to, snuff or cigarette containers.
3. No tobacco product shall be advertised in any department-owned or -occupied facility with the exception of advertisements contained in a program, leaflet, newspaper, magazine, or other written material lawfully sold, bought, or distributed within a facility.

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(c) Staff shall not use or possess tobacco products in the presence of inmates. No person shall possess or use tobacco products on the grounds of any institution/facility that houses or detains inmates, under the jurisdiction of the Department, except for the following:

1. The use of tobacco products may be departmentally approved in inmate religious ceremonies.

2. Tobacco products for personal use off facility grounds are permitted when secured in a locked private vehicle.

3. Tobacco products for personal use are permitted in residential spaces of staff where inmates are not present. Use of tobacco products in residential space at correctional training academies, and in BOQ’s at conservation camps, will be permitted only in designated areas with designated times to be determined by local operational procedures.

4. Tobacco cessation products such as a patch, inhaler, or lozenges are permitted for use by staff, and must be for immediate personal use only.

(d) On July 1, 2005 and thereafter, smoking, possession, or use of tobacco products by inmates under the jurisdiction of the Department, or any other persons where inmates are housed or detained, except as provided in (c), is prohibited and tobacco products will be considered contraband in accordance with section 3006.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-18-94 as an emergency; operative 8-18-94 (Register 94, No. 33). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-16-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-18-94 order transmitted to OAL 12-16-94 and filed 1-26-95 (Register 95, No. 4).

3. Amendment of section heading and new subsection (c) filed 12-1-98 as an emergency; operative 12-1-98 (Register 98, No. 49). Pursuant to Penal Code 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-10-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-1-98 order transmitted to OAL 5-7-99 and filed 6-4-99 (Register 99, No. 23).

5. Renumbering of former section 3189 to section 3188 and new section 3189 filed 7-7-2005 as an emergency; operative 7-7-2005 (Register 2005, No. 27). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-14-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


Article 9. Personal Property

3190. General Policy.

(a) Inmates shall be permitted to possess in their quarters/living area, state-issued property items, and authorized personal property items based upon privileges in section 3044 and/or assigned security level and/or institution mission, and subject to disciplinary provisions in sections 3314 and 3315.

(b) Specific items of personal property shall be established by a consensus of individual facilities within each of five mission-based regions of the Division of Adult Institutions. A list of allowable property shall be developed and updated by each mission-based region no more frequently than twice yearly. Local exceptions to the individual mission-based property lists shall also be identified.

All changes to the Authorized Personal Property Schedule shall be adopted in accordance with the rulemaking requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (Government Code Sections 11340 through 11364).

The following five mission-based regional property lists are incorporated by reference:

1. Authorized Personal Property Schedule—Reception Centers (Rev. 2/1/08). This personal property schedule applies to the following facilities:
   (A) California Institution for Men—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (B) Deuel Vocational Institution—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (C) North Kern State Prison—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (D) Richard J. Donovan Correctional Facility—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (E) San Quentin State Prison—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (F) Wasco State Prison—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (G) California Correctional Institution—Reception Center and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
   (H) California State Prison, Los Angeles County—Reception Center Housing only.
   (I) High Desert State Prison—Reception Center Housing only.
(COCF) and Community Correctional Facilities (Rev. 2/1/08). This personal property schedule applies to the following facilities:
(A) Avenal State Prison—Levels I and II General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(B) California Correctional Center—Levels I, II, III General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit Housing and Male Conservation Camps.
(C) California Institution for Men—Level I General Population Housing only.
(D) California Rehabilitation Center—Levels I and II General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(E) California State Prison, Solano—Levels II and III General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(F) Correctional Training Facility—Levels, I, II, and III General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(G) Chuckawalla Valley State Prison—Levels I and II General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(H) Deuel Vocational Institution—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(J) Ironwood State Prison—Levels I and II General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing.
(K) Pleasant Valley State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.
(L) California Substance Abuse Treatment Facility and State Prison, Corcoran—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(M) North Kern State Prison—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(N) Richard J. Donovan Correctional Facility—Levels I and III General Population Housing only.
(O) San Quentin State Prison—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(P) Sierra Conservation Center—Levels I, II and III General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit Housing and Male Conservation Camps.
(Q) Wasco State Prison—Levels I and III General Population Housing only.
(R) Calipatria State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.
(S) Centinela State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.
(T) California Men’s Colony—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(U) California Medical Facility—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(V) California State Prison, Los Angeles County—Level I General Population Housing only.
(W) Mule Creek State Prison—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(X) California Correctional Institution—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(Y) Corcoran State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.
(Z) High Desert State Prison—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(AA) California State Prison, Sacramento—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(BB) Pelican Bay State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.
(CC) Kern Valley State Prison—Level I General Population Housing only.

(DD) Salinas Valley State Prison—Levels I and II General Population Housing only.
(EE) Authorized Personal Property Schedule—Levels III and IV (Rev. 2/1/08). This personal property schedule applies to the following facilities:
(A) Calipatria State Prison—Level IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(B) Centinela State Prison—Level III General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(C) California Men’s Colony—Level III General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(D) California Medical Facility—Level III General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(E) California State Prison, Los Angeles County—Level IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(F) Mule Creek State Prison—Levels III and IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(G) Pleasant Valley State Prison—Levels III and IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(H) California Substance Abuse Treatment Facility and State Prison, Corcoran—Levels III and IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(I) Richard J. Donovan Correctional Facility—Level IV General Population Housing only.

(4) Authorized Personal Property Schedule—High Security and Transitional Housing (Rev. 2/1/08). This personal property schedule applies to the following facilities:
(A) California Correctional Institution—Level IV General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit and Security Housing Unit Housing only.
(B) Corcoran State Prison—Levels III and IV General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit and Security Housing Unit Housing only.
(C) High Desert State Prison—Levels III and IV General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(D) Kern Valley State Prison—Level IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(E) Pelican Bay State Prison—Level IV General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit and Security Housing Unit Housing only.
(F) California State Prison, Sacramento—Level IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.
(G) Salinas Valley State Prison—Levels III and IV General Population and Administrative Segregation Unit Housing only.

(5) Authorized Personal Property Schedule—Female Offenders Programs (Rev. 2/1/08). This personal property schedule applies to the following facilities:
(A) Central California Women’s Facility—Levels I, II, III and IV General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit and Reception Center Housing.
(B) California Institution for Women—Levels I, II and III General Population, Administrative Segregation Unit and Reception Center Housing.
(C) Valley State Prison for Women—Levels I, II, III and IV General Population, Reception Center, Administrative Segregation Unit and Security Housing Unit Housing.

Facilities are subject to the Authorized Personal Property Schedule exemptions that have been granted to particular institutions and which are identified at the beginning of each of the property lists referenced in subsections 3190(b)(1) through 3190(b)(5) above.

(c) The combined volume of state-issued and allowable personal property items shall not exceed six cubic feet, except as specifically allowed in these regulations.
Upon an inmate’s transfer between institutions of the department, the sending institution shall inventory the inmate’s property and, pursuant to section 3191 ensure the proper disposition of property not allowed at the receiving institution as a result of privilege group, and/or security level, and/or institution mission changes.

Inmates may acquire authorized personal property packages based upon their privilege group, pursuant to section 3044. Personal property packages shall be ordered by inmates or their correspondents via a departmentally-approved vendor. All packages shall be shipped to the inmate’s institution/facility by the departmentally-approved vendor in a sealed container.

Inmates may possess allowable food and personal care/hygiene items, and personal clothing in their quarters/living areas, subject to section 3190(a), unless otherwise prohibited by these regulations. The total volume of canteen merchandise retained in possession of an inmate shall be pursuant to section 3094. Inmates shall be required to maintain their purchase receipt to verify purchases until such items are expended.

Inmates shall be restricted to only clear (see-through) personal care/hygiene items encased in clear containers or tubing based upon industry availability. An exemption shall be authorized by the institution’s health care manager or chief medical officer when an exemption to the clear item and/or clear case requirement is deemed medically necessary by a physician. Such exemption shall not exceed one (1) year. If the condition persists, the inmate shall submit another exemption request.

Inmates shall only be permitted to possess state-issued clothing and authorized personal clothing subject to section 3190(a).

Inmates shall be allowed special purchases of authorized personal property items from locally-approved special purchase vendors (except as provided for publications (including books and subscriptions to periodicals) in Sections 3190(i)(2) and 3190(i)(7) below). The institution head or designated staff shall ensure approved vendor catalogs and order forms are available to inmates who qualify. Special purchases shall only include the following:

1. Health Care Appliances, subject to prescription by health care staff and approval by designated custody staff, shall be excluded from the six cubic foot limitation of section 3190(c).

2. Legal Material, including legal reference material, books, and legal pads not available in the institution canteen, pursuant to section 3161. There shall be no “Approved Vendor Lists” for any legal publications. Inmates may receive legal publications from any publisher, book store or book distributor that does mail order business.

3. Correspondence Courses, subject to approval by supervisor of correctional education programs and designated custody staff.

4. Religious Items, subject to approval by institutional chaplain and designated custody staff.

5. Handicraft Material, subject to approval by handicraft manager and designated custody staff.

6. Entertainment Appliances and Musical Instruments, subject to qualifying privilege group and/or security level/institution mission.

7. All publications, including books and subscriptions to periodicals, subject to section 3006. There shall be no “Approved Vendor Lists” for any publications. Inmates may receive publications from any publisher, book store or book distributor that does mail order business.

Inmates may be allowed to possess appliances and one musical instrument as follows:

1. Inmates assigned to Privilege Groups A or B may possess up to three approved appliances in their quarters/living area and shall not exceed the six cubic feet maximum limitation. One musical instrument with case not exceeding 46” x 24” x 12” may be substituted as one of the three appliances.

2. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group C may not possess entertainment appliances and/or a musical instrument. Inmates placed on Privilege Group C pursuant to a classification committee action, shall be required to dispose of the entertainment appliance(s) and/or musical instrument in accordance with section 3191(c).

3. Inmates assigned to Security Housing Unit/Psychiatric Services Unit (SHU/PSU) may possess or acquire one television or one radio or one television/radio combination unit. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group D shall not possess a musical instrument.

4. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group U shall not possess any appliances or musical instruments.

5. Inmates housed at conservation camps shall not possess a television or television/radio combination.

6. Inmates may be allowed to possess appliances and one musical instrument with case not exceeding 12” x 32” x 12”. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group E shall not possess any appliances or musical instruments.

7. Inmates may be allowed to possess appliances and one musical instrument with case not exceeding 46” x 24” x 12” may be substituted as one of the three appliances.

8. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group C may not possess entertainment appliances and/or a musical instrument. Inmates placed on Privilege Group C pursuant to a classification committee action, shall be required to dispose of the entertainment appliance(s) and/or musical instrument in accordance with section 3191(c).

9. Inmates assigned to Security Housing Unit/Psychiatric Services Unit (SHU/PSU) may possess or acquire one television or one radio or one television/radio combination unit. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group D shall not possess a musical instrument.

10. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group U shall not possess any appliances or musical instruments.

11. Inmates housed at conservation camps shall not possess a television or television/radio combination.

12. Inmates may be allowed to possess appliances and one musical instrument with case not exceeding 12” x 32” x 12”. Inmates assigned to Privilege Group E shall not possess any appliances or musical instruments.

13. Inmates may be allowed to possess appliances and one musical instrument with case not exceeding 46” x 24” x 12” may be substituted as one of the three appliances.
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3191. Property Registration and Disposition.
(a) Registrable personal property must be registered under the inmate’s name and number in the institution’s inmate property records.

(b) Inmates are required upon request by institution staff to properly account for all registrable personal property registered in their name and number. An inmate’s failure to possess or properly account for personal property registered in the inmate’s name and number, or possession of property which is not registered in the inmate’s name and number will be cause for disciplinary action, including confiscation of the unregistered property. In all instances of confiscation, every reasonable effort will be made to determine the rightful owner of the property. The property will be returned to its rightful owner unless, as the result of disciplinary action for misuse of property, the inmate’s approval to possess the property is rescinded.

(c) Inmate personal property not meeting the criteria in section 3190, shall be disposed of in accordance with this section. An inmate shall select one of the methods listed in sections 3191(c)(1) through 3191(c)(5) below for disposing of non-allowable personal property which is unauthorized pursuant to subsection (b) and section 3190. If the inmate makes no selection or has insufficient funds, staff shall document that fact and determine the method of disposition. Property that is considered contraband pursuant to section 3006(a) or (c) shall be retained by staff as may be required by ongoing investigation or court order. Following the completion of all disciplinary, investigative, or court requirements, the contraband property shall be disposed of according to institutional/facility procedures.

(1) Mail the item to an address of an individual willing to accept the personal property, provided by the inmate, via USPS or common carrier at the inmate’s expense. This option is not available for inmates with insufficient trust account funds.

(2) Return the item to the sender via USPS or common carrier at the inmate’s expense. This option is not available for inmates with insufficient trust account funds.

(3) Donate the item to a charitable organization as designated by the institution/facility.

(4) Donate the item to the institution/facility.

(5) Render the item useless and dispose of it according to institution/facility procedures.

(d) Inmates shall not send personal property to any state agency or agent of the state. Failure to comply may result in disciplinary action, and confiscation of the unregistered property.

§ 3194. Extradition Inmate Property.

(a) Inmates or parolees requiring extradition transport from any state or territory of the United States shall be responsible for the disposition of their personal property. Inmates shall arrange with the holding agency for the disposal or storage of personal property prior to being transported by California state agents. State agents shall not be responsible for personal property remaining at the sending agency/institution. At no time shall inmate personal property be checked onto airplanes or transported in the aircraft’s baggage compartment. The only exception shall be wheelchairs or other health care appliances.

(b) Inmates extradited to the custody of the department shall not retain any property on their person except prescription eyeglasses or health care appliances. Only authorized property that can fit into a 10" x 12" clasp envelope, including, but not limited to prescription medication, jewelry, watch, family pictures, or printed material, shall be allowed to be transported. Inmate property shall be inventoried, recorded, and secured in the agent’s carry-on baggage or secured compartment in a transportation vehicle. Inmates may wear his/her own clothing and shoes if deemed appropriate for transport purposes by the assigned state agents.

(c) Inmates extradited or transferred from the department to other jurisdictions, states or territories of the United States may be allowed to retain all or a portion of their property as determined by the transporting extradition agent. In cases where the transportation of personal property is not permitted, inmates shall dispose of the property pursuant to subsection 3191(c)(3) through (5) or be provided the opportunity to select from the following options for the disposition of property:

(1) Inmates permanently transferring to the custody of another agency shall be provided the opportunity to send all property to an address of their choosing via USPS or common carrier at the inmate’s expense.

(2) Indigent inmates permanently transferring to the custody of another agency may send their personal property to an individual willing to accept the personal property at the expense of the department.

(3) Inmates temporarily transferring out-to-court or other temporary transfers out-of-state shall have property stored at the institution/facility pending their return to custody, parole or discharge. Disposition of unclaimed property shall be in accordance with PC 5062, 5063 and 5064.
3195. Release Clothing.
Inmates scheduled for parole or awaiting discharge may receive a release clothing package via U.S. Postal Service or common carrier no earlier than 30 days prior to their scheduled parole or discharge date. Inmate release clothing packages, limited to one set of clothing, shall be retained in a secure location by the department until their release.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-27-2004 as an emergency; operative 5-27-2004 (Register 2004, No. 22). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-3-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

Article 10. Inmate Privileges


HISTORY:
1. New Article 10 (section 3195) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
2. Amendment of subsections (d)-(f) filed 10-7-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 41).
3. Repealer of Article 10 (section 3195) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).

SUBCHAPTER 3. INMATE ACTIVITIES

3200. General Policy.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

Article 1. Religious Program

3210. Establishment of Religious Programs.
(a) Institution heads shall make every reasonable effort to provide for the religious and spiritual welfare of all interested inmates, including, but not limited to, affording inmates a reasonable accommodation to attend a scheduled Religious Service if they are unable to do so due to conflicting work/education assignments. Reasonable accommodation may include, but is not limited to, modified work schedule, use of accrued time or allowable breaks, granting of a job/assignment change, changes of regular days off, etc. Use of reasonable accommodation shall in no way adversely impact an inmate’s credit earning status.
(b) Depending upon the number of inmates of the various faiths, chaplains may be employed or their services may be accepted on a nonpaid volunteer basis. When feasible, separate space for services of the faith groups represented by a substantial number of inmates shall be provided. However, in some facilities, such as camps, it shall be necessary for the various faith groups to share such space as is available for religious services.
(c) Reasonable time and accommodation shall be allowed for religious services in keeping with facility security and other necessary institutional operations and activities. Insofar as possible, other facility activities shall be planned so as not to conflict with or disrupt scheduled religious services.
(d) A request for a religious service accommodation that requires a specific time, location and/or item(s) not otherwise authorized, will be referred to a Religious Review Committee (RRC) for review and consideration. The RRC shall be comprised of designated chaplains, and a correctional captain or their designee. Accommodation for religious services that are not granted, shall be for reason(s) which would impact facility/unit safety and security, and orderly day to day operations of the institution.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Editorial correction of NOTE filed 8-16-82 (Register 82, No. 34).
3. Amendment of article heading, section heading, text, and Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-1-93 (Register 93, No. 45).
4. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-17-2006 as an emergency; operative 1-17-2006 (Register 2006, No. 3). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-26-2006 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3211. Inmate Ministers.
(a) When a chaplain of a particular faith cannot be obtained to conduct services within a facility housing inmates of that faith, the institution head may at their discretion and subject to such controls reasonably required for facility security, designate a qualified inmate to minister to the religious needs of inmates for that specific faith. In determining the qualifications of an inmate to conduct such services, the institution head will, whenever possible, seek the advice and counsel of outside religious leaders of that faith.
(b) An inmate shall not be assigned as a minister on a full-time basis in lieu of a regular inmate work/training incentive program assignment, be considered as a state employee, or be paid by the state for their services.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Editorial correction of Note filed 8-16-82 (Register 82, No. 34).
3. Amendment of section and Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-1-93 (Register 93, No. 45).

3212. Scheduled Services.
Information received by chaplains when performing their duties shall be privileged except when the nondisclosure of such information to facility staff would jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the facility.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text, and addition of Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-1-93 (Register 93, No. 45).

(a) Prior written approval of the institution head or their designee shall be required for the following:
(1) For any person to bring sacramental wine or any religious artifact into a facility.
(2) For an inmate to be provided any religious artifact.
(3) For an inmate to wear or carry an approved religious artifact at any time other than during their regular religious or sweat events, or facility-approved special events.
(b) Medicine bags shall be constructed of soft leather or other natural material without a lining and shall not exceed 1-1/2 inches.
in diameter. The bag shall, in the presence of staff, either be closed with a drawstring or sewn shut in such a manner as to permit subsequent searches of the bag’s contents by staff.

(c) All religious artifacts shall be subject to searches by staff.

(d) Sanctuaries, sweat lodges, and other areas designated for religious or spiritual use shall be subject to searches by staff.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading, repeal of text, and new subsections (a)–(d) and Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-1-93 (Register 93, No. 45).

3216. Marriages

(a) Interested inmates shall be provided an equal opportunity to participate in constructive recreational and physical education programs under safe and secure conditions, consistent with the inmate’s custodial classification, work/training assignment, privilege group and security requirements.

(b) The recreation program may operate seven days a week with specific program, gymnasium and/or yard schedules established by the institution head. Notices of tournaments and special events shall be posted in locations accessible to all inmates.

(c) Employees shall not participate in inmate contests, except as a coach, instructor or official, unless authorized to do so by the institution head.

(d) Prizes and trophies may be purchased using inmate welfare funds and awarded to inmates participating in activities and contests. An award, prize, trophy or certificate of participation in a recreation or physical education event shall be delivered to the participant inmate as soon as possible following approval by the coordinator of the activity or event involved.

(e) Competition between outside public teams and inmate teams may be permitted only within the facility and under the direct supervision of staff.

(f) Inmates may voluntarily participate only in those contests, games, and/or athletic activities, which have been specifically authorized by the institution head or the institution head’s designee.

(g) Inmate weight lifting programs and equipment shall not be permitted at departmental institution/facilities. Exceptions shall be permitted as specifically authorized by the director, in compliance with Penal Code Section 5010.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Amendment filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
3. Amendment of subsection (b), renumbering and amendment of former section 3220.3 to new subsection 3220(f) and amendment of Note filed 6-30-95 as an emergency; operative 7-1-95 (Register 95, No. 26). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-7-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-30-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-22-95 and filed 1-8-96 (Register 96, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-11-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-2-98 order transmitted to OAL 6-9-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-2-98 order transmitted to OAL 6-9-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).
7. Amendment of article heading, section heading and subsections (a) and (d) filed 7-24-2002; operative 8-23-2002 (Register 2002, No. 30).

3220.1. Recreation and Physical Education Program Safety.

(a) Grudge fights, games, contests or other recreation or physical education activities, which involve unusual danger or potential for injury, are prohibited.

(b) Inmates shall not be allowed to participate in the boxing program without written medical clearance.

(c) Martial arts may be practiced only with specific approval from the institution head and under the direct supervision of staff.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3221 to section 3220.1 filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Designation of subsections (a)–(c), new subsections (d)–(e) and amendment of Note filed 6-30-95 as an emergency; operative 7-1-95 (Register 95, No. 26). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-7-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-30-95 order transmitted to OAL 11-22-95 and filed 1-8-96 (Register 96, No. 2).
4. Repealer of subsections (d) and (e) and amendment of Note filed 1-2-98 as an emergency; operative 1-2-98 (Register 98, No. 1). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-11-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-2-98 order transmitted to OAL 6-9-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).
6. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a) filed 7-24-2002; operative 8-23-2002 (Register 2002, No. 30).
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3220.2.  Academic Standards.

All academic recreation, physical education and physical fitness training programs provided at departmental institutions/facilities shall be based upon curriculum frameworks adopted by the Board of Education. Lesson plans, competency testing, standards, course outlines, teacher/inmate enrollment ratios, instructional specialization and all related academic and educational requirements shall be in accordance with the appropriate curriculum framework.


HISTORY:

3220.3.  Conservation Camp Programs.

Conservation camps shall provide recreation and physical education program opportunities for their respective inmate populations. These opportunities shall be compatible with camp operations, staffing and the geographic location of the camp.


HISTORY:

3220.4.  Movies/Videos for Inmate Viewing.

(a) Only movies/videos approved by the institution head or his/her designee (reviewer) may be scheduled for viewing by inmates.

(b) Only those movies/videos which have been given a rating of “G,” “PG,” or “PG-13” by the Motion Picture Association of America (MPAA) or that have been placed on the department’s discretionary showing list may be considered for viewing. Movies/videos which have been given a rating of other than “G,” “PG,” or “PG-13” by the Motion Picture Association of America shall not be approved for general inmate viewing. Regardless of their rating or listing, movies/videos which, in the opinion of the reviewer, glorify violence or sex, or are inflammatory to the climate of the facility shall not be shown.

(c) The selection or exclusion of a movie/video by a facility may be challenged by members of the public by writing to the director, appealed by inmates by following the appeal process as stated in section 3084 et seq., and grieved by staff by pursuing grievance procedures in accordance with their collective bargaining unit’s contract and/or memorandum of understanding.

(d) At the discretion of the director, a movie/video review shall be done by the movie review committee, composed of staff named by the director. Movies may be submitted for consideration as follows:

1. Movies/videos which have not been rated may be submitted to the director for the committee’s consideration for general inmate viewing.

2. Movies/videos which have an MPAA rating of other than “G,” “PG,” or “PG-13,” or have not been rated by the MPAA, may be submitted to the director by the facility reviewer or a contract vendor for the committee’s consideration for specified limited inmate viewing purposes (e.g., education or contracted service vendor programs).

3. Movies which are challenged by the public, appealed by inmates, and grieved by staff pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be reviewed by the committee at the director’s discretion.

(e) The committee may determine a movie/video to be unacceptable for inmate viewing, acceptable for general inmate viewing, or acceptable for specified limited inmate viewing purposes.

(f) The committee will place movies/videos on a statewide “discretionary showing list” under the category of “approved for all purposes,” or under the category of “approved for specified limited inmate viewing purposes” (specifying the limited or special purpose for which the movie is being approved), or under the category of “unacceptable for inmate viewing.” A movie/video’s placement on the list as approved will not require that it be shown by a facility.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058 and 10006(b), Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2601(c), 5054 and 10006(b), Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Amendment of newly designated subsections (a) and (b), new subsections (c)–(d)(4) and amendment of Note filed 6-28-96 as an emergency; operative 6-28-96 (Register 96, No. 26). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-6-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment of newly designated subsections (a) and (b), new subsections (c)–(d)(4) and amendment of Note refiled 12-19-96 as an emergency; operative 12-19-96 (Register 96, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-28-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-96 order, including further amendment of section, transmitted to OAL 4-14-97 and filed 5-23-97 (Register 97, No. 21).
5. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3220.5.  State-Owned Television Sets.

(a) State-owned television sets provided for inmate viewing shall be moved only by designated staff.

(b) Except to change the channel to a scheduled program, television channel changes and receiver adjustments shall be made only by staff.

(c) The viewing schedule for each state-owned television set shall be determined under the supervision of staff by a vote of the inmates using the set. Program viewing schedules shall be displayed next to the television set and shall be removed or changed only by staff.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3221.  Safety.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3221 to section 3220.1 filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3222.  Physical Fitness.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3222 to section 3220.2 filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3223.  Unauthorized Activity.

Article 3. Inmate Councils, Committees, and Activity Groups

3230. Establishment of Inmate Advisory Councils.
(a) Each warden shall establish an inmate advisory council, which is representative of that facility’s inmate ethnic groups. At the discretion of the warden, subcommittees of the council may also be established to represent subfacilities or specialized segments of the inmate population.

(1) Council members shall serve to advise and communicate with the warden and other staff those matters of common interest and concern to the inmate general population.

(2) The council shall operate only under the constitution and by-laws as prepared by the council’s inmate representatives, with the advice and guidance of designated staff and approved by the warden.

(3) Local exceptions to this regulation may be permitted with the approval of the director.

(b) An inmate’s eligibility for nomination, election and retention as an inmate advisory council representative shall be limited only by the inmate’s ability to effectively function in that capacity as determined by the warden.

(1) Upon the inmate’s request, that inmate shall be provided, in writing, the reasons for the determination of ineligibility.

(2) A disciplinary infraction shall not necessarily bar an inmate from serving as a council representative unless the infraction is determined by the warden to be detrimental to the council’s effectiveness.

(3) A representative’s misbehavior while conducting council business or acting under the guise of conducting council business shall be cause for disciplinary or other action.

(4) The membership of representatives or the activities of the entire council may be suspended when the warden determines that the representative or council presents a threat to facility security or the safety of persons, or that the representative’s or council’s actions are counterproductive to the best interest and welfare of the general inmate population. If a council’s activities are suspended, the warden shall notify the general inmate population of that action and the reasons therefor.

(c) Only inmates shall nominate and elect inmate advisory council representatives.

(1) Each inmate shall have an equal vote in the election of their council representatives.

(2) When an election is by written ballot, the election shall be conducted under the direct supervision of staff who shall distribute and collect the ballots and tabulate the results.

(3) All written ballots shall be retained for 30 days after the close of the election.

(4) If it is determined that any coercion, duress, threats of reprisal or other irregularities were present in an election, the warden may declare the election invalid and require a new ballot.

(5) Only council representatives shall elect a temporary representative to fill a vacancy for up to a maximum of 30 days.

(d) Inmate advisory council representatives shall not, as a council representative, become involved with inmate appeals unless the matter affects the general inmate population and such involvement is authorized by the warden.

(1) No appeal concerning an employee shall be discussed by representatives with any employee below the level of correctional lieutenant.

(2) Representatives shall not attempt to influence the decisions of staff by threatening to seek review by a higher authority.

(3) Representatives shall not attempt to directly enforce staff’s compliance with any higher-level decisions.

(e) Each inmate advisory council shall maintain a permanent record of formal meetings, whether staff were present or not.

(1) The minutes of meetings shall contain the date and time of the meeting, names and titles of those present and absent, subjects discussed, decisions made and actions taken.

(2) Before being distributed, minutes of meetings and any other council material shall require the approval of the warden or designee.

(f) Inmate advisory council representatives may, through designated staff and with the approval of the wardens of both facilities, correspond and exchange copies of meeting agenda and minutes with councils at other department facilities. The warden denying such exchanges shall provide the originating council chairperson with written reasons for the denial.

(g) The inmate advisory council shall be provided, when available, adequate facilities, equipment and supplies to carry out its approved activities and functions.

(1) Each council shall be provided with the following:
(A) Office space and furniture.
(B) Access to a typewriter and duplicating equipment.
(C) Office supplies and stationery.
(D) Bulletin boards in locations frequented by the represented inmate population.
(E) Copies of Notices of Change to Director’s Rules, Administrative Bulletins, and other nonconfidential directives and announcements which concern the general inmate population.

(2) A means for distributing approved council materials to the general inmate population shall be established. Wardens may permit such means to include the use of facility publications and radio systems.

(3) The council shall obtain staff’s authorization before using any resources, which were not specifically provided for the council.

(h) A staff person at the level of a program administrator or higher shall be designated as the inmate advisory council coordinator.

(1) Facility Captains shall be directly involved in council activities within their respective programs and may delegate specific aspects of supervision, direction and responsibilities for council activities within their unit to subordinate unit supervisors.

(2) Other staff may, as deemed necessary by the warden, be involved with the council in resolving issues.

(3) The routine supervision and direction of council activities may be delegated to staff at the level of a correctional lieutenant or higher.

(4) Correctional lieutenants and sergeants in charge of inmate living areas on each watch shall work directly with council representatives on issues and concerns resolvable at their level of authority.

(i) The warden or their designee shall meet with the inmate advisory council representatives at least once each calendar month. Apart from the warden’s meeting, coordinators shall also meet with council representatives at least once each calendar month.

(1) Proposed agenda items with a summary of the council’s efforts to resolve the items at a lower level shall be submitted by the council to the warden and, when required by the coordinator, to the coordinator one week prior to their scheduled meeting.
(2) Emergency issues may be brought to the attention of the warden or coordinator without a prearranged agenda.

(3) The warden and staff delegated the authority to act on formal agenda items shall provide the council with a timely written response which shall indicate what action (including any referral and no action) was taken, the reasons for the action and, when applicable, the manner and approximate time of implementing the action.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Editorial correction of Note filed 8-16-82 (Register 82, No. 34).
3. Amendment filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3231. Special Inmate Committees.

An institution head may appoint committees of inmates or parolees representative of the inmate or parolee population to perform special services or act as a representative group for special purposes and under the conditions specified in the appointment document. Such committees, unless composed exclusively of inmate advisory council representatives, shall not be affiliated with a facility’s inmate advisory council.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (h)(1) filed 8-6-2001 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 32).

3232. Inmate Participation in Committees.

Inmate participation as a council representative or special committee member shall be voluntary. Each inmate who volunteers for such an assignment shall comply with all department and facility requirements governing such participation.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3233. Inmate Leisure Time Activity Groups.

Institution heads may permit the formation of inmate leisure time activity groups, which promote educational, social, cultural and recreational interests of participating inmates. Group activities, which violate or advocate violating the law, regulations, or local procedures are prohibited.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 6-29-93; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3234. Establishment of Inmate Leisure Time Activity Groups.

(a) Each institution head shall provide for the formation of inmate leisure time activity groups within the facility. No activity group shall be formed or operated without the written approval of the institution head or their designee.

(b) Inmates proposing to form an activity group shall submit a proposed plan of operation for the institution head’s or designee’s approval. The proposed plan of operation shall include the following:

1. The proposed name of the group, which shall reflect the general nature and interest of the group.
2. The purpose of the group with an explanation of the expected benefits to the inmate participants and to the facility, justifying the use of state resources to accommodate the group.
3. Membership criteria. Membership to an activity group shall not be denied on the basis of an inmate’s race, creed, color, age, national origin, ancestry, gender, marital status, disability, religious or political affiliation, sexual orientation, or on the inmate’s inability or refusal to pay membership fees, dues or donations to the group.
4. Frequency and type of meetings.
5. Limitations on number of members.
6. Outside affiliations.
7. Structure of the group’s governing body.
8. Provision for annual update of bylaws for the institution head’s or designee’s approval.
9. An agreement signed by an employee volunteer willing to serve as the group’s sponsor. Only a permanent full-time employee shall serve as a group sponsor. Cosponsors may be required if the group cannot be controlled by a single volunteer.
10. When the institution head or designee approves a group’s proposed plan of operation, the plan shall constitute the group’s bylaws and shall be so titled prior to distribution.
11. Any change in bylaws shall require the institution head’s or designee’s written approval prior to implementation.
12. Continuing operation of a group is contingent upon the institution head’s or designee’s annual review and reappraisal of the bylaws.
13. No activity group shall meet unless the group’s sponsor or cosponsor is present for such meeting.
14. Each approved group may be allowed one banquet per year subject to security considerations, availability of facilities and resources, and the group’s ability to pay any additional costs incurred by the state.
15. The institution head shall dispose of any undisbursed funds and property of a disbanded activity group and in determining the method of disposal shall consider all written requests by former group members and other interested persons.
16. Funds shall be disbursed by either of the following methods:
(A) Deposited into the inmate welfare fund account.
(B) Donated to a recognized charitable organization.
17. Property shall be disposed of by any one or more of the following methods:
(A) Placed on the inmate welfare fund property inventory.
(B) Donated to another inmate activity group.
(C) Sold to another inmate activity group. Proceeds of such sales shall be deposited into the inmate welfare fund account.
(D) Donated to a recognized nonprofit organization.
(E) Used for facility needs.
(F) The bylaws for any approved group shall be accessible to all inmates in the facility. A copy shall be given to any requesting member of the public.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
3. Editorial correction of Note filed 8-16-82 (Register 82, No. 34).
4. Repealer and new section heading, designation and amendment of subsection (a), new subsections (b)–(f)(2)(E), and redesignation and amendment of former subsection 3235(a) to new subsection (g) filed 10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41).
3235. Termination of an Inmate Leisure Time Activity Group.

(a) The activities of a group may be temporarily suspended or
terminated by the official in charge of the facility, if either of the
following conditions exist:

(1) The group’s activities threaten facility security or the safety
of staff, inmates or the public.

(2) The group is violating these regulations, local procedures or
its approved bylaws.

(b) After review and evaluation of the reason for such action, the
institution head shall either allow the group to continue or order
termination of the group.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register
77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register
82, No. 29).
3. Editorial correction of Note filed 8-16-82 (Register 82, No. 34).
4. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (d)(1) (Register
92, No. 5).
5. Amendment for section heading, redesignation of former subsection
(a) to subsection 3234(g), repealer of subsections (b)-(d)(3),
redesignation and amendment of subsections, and amendment of
Note filed 10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41).

3236. Attendance at Group Activities.

Attendance at a group’s activities by inmates who are not mem-
bers, by members who are not inmates, or by guests or spectators
may be permitted if requested by the group’s employee sponsor and
approved by the institution head or designee. The number of such
persons permitted to attend may be restricted for security reasons or
if facility resources cannot accommodate the additional attendance.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3236 to section 3237 and renum-
bering and amendment of former section 3237 to section 3236 filed
10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41). For prior his-
tory, see Register 81, No. 3.

3237. Inmate Membership in Outside Organizations.

(a) Inmates may obtain and retain membership in outside or-
ganizations and associations provided such membership does not
threaten facility security or the safety of staff, inmates, or the pub-
ic; and creates no financial burden on the state.

(b) An inmate’s membership in an outside organization shall not
entitle any member to conduct the organization’s activities within
a facility, or to represent inmate members in department or facility
matters, except as specifically approved by the institution head or
the director.

(c) Unless such an act would jeopardize facility security or safety
of persons, inmate members of outside organizations shall be
permitted to possess membership cards and to wear membership
buttons and lapel pins of such organizations. The official denying
such items shall provide the affected inmates with written notice of
the reasons for the denial.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3237 to section 3236 and renum-
bering and amendment of former section 3236 to section 3237 filed
10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41). For prior his-
tory, see Register 82, No. 29.

Article 4. Inmate Fund Raising Campaigns and
the Inmate Welfare Fund

3240. Inmate Fund-Raising Campaigns.

(a) Institution heads may authorize for each approved inmate
activity group up to three campaigns annually for one or more of
the following:

(1) Generally recognized nonprofit charitable causes.

(2) General fund-raisers.

(b) Each approved inmate group may raise funds by soliciting
inmate donations or selling approved products, commodities, or
services to general population inmates.

(1) Only inmates shall be solicited for contributions unless the
institution head approves solicitation of staff.

(2) Fund-raising activities shall be conducted only during in-
mate and staff sponsor off-duty time.

(c) No form of coercion shall be used on any inmate or parolee
to participate in a campaign or fund-raiser, or to make a nonvolun-
tary donation.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register
82, No. 29).
2. Amendment of article heading, section heading and text filed 10-
13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41).

3240.1. Donations.

Inmates may with permission of the institution head make vol-
untary donations from their trust account funds for any approved
reason or cause. Permission shall be denied if any of the following
exist:

(a) There is evidence of coercion.

(b) The inmate’s trust account balance is less than the amount of
the proposed donation.

(c) The inmate is mentally incompetent.

(d) The proposed amount of the donation is less than one dollar.

(e) The reason or cause advocated could jeopardize facility secu-

rity or the safety of persons.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3241 to section
3240.1 filed 10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41).

3240.2. Inmate Welfare Fund Processing Fees.

(a) Ten percent shall be deducted from inmate donations for de-
posit in the inmate welfare fund to offset trust office transaction
processing costs.

(b) Monies collected from sales of products, commodities, or
services shall be subject to the deduction based on gross sales.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-13-94; operative 11-14-94 (Register 94, No. 41).

3241. Donations.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section
5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register
77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register
82, No. 29).
Article 5. Institution Publications

3250. Inmate Publications.
(a) As used in this article, an inmate publication means any journal, magazine, bulletin, newsletter, newspaper, or other material published by inmates.
(b) Inmates may participate in the publication and distribution of an inmate publication only with the institution head’s specific approval.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer of section 3250 and renumbering and amendment of former section 3251 to section 3250 filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).

3250.1. Material Prohibited from Inmate Publications.
(a) Inmate publications shall not contain material the institution head determines to be a threat to facility security or the safety of persons, or determines that it:
(1) Offends any race, gender, nationality, religious faith, or sexual preference.
(2) Is lewd, pornographic, sexually suggestive, libelous, profane or vulgar terminology, or otherwise is prohibited pursuant to section 3006.
(3) Attacks any individual.
(4) Serves as a conveyance for individual complaints or substitute for the department’s appeal process.
(b) The names or photographs of inmates or staff shall not be used without the individual’s written permission.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).

3250.2. Inmate Publication Disclaimer and Editing Authority.
(a) Inmate publications shall include a disclaimer that the opinions expressed therein are the author’s and do not necessarily represent the position of the facility or department.
(b) The institution head shall designate an administrative editor and a supervising editor who shall oversee the editorial correctness of the inmate publication and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations.
(c) The administrative editor shall be at the level of an associate warden or assistant regional parole administrator, public information officer, or administrative assistant.
(d) The supervising editor shall be an instructor in journalism or other qualified employee appointed by the institution head and shall approve or reject articles, illustrations, and layouts proposed for publication by the inmates.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).

3250.3. Resolution of Inmate Publication Editing Disagreements.
Disagreements about language, content, or acceptability of a proposed article or edition shall be resolved as follows:
(a) Any unresolved disagreement between the supervising editor and inmate publication staff shall be referred to the administrative editor for resolution. The administrative editor shall render a decision, which may include reasonable editorial changes, within three working days.
(b) If unable to effect a satisfactory resolution, the administrative editor shall forward the material to the institution head who may either make a decision or transmit the matter to the assistant director, communications, for a decision, within three working days of receipt of the disputed material.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).

3250.4. Termination of an Inmate Publication.
The termination of any inmate publication for other than the temporary suspension of publication during a lockdown, modified program or other declared emergency shall require the director’s approval.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).
2. Amendment filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3251. Participation.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 6-23-93; operative 7-23-93 (Register 93, No. 26).

SUBCHAPTER 4. GENERAL INSTITUTION REGULATIONS

Article 1. Public Information and Community Relations

3260. Public Access to Facilities and Programs.
Correctional facilities and programs are operated at public expense for the protection of society. The public has a right and a duty to know how such facilities and programs are being conducted. It is the policy of the department to make known to the public, through the news media, through contact with public groups and individuals, and by making its public records available for review by interested persons, all relevant information pertaining to operations of the department and facilities. However, due consideration will be given to all factors which might threaten the safety of the facility in any way, or unnecessarily intrude upon the personal privacy of inmates and staff. The public must be given a true and accurate picture of department institutions and parole operations.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).


The Department shall charge a requester a fee of 12 cents per page, plus postage, to duplicate and mail a public record as defined in the California Public Records Act, Government Code Sections 6250, et seq.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-13-2003; operative 2-12-2003 (Register 2003, No. 3).

3261. Moviemakers, Broadcasters, Writers.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3261 to section 3261.1 filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3261.1. Media Access to Facilities.

(a) Access to a department facility or contract facility for a news media representative, as defined in subsection 3261.5(a)(1), shall require prior approval of either the institution head or the Assistant Secretary of Communications or designee. Access to a department facility for a non-news media representative, as defined in subsection 3261.5(a)(2), shall require prior approval of both the institution head and the Assistant Secretary of Communications or their designees. For each request for access from a news media representative or a non-news media representative, the institution head or the Office of Public and Employee Communications shall provide an initial response back within two (2) working days. In order to deny an access request for a news media or a non-news media representative, the institution head shall secure advance authorization from the Secretary of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) or designee.

1. Facilities, on-duty staff, inmates or records under control of the department shall not be used in conjunction with film making, radio or television programs, or the writing of books, magazine articles or syndicated stories without prior approval of the Secretary of the CDCR or designee.

2. Should any news media or non-news media representative(s) access to a facility constitute an immediate threat to safety and security, or generate serious operational problems, the institution head or designee may impose limitations on or set conditions for such access.

(b) Except as provided by subsection 3261.5(b), news media and non-news media representatives within a facility shall be under the direct supervision of the facility’s or regional Public Information Officer or their designee as determined by the institution head.

(c) News media and non-news media representatives shall not enter condemned units, the execution chamber, or any area currently affected by an emergency situation without approval of the Secretary of the CDCR or designee.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3261 to section 3261.1 filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. Editorial correction of Reference cite (Register 95, No. 14).

3261.2. Authorized Release of Information.

(a) Only an employee designated by the institution head shall inform the media regarding a facility incident or newsworthy event.
(b) Except as provided by applicable federal and state law, no person shall disclose any protected health information that identifies an individual without a valid written authorization from the individual.
(c) Information pertaining to a Division of Juvenile Justice ward shall not be released to the media or the public, except as provided in subsection 3261.7(c)(3).
(d) Information derived from a person’s Criminal Identification and Investigations Report shall not be provided to the media or to the public.
(e) Including the limitations of (c) and (d) above, the only inmate or parolee data which may be released without a valid written authorization from the inmate/parolee to the media or to the public includes the inmate’s or parolee’s:

1. Name.
2. Age.
4. Place of previous residence.
5. Commitment information obtained from their adult probation officer’s report.
6. Facility assignments and behavior.
7. General state of health, given in short and non-medical terms such as good, poor, or stable.
8. Cause of death.
(f) The only employee data which may be released to the media or to the public by other than the employee concerning their involvement in a facility incident or newsworthy event includes:

1. Name.
2. Civil service classification.
3. Age.
4. Work assignment.
5. Length of service with the department and/or current division or unit.
6. Past work assignments.
7. Role or function in a newsworthy event.
8. Information endangering an employee or concerning an employee who is a crime victim shall not be released to the media.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-29-2008; operative 9-28-2008 (Register 2008, No. 35).

3261.3. Notifying Media of Escapes.

(a) In the event of an actual or suspected escape, the facility or regional public information officer, or off-duty hours designee,
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shall notify radio and television stations and newspapers in the surrounding communities and the missing inmate’s home community.

(1) The missing inmate’s physical description, estimated time of disappearance and other pertinent details shall be provided.

(2) The media shall be informed of the facility’s search efforts and cooperation with local law enforcement agencies.

(b) When available, the missing inmate’s identification photograph or short escape bulletin shall be furnished to the notified television stations and newspapers. If a photograph or short escape bulletin are not available for distribution, the media shall be informed that one is posted at the facility’s front entrance where they will be permitted to take a picture of it for their use.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3261.4. Media Inquiries.

(a) Media inquiries shall be given high priority; facts shall be gathered as quickly as possible and provided to the inquirer. If the requested facts are not known or are otherwise unavailable, the inquirer shall be so informed and the reasons therefore.

(b) No information developed to answer a media person’s inquiry nor the fact that an inquiry was made shall be volunteered to another media person.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 8-29-2008; operative 9-28-2008 (Register 2008, No. 35).

3261.5. Routine Media Interviews.

(a) Definitions.

(1) “News media representative” means a journalist who works for, or is under contract to, a newspaper, magazine, wire service, book publisher, or radio or television program or station or who, through press passes issued by a governmental or police agency, or through similar convincing means, can demonstrate that he or she is a bona fide journalist engaged in the gathering of information for distribution to the public.

(2) “Non-news media representatives” means individuals in the publishing and broadcasting media not included in subsection 3261.5(a)(1), and may include editorial researchers, freelance writers, authors of books and independent film makers involved with the production of broadcast or print endeavors including, but not limited to, features, documentaries, commercials, and pilots for proposed news, or entertainment programs.

(b) News media and non-news media representatives shall be allowed to interview inmates in person in accordance with the visiting requirements of sections 3170 through 3176.3.

(1) No inmate or parolee may have his or her visitation limited or revoked solely because of a visit or potential visit from a news media or non-news media representative, nor may an inmate or parolee be punished, reclassified, disciplined, transferred to another prison against his or her wishes, or otherwise retaliated against, solely for participating in a visit by, or communicating with, a news media or non-news media representative.

(2) During an interview conducted pursuant to subsection 3261.5(b), news media and non-news media representatives shall be allowed to bring up to three (3) pens, three (3) pencils and one (1) pad of paper into the facility. These items shall be searched to protect against an immediate and direct threat to the security of the institution.

(c) Inmate telephone calls to news media and non-news media representatives shall be allowed in accordance with section 3282 and may be recorded by the media representative with the inmate’s consent.

(d) Except as provided by subsection 3261.5(b), access by news media and non-news media representatives to department institutions, contract facilities and equipment requires prior approval pursuant to the provisions in subsection 3261.1(a).

(1) Non-news media representatives must provide proof of employment by a bona fide publication or production company, or have evidence that such a company has contracted to purchase the completed project prior to approval.

(2) Non-news media representative requests for access to departmental facilities, on-duty staff or inmates shall include project and production details as necessary to determine security and operational impacts. (3) Non-news media representative film productions require a California Film Commission permit, along with evidence of financial responsibility and liability insurance of at least $1 million indemnifying and defending the State of California, its offices, employees and agents against any lawsuits.

(e) News media and non-news media representatives may be allowed access to security housing units and administrative segregation with the prior approval of the institution head.

(1) Access to any secured area where lethal weapons are maintained requires the prior approval of the institution head.

(2) The institution head may allow access to an area outside the secure perimeter of a facility to news media representatives.

(f) News media and non-news media representatives may be permitted random face-to-face interviews with inmates or parolees housed in facilities under the jurisdiction of the department, and random or specific-person face-to-face interviews with staff. Such interviews shall be conducted as stipulated by the institution head, including restricting the time, place and duration of interviews, and size of technical crews.

(1) Random interviews of individuals involved in a specific activity or program, or encountered while covering a facility activity or event shall be limited to the time, areas and segments of the facility population designated by the institution head.

(2) Inmates may not participate in specific-person face-to-face interviews except as provided in subsection 3261.5(b).

(g) Use of cameras or recording equipment shall require prior approval of the institution head or designee. Photographs, films or video recording of inmates shall be allowed in accordance with section 3261.7.

(h) The news media and non-news media representatives or their organization(s) may be required to pay the security or escort costs provided for the interview.

(i) No inmate, parolee or staff shall be interviewed against their will.

(j) CDCR Form 146 (Rev. 06/08), Inmate Declaration To News Media Contact, shall be completed whenever an inmate is the subject of an interview, still photograph, motion picture or other recording intended for use by a television or radio station, or newspaper, magazine or other publication.
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(k) One employee shall witness the inmate’s signature on the completed CDCR Form 146.
(l) Inmates under 18 years of age shall not be photographed, filmed or video recorded.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. Amendment of subsection (a), repealer and new subsection (a)(2), amendment of subsection (d), repealer of subsection (e)(1) and subsection relettering, new subsection (f) and amendment of Note filed 4-8-96 as an emergency; operative 4-8-96 (Register 96, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-15-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-8-96 order transmitted to OAL 9-13-96 and disapproved 10-28-96 (Register 96, No. 44).
5. Amendment of subsection (a), repealer and new subsection (a)(2), amendment of subsection (d), repealer of subsection (e)(1) and subsection relettering, new subsection (g) and amendment of Note filed 10-28-96 as an emergency; operative 10-28-96 (Register 96, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-6-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-28-96 order transmitted to OAL 3-3-97 and filed 4-14-97 (Register 97, No. 16).

3261.6. Seriously or Terminally Ill Inmate Media Interviews.
(a) Media interviews shall not be permitted with an inmate suffering from a mental illness when, in the opinion of a psychiatrist or psychologist, the inmate is not capable of giving informed consent or their condition may be worsened by such an interview.
(b) Controlled access may be permitted to seriously or terminally ill patients and their housing areas. Random interviews in such unit shall be closely monitored and shall be terminated if a majority of the unit’s inmates object.
(c) No more than two visits per calendar month to a unit housing seriously or terminally ill inmates shall be allowed. Visits shall be on a first-come, first-served basis with a waiting list to be maintained by the facility’s public information officer. A “pool” of no more than ten media persons per visit shall be permitted.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3261.7. Cameras and Other Audio or Visual Recording Devices.
(a) Staff cannot prohibit a person who is not on facility property from photographing, filming, videotaping or otherwise recording any department facilities, employees, inmates, parolees or equipment.
(b) Persons are prohibited from interrupting, interfering or communicating with an inmate being transported or working off facility grounds without prior authorization of the staff person in charge or institution head.
(c) Photographs, films or videotapes for other than department purposes which reveal an inmate’s identity may be taken within a facility subject to the following conditions:
1. A CDCR Form 146 (Rev. 06/08) shall be completed for each inmate before a photograph, film or videotape identifying the inmate may be taken.
2. An inmate’s consent is not required where individuals in such settings as an exercise yard or dining hall are not singled out or where the inmate’s identity is not revealed; however, before such shots are taken, inmates shall be advised so those who do not want to be recognized may turn away or leave the area.
3. Photographs, films or videotapes revealing the identity of an inmate committed to the Division of Juvenile Justice shall not be made available other than for official purposes such as an escape.
(d) Unless there is a specified threat of imminent danger to an inmate or parolee by releasing their departmental identification photograph, news media representatives as defined in subsection 3261.5(a)(1) and non-news media representatives as defined in subsection 3261.5(a)(2) shall be permitted access to photographs without the inmate’s or parolee’s consent.
(e) News media and non-news media representatives shall pay for the facility’s cost to provide such requested departmental identification photographs.
(f) Current departmental identification photographs of escaped inmates and parolees at large shall be provided without charge.
(g) Possession of any camera or other recording device within a facility is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the institution head.
(h) No camera or other recording device shall be permitted within the execution chamber area.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3262. Public Events.
Visitors may be permitted to attend athletic games and other types of entertainment held at facilities only under conditions that will not jeopardize facility security and the visitor’s safety. Visitor attendance shall be by invitation only. Attendance of visitors...
shall not deprive inmates of attendance or adequate seating at such events. Admission fees shall not be charged.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 ordered transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3263. Group Visits.
Visits to a facility by interested groups may be permitted under conditions not jeopardizing facility security or the safety of persons. Visitors shall be escorted through the facility as specified by the institution head. Tours shall be conducted in a manner avoiding embarrassment of inmates or visitors, and disruption of normal activities.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section filed 12-18-91 as an emergency; operative 12-18-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-16-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of printing error (Register 92, No. 4).
3. Editorial correction of printing error (Register 92, No. 5).
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-18-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-26-92 (Register 92, No. 22).

3264. Employee Guests.
Employees requesting to bring visitors into a facility shall first obtain authorization from the institution head.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 ordered transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3265. Arts and Crafts Exhibits.
(a) The public may be permitted to attend displays of inmate-made articles provided:
(1) Facility security shall not be jeopardized.
(2) Adequate facilities and staff are available to control against unauthorized visiting and introduction of contraband.
(3) The activity does not interfere with the normal facility operation.


HISTORY:
1. Order of Repeal of subsection (b) filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).
2. Amendment of section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 and filed 6-1-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

3266. Inmate Contacts with the Public.
Inmates shall not initiate any personal contact with the public except as specifically authorized. This does not preclude an inmate’s courteous and appropriate response when contact is initiated by a member of the public.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3072 to new section 3266, including amendment of section heading and text, and new Note filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3267. Access of Public Officials to Facilities.
(a) A public official, except as provided in (b) below, of another governmental department or agency who needs to interview staff or inmates or to conduct an inspection shall request permission of the institution head at least 24 hours before the date and time of their desired arrival, stating the purpose of the proposed visit. Upon their arrival, the official’s access shall be subject to the following requirements:
(1) The official shall be required to produce their picture identification and consent to a search.
(2) The official shall be escorted by staff at all times within the facility’s security area.
(3) Any equipment required by the official shall be searched and under the control of staff while it is within the facility’s security area.
(b) An elected state official’s access may be denied only during an emergency with the approval of the Secretary of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. Access by the guests or staff of such officials may be denied when they have not been previously approved by the institution head.
(c) In cases of immediate need, and upon notification by the Secretary in writing, any prohibitions regarding access to inmates by public officials, their guests or staff may be suspended to assist in the interest of public understanding of departmental operations and responsibilities.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 11-5-92; operative 12-7-92 (Register 92, No. 45).
2. Amendment of subsection (b) and new subsection (c) filed 8-29-2008; operative 9-28-2008 (Register 2008, No. 35).

Article 1.5. Use of Force and Restraining Devices

3268. Use of Force.
The purpose of this Section is to set forth Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) policy governing the use of force. The policy has its foundation in California Penal Code statutes and relevant case decisions.

(a) Definitions.
(1) Reasonable Force:
The force that an objective, trained and competent correctional employee, faced with similar facts and circumstances, would consider necessary and reasonable to subdue an attacker, overcome resistance, effect custody, or gain compliance with a lawful order.
(2) Unnecessary Force:
The use of force when none is required or appropriate.
(3) Excessive Force:
The use of more force than is objectively reasonable to accomplish a lawful purpose.
(4) Immediate Use of Force:
The force used to respond without delay to a situation or circumstance that constitutes an imminent threat to security or the safety of persons.

(5) Controlled Use of Force:
The force used in an institution/facility setting, when an inmate’s presence or conduct poses a threat to safety or security and the inmate is located in an area that can be controlled or isolated.

(6) Non-Conventional Force:
Force that utilizes techniques or instruments that are not specifically authorized in policy, procedures, or training. Depending on the circumstances, non-conventional force can be necessary and reasonable; it can also be unnecessary or excessive.

(7) Non-Deadly Force:
Any use of force that is not likely to result in death.

(8) Deadly Force:
Any use of force that is likely to result in death. Any discharge of a firearm other than the lawful discharge during weapons qualifications, firearms training, or other legal recreational use of a firearm, is deadly force.

(9) Response Supervisor:
The Response Supervisor is the first line supervisor in an institution/facility responsible for the area where an incident occurs.

(10) Responding Supervisor:
The Responding Supervisor is the first line supervisor responsible for the employee involved in an incident.

(11) Incident Commander:
The Incident Commander is the second line supervisor in an institution/facility responsible for the area where an incident occurs or an allegation of excessive or unnecessary force is received.

(12) First Level Manager:
A First Level Manager in an institution/facility is a Facility Captain/Correctional Captain.

(13) First Line Manager:
A First Line Manager is a Parole Administrator, District Administrator, Special Agent-In-Charge, or Senior Special Agent.

(14) Second Level Manager:
A Second Level Manager in an institution/facility is an Associate Warden.

(15) Second Line Manager:
A Second Line Manager is a Deputy Regional Parole Administrator or Chief.

(16) Deadly Force Review Board (DFRB) means the board responsible for conducting a full and complete review of all incidents involving a use of deadly force (except those meeting the criteria set forth in 3268(a)(20)) and every death or great bodily injury that could have been caused by a staff use of force, except the lawful discharge of a firearm during weapons qualifications or firearms training, or other legal recreational uses of a firearm. Although defined as deadly force, DFRB need not investigate the discharge of a warning shot inside an institution/facility if an Investigative Services Unit Sergeant or above, or an uninvolved Correctional Lieutenant or above confirms that the discharge of deadly force was a warning shot and that no injuries were caused by the shot. All warning shots shall be reported to the Office of Internal Affairs/DFIT and the Bureau of Independent Review (BIR).

(17) Institutional Executive Review Committee (IERC):
The IERC is a committee of institution staff chaired by the respective Institution Head tasked with reviewing and evaluating recommended revisions to the department’s Use of Force Regulations and Procedures.

(b) It is the policy of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) to accomplish the departmental functions with minimal reliance on the use of force. Employees may use reasonable force as required in the performance of their duties, but unnecessary or excessive force shall not be used.

(c) Use of Force Options. Use of Force options do not have to be utilized in any particular sequence, but should be the force option staff reasonably believes is sufficient. Whenever possible, verbal persuasion or orders shall be issued prior to resorting to force and are required to be provided before controlled force is used. The resisted searching or escorting of a person and the resisted application of authorized restraint equipment is not a use of force. Use of force options include but are not limited to:

(1) Chemical agents.
(2) Hand-held batons.
(3) Physical strength and holds. A choke hold or any other physical restraint which prevents the person from swallowing or breathing shall not be used unless the use of deadly force would be authorized.
(4) Less-lethal weapons: A less-lethal weapon is any weapon that is not likely to cause death. A 37mm or 40mm launcher and any other weapon used to fire less-lethal projectiles is a less-lethal weapon.
(5) Lethal weapons: A lethal weapon is any weapon that is likely to result in death. A firearm is a lethal weapon because it is used to fire lethal projectiles.

(d) The CDCR recognizes the sanctity of human life. Therefore, deadly force will only be used when it is reasonably necessary to:
(1) Defend the employee or other persons from an immediate threat of death or great bodily injury.
(2) Prevent an escape from custody.
(3) Stop acts such as riots or arson that constitute an immediate jeopardy to institutional security and, because of their magnitude,
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are likely to result in escapes, great bodily injury, or the death of other persons.

(4) Dispose of seriously injured or dangerous animals when no other disposition is practical.

(e) In facilities contracted to house CDCR inmates outside of California, the use of deadly force shall only be applied in accordance with applicable law in the state where the facility is located.

(f) A firearm shall not be discharged if there is reason to believe that persons other than the intended target will be injured.

(g) Firearms may be discharged as a warning only in an institutional/facility setting and only when deadly force is permitted under Section 3268(d).

(h) Immediate Use of Force. A verbal warning shall be given before force is used unless the circumstances requiring the immediate force preclude such a verbal warning.

(i) Controlled Use of Force. In an institutional/facility setting, controlled use of force may be used when time and circumstances permit advance planning, staffing and organization. A controlled use of force requires authorization and the presence of a First or Second Level Manager, or during non-business hours, an AOD Manager. Providing a public safety statement does not relieve the staff employing deadly force and shall document the essence of the oral statement in writing and submit it to the institution head for approval or follow-up action.

(j) Tactical Use of Force. In a field or community setting, the tactical use of force is part of an operation plan at a predetermined location with intended targets. All use of force options available shall be considered. The Tactical Use of Force shall require prior supervisory approval during the operation planning.

(k) Chemical Agents. Departmentally approved chemical agents include, but are not limited to the following: oleoresin capsicum (OC), chloroacetophenone (CN), and orthochlorobenzalmalononitrile (CS).

(l) Decontamination from Chemical Agents. Any person exposed to a chemical agent shall be afforded an opportunity to decontaminate as soon as practical. If the person refuses to decontaminate, no other action is necessary. If an inmate was exposed in a cell and not removed from the cell where the exposure occurred, in-cell decontamination shall be afforded to the inmate, to include but not be limited to:

(A) Health care staff advising the inmate how to self decontaminate in the cell.

(B) Health care staff monitoring the in-cell inmate at least every 15 minutes for a period not less than 45 minutes.


HISTORY:
1. New article 1.5 (sections 3268-3268.2) and section filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency as a public hearing subsequent to the approval of the law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c)(1).
2. Editorial correction of History 1 (Register 99, No. 24).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order, including amendment of first paragraph, transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).
4. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-19-2010; operative 8-19-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 34).

3268.1  Reporting and Investigating the Use of Force for Institution/Facility Staff.

(a) Use of Force—Reporting Requirements. Every staff use of force is an incident that shall be reported.

1. New article 1.5 (sections 3268-3268.2) and section filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency as a public hearing subsequent to the approval of the law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c)(1).

(b) Additional Reporting Requirements for Use of Deadly Force.

(1) An employee who intentionally or accidentally uses deadly force, whether on or off duty, shall ensure that a supervisory employee is notified of the incident without delay. This reporting is not required for the lawful discharge of a firearm during weapons qualifications, firearms training, or other legal recreational use of a firearm.

(2) The response supervisor shall ensure that the chain of command is notified and all necessary health and safety, medical and security measures are initiated.

(A) If the incident is in an institution/facility, the response supervisor shall obtain a public safety statement(s) (oral statement) from the staff employing deadly force and shall document the essence of the oral statement in writing and submit it to the incident commander. Providing a public safety statement does not relieve the staff of the responsibility to submit a written report in accordance with 3268.1(a), or within 24 hours after the incident.

(B) For incidents occurring in a community setting, the on-duty supervisor shall ensure local law enforcement is contacted.

(3) The incident commander shall notify the Office of Internal Affairs (OIA) and the Bureau of Independent Review (BIR) as soon as possible, but no later than one hour from the time the incident is discovered, of any use of deadly force and every death or GBI that could have been caused by a staff use of force.

(c) Any employee who observes a use of force that is unnecessary or excessive shall attempt to stop the violation. Any employee who becomes aware of an allegation of unnecessary or excessive use of force, whether it occurs during a reportable incident or not, shall verbally report the allegation to a custody supervisor as soon as possible, followed by the submission of the appropriate documentation.

(d) Video Recording Requirements.

(1) A video recording is required for all Controlled Uses of Force occurrences. A video recording of the inmate is also required following a use of force occurrence resulting in SBI or GBI to the inmate.

(2) A video recording of the inmate shall be made when the inmate has made an allegation of an unnecessary or excessive use of force and shall be documented on a CDCR Form 3013 (Rev. 02/10), Inmate Interview Guidelines and a CDCR Form 3014 (Rev. 6/09), Report of Findings—Inmate Interview, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

(e) Reviewing Use of Force Requirements.

1. New article 1.5 (sections 3268-3268.2) and section filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency as a public hearing subsequent to the approval of the law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c)(1).
(1) For reported incidents, a good faith effort must be made at all levels of review in order to reach a judgment whether the staff’s actions prior to, during, and subsequent to the force used was in compliance with regulations, procedure and applicable law and determine if follow-up action is necessary.

(2) Use of Force levels of review include the following:

(A) Incident Commander Review, CDCR Form 3010 (Rev. 6/09), Incident Commander’s Review/Critique Use of Force Incidents.

(B) First Level Manager Review, CDCR Form 3011 (Rev. 6/09), Manager’s Review—First Level Use of Force Incidents, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

(C) Second Level Manager Review, CDCR Form 3012 (Rev. 6/09), Manager’s Review—Second Level Use of Force Incidents, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

(D) Use of Force Coordinator Review. The Use of Force Coordinator shall normally schedule all logged use of force cases for review within 30 days of their logged occurrence. The Use of Force Coordinator shall document their review on a CDCR Form 3034 (6/09), IERC Allegation Review, and a CDCR Form 3036 (6/09), IERC Critique and Qualitative Evaluation, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

(E) Institutional Executive Review Committee (IERC). Normally, the IERC is comprised of the following staff:

1. Institution Head or Chief Deputy Warden, as chairperson and final decision maker.
2. At least one other manager assigned on a rotational basis.
3. In-Service Training Manager.
4. One health care practitioner or clinician, and
5. A Use of Force Coordinator.

6. Other designated supervisors and rank and file staff may also attend, as determined by the Institution Head. A representative of the BIR may also attend and monitor IERC meetings.

7. The IERC shall meet to review its cases on at least a monthly basis, or on a schedule to ensure all cases are reviewed within 30 days. The IERC shall document their review on a CDCR Form 3035 (6/09), IERC Use of Force Review & Further Action Recommendation, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

(F) Department Executive Review Committee (DERC).

(f) Investigating Deadly Force and Any Use of Force that could have caused Death or Great Bodily Injury,

(1) Every use of deadly force (except those meeting the criteria set forth in 3268(a)(20)) and every death or great bodily injury that could have been caused by a staff use of force will be investigated by the Deadly Force Investigation Team (DFIT) and reviewed by the Deadly Force Review Board (DFRB).

(2) DFIT shall conduct criminal and administrative investigations of every death or great bodily injury that could have been caused by a staff use of force and every use of deadly force, except those meeting the criteria set forth in 3268(a)(20), the lawful discharge of a firearm during weapons qualifications or firearms training, or other legal recreational uses of a firearm.

(3) DFRB shall conduct a full and complete review of all incidents involving a use of deadly force (except those meeting the criteria set forth in 3268(a)(20)) and every death or great bodily injury that could have been caused by a staff use of force, regardless of whether the incident occurs in an institutional or community setting.

(g) Use of Force Joint Use Committee (JUC). The Use of Force JUC shall review and evaluate recommended revisions to the CDCR’s Use of Force Regulations and Procedures. The JUC shall be comprised of the following field staff:

1. At least one Institution Head, as chairperson,
2. At least one staff member from each DAI mission based region, at the level of Lieutenant or Captain,
3. At least one Use of Force Coordinator,
4. At least three representatives from the California Correctional Peace Officer Association (CCPOA), as designated by the CCPOA,
5. The Chief of BIR, or designee, and
6. Others as needed and assigned by the Deputy Director, DAL.

The JUC shall meet quarterly as necessary, but not less than annually, to review recommended revisions.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).

2. Editorial correction of History 1 (Register 99, No. 24).

3. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order, including amendment of subsections (a)(1) and (b)(2), transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).

4. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 8-19-2010; operative 5-19-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 34).

3268.2. Use of Restraints.

(a) Only state issued restraint gear and equipment that has been authorized by the CDCR for use at the discretion of staff shall be issued/assigned to an employee or carried/used by an employee while on duty. Any use of unauthorized restraint gear or equipment or use of approved restraint gear or equipment in a manner other than specified in (b) shall require a pre-approval in writing by the Hiring Authority of the institution/facility/unit that is making the request.

(b) Mechanical means of physical restraint may be used only under the following circumstances:

(1) When transporting a person between locations.
(2) When a person’s history, present behavior, apparent emotional state, or other conditions present a reasonable likelihood that he or she may become violent or attempt to escape.
(3) When directed by licensed health care clinicians, to prevent a person from attempting suicide or inflicting injury to himself or herself.

(c) Mechanical restraints shall not be:

(1) Used as punishment.
(2) Placed around a person’s neck.
(3) Applied in a way likely to cause undue physical discomfort or restrict blood flow or breathing, e.g., hog-tying.
(4) Used to secure a person to a fixed object except, as a temporary emergency measure. However, a person who is being transported shall not be locked in any manner to any part of the transporting vehicle.
(5) Placed on an inmate during labor, including during transport to a hospital, during delivery, and while in recovery after giving birth, unless circumstances exist that require the immediate application of mechanical restraints to avoid the imminent threat of death, escape, or great bodily injury, and only for the period during which such threat exists.
(d) When mechanical restraint is required, handcuffs, alone or attached to a waist chain, will be the means of restraint normally used. However, additional mechanical restraint, including leg irons, additional chains, straight jackets, leather cuffs, or other specialized restraint equipment may be used when the circumstances indicate the need for the level of control that such devices will provide. The unresisted application of authorized restraint equipment is not a use of force.
(e) Use of mechanical restraints on persons confirmed, or suspected by health care staff to be pregnant shall be subject to the following requirements:

(1) No leg restraints or waist chains shall be applied.
(2) If handcuffs are applied, the person’s arms shall be brought to the front of her body for application.
(3) When transporting a pregnant inmate off institutional grounds, the application of restraint gear shall be restricted to handcuffs to the front of the inmate only. If the pregnant inmate is in labor, the rules provided in subsection 3268.2(c)(5) shall also be followed.
(f) Use of restraint equipment by direction of licensed health care clinicians shall be fully documented in the medical file of the restrained inmate parolee.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3280 to new section 3268.2, including amendment of section heading, section and Note, filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
2. Editorial correction of History 1 (Register 99, No. 24).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).
4. New subsections (b)(5) and (d)(1)-(3), subsection relettering and amendment of Note filed 3-6-2008; operative 4-5-2008 (Register 2008, No. 10).
5. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-19-2010; operative 8-19-2010 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2010, No. 34).

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3268.3. Reporting and Investigating the Use of Force for Field Staff.

(a) Use of Force-Reporting Requirements. Every staff use of force is an incident that shall be reported.
(1) Any employee who uses force or observes CDCR staff use of force in a community or field setting shall report it to a supervisor as soon as practical and submit the appropriate documentation, prior to being relieved from duty. The documentation shall be on a CDCR Form 1662-A (Rev. 9/09), Field Incident Report Part A-Cover Sheet, CDCR Form 1662-B (Rev. 9/09), Field Incident Report Part B-Summary Information, CDCR Form 1662-C (Rev. 9/09), Field Incident Report Part C-Employee Report, CDCR Form 1662-C1 (Rev. 9/09), Field Incident Report Part C1-Supplement Page, which are hereby incorporated by reference.
(2) Any employee not assigned to an institution/facility who uses force or observes CDCR staff use of force in an institution/facility environment, shall report it to a supervisor as soon as practical and follow up with appropriate documentation as required in section 3268.1(a)(1). A copy of the report shall be provided to the employee’s supervisor and the original shall be retained by the institution/facility Incident Commander.
(3) The supervisor shall document his or her review on a CDCR Form 3010-A (Rev. 9/09), Field: Use of Force Incident—Supervisor Review/Critique, which is hereby incorporated by reference, and forward it with the employee’s document through the designated chain of command, to the regional parole administrator for approval or follow-up action.
(b) Additional Reporting Requirements for Use of Deadly Force.
(1) An employee who intentionally or accidentally uses deadly force, whether on or off duty, shall ensure that a supervisory employee is notified of the incident without delay. This reporting is not required for the lawful discharge of a firearm during weapons qualifications, firearms training, or other legal recreational use of a firearm.

(2) A supervisor shall ensure that the chain of command is notified and all necessary health and safety, medical and security measures are initiated.

(A) The responding supervisor shall obtain a public safety statement(s) (oral statement) from the staff employing deadly force and shall document the essence of the oral statement in writing and submit it to the incident commander. Providing a public safety statement does not relieve the staff of the responsibility to submit a written report in accordance with 3268.3(a), or within 24 hours after the incident.
(B) The responding supervisor shall ensure local law enforcement is contacted.
(C) The incident commander or responding supervisor shall notify the Office of Internal Affairs (OIA) and the Bureau of Independent Review (BIR) as soon as possible, but no later than one hour from the time the incident is discovered, of any use of deadly force and every death or GBI that could have been caused by a staff use of force.
(D) Any employee who observes a use of force that is unnecessary or excessive shall attempt to stop the violation. Any employee who becomes aware of an allegation of unnecessary or excessive use of force, shall report the allegation verbally to a supervisor as soon as possible, followed by the submission of the appropriate documentation.
(E) Video Recording Requirements.
(1) A video recording is required for Uses of Force which result in serious bodily injury or great bodily injury, except when video recording is prohibited in a local jail or custody location.
(2) A video recording of a person shall be made when the person has made an allegation of an unnecessary or excessive use of force, except when video recording is prohibited in a local jail or custody location. All allegations shall be documented on a CDCR Form 3013-A (Rev. 02/10), Field: Supervisory Use of Force Interview Guide and a CDCR Form 3014-A (Rev. 9/09), Field: Supervisory Use of Force Interview Findings Report, which are hereby incorporated by reference.
(F) Reviewing Use of Force Requirements.
(1) For reported incidents, a good faith effort must be made at all levels of review in order to reach a judgment whether the staff’s actions prior to, during, and subsequent to the force used was in compliance with regulations, procedure and applicable law and determine if follow-up action is necessary.
(2) Use of Force levels of review include the following:
(A) Incident Commander Review, CDCR Form 3010-A (Rev. 9/09), Field: Use of Force Incident—Supervisor Review/Critique.
(B) First Line Manager Review, CDCR Form 3011-A (Rev. 9/09), Field: Use of Force Incident—Manager Review/Critique, which is hereby incorporated by reference.
(C) Second Line Manager Review, CDCR Form 3012-A (Rev. 9/09), Field: Executive Review of Use of Force Critique and Qualitative Evaluation/Analysis, which is hereby incorporated by reference.
(D) Regional Use of Force Coordinator Review. The Use of Force Coordinator shall normally schedule all logged use of force cases for review within 30 days of their logged occurrence. The Regional Use of Force Coordinator shall document their review on a CDCR Form 3034-A (9/09), Field: Executive Review Committee—Use of Force/Misconduct Allegation, and a CDCR Form 3036-A (9/09), Field: Executive Review Committee Critique and Qualitative Evaluation/Analysis, which are hereby incorporated by reference.
3269. Inmate Housing Assignments.

Inmates shall accept Inmate Housing Assignments (IHAs) as directed by staff. It is the expectation that all inmates double cell, whether being housed in a Reception Center, General Population (GP), an Administrative Segregation Unit (ASU), a Security Housing Unit (SHU), or specialty housing unit. If staff determines an inmate is suitable for double celling, based on the criteria as set forth in this section, the inmate shall accept the housing assignment or be subject to disciplinary action for refusing. IHAs shall be made on the basis of available documentation and individual case factors. Inmates are not entitled to single cell assignment, housing location of choice, or to a cellmate of their choice.

(a) Upon arrival at an institution, facility, or program reception center, a designated custody supervisor shall screen an inmate for an appropriate housing assignment. The screening authority involved in the review and approval of an inmate’s housing assignment must evaluate all factors to be considered, including but not limited to:

- Length of sentence.
- Enemies and victimization history.
- Criminal influence demonstrated over other inmates.
- Reason(s) for prior segregation.
- History of “S” suffix determination pursuant to CCR subsection 3377.1(c).
- History of in-cell assaults and/or violence.
- Prison gang or disruptive group affiliation and/or association.
- Nature of commitment offense.
- Documented reports from prior cellmate(s) that the inmate intimidated, threatened, forced, and/or harmed him or her for sex.
- Documentation that the cellmate(s) refused to return to a cell occupied by the inmate because of fear, threats, or abuse perpetrated by the inmate.
- Documentation that the inmate has been the victim of a sexual assault.
- Adjudicated Department Rules Violations Reports (RVR) where the inmate was found guilty as a perpetrator in an act of physical abuse, sexual abuse, sodomy, or other act of force against a cellmate.

(b) The screening authority shall complete a CDCR Form 1882 (rev. 2/07), Initial Housing Review, stating if the inmate is suitable for dorm/cell housing with or without special restrictions. Restrictions are any case factors which may limit the inmate’s housing placement options such as, but not limited to:

- Security issues including ASU and SHU placement.
- Request for Protective Custody.
- Medical or mental health issues.
- Integrated Housing Code.

Staff shall ensure that the housing policies regarding special category inmates covered under specific litigation remain in place during the housing assignment.

(c) Upon placement in an ASU or SHU, inmates shall be screened for an appropriate cell assignment using the same criteria as inmates being screened for housing in the general population. The reason for ASU or SHU placement shall also be taken into consideration.

Based on available information and the inmate interview, the screening authority shall determine if the inmate is suitable for single or double celled housing, and shall complete a CDC Form 114-A1 (rev. 10/98), Inmate Segregation Profile. Unless approved for single cell assignment, an inmate in ASU or SHU is expected to share a cell with another inmate.

(d) Single cell status shall be considered for those inmates who demonstrate a history of in-cell abuse, significant in-cell violence towards a cell partner, verification of predatory behavior towards a cell partner, or who have been victimized in-cell by another inmate. Staff shall consider the inmate’s pattern of behavior, not just an isolated incident. An act of mutual combat in itself does not warrant single cell status. The following factors must be considered when evaluating single cell status, noting these factors are not exclusive of other considerations:

(1) Predatory behavior is characterized by aggressive, repeated attempts to physically or sexually abuse another inmate.

(2) Documented and verified instances of being a victim of in-cell physical or sexual abuse by another inmate.

(e) Should the screening authority determine that single cell designation is appropriate, the inmate’s case factors shall be reviewed by a classification committee for determination of appropriate housing and designation for an “S” suffix. A classification committee may consider whether an inmate with single cell designation has since proven capable of being double-celled.

(f) In cases where single cell status is recommended by clinical staff due to mental health or medical concerns, a classification committee shall make the final determination of an inmate’s cell assignment. The classification committee shall consider the clinical recommendations made by the evaluating clinician with assistance.
from the clinician who participates in the committee and review the inmate’s case factors when determining the housing assignment. Single cell status based upon clinical recommendation is usually a temporary short-term measure and must be periodically reviewed, minimally at an inmate’s annual review or more frequently at the inmate’s/clinician’s request.

(g) If an inmate refuses to be housed as determined to be appropriate to this section, the inmate shall be subject to the disciplinary process, with the potential to be housed in alternative and more restrictive housing. Refusal to participate will result in the issuance of a Rules Violation Report (RVR) for Conduct, subsection 3005(c), Refusing to Accept Assigned Housing, for the Specific Act of Willfully Resisting, Delaying, or Obstructing any Peace Officer in the performance of Duty (CCR subsection 3323(f)(6)). Subsequent acts of the above listed offense will result in the issuance of additional disciplinary reports and consideration for placement in more restrictive housing such as an ASU or a SHU.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-18-2008 as an emergency; operative 3-18-2008 (Register 2008, No. 12). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-25-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a) filed 3-28-2011 pursuant to section 100, title I, California Code of Regulations (Register 2011, No. 13).

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TITLE 15

Integrated Housing.

An inmate’s race will not be used as a primary determining factor in housing an institution’s inmate population. Inmate housing assignments shall be made on the basis of available documentation and individual case factors to implement an Integrated Housing Policy (IHP). Individual case factors include, but are not limited to, such factors as:

(1) History of racial violence.
(2) Commitment offense/time to serve.
(3) Classification score.
(4) Custody level.
(5) Education.
(6) Disciplinary history.

The IHP is set forth in these regulations. Housing assignments will be determined in a manner that will ensure that the safety, security, treatment, and rehabilitative needs of the inmate are considered, as well as the safety and security of the public, staff and institutions. Upon adoption of these regulations in 2007, the department will begin to update a computer tracking system to include the assignment of an Integrated Housing Code (IHC) as set forth in subsection (b) that will be used to identify each inmate’s ability to integrate. On January 1, 2008, actual implementation of the IHP will commence at designated facilities. On January 1, 2009, the IHP will begin to be implemented at all remaining institutions.

(a) The department’s housing protocol will require male inmates to be housed in an appropriate bed, based on each inmate’s Integrated Housing Code (IHC) and/or individual case factors. The department will utilize a computer tracking system to identify, track, and monitor an inmate’s eligibility to integrate when being housed.

(b) Based on a review of an inmate’s individual case factors and a personal interview with an inmate, an IHC will be assigned. The appropriateness of an inmate’s IHC will be assessed at least at an inmate’s Annual Review, or as case factors may change, and adjusted as necessary. An IHC that may be assigned are detailed as follows:

(1) RE, Racially Eligible. An inmate that has not been a victim or perpetrator of a racially motivated crime and can live with members of any race. It is the expectation of the department that all inmates will be coded RE, unless certain case factors dictate otherwise.

(2) RP, Restricted Partially. An inmate that may be considered ineligible to live with inmates of a particular race. Ineligibility to live with someone of another race could be based on a racially motivated incident, where racial beliefs or attitudes were the cause of the incident.

(3) RO, Restricted to Own (Race). An inmate that has been the victim and/or perpetrator of a racially motivated crime. Inmates who are coded RO Restricted to Own will not be precluded from integration in other aspects of institutional operation, such as a school or work assignment. Inmates coded as RO are not precluded from racially integrated housing for the entire duration of their sentence.

(4) RT, Restricted Temporarily by Custody. Inmates with insufficient information or documentation for the designated custody supervisor to make an objective determination shall be coded RT for Restricted Temporarily Restricted by Custody. This code may be used when conflicting information arrives with the inmate or when questionable statements or behavior by the inmate are observed that are not consistent with the inmate’s claim of eligibility.

(5) RR, Restricted by Refusal. Inmate is otherwise eligible for integrated housing but refuses to participate. Refusal to accept an integrated housing assignment, when all available documentation and information does not preclude such, shall result in disciplinary action with the potential to be housed in alternative and more restrictive housing, such as an Administrative Segregation Unit (ASU) or a Security Housing Unit (SHU).

(c) Inmates arriving in a facility Receiving and Release will be interviewed in accordance with the established process for intake. The designated custody supervisor will use the information provided during the interview as well as the supporting documents received to determine the inmate’s eligibility for an integrated housing assignment.

(d) New arrivals at a facility or inmates who require a bed assignment change will be housed in the first available and appropriate bed, taking into consideration all relevant case factors. Staff will also consider other available information that would indicate or present an immediate risk or safety concern for the inmate such as, but not limited to:

(1) Security issues including ASU placement.
(2) SHU.
(3) Request for Protective Custody.
(4) Prison gang or disruptive group affiliation or association.
(5) Medical or mental health issues.
(6) Length of term.
(7) Height, weight, and age.

Staff will continue to ensure that current housing policies regarding special category inmates covered under specific litigation remain in place during the housing process.

(e) If an inmate refuses to be housed in appropriately determined housing, he shall be subject to the disciplinary process, with the potential to be housed in alternative and more restrictive housing. Refusal to participate will result in the issuance of a Rules Violation Report (RVR) for Conduct, subsection 3005(c), Obeying Orders, for the Specific Act of Willfully Resisting, Delaying, or Obstructing any Peace Officer in the Performance of Duty (CCR subsection 3323(f)(6)), and shall be considered after the first RVR for placement in more restrictive housing such as an ASU or a SHU. At any
time during this process the inmate may elect to participate in the
IHP.
(f) Disciplinary restrictions will be applied as a result of a discri-
plinary process where inmates are afforded due process. The
suspension of privileges based on a finding of guilt in a disciplinary
hearing shall be assessed as set for the in CCR subsections 3315(f)
(5)(M)1. and (M)2.
(g) In the event that facility management determines that a tem-
porary suspension of assignments within a unit to integrated beds
is warranted, the Warden or designee shall request approval from
their mission based Associate Director for a temporary suspension
of integrated housing assignments consistent with the lockdown or
modified program. Regular housing assignment procedures shall
be resumed in accordance with the Integrated Housing policy upon
resolution of the incident.

1141], remand of Johnson v. California, (9th Cir. 2007) [Dock. No. CV
95-1192 CBM(BQR)].

HISTORY:
1. New article 1.6 (section 3269.1) and section filed 12-28-2007; op-
 erative 12-28-2007 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4
(Register 2007, No. 52).
2. Amendment of subsection (g) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011
 (Register 2011, No. 24).

Article 2. Security
3270. General Policy.
The primary objectives of the correctional institutions are to pro-
tect the public by safely keeping persons committed to the custody
of the Director of Corrections, and to afford such persons with
every reasonable opportunity and encouragement to participate in
rehabilitative activities. Consistent effort will be made to insure the
security of the institution and the effectiveness of the treatment pro-
grams within the framework of security and safety. Each employee
must be trained to understand how physical facilities, degree of
custody classification, personnel, and operative procedures affect
the maintenance of inmate custody and security. The requirement
of custodial security and of staff, inmate and public safety must
take precedence over all other considerations in the operation of
all the programs and activities of the institutions of the department.
Comment: Former DP-4201, policy general.

3270.1. Lethal Electrified Fences.
(a) For the purposes of this section, a lethal electrified fence is a
high voltage fence installed for the lethal infliction of injury to
escaping inmates.
(b) Safety precautions shall be instituted to prevent accidental
electrocution. These precautions shall include, but are not limited
to, the following:
(1) The posting of warning signs on the inner and outer perim-
eters of the facility informing staff, inmates, and the public of the
presence of a lethal electrified fence.
(2) A visual inspection of the lethal electrified fence area at least
once per shift.
(3) Regular inspections by an outside patrol of the perimeter
areas.
(4) The presence of a staff person trained in energizing and
deeenergizing the fence prior to any authorized person entering the
lethal electrified fence area.
(5) Inspections of lethal electrified fences as specified by a rou-
tine maintenance schedule.
(6) The insulation of lethal electrified fences between two secu-

NOTE: Authority cited: 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
2052 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-15-93 as an emergency; operative 12-15-93
(Register 93, No. 51). A Certificate of Compliance must be trans-
mittted to OAL by 4-25-94 or emergency language will be repealed
by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 4-15-94 as an emergency; operative 4-25-94
(Register 94, No. 15). A Certificate of Compliance must be trans-
mittted to OAL by 8-23-94 or emergency language will be repealed
by operation of law on the following day.
3. Repealed by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(g)
(Register 94, No. 37).
4. New section including amendments, refiled 9-15-94; operative

3271. Responsibility of Employees.

Every employee, regardless of his or her assignment, is respon-
sible for the safe custody of the inmates confined in the institutions
of the department.
Comment: Former DP-4202, responsibility of employees.

3272. Custody Classification.
The classification committee at each institution must assign a
custodial classification to each inmate, in accordance with the
custodial classifications prescribed by the department. The senior
custodial officer on duty may temporarily increase the custodial
classification of an inmate at any time he or she believes such action
is necessary to protect the security and good order of the in-
itution. Such action is subject to classification committee review
at the next regular meeting. Any reduction of an inmate’s custody
classification must be by classification committee action.
Comment: Former DP-4203, custody classification.

3273. Acceptance and Surrender of Custody.
Wardens and superintendents must not accept or surrender cus-
tody of any prisoner under any circumstances, except by valid court
order or other due process of law.
Comment: Former DP-4204, acceptance and surrender of custody.

3274. Inmate Count and Movement.
(a) Inmate count. Every institution head shall maintain a system
to account at all times for inmates under their jurisdiction. A physical
count of all inmates shall be taken at least four times during
each calendar day unless otherwise authorized in writing by the di-
rector. No inmate activity shall be scheduled at a time which would
interrupt the facility count.
(1) Standing count. At least one daily count shall be a standing
count wherein inmates shall stand at their cell door or, in a dormito-
ry, shall sit on their assigned bed during the designated count time.
(2) Emergency count. If staff determines an inmate may be miss-
ing, an emergency count shall be conducted to determine whether
an escape has occurred and, if so, the identity of the escapee. When
an emergency count is announced, inmates shall return to their as-
signed housing, except in a medical emergency or other exception
specifically authorized by the official in charge.
(b) Inmate movement. Each facility shall establish a schedule of
routine inmate movement to and from the facility’s activities and
assignments such as work and education, and the gym or exercise
yard.
(1) Appointment. A CDC Form 129 (Rev. 7/88), Inmate Pass,
shall be issued to an inmate approved for movement to a scheduled
non-routine appointment. Medical service and case work appoint-
ments shall not be scheduled during inmates’ work or program
hours unless an inmate cannot otherwise obtain the service or case
work.
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(2) Unscheduled movement. If unscheduled movement of an inmate is necessary, such movement shall not take place unless the inmate is escorted by staff, or a pass has been issued by staff authorizing the movement.

(3) Routine movement. A gate pass shall be maintained for each inmate assigned to work outside a facility’s security area. The gate pass shall:

(A) Not be handled by any inmate.

(B) Include the inmate’s identification photo, name, CDC number, housing assignment, custody designation, assignment requiring the gate pass, effective date of the pass, times the inmate is authorized to pass through the gate, and the signature of a facility official authorized to approve gate passes.

(C) Be rescinded by staff at the level of correctional lieutenant or higher, pending a classification committee review whenever:

1. A hold or detainer against an inmate’s release, or notice thereof, is received by the facility.

2. Staff determines from the inmate’s behavior that the inmate may require increased supervision.

3. Staff receives information indicating an inmate’s increased escape potential.

(c) Lockdown or Modified Program. Facility procedures governing the restriction of inmate movement during a lockdown or modified program shall be established and updated daily during any lockdown or modified program.

(d) Limited visibility. When visibility at a facility is severely restricted or a state of emergency is declared, inmates shall be confined to their housing units, except as otherwise authorized by the official in charge. In such circumstances, all inmate movement shall be under the direct and constant supervision of staff.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 7-29-76; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 76, No. 31).

2. Amendment of section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 6-14-11; operative 7-14-11 (Register 11, No. 24).

3276. Firearms.

(a) Only peace officers who have satisfactorily completed firearms training and who are currently qualified in the firing of departmental firearms shall be assigned to armed posts or otherwise be authorized to possess, carry or use a departmental firearm. Exceptions are only authorized in extreme emergencies when peace officers are not available in sufficient numbers or in time to stop or control a situation which warrants the immediate use of force, as described in section 3268.

(b) An employee appointed to a peace officer position wherein the specifications of the position include the carrying and use of firearms shall be given a reasonable time to complete firearms training and to qualify in the firing of departmental firearms. Persistent failure or refusal to satisfactorily complete firearms training and to qualify in the firing of departmental firearms shall be cause for dismissal from employment as a peace officer.

(c) Employees shall not have accessible, carry or use privately owned firearms or ammunition while on duty, except as authorized by the director or his/her designee. For the purpose of this section “on duty” means any time which is compensable as actual time worked.

(d) Employees who are ordered to carry a concealable firearm while on duty away from facilities where inmates/parolees are located shall keep the firearm concealed at all times except when use of the firearm is necessary. Employees on duty on the grounds of, and in, facilities where inmates/parolees are located shall not carry a concealable firearm unless ordered to do so by the official in charge.

(e) Each facility where inmates/parolees are located which maintains an unissued supply of firearms and ammunition, as described in Section 3275, shall provide for its long-term storage in a physically secure armory. Armories shall be located so as to be under 24-hour-a-day coverage of an armed post and away from areas that are open to traffic by unsupervised inmates/parolees and the public. Community Correctional Facility armories shall be exempt from the armed coverage requirement, but they shall be under 24-hour-a-day observation by staff directly, or by video surveillance, and shall be equipped with audible electronic alarms.

(f) Each facility where inmates/parolees are located shall provide a physically secure locked container, located outside the security areas, for the temporary storage of firearms, ammunition and other weaponry of employees and officials who must come on the grounds or enter the facility in the course of their employment or official business.

(g) Employees and others who live on the grounds of facilities where inmates/parolees are located, and any guests or visitors of such persons, shall not bring to, maintain, store or keep any firearms or ammunition in such residences at any time. Arrangements shall be made for the use of storage facilities described in subsections (e) and (f).

HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).

2. Amendment filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 3-28-95 as an emergency; operative 3-28-95 for 160 days pursuant to Penal Code Section 5058(e) (Register 95, No. 13). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-4-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to orders of 1-3-95 and 3-28-95 including amendment of subsection (a) and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 30).
(h) Firearms and ammunition shall not be left in an unattended vehicle at any time upon the grounds of facilities where inmates/ parolees are located. Exceptions are authorized only when the vehicle is securely locked and under the direct observation of staff who are aware that the vehicle contains firearms or ammunition, or when the vehicle is equipped with a departmentally approved secure container for such equipment. Merely out of sight storage such as in the spare tire well, trunk or glove box does not meet the requirements for a secure container.

(i) The loss or theft of departmentally issued/authorized firearms/duty weapons or related equipment shall be immediately reported to the responsible employee’s supervisor, and through the supervisor to the administrator of the jurisdiction of employment, and/or to the attention of the administrator in which the loss or theft occurred, if in a different jurisdiction. Local law enforcement agencies shall be notified, and a written report shall be made to the deputy director/assistant director within whose jurisdiction the loss or theft occurred.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
2. Amendment of subsection (a)(6) filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
3. Amendment filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment of subsections (b) and (b)(5) filed 3-28-95 as an emergency; operative 3-28-95 for 160 days pursuant to Penal Code s 5058(e) (Register 95, No. 13). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-4-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to orders of 1-3-95 and 3-28-95 including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 30).
6. Amendment filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
7. Editorial correction amending History 6 (Register 99, No. 26).
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).

3278. Control of Inmates and Parolees.

Employees who supervise inmates or parolees must have training in physical controls, use of restraint equipment, and keep themselves in good physical condition. In addition, all employees who supervise inmates must have training designed to give them knowledge of emotional disturbances common to inmates and parolees, and understanding of their own feelings, and the use of such knowledge in ways, which will minimize the need for the use of physical force. Batons may be carried only as specifically authorized by the director. Comment: Former DP-4209, control of inmates.

3279. Use of Force.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
2. Certificate of Compliance filed 7-29-76 (Register 76, No. 31).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to orders of 1-3-95 order including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
4. Repealer filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 13). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of subsections (a)(3), (b)(1), (b)(3), and (b)(4) transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 0).
8. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).

3280. Mechanical Restraint.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsections (a)(2) and (c) filed 5-28-76 as an emergency; designated effective 7-1-76 (Register 76, No. 19).
2. Certificate of Compliance filed 7-29-76 (Register 76, No. 31).
3. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
4. Amendment filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 76, No. 31).
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a)(2) filed 1-20-93 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 93, No. 4).
7. Repealer filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
8. Editorial correction amending History 7 (Register 99, No. 26).
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).

3281. Corporal Punishment.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 3-12-99 as an emergency; operative 4-1-99 (Register 99, No. 11). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-8-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1).
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of section and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-24-95 (Register 95, No. 0).
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3. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-1-99 order transmitted to OAL 9-8-99 and filed 10-20-99 (Register 99, No. 43).

3282. Use of Telephones by Inmates.

(a) For purposes of this section:

(1) An “emergency call” means a telephone call regarding the serious illness or injury, or the death of an inmate’s immediate family member.

(2) A “confidential call” means a telephone call between an inmate and his/her attorney which both parties intend to be private.

(3) An “inmate telephone” means a telephone designated solely to accommodate inmate-originated nonconfidential personal calls.

(4) An “intrafacility telephone” means a telephone which is not capable of direct-dial connections to telephones outside of the facility.

(5) A “prison telephone” means a telephone that is capable of outside access and is not monitored or recorded.

(b) Facilities shall provide inmate telephones for use by general population inmates. Inmates may place collect telephone calls to persons outside the facility at designated times and on designated telephones, as set forth in local procedures. Limitations may be placed on the frequency and length of such calls based on the inmate’s privilege group as outlined in section 3044, and to ensure equal access. Telephone calls requiring the use of a Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) or voice relay service shall have extended time scheduled due to the time delay which results from the TDD relay process.

(c) An inmate shall not:

(1) Use an intrafacility telephone except as specifically required or authorized by staff.

(2) Use a telephone capable of direct-dial connection with a public telephone system, except as authorized by staff.

(3) Charge a call to a credit card.

(4) Place a third party call.

(5) Ask the operator for an emergency interruption.

(6) Place a call to an “800,” “900,” “976,” “911,” “411,” or other special service number. Inmates that have a verified need to utilize the (1-800) TDD or relay service shall notify the correctional staff to facilitate the (1-800) TDD call.

(7) Place a call to an inmate at any other facility.

(8) Place calls to victims, peace officers, or other persons who have made an official written request not to receive telephone calls.

(9) Knowingly participate in a forwarded, transferred, or three-party call on an inmate telephone.

(d) Except as provided in this section, no limitation shall be placed on the identities or relationships of persons to whom an inmate may place a collect call.

(e) All inmate calls placed on intrafacility and inmate telephones may be subject to monitoring and recording at any time by institution staff.

(f) A conspicuous notice in English and Spanish shall be posted at each inmate telephone capable of recording and monitoring stating in both languages: All numbers dialed and conversations on this telephone may be recorded and may be monitored without any further notice. By using this telephone, you agree to the monitoring and recording. It is your responsibility to notify the person called that their conversation and telephone number may be monitored and will be recorded.” Staff who authorize an inmate to use an un-posted telephone for a nonconfidential call shall inform that inmate before the call is made regarding the notice of monitoring/recording requirement.

(g) If staff designated by the institution head determine that an incoming call concerns an emergency or confidential matter, the caller’s name and telephone number shall be obtained and the inmate promptly notified of the situation. The inmate shall be permitted to place an emergency or confidential call either collect or by providing for the toll to be deducted from the inmate’s trust account. A confidential call shall not be made on an inmate telephone and shall not be monitored or recorded. If a call is determined to be an attorney/inmate confidential phone call, in order for the inmate to place or receive the call it must have already received approval/clearance in accordance with subsections (g)(1), (g)(2) and (g)(4).

(1) Confidential calls may be approved on a case-by-case basis by the institution head or designee, upon written request from an attorney on the attorney’s office letterhead stationery. The request shall be made by written request via U. S. Postal Service or facsimile to the Institution Litigation Coordinator or designee. To obtain approval/clearance, the attorney shall provide in writing the following personal and professional information:

(A) Name.

(B) Mailing address.

(C) Date of Birth.

(D) Valid driver’s license or state-issued identification card number.

(E) Proof of current registry and good standing with a governing bar association, and

(F) Indication of the jurisdiction(s) licensed to practice law.

If the requesting attorney wishes to have a representative conduct the confidential phone call, the attorney representative must provide all applicable information listed above in addition to the attorney submitting their information. Refer to Title 15, subsection 3178(c)(1) for attorney representative criteria.

(2) Requesting attorney/attorney representative shall report any prior felony convictions or pending arrest dispositions, describe and explain any prior suspension or exclusion from a correctional facility, and declare under penalty of perjury one or more of the following:

(A) They are the named inmate’s attorney either by appointment by the court or at the inmate’s request.

(B) They have been requested by a judge to interview a named inmate for purposes of possible appointment as counsel by the same court.

(C) They are requesting to call a named inmate who may be a witness directly relevant to a legal process, purpose, or proceeding.

(D) They are seeking to interview a named inmate, at the request of the inmate, for the purpose of representation of the inmate in a legal process, for a legal purpose or in a legal proceeding, and

(E) They have been requested by a third party to consult with the named inmate when the inmate cannot do so because of a medical condition, disability or other circumstance.

(3) Any false statement or deliberate misrepresentation of facts specific to the information required in subsection (g)(2) shall be grounds for denying the request or cause for subsequent suspension or exclusion from all institutions/facilities administered by the department.

(4) Upon receipt of the information specified in (g)(1), a California law enforcement telecommunications system (CLETS) check of the attorney/attorney representative through the Department of Justice and verification of the attorney’s credential through the governing state bar will be conducted. Once the clearance and state bar verification have been obtained and approved the attorney shall be contacted to schedule the confidential telephone call with the specified inmate. Attorneys and attorney representatives shall immediately report to the Institution Litigation Coordinator any change in personal or professional information, arrest history and or pending dispositions and declarations made in subsections (g)(1) and (g)(2) to retain their approval/clearance. In addition, a CLETS check will be conducted at least annually and as needed based on
changes provided to the above listed information or information from any source that such changes had occurred.

(5) The date, time, duration, and place where the inmate will make or receive the call, and manner of the call are within the discretion of the institution head, except as restricted herein. A confidential call from an inmate shall be placed as a collect call or by providing for the toll to be deducted from the inmate’s trust account and made from a prison telephone or, with appropriate authentication of the caller, may be received from an attorney.

(6) It is within the discretion of the institution head, or his/her designee, to approve or deny a confidential call. As long as the attorney/client communication privilege is not violated, a confidential call may be denied where the institution head, or his/her designee, determines that normal legal mail or attorney visits were appropriate means of communication and were not reasonably utilized by the inmate or attorney. Where demand for confidential calls seriously burdens institutional operations, the institution head, or his/her designee, shall prioritize confidential calls.

(7) Emergency calls on prison telephones between an inmate and clergy, other religious advisors, or health care professionals shall be approved or denied on a case-by-case basis by staff designated by the institution head.

(8) Inmates, approved attorneys/attorney representatives and pending approval confidential phone call applicants may appeal any departmental policies, staff decisions and institution/facility procedures related to confidential phone calls by following the appeals process as contained in Title 15, Section 3179. Appeals Related to Visiting. Title 15, Section 3179 applies in its entirety.

(h) Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) telephones shall be made available to inmates with a documented severe hearing impairment for personal, emergency, and confidential calls, which shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

(1) Assistive device telephones and additional time on telephones may be necessary to provide accommodations for inmates and their callers with disabilities.

(2) The facility shall provide for the procedures necessary to ensure effective telephone communications for inmates with disabilities and/or the disabled person(s) with whom they are communicating.

(i) All calls made on inmate telephones shall have an announcement before and at random intervals during the calls stating that the call is from an inmate at a California state correctional facility and is being recorded.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 7-29-76; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 76, No. 31).
2. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
3. Amendment filed 7-8-93; operative 8-9-93 (Register 93, No. 28).
4. New subsection (k) filed 6-17-94 as an emergency; operative 6-17-94 (Register 94, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-15-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-17-94 order transmitted with amendments to OAL 10-17-94 and filed 12-1-94 (Register 94, No. 48).
6. Amendment filed 7-28-97 as an emergency; operative 7-28-97 (Register 97, No. 31). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-5-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Editorial correction of subsection (c)(6) (Register 98, No. 6).
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-28-97 order, including further amendments, transmitted to OAL 12-17-97 and filed 2-2-98 (Register 98, No. 6).
9. Amendment of subsections (g)–(j)(1), including renumbering of portion of subsection (g)(1) to new subsection (g)(5), new subsections (g)(1)(A)–(F), renumbering of former subsections (g)(2)–(3) to new subsections (g)(6)–(7) and new subsections (g)(2)–(4) and (g)(8) filed 1-8-2008; operative 2-7-2008 (Register 2008, No. 2).

3283. Unauthorized Persons.

Persons must not be permitted to be on institution grounds or in community correctional centers without a legitimate purpose for being there, nor shall persons be allowed to contact inmates without authorization to do so.

Comment: Former DP-4214, unauthorized persons.

3284. Unattended Vehicles.

Ignition switches must be locked and keys must not be left in any unattended vehicle on institution or community correctional center grounds. Under no circumstances may alcoholic beverages, drugs, firearms, toy guns, ammunition, or other items, which are illegal or threaten the security of the institution be left in any unattended vehicle on institution or community correctional center grounds.

Comment: Former DP-4215, unattended vehicles.

3285. Association with Inmates.

Persons who are not department employees, but who work with or near inmates are to be informed of the laws and regulations governing association with prison inmates. Such persons will be given, and be asked to read and acknowledge receipt of, Primary Laws, Rules, and Regulations Regarding Conduct and Association with State Prison Inmates, CDC Form 181.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending section and adding Note filed 5-7-98 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 98, No. 19).

3286. Controlling and Reporting Fights.

When inmates fight, the participants must be separated at once. The participants will be placed in detention, unless in the judgment of a superior officer circumstances do not warrant such action. Employees who observe the fight will prepare a written report stating clearly everything they observed, and will submit this report to the disciplinary officer. The employee who renders the report should, if possible, state who was the aggressor. The report will include the time, place, names of participants, name(s) of aggressor(s), the reason for the fight if it can be ascertained, weapons used if any, names of witnesses, action taken if any, and recommendations to prevent further recurrences.

Comment: Former DP-4217, controlling and reporting fights.

3287. Cell, Property and Body Inspections.

(a) Insofar as possible, a cell, room, or dormitory bed area and locker will be thoroughly inspected immediately upon its vacancy and again, if there is a significant time lapse, before another inmate is assigned to the same cell, room or dormitory bed and locker. Such inspections are required and must be recorded for segregation, isolation and security housing unit cells. The purpose of such inspections is to fix responsibility or the absence of responsibility for security and safety hazards and serious contraband found in the cell, room or dormitory area.

(1) Occupied cells, rooms and dormitory areas, including fixtures and lockers, and any personal and state-issued property of the
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occupant will be inspected on an infrequent and unscheduled basis. More frequent inspections will be conducted in specialized housing units, depending upon the security requirements of the unit and the risk an individual inmate presents to that security.

(2) Cell and property inspections are necessary in order to detect and control serious contraband and to maintain institution security. Such inspections will not be used as a punitive measure nor to harass an inmate. Every reasonable precaution will be taken to avoid damage to personal property and to leave the inmate’s quarters and property in good order upon completion of the inspection.

(3) An inmate’s presence is not required during routine inspections of living quarters and property when the inmate is not or would not otherwise be present. During special inspections or searches initiated because the inmate is suspected of having a specific item or items of contraband in his or her quarters or property, the inmate should be permitted to observe the search when it is reasonably possible and safe to do so.

(4) The inmate will be given a written notice for any item(s) of personal and authorized state-issued property removed from his or her quarters during an inspection and the disposition made of such property. The notice will also list any contraband picked up or any breach of security noted during the inspection, and the follow-up action intended by the inspecting officer.

(b) An inmate is subject to an inspection of his or her person, either clothed or unclothed, when there is a reasonable suspicion to believe the inmate may have unauthorized or dangerous items concealed on his or her person, or that he or she may have been involved in an altercation of any kind. Such inspections may also be a routine requirement for inmate movement into or out of high security risk areas. Random or spot-check inspections of inmates may also be authorized by the institution head to prevent possession and movement of unauthorized or dangerous items and substances into, out of, or within the institution. Visual daily inspections of inmates shall be made to ensure compliance with departmental grooming standards. All such inspections shall be conducted in a professional manner which avoids embarrassment or indignity to the inmate. Whenever possible, unclothed body inspections of inmates shall be conducted outside the view of others.

(1) Correctional employees, other than qualified medical staff, shall not conduct unclothed body inspections of inmates of the opposite sex except under emergency conditions with life or death consequences.

(2) Routine inspections of clothed male inmates may be performed by employees of either sex.

(3) Body inspection of clothed female inmates shall be conducted by female correctional employees only, except in emergency situations requiring the immediate search of inmates to avoid the threat of death, escape, or great bodily injury. In such emergency situations, male correctional employees may conduct clothed body inspections only until sufficient numbers of female correctional employees are available to assume critical body search duties.

(4) Male correctional employees shall not, under any circumstances, perform non-emergency body searches of female inmates.

(5) Any inspection of body cavities, other than visual or metal detector inspections, will be conducted in a medical setting under the direct supervision of a physician. Any physical intrusion into body cavities must be performed by a physician, and then only after all less intrusive methods have failed to bring the inspection to a conclusion.

(c) Inspections of inmate cell or living areas, property, work areas, and body shall be conducted on an unannounced, random basis as directed by the institution head. Such inspections shall be conducted no more frequently than necessary to control contraband, recover missing or stolen property, or maintain proper security of the institution.

(d) A written record shall be maintained of the disposition of contraband and stolen or missing property confiscated as the result of cell, property, or body inspections.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Amendment of subsection (a)(3) filed 2-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 8).
3. Amendment of subsection (b)(1) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
4. Amendment of subsection (b) and new subsection (c) and (d) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
5. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b) (Register 92, No. 5).
6. Amendment of subsections (b) and (c) filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
8. Amendment of subsection (b)(1), new subsections (b)(2)–(4), subsection renumbering and amendment of Note filed 5-26-2005 as an emergency; operative 5-26-2005 (Register 2005, No. 21). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-2-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
10. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 12-21-2009; operative 1-20-2010 (Register 2009, No. 52).

3288. Notice to Public.

(a) Warning signs will be posted at the entrance to all public and business roadways onto the grounds of institutions, camps and other department facilities where inmates or paroles are housed, and at all sally ports and pedestrian entrances into such facilities. The signs will be in both English and Spanish and will, at a minimum, display the following information:

(1) The name of the institution, camp or facility, and the fact that it is a facility of the California Department of Corrections.

(2) The items that cannot be brought onto institution grounds.

Model language: It is unlawful to bring alcohol, drugs, weapons, explosives, tear gas or tear gas weapons onto prison property.

(3) A warning that entrance on the property constitutes consent to be searched. Model language: By entering these grounds you consent to the search of your person, property and vehicle.

(b) Entrance roadway signs and the lettering will be of sufficient size to attract attention and be easily read by passing motorists. Smaller but conspicuous signs will be posted at sally ports and pedestrian entrances.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
2. Amendment of subsection (a)(2) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).

3289. Trespass.

(a) All areas of institutions including buildings and grounds are closed to the general public, including employees of the department during their off-duty hours, at all times except for the purpose of
conducting lawful business and engaging in activities authorized in advance by the warden, superintendent or official in charge. Entry on institution property for unauthorized purposes will be considered trespass as provided in section 602(j) of the Penal Code.

(b) Without regard for the reasons an individual or group may have entered institution property, refusal or failure to leave the property when requested to do so by the warden, superintendent, official in charge or by an official authorized to act for the warden, superintendent or official in charge, will be considered trespass as provided in section 602(p) of the Penal Code.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-1-78 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 78, No. 31).
2. Certificate of Compliance filed 11-21-78 (Register 78, No. 47).

§ 3290. Methods for Testing of Controlled Substances or for Use of Alcohol.

(a) The department shall prescribe the products, equipment, and methods for testing suspected controlled substances or for the use of alcohol. “Field” or on-site testing shall be conducted only by trained personnel.

(b) Field tests may be performed on any suspected substance found on institution property or in the possession or under the control of any inmate, or in the possession or under the control of persons other than inmates who come on institution property.

(c) The securing of a urine sample from an inmate, for the purpose of testing for the presence of controlled substances or for use of alcohol may be done for the following reasons:

1. When there is reasonable suspicion to believe the inmate has possessed, distributed, used, or is under the influence of a controlled substance or alcohol.
2. When mandatory random testing is known to the inmate to be a condition for the inmate’s participation in a specific program, assignment, or activity.
3. As part of an authorized disposition of a disciplinary hearing.
4. The inmate is selected by the institution’s/facility’s random drug testing selection process.
5. Inmates must provide a urine sample when ordered to do so pursuant to these regulations, for the purpose of testing for the presence of controlled substances or the use of alcohol.
6. Field testing of seized substances that are suspected of being a controlled substance shall be conducted for “screening” purposes only. Disciplinary action for possession of a controlled substance based solely on a field test shall not include the loss of work/behavior credits unless a laboratory has confirmed that the suspected substance is in fact a controlled substance, or the inmate has admitted to possessing the controlled substance, accepts the results of a field test, and waives the requirement of testing by a laboratory, and has signed a document to that effect.

(f) The positive test results from a urine sample submitted for testing for the presence of an unauthorized controlled substance or alcohol that has been confirmed as positive by a departmentally approved testing method may be considered as sufficient evidence to support a guilty finding for use of the controlled substance or alcohol.

(g) When evidence remaining after a field test or resulting from a field test is not suitable or sufficient for submission to a laboratory for confirmation of the field test, the field test results may be considered in a disciplinary hearing for possession of a controlled substance. Under such circumstances, a finding of guilty shall be based upon the preponderance of all evidence presented at the disciplinary hearing. Although no credit loss action may be taken when the only evidence being considered by the hearing official is the result from a field test, other authorized disciplinary actions may be taken pursuant to section 3315 for violations of 3016(a).

(h) The identification of unauthorized medication, to include any medication considered to be a controlled substance as described in section 3000, must be confirmed by a licensed pharmacist and that confirmation may be used as evidence in a disciplinary hearing. There shall be no requirement for laboratory testing of intact medications when identification of the controlled medication has been confirmed by a pharmacist. The pharmacist will indicate whether the medication contains any of the substances listed in Health and Safety Code (H&SC) section 11007 to enable the determination of the appropriate classification level pursuant to section 3232 relative to a disciplinary violation for unauthorized possession or distribution of the medication.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former Section 3290 to Section 3295 and new Section 3290 filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).
2. Amendment of subsections (a) and (e) and new subsection (h) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (e) and new subsection (h) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
6. Amendment of subsections (a) and (e) and new subsection (h) filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
8. Amendment of subsections (c), (g), and (h) filed 6-2-95 as an emergency; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-12-95 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)(1) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-2-95 order transmitted to OAL 10-2-95 and filed 10-17-95 (Register 95, No. 42).
10. Amendment filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Amendment refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency, including further amendment of subsection (g); operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
12. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).
13. Amendment of section heading and section filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).
parolees. Employees who are not designated as peace officers, whose normal assigned job duties do not require custody and supervision of inmates or parolees, or in situations where it would be inappropriate or unsafe to intervene in unauthorized actions or activities, shall notify or seek the assistance of other employees, including peace officer employees. In an emergency, all employees shall respond as directed by proper authority.

(b) Peace Officer Personnel. Peace officers are departmental employees holding peace officer positions as defined by law or as designated by the Secretary of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR). Non-peace officer employees temporarily assigned to perform only the administrative duties of positions held by peace officers shall not be designated as peace officers.

(c) The peace officer authority of employees is outlined in Penal Code (PC) sections 830.2(d)(1) and (2) and PC section 830.5. During state emergencies and activations of state mutual aid agreements, CDCR peace officer authority is provided in Government Code sections 8597, 8598 and 8698.

(d) In addition to being designated peace officers as described in subsections 3291(b) and (c), parole agents’ peace officer authority extends to the enforcement of conditions of parole imposed upon persons on parole in this state and to violations of any penal provisions of law which is discovered in the course of their employment.

(e) In addition to being designated peace officers as described in subsections 3291(b) and (c), the peace officer authority of agents of the Office of Correctional Safety peace officers extends throughout the state while performing their primary job duties, including the investigation and apprehension of parole violators and the investigation of the violation of any penal provisions of law which is discovered in the course of their employment, and to coordination of the Department’s law enforcement activities with those of other law enforcement and criminal justice agencies.

(f) In addition to being designated peace officers as described in subsections 3291(b) and (c), the authority of peace officer members of the Office of Internal Affairs, who meet the training standards described in PC Section 830.2(d)(2), extends throughout the state while they are performing their primary job duties, including criminal investigations of departmental personnel and the coordination of those activities with other criminal justice agencies.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 830.5(f) and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 830.2(d), 830.5(a), 830.5(b) and 5054, Penal Code; and Sections 8597, 8598 and 8698, Government Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
2. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 12-18-80 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 80, No. 51). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 4-17-81.
3. Order of Repeal of 12-18-80 order filed 12-26-80 by OAL pursuant to Government Code Section 11349.6 (Register 80, No. 52).
4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
5. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 10-27-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 44).
6. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 2-14-2001; operative 3-16-2001 (Register 2001, No. 7).
7. Change without regulatory effect amending subsections (a)-(c) and (e) filed 4-18-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 16).
8. Amendment of subsections (b) and (c) and Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21)

3292. Arrest and Detention.
(a) It is the policy of the department to arrest and detain civilians only when their unlawful actions or activities present an immediate and significant threat to the custody and control of inmates, parolees, employees and the public.
(b) It is the policy of the department to only effect the arrest and detention of a civilian when there is sufficient cause to believe that the individual’s unlawful action or activity is deliberate and intended for a purpose described in (a). Suspicion of unlawful actions or activities will not be cause for the arrest and detention of an individual, but may be cause for ordering or escorting the individual off departmental property or institution grounds, and for referral to local authorities.
(c) Wardens, superintendents and administrators of institutions and facilities which house inmates or parolees will establish and maintain up-to-date local procedures reflecting the policies set forth in this section. Such local procedures will include provisions for informing individuals of their rights and for referral of cases to local authorities. Such procedures will be reviewed annually by the administrator, and will be made available for departmental audit and for inspection as a public record when requested.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).

3293. Polygraph Examinations.
(a) Polygraph examinations may be administered by departmental staff to inmates, parolees, and employees in the course of an investigation of official matters, under the following conditions:
1. The examinee has, without coercion, signed a written statement of consent to the examination.
2. The polygraph examiner is a Office of Correctional Safety staff member.
3. The Assistant Secretary or designee, Office of Correctional Safety, has approved the examination.
(b) Polygraph examinations shall not be used as an alternative to regulatory requirements for determining a person’s guilt or innocence of charges in disciplinary matters.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-27-89; operative 3-29-89 (Register 89, No. 10).
2. Change without regulatory effect of subsections (a) and (b) pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations filed 2-21-90 (Register 90, No. 11).
3. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
4. Change without regulatory effect amending subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3) filed 4-18-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 16).

3294.1. Inmate Operation of a Motor Vehicle.
Notwithstanding provisions of the Vehicle Code, inmates shall not drive any vehicle on a public road except in extreme emergency, when taking a Department of Motor Vehicles’ Driver’s test, or when their use of a personal vehicle is specifically authorized. Inmates may drive a state vehicle on off highway work projects or on facility grounds only when specifically authorized by staff or by the inmate’s work supervisor.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of former section 3073 to new section 3294.1, including amendment of section and section heading filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

3294.5. Inmate Name Change.

(a) All inmate or parolee requests for a legal name change shall initially be reviewed by the Warden or Regional Parole Administrator who shall either recommend approval for a legal name change or deny the request for a legal name change.

(b) If the request is denied, the Warden or Regional Parole Administrator shall respond to the inmate or parolee in writing with the reasons for denial. A copy of the denial shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate/parolee’s central file.

(c) If the Warden finds reasons that exist to warrant an inmate’s request for a name change, then the Warden shall forward the request to the Institutions Division Regional Administrator, along with a memorandum listing the reasons for recommending approval. A copy of the memorandum shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate’s central file.

(d) If the regional parole administrator finds reasons that exist to warrant a parolee’s request for a name change, then the regional parole administrator shall forward the request to the deputy director, Division of Adult Parole Operations (DAPO), along with a memorandum listing the reasons for recommending approval. A copy of the memorandum shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the parolee’s central file.

(e) If the Institutions Division regional administrator or the deputy director, DAPO, agrees with the recommendation to approve the request for a name change of an inmate or parolee, a letter shall be forwarded to the court explaining why the Department is recommending approval for a name change, along with the inmate/parolee’s request. A copy of the letter shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate/parolee’s central file.

(f) If the Institutions Division regional administrator or the deputy director, DAPO, denies the request for a name change of an inmate or parolee, a letter shall be forwarded to the inmate or parolee with the reasons for denial. A copy of the letter shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate/parolee’s central file.

(g) Upon receiving final approval from the court with the ordered name change and receiving departmental approval, the Correctional Case Records Manager shall notify the facility mailroom and visiting room of the name change if the offender is incarcerated; or shall notify the agent of record if the offender is on parole. The court order shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate/parolee’s central file, along with other documents related to the request for a name change.

(h) The mailroom and visiting room staff of the facility shall update their records to reflect the additional name of the inmate.

(i) The original commitment name of the inmate or parolee shall remain on all departmental records and shall continue to be used on all departmental records.

(j) The new legal name change shall be entered into the Offender Based Information System (OBIS) under the section “Also Committed As.”

(k) The inmate shall be notified to inform all persons who may visit or write him/her that they must use the inmate’s departmental identification number when using the inmate’s new name.

(l) If the court ordered name change is received without departmental approval, this clearly indicates that the inmate/parolee has not followed proper procedure to legally change his/her name. In this case, the warden or regional parole administrator shall notify the issuing court in writing that the name change cannot legally be changed without the Secretary’s approval pursuant to the Code of Civil Procedure, Section 1279.5. A copy of the letter shall be placed in the miscellaneous section of the inmate/parolee’s central file and a copy shall be provided to the inmate/parolee.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of subsection (f) transmitted to OAL 5-3-95 and filed 6-14-95 (Register 95, No. 24).
3. Amendment of subsections (d)–(f) and (l) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

Article 3. Escapes

3295. Duty of Employees to Prevent Escapes.

It is the duty of every employee to do everything possible to prevent the escape of an inmate.

Comment: Former DP-4301, duty of employees to prevent escapes.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of section 3290 to section 3295 filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).


Each warden must have in effect at all times a plan of operations for the reporting of escapes, and for the pursuit and apprehension of escapes. Each employee must be instructed in the general and special procedures that he or she is to follow. Such plans must be in writing and be reviewed annually by the warden.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering of Section 3291 to Section 3295 filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).
2. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

3297. Air Space Management.

(a) Staff and inmates shall be notified and warning signs posted to indicate that any inmate who without authorization moves toward an aircraft on or near facility property may be fired upon to prevent an escape.

(b) If an aircraft enters a facility’s air space for an apparent escape attempt, staff shall act to prevent any escape.

(1) Firearms shall not be used to bring down or disable an aircraft in flight.

(2) If the aircraft is on the ground on or near facility property, staff shall take any action necessary, including use of firearms, to disable the aircraft.

(3) Return fire may be directed at an attacker within an aircraft if no other means is available to save the lives of innocent or uninjured persons.

(4) Inmate failure to comply with orders to move away from any grounded aircraft shall be considered an attempt to escape.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
Article 4. Disorders and Emergencies

3300. Prevention of Disorders.  
It is the duty of every employee to do everything possible to prevent disorders. Each employee must be trained to be familiar with the procedures for handling disorders. Disorders and other emergencies must be reported to supervisory staff at the earliest possible moment. Whenever a disorder occurs, a prompt investigation will be made by the warden.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

Each warden must have in effect at all times an Emergency Operations Plan, approved by the Emergency Planning and Management Unit, to assist in the preparation for response to and recovery from “All Hazards” incidents. All hazards incidents are defined as any natural or manmade disasters or accidents that may significantly disrupt institutional operations or programs.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment of section heading and section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

3302. (Reserved).

HISTORY:  
1. Amendment filed 3-22-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Repealer filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

3303. Safety and Security.  
Institution heads shall maintain procedures for controlling the following safety and security hazards within facilities:

(a) Fire prevention and suppression.
   (1) Mattresses, cushions, and pads shall not be used in the living areas of departmental facilities unless they are certified by the manufacturer as meeting the bureau of home furnishings’ Technical Information Bulletin Number 121.
   (2) Noncombustible receptacles shall be provided in inmate living areas for disposal of such forms of refuse as cans, paper, and dust, and the disposal of flammable liquids and rags shall be in accordance with the uniform fire code.
   (3) Facilities with female inmates shall have a complement of female firefighters assigned to its fire department.
   (4) Staff and inmates shall be familiar with fire evacuation routes, exits, and procedures. An evacuation drill shall be conducted quarterly on each watch. Where such drill would jeopardize personal safety or facility security, staff shall conduct a walk-through of the procedures.
   (5) A facility’s mutual aid participation shall not jeopardize the facility or violate minimum safety standards.
   (b) Control of harmful physical agents and toxic or hazardous substances.
   (1) No staff member or inmate shall use or handle harmful physical agents and toxic or hazardous substances as defined in 8 CCR, subchapter 7, Sections 3204(c)(13) and 5194(c), until trained in the safe handling of and emergency procedures for the use and handling of such agents or substances.
   (2) Except for authorized use of gasoline, inmates shall not, without direct staff supervision, have access to harmful physical agents and hazardous or toxic substances, or the inventories of such agents or substances.
   (c) Control of tools.
   (d) Control of armory and armaments, including firearms, ammunition, chemical agents, and any explosives under the institution’s control.
   (e) Control of keys and security locking devices.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of subsection (b) and new subsections (b)(1)–(2) and Note filed 8-21-92; operative 9-21-92 (Register 92, No. 34).
3. Amendment of first paragraph and adoption of subsections (a)(1)–(5) and form filed 11-10-93; operative 12-22-93 (Register 93, No. 46).

3304. Hostages.  
Employees must not permit inmates or others to use hostages to escape from custody or otherwise interfere with orderly institutional operations. Hostages will not be recognized for bargaining purposes. All inmates, visitors and staff will be informed of this regulation.

Comment: Former DP-4405, hostages.

Article 5. Inmate Discipline

3310. Definitions.  
The following terms are defined for the purposes of this article:

(a) Camp means the type of subfacility of an institution which is normally located in a rural area and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter. Camp inmates are generally assigned to conservation and/or road details.
(b) Community-access facility means a facility located in the community, administered by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates have access to the community for work or training and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter.
(c) Community correctional facility means a facility located in the community, administered by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates do not have unsupervised access to the community and which has a secure (fenced) perimeter.
(d) Experienced means a permanent employee at the designated level, certified by the Chief Disciplinary Officer (CDO) or designee as competent to serve as a senior hearing officer or hearing officer, as specified. Requirements for certification shall include in-service or on-the-job training in disciplinary procedures and observation of five serious/administrative disciplinary hearings. A probationary, limited term, or training and development employee at the designated staff level may be certified as experienced. Acting staff whose permanent position is at a level lower than that required shall not be assigned senior hearing officer/hearing officer responsibility.
(e) Facility means any institution; community-access facility or community correctional facility; or any camp or other subfacility of an institution under the jurisdiction of the department.
(f) Institution means a large facility or complex of subfacilities with a secure (fenced or walled) perimeter headed by a warden.


HISTORY:  
1. Amendment of article 5 heading, repealer and new section filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
Article 4. Disorders and Emergencies

3300. Prevention of Disorders.
It is the duty of every employee to do everything possible to prevent disorders. Each employee must be trained to be familiar with the procedures for handling disorders. Disorders and other emergencies must be reported to supervisory staff at the earliest possible moment. Whenever a disorder occurs, a prompt investigation will be made by the warden.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

Each warden must have in effect at all times an Emergency Operations Plan, approved by the Emergency Planning and Management Unit, to assist in the preparation for response to and recovery from "All Hazards" incidents. All hazards incidents are defined as any natural or manmade disasters or accidents that may significantly disrupt institutional operations or programs.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

3302. (Reserved).

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
2. Repealer filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

3303. Safety and Security.
Institution heads shall maintain procedures for controlling the following safety and security hazards within facilities:
(a) Fire prevention and suppression.
(1) Mattresses, cushions, and pads shall not be used in the living areas of departmental facilities unless they are certified by the manufacturer as meeting the bureau of home furnishings' Technical Information Bulletin Number 121.
(2) Noncombustible receptacles shall be provided in inmate living areas for disposal of such forms of refuse as cans, paper, and dust, and the disposal of flammable liquids and rags shall be in accordance with the uniform fire code.
(3) Facilities with female inmates shall have a complement of female firefighters assigned to its fire department.
(4) Staff and inmates shall be familiar with fire evacuation routes, exits, and procedures. An evacuation drill shall be conducted quarterly on each watch. Where such drill would jeopardize personal safety or facility security, staff shall conduct a walk-through of the procedures.
(5) A facility's mutual aid participation shall not jeopardize the facility or violate minimum safety standards.
(b) Control of harmful physical agents and toxic or hazardous substances.
(1) No staff member or inmate shall use or handle harmful physical agents and toxic or hazardous substances as defined in 8 CCR, subchapter 7, Sections 3204(c)(13) and 5194(c), until trained in the safe handling of and emergency procedures for the use and handling of such agents or substances.
3311. Reporting Rule Violations.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-15-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 7).
2. Repealer filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

3312. Disciplinary Methods.

(a) Inmate misconduct shall be handled by:
(1) Verbal Counseling. Staff may respond to minor misconduct by verbal counseling. When verbal counseling achieves corrective action, a written report of the misconduct or counseling is unnecessary.
(2) Custodial Counseling Chrono. When similar minor misconduct recurs after verbal counseling or if documentation of minor misconduct is needed, a description of the misconduct and counseling provided shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-A, Custodial Counseling Chrono. A copy of the completed form shall be provided to the inmate and the original placed in the inmate’s central file. Disposition of any contraband involved shall be documented in the CDC Form 128-A.
(3) Rules Violation Report. When misconduct is believed to be a violation of law or is not minor in nature, it shall be reported on a CDC Form 115 (Rev. 7/88), Rules Violation Report.
(A) Unless an inmate charged with serious misconduct requires temporary administrative segregation pursuant to section 3335(b) pending adjudication of the disciplinary charges, the inmate may be retained in regularly assigned housing, work, and program assignments.
(B) If the inmate is placed in segregated housing pending the disciplinary proceedings, the official making the housing decision shall ensure compliance with the provisions of article 7 of this subchapter.
(b) Chief Disciplinary Officer Review of Disciplinary Actions. All disciplinary methods and actions shall be reviewed by the chief disciplinary officer, who shall be the institution head or a designee not below the level of correctional administrator or parole administrator.
(1) The chief disciplinary officer shall affirm, reverse or modify the disciplinary action and/or credit forfeiture. The chief disciplinary officer may order a different action, order a different method of discipline, dismiss a charge, order a rehearing of the charge, or combine any of these actions.
(2) Except upon discovery of information or evidence not available or reasonably discoverable at the time of a disciplinary action, an order for a different method of discipline or for rehearing of the charges shall not result in a greater penalty or more severe action than that originally taken.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 2-15-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 7).
3. Repealer of subsections (c) and (d) and new subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).
4. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).

5. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
6. Editorial correction of printing errors in CDC Forms 115 and 115-A and descriptive text (Register 92, No. 5).
7. Amendment including relocation of former subsections 3317(a)–(b)(2) to subsections 3312(a)(3)(A)–(B) filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

3313. Classification of Rules Violation Report and Notice of Pending Charges.

(a) Each CDC Form 115 shall be classified by designated staff not below the level required to conduct serious disciplinary hearings. Exception: In facilities with only one individual at the rank of correctional lieutenant or higher, an experienced correctional sergeant may classify rule violations.

Reports shall be classified as administrative or serious pursuant to sections 3314 and 3315.
(1) A CDC Form 804 (Rev. 08/00), Notice of Pending CDC-115, shall be completed by the classifying official and forwarded, with a copy of the CDC Form 115 attached, to Case Records within 48 hours of the inmate being charged with a serious level offense (Division “F” through “A-I”). Case Records staff shall file the CDC Form 804 with an attached copy of the CDC Form 115 in the inmate’s Central File (C-File) within one working day of receipt in the Case Records office.
(A) For parole violators who are charged with any Division “A”, “B”, or “C” offense, or any inmate who refuses to sign general and/or special conditions of parole or any form required by the Department of Justice explaining his/her responsibility to register under Penal Code section 290, Case Records staff shall ensure that the C-File containing the CDC Form 804 and attached copy of CDC Form 115 be expedited to the Classification and Parole Representative to ensure revocation or revocation extension extension processes are initiated.
(b) Staff who review or classify a CDC Form 115 shall not serve as the disciplinary hearing official for that rule violation.
(c) The classification of a CDC Form 115 may be changed as follows:
(1) Before the disciplinary hearing, the official who initially classified a CDC Form 115 or staff at a higher level may change the classification of the CDC Form 115.
(2) During the disciplinary hearing, the official conducting the hearing may reduce a serious classification to administrative as a finding of the hearing if the reduced charge meets the criteria of an administrative violation as described in section 3314.
(3) After the disciplinary hearing, the chief disciplinary officer may reduce a serious classification to administrative if the reduced charge meets the criteria of an administrative violation as described in section 3314.
(4) After the disciplinary hearing, an administrative classification shall not be changed to serious unless the chief disciplinary officer or director orders a rehearing of the charges as a serious rule violation.
(A) When a rehearing is ordered by the chief disciplinary officer or director, the inmate shall be provided all rights and procedural safeguards of a serious rule violation hearing.
(B) An order for a rehearing shall be in writing and shall include the reasons for the order. A copy of the order shall be provided to the inmate.
(C) Time limitations relative to the re-issued CDC Form 115 shall commence on the date the chief disciplinary officer issues the order to re-hear pursuant to section 3320(a). Credit forfeiture will not be allowed if the time limitations were violated on the original CDC Form 115 that was ordered re-issued/re-heard.
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**Rules Violation Report**

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**Staff Information**

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<tr>
<td>John Doe</td>
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<td>Jane Smith</td>
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**Location**

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**Notes**

- Additional notes here.
§3313  DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

SUMMARY OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES
(See California Code of Regulations, Article 5 for details)

ADMINISTRATIVE VIOLATIONS

HEARING

A disciplinary hearing will normally be held within 30 days, but not less than 72 hours from the date you receive your copy of the CDC 115 violation notice. You have the right to a fair hearing, but do not have the same procedural rights described for a serious rule violation (CCR 3311.102).

DISPOSITION

At the end of the hearing, the presiding officer of the findings and disposition of the charge. Within five working days following receipt of the CDC 115 by the Chief Disciplinary Officer, you will be given a copy of the completed disposition report, which will contain a statement of the findings and disposition and the evidence relied upon to support the conclusions reached (CCR 3311.102).

APPEAL

If you are dissatisfied with the process, findings or disposition, you may submit an inmate appeal form CDC 1035 within fifteen days following receipt of the finalized copy of the CDC 115. When filing your appeal, be sure to attach a copy of the finalized CDC 115 and any other pertinent documentation.

ACRONYMS

CDC - Hearing Officer; SC - Sub Committee; FC - Full Committee; SHO - Senior Hearing Officer; BFO - Board of Pardon Terms
§3313 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION TITLE 15

SUMMARY OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES AND INMATE RIGHTS

(A) HEARING — A serious rule violation may result in the loss of credits. A hearing will normally be held within 10 days from the date you receive a copy of the Rules Violation Report. An exception may be made under California Code of Regulations when there has been no possibility for possible prosecution and you have requested a hearing, and it has been stated, a post-employment hearing or a representative of the staff to meet the inmate will be held in accordance with the demands of the inmate's rights, but will not bar against other disciplinary actions (CCR 3312).

(B) INVESTIGATIVE EMPLOYEE STAFF ASSISTANCE —

1. Investigation Information — Any request to have a staff employee and/or a staff person assigned to assist you in the investigation, preparation, or reduction of your defense at the disciplinary hearing, if determined by your employer, will be effective, in the complexity of the issue, and in your employment status and availability, on or before a hearing. The staff members will meet with you and discuss your case, and request your signature on any document you sign (CCR 3313).

2. Staff Assignment — A staff member will be assigned to assist you in the disciplinary process if you are declared to be incapable of representing yourself. The assigned staff will assist you in preparing for the hearing and with questions at the hearing. The staff assigned will maintain any confidence you request about your personal life (CCR 3313).

3. Investigative Employee — Investigative employees are trained to gather information, question staff and inmates, prepare witnesses, and complete and submit a written, non-confidential report to the disciplinary hearing officer. The staff members are authorized to collect and preserve evidence necessary for an adequate review of your case (CCR 3313).

4. Witnesses — You may request the presence of witnesses at the hearing who can provide facts related to the charges against you. You may also request the presence of the reporting employee at the investigative hearing. The investigative employee may deny the presence of witnesses when specific reasons exist (CCR 3313).

5. Personal Appearance — A hearing will not normally be held without your presence, unless you refuse to attend (CCR 3313).

(C) REFERRAL FOR PROSECUTION — Records for prosecution will not delay a disciplinary hearing unless you submit a written request for postponement of the hearing pending the outcome of such referral. You may revoke such request in writing at any time prior to the hearing unless the proceeding has been referred to the prosecuting authority. A disciplinary hearing will be held within 30 days of the date the employee requests a postponement of the hearing (CCR 3313).

You have the right to request a postponement of a disciplinary hearing and non-service of an infringement of your liberty. Any statement you make may be used against you in criminal proceedings.

(D) DISPOSITION — At the end of the hearing, you will be advised of the findings and disposition of the charge. Within five working days, following receipt of the CCR 115 and CCR 115-A, the Chief Disciplinary Officer will be given a copy of the completed violation report which will contain a statement of the findings and disposition and the evidence relied upon to support the conclusions reached (CCR 3312).

(E) APPEAL — If you are dissatisfied with the process, findings, or disposition, you may submit an appeal to the Board of Parole Hearings, 1500 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012, within 20 days of receipt of the final decision of the CCR 115 or CCR 115-A. When filing your appeal, you must attach a copy of the decision of the CCR 115 or CCR 115-A, if applicable, and any other pertinent documentation (CCR 3313).

F. ABBREVIATIONS — H0: Healer Officer, SC: Sub Committee, FC: Full Committee, SHO: Senior Hearing Officer, BPT: Board of Parole Terms
§ 3314

3314. Administrative Rule Violations.

(a) Inmate misconduct reported on a CDC Form 115 shall be classified administrative if:

(1) The misconduct does not constitute a misdemeanor offense, except as provided in (3) below.

(2) It does not involve any of the following circumstances:

(A) The use or threat of force or violence against another person.

(B) A breach of or hazard to facility security.

(C) A serious disruption of facility operations.

(D) The introduction, use, or possession of controlled substances or alcohol.

(E) Possession of dangerous contraband.

(F) Continued failure to meet program expectations.

(G) Any felony offense.

(3) Administrative rule violations include but are not limited to:

(A) Possession of property, materials, items, or substances in excess of authorized limits, or possession of contraband other than controlled substances or dangerous contraband.

(B) Misuse of food.

(C) Out-of-bounds presenting no threat to facility security.

(D) Misuse of telephone privileges presenting no threat to facility security.

(E) Mail or visiting violations presenting no threat to facility security.

(F) Failure to meet work or program expectations within the inmate’s abilities.

(G) Late for or absent without authorization from a work or program assignment.

(H) Use of vulgar or obscene language.

(I) Failure to follow an itinerary when on temporary community leave from a community-access facility.

(J) Under the influence (use) of alcoholic beverages, drugs, or intoxicants in a community-access facility.

(K) Failure to comply with departmental grooming standards.

(b) Administrative rule violations shall be heard by a disciplinary hearing official not below the level of a correctional lieutenant, or an experienced correctional counselor 1, parole agent I or correctional sergeant.

(c) The inmate does not have the right to call witnesses or to have an investigative employee assigned.

(d) If deemed necessary by the hearing official, the hearing shall be suspended and the inmate shall be provided staff assistance pursuant to section 3318(b).

(e) The hearing official may find the inmate guilty and order one or more of the following dispositions:

(1) Counseling, with or without a reprimand.

(2) Suspension of privileges specified by the hearing official for no more than a 30-day period starting the date the rule violation report was adjudicated, except as authorized in section 3314(c)(10).

(3) Placement into privilege group B or C for no more than a 30-day period starting the date the rule violation report was adjudicated.

(4) Confinement to quarters pursuant to section 3333 for one or more weekends and/or holidays, not to exceed ten days and not to be imposed with subsection (6) or suspended confinement.

(5) Assignment to no more than 40 hours of extra duty.

(6) Confinement to quarters for a period not to exceed five consecutive days. Inmates serving confinement to quarters shall be released to attend work and program assignments.

(7) Placement of a restriction or hold on the inmate’s trust account for rule violations involving state or personal property as described in section 3190 when the inmate refuses to pay for the repair or replacement of such property or canteen.

(8) Suspension of all or part of any disposition for up to 90 days based on the inmate’s acceptance of and compliance with conditions specified for suspension of the disposition.

(9) Imposition of all or part of an existing suspended disposition when the current rule violation is also a violation of conditions imposed at the time of the suspension.

(10) Inmates placed in ASU, SHU, PSU, Privilege Group D, who are found guilty of any RVR deemed administrative per this section are subject to temporary loss of entertainment appliances as follows:

A. Thirty days for the first offense

B. Sixty days for the second offense

C. Ninety days for the third offense.

(f) The hearing official may find the inmate guilty of the charge but, in the interest of justice or because of extenuating circumstances, dismiss the formal rule violation charge and report the misconduct as a custodial counseling on a CDC Form 128-A pursuant to section 3312. In such cases the CDC Form 115 shall be processed pursuant to section 3326.

(g) The hearing official may find the inmate not guilty and dismiss the charges.

(h) The hearing official may designate the rule violation serious if it is determined in the fact-finding phase of an administrative violation hearing that the misconduct is a serious rule violation. The disciplinary hearing official shall terminate the hearing and issue a serious CDC Form 115 to the inmate.

(i) Classification Committee Review. When the hearing official determines that an inmate is a program failure, as defined in section 3000, the hearing official shall refer the administrative disciplinary...
§ 3315  DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION  TITLE 15

action for possible review by a classification committee to affirm or modify the inmates program, work/privilege group, or housing assignment.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
3. Amendment of subsection (d)(2) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
4. Amendment of subsections (a) and (d)(5) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
5. Amendment filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
6. New subsection (a)(3)(L) filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 3-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
8. Amendment filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Amendment of section, including further amendment of subsection (e)(4), refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Amendment of subsections (c)(2)(D)–(E), new subsections (c)(2)(F)–(G), repealer of subsection (c)(3)(A), subsection relettering, amendment of subsection (e)(2) and new subsections (e)(10)–(e)(10)C, filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3315. Serious Rule Violations.

(a) Inmate misconduct reported on a CDC Form 115 shall be classified serious if:

(1) It is a serious disciplinary offense not specified as administrative in section 3314(a)(3), an offense punishable as a misdemeanor, whether or not prosecution in undertaken, or is a felony, whether or not prosecution is undertaken.

(2) It involves any one or more of the following circumstances:
(A) Use of force or violence against another person.
(B) A breach of or hazard to facility security.
(C) A serious disruption of facility operations.
(D) The introduction, distribution, possession, or use of controlled substances, alcohol, or dangerous contraband.
(E) An attempt or threat to commit any act listed in (A) through (D), coupled with a present ability to carry out the threat or attempt if not prevented from doing so.

(3) Serious rule violations include but are not limited to:
(A) Misconduct reportable to the inmate’s releasing authority.
(B) Theft, embezzlement, destruction, or damage to another’s personal property, state funds, or state property.
(C) Hideout, preparation to escape, or possession of escape paraphernalia.
(D) Tattooing, preparation to escape, or possession of escape paraphernalia.
(E) Manufacture of alcohol or possession of any controlled substance, unauthorized drug, intoxicant, or illegal substance.

(F) Being under the influence or use of alcoholic beverages, controlled substances, unauthorized drugs or intoxicants in an institution, community correctional facility, or camp.

(G) Possession of five dollars or more without authorization.

(H) Acts of disobedience or disrespect which by reason of intensity or context create a potential for violence or mass disruptive conduct.

(I) Willfully inciting others to commit an act of force or violence.

(J) Refusal to perform work or participate in a program as ordered or assigned.

(K) Recurring failure to meet work or program expectations within the inmate’s abilities when lesser disciplinary methods failed to correct the misconduct.

(L) Participation in a strike or work stoppage.

(M) A repeated pattern of administrative rule violations for the same offense.

(N) Mail or visiting violations presenting a threat as described in (2) above.

(O) Harassment of another person, group, or entity either directly or indirectly through the use of the mail or by any other means.

(P) Throwing any liquid or solid substance on a nonprisoner.

(Q) Unauthorized possession of departmental records or documents which could affect any inmate’s release status.

(R) Refusal to submit to a test for controlled substances or alcohol.

(S) Refusal to provide blood specimens, a saliva sample, and palm and thumb print impressions pursuant to Penal Code, Part 1, Title 9, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 7 (sections 295 et seq.), after receiving written notification that such specimens and samples must be provided.

(T) Participation in gambling.

(U) Late return or failure to return from a temporary community release or leave.

(V) Unauthorized possession of materials or substances which have been modified or altered from their original manufactured state or purpose with their potential to be made, or in the process of being made, into a weapon; explosive or explosive-making materials; poison, caustic substance; or any destructive device.

(W) Self mutilation or attempted suicide for the purpose of manipulation.

(X) Involvement in a conspiracy or attempt to do any of the above.

(b) In addition to the disciplinary hearing, the inmate may be subject to segregation from the general population pursuant to sections 3312 and 3335 through 3345; and referral for prosecution when the misconduct is a criminal offense.

(c) Hearing. Serious rule violations shall be heard at the Senior Hearing Officer (SHO) or higher level. A SHO shall not be below the level of a facility captain, correctional captain, correctional counselor III, parole agent III, or an experienced correctional lieutenant, correctional counselor II, or parole agent II.

(d) An inmate shall be assigned an employee to assist in the investigation of matters pertaining to a disciplinary action when the chief disciplinary officer or designee determines the necessity based on the following criteria.

(1) Investigative Employee.

(A) An investigative employee, as described in section 3318(a), shall be assigned when the staff designated to classify the serious rule violation determines that:

1. The complexity of the issues require further investigation.

2. The housing status makes it unlikely the charged inmate can collect and present the evidence necessary for an adequate presentation of a defense.
3. A determination has been made that additional information is necessary for a fair hearing.

(B) The inmate may choose to waive the assignment of an investigatory employee as required by subsection (2) above. The inmate’s request to waive assistance of an investigatory employee under this subsection will be indicated in the “waived by inmate” checkbox on the CDC Form 115-A and signed and dated by the inmate. The classifying official may choose to un-assign the investigatory employee based on the inmate’s signed waiver on the CDC Form 115-A.

(C) Staff who witnessed or who will serve as a hearing official for a rule violation shall not serve as the investigatory employee for that violation.

(D) The inmate may not select the investigatory employee, but may object to the one assigned and provide, in writing to the classifying official, the reasons for the objection. The classifying official shall evaluate the inmate’s objection(s) and, if determined to be reasonable, assign an alternate investigatory employee to complete the investigation. If the classifying official determines that the inmate’s objections are not reasonable, the original investigatory employee shall complete the investigation. The inmate’s objection must be expressed prior to the beginning of the investigation. The classifying official shall note on the CDC Form 115-A his/her decision to deny or approve a request for an alternate investigatory employee, and if denied, explain the reason(s) for denial.

(E) Assignment of an investigatory employee shall not preclude the assignment of a staff assistant.

(2) Staff Assistant.

(A) The inmate shall be assigned a staff assistant, as described in section 3318(b), to assist in the preparation, and presentation of a defense at the disciplinary hearing if the classifying official determines:
1. The inmate is illiterate or non-English speaking.
2. The complexity of the issues are such that assistance is necessary so the inmate comprehends the nature of the charges or the disciplinary process
3. The inmate’s disability is such that staff assistance would be necessary for the inmate to participate in the disciplinary process.

(B) At any point prior to the disciplinary hearing, if it is discovered that the inmate may need a staff assistant, the classifying official or staff at an equal or higher rank, shall be advised in writing of the need, and if appropriate per section 3315(d)(2)(A), order the assignment of the staff assistant. If the need for staff assistance is discovered by the hearing official at the time of the disciplinary hearing, the hearing official shall postpone the hearing and order the assignment of the staff assistant. In either instance, the inmate shall be provided at least a 24 hour time period to allow for preparation with the assigned staff assistant prior to participating in the disciplinary hearing.

(C) An inmate may refuse to accept the first staff assistant at the time of assignment or at any time during the disciplinary process.

(D) If the inmate refuses the staff assistant at the time of initial assignment, a second staff assistant shall be assigned.

(E) If the inmate refuses to accept the second staff assistant or withdraws acceptance of an assigned staff assistant, the assignment of another staff assistant shall not be required unless the chief disciplinary officer or designee determines that a fair hearing cannot be held without staff assistance.

(1) Inmate participants in the Mental Health Services Delivery System at the level of Enhanced Outpatient Program, Mental Health Crisis Bed, Department of Mental Health, or Developmentally Disabled Program participants at the level of DD1-DD3 are ineligible to waive or refuse the assignment of a staff assistant. The staff assistant shall perform his/her required duties to the extent possible despite a waiver or refusal by the ineligible inmate to cooperate.

(F) Assignment of a staff assistant shall not preclude assignment of an investigatory employee.

(1) When an inmate has been assigned a staff assistant and an investigatory employee, the staff assistant must be present during any questioning by the investigatory employee.

(e) Witnesses. An inmate may request that friendly and adverse witnesses attend the hearing.

(1) Requested witnesses shall be called unless the official conducting the hearing denies the request for one of the following reasons:

(A) The appearance would endanger the witness.
(B) The official determines that the witness has no relevant or additional information.
(C) The witness is unavailable.

(2) If an inmate’s request for a witness is denied, the reasons shall be documented on the CDC Form 115.

(3) Whether or not the inmate requests a witness, witnesses may be called if the official conducting the hearing determines the witnesses may have information necessary to the finding of fact.

(4) The reporting employee shall attend the disciplinary hearing or be available for questioning via speakerphone if requested by the inmate.

(5) Under the direction of the official conducting the disciplinary hearing, the inmate has the right to ask questions of all witnesses called. The SHO will screen all questions to ensure they are relevant to the violation charged.

(6) Nothing in this section shall preclude making a witness available by speaker phone for a disciplinary hearing.

(f) Disposition. Upon completion of the fact-finding portion of the disciplinary hearing, the inmate may be found:

(1) Not guilty and the charges dismissed.
(2) Guilty of an administrative rather than a serious rule violation. In such case, the CDC Form 115 shall be reduced to an administrative level offense and the inmate may be assessed only a disposition authorized in section 3314.

(3) Guilty as charged or guilty of an included serious rule violation and assessed a credit forfeiture pursuant to section 3323.

(4) If the violation included an act related to the use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances, controlled medication, drugs or drug paraphernalia; or if the inmate refused to submit to a test for controlled substances or drugs, the disposition shall include an order for the inmate to submit to mandatory random drug testing for one year from the date of the order.

(A) For the first offense, the inmate must provide a minimum of one random drug test per month for one year.

(B) For the second offense, the inmate must provide a minimum of two random drug tests per month for one year.

(C) For the third and all subsequent offenses, the inmate must provide a minimum of four random drug tests per month for one year.

(D) The inmate shall be informed that refusal to submit to a random test or any positive test result during the mandatory random drug testing period shall result in the issuance of a CDC Form 115 and a new mandatory drug testing order.

(5) The disposition may or when mandated shall include assessment of one or more of the following:

(A) Any combination of penalties authorized for administrative rule violations in section 3314(e).

(B) Suspension of privileges specified by the hearing official for no more than a 90-day period starting the date the rule violation report was adjudicated. The suspension of privileges for violations
of subsections 3016(a), 3016(c), and 3290(d) shall be assessed as follows:
1. Thirty days for the first offense.
2. Sixty days for the second offense.
3. Ninety days for the third offense.

(C) Placement into privilege group B or C for no more than a 90-day period starting from the date the rule violation report was adjudicated.

(D) Disciplinary detention or confinement to quarters as provided in sections 3330 and 3333 for not more than a ten-day period. If facility security will not be jeopardized, the inmate shall be released to attend work and program assignments.
1. Second offense violations of subsections 3016(a), 3016(c), and 3290(d) shall result in confinement to quarters for five days.
2. Third and all subsequent offense violations of subsections 3016(a), 3016(c), and 3290(d) shall result in confinement to quarters for 10 days.

(E) Referral to a classification committee for consideration of placement in Work Group C.

(F) Suspension of all or part of dispositions other than credit forfeitures, ordered random drug testing and classification committee referrals, for up to six months based on the inmate’s compliance with the conditions specified for suspension.

(G) Imposition of all or part of an existing suspended disposition when the current rule violation is a violation of conditions specified in a suspended disposition. Imposition of a suspended disposition shall not include confinement to quarters or disciplinary detention for a period exceeding ten days except as provided in section 3322.

(H) For a violation of subsection 3016(c), there shall be a loss of visits for one year to be followed by non-contact visits for two years.

(I) Loss of visits to be followed by non-contact visits for violations of subsection 3016(a) (with the exception of alcohol violations), or 3290(d) shall be as follows:
1. Loss of visits for 90 days, to be followed by non-contact visits for 90 days for the first offense.
2. Loss of visits for 90 days, to be followed by non-contact visits for 180 days for the second offense.
3. Loss of visits for 180 days, to be followed by non-contact visits for 180 days for the third offense.

(J) Violation of subsections 3016(a), 3016(c), and 3290(d) shall result in:
1. For the first offense, the inmate shall be required to attend Alcohol Anonymous or Narcotic Anonymous meetings or assigned to a substance abuse education program to the extent such programs are available in the institution/facility.
2. For the second offense, the inmate shall be referred for endorsement to a substance abuse program, provided that program eligibility criteria is met.
3. For the third offense, the inmate shall be referred for endorsement to a substance abuse program, provided that program eligibility criteria is met, and mandatory treatment shall be a condition of parole.

(K) Violation of Indecent Exposure or Sexual Disorderly Conduct of sections 3007, 3323(d)(9), 3323(f)(5), and 3323(g)(7) shall result in:
1. First offense violation shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 90 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.
2. Second offense and subsequent offense violation(s) shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 180 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.

(L) Inmates placed in ASU, SHU, PSU, Privilege Group D, who are found guilty of any RVR deemed serious per this section are subject to temporary loss of entertainment appliances as follows:
1. Thirty days for the first offense.
2. Sixty days for the second offense.
3. Ninety days for the third offense.

(M) Violation of Refusing to Accept Assigned Housing of sections 3005(c) and 3269.1 shall result in:
1. First offense violation shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 90 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.
2. Second offense and subsequent offense violation(s) shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 180 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.

(N) Violation of Refusing to Accept an Inmate Housing Assignment of subsection 3005(c) shall result in:
1. First offense violation shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 90 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.
2. Second offense and subsequent offense violation(s) shall result in loss of any or all of the following for up to 180 days: canteen, appliances, vendor packages, telephone privileges, and personal property.

(O) Violation of subsection 3323(d)(8) shall result in a loss of visits for 180 days followed by non-contact visits permanently.

(P) Violation of subsection 3323(f)(6) shall result in:
1. Loss of visits for 90 days, to be followed by non-contact visits for 90 days for the first offense.
2. Loss of visits for 90 days, to be followed by non-contact visits for 180 days for the second offense.
3. Loss of visits for 180 days, to be followed by non-contact visits permanently for the third offense.

Classification Committee Review. Any serious disciplinary action requiring reconsideration of an inmate’s program, work group, or housing assignment, shall be referred to the next reasonably scheduled classification committee for review. This review shall not occur until the chief disciplinary officer’s audit of the CDC Form 115 has been concluded. The classification committee shall affirm or modify the inmate’s program, work group, or housing assignment.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 295-300.3, 314, 530, 532, 646.9, 647, 653m, 2931, 2932, 2933, 4573.6, 5054, 5068 and 12020, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
3. New subsection (g) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).
4. Amendment of subsection (a)(3), renumbering of subsections (a) (16)–(a)(19) to (a)(18)–(a)(21) and new subsections (a)(16)–(a) (17) filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
5. Amendment of subsections (a)(3), (b)(4) and (b)(5) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
6. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 2-15-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 7).
7. Amendment of subsection (b)(1) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
8. Amendment of subsection (a)(19) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).

9. Amendment of subsections (a), (b)(4), (f)(4) and repealer and new subsection (d) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).

10. Editorial correction of subsections (b) and (c) filed 2-19-85 (Register 85, No. 8).

11. Amendment of subsections (b), (c), (e) and (g) filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

12. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

13. Amendment of subsections (b), (c), (e) and (g) filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

14. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-30-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

15. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.


17. New subsection (a)(14), subsection renumbering, and amendment of Note filed 7-29-93 as an emergency; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 31). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 11-26-93, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

18. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-29-93 order transmitted to OAL 11-18-93 and filed 12-31-93 (Register 94, No. 1).

19. Amendment of section and Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

20. Amendment of subsection (f)(4) filed 7-1-96 as an emergency; operative 7-1-96 (Register 96, No. 27). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-8-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

21. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-1-96 order transmitted to OAL 9-23-96 and filed 11-4-96 (Register 96, No. 45).

22. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (f)(5)(A) filed 12-2-96 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 96, No. 49).

23. Amendment of subsections (c), (f)(5)(D) and (g) filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

24. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).

25. Amendment filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

26. Amendment of subsection (a)(3)(M) filed 12-1-98 as an emergency; operative 12-1-98 (Register 98, No. 49). Pursuant to Penal Code 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-10-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

27. Amendment refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency, including further amendment redesignating former subsections (f)(5)(I)(1)–(3) as subsections (f)(5)(I)(1)–(3); operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

28. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-1-98 order transmitted to OAL 5-7-99 and filed 6-4-99 (Register 99, No. 23).

29. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order, including new subsection (f)(5)(H), subsection relettering and amendment of newly designated subsection (f)(5)(I), transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).

30. New subsection (a)(3)(S), subsection relettering and amendment of Note filed 9-20-99 as an emergency; operative 9-20-99 (Register 99, No. 39). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-28-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


32. Amendment of subsection (a)(3)(S) filed 10-4-2002 as an emergency pursuant to a certificate of operational necessity under Penal Code section 5058.3; operative 10-4-2002 (Register 2002, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, this filing is deemed an emergency and a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

33. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-4-2002 order, including further amendment of subsection (a)(3)(S), transmitted to OAL 3-12-2003 and filed 4-8-2003 (Register 2003, No. 15).

34. Amendment of subsection (f)(5)(B), new subsection (f)(5)(C) and subsection relettering filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

35. Amendment of subsection (f)(5)(B), new subsection (f)(5)(C) and subsection relettering refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


37. New subsections (f)(5)(L)–(f)(5)(L)2. and amendment of Note filed 2-22-2007 as an emergency; operative 2-23-2007 (Register 2007, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-2-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


40. New subsections (f)(5)(N)–(f)(5)(N)2. filed 3-18-2008 as an emergency; operative 3-18-2008 (Register 2008, No. 12). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-25-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

41. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).


44. Editorial correction repositioning placement of subsections (f)(5)(N)1.–2. (Register 2010, No. 15).


3316. **Referral for Criminal Prosecution.**

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), all criminal misconduct by persons under the jurisdiction of the department or occurring on facility property shall be referred by the institution head or designee to appropriate authorities for possible investigation and prosecution when there is evidence substantiating each of the elements of the crime to be charged.

(1) Referrals for investigation of inmate criminal misconduct shall be accompanied by a JUS Form 8715 (Rev. 6/88) Department of Justice, Disposition of Arrest and Court Action.
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(2) The authority to whom a case is referred shall be asked to provide the institution head or designee with written notification within ten working days advising if prosecution shall be initiated.

(3) Inmates shall be notified in writing when misconduct is referred for possible prosecution.

(b) Notwithstanding evidence substantiating each of the elements of the crime to be charged, criminal misconduct shall not be referred to the local district attorney if the local district attorney has submitted written notification to the institution head including criteria determining that specified crimes shall not be prosecuted if the crime involved meets such criteria.

(c) Referral of an inmate’s misconduct for prosecution shall not stay the time limits for a disciplinary hearing unless the inmate submits a written request to the chief disciplinary officer or designee who shall complete the CDC Form 115-A revoking the postponement request.

(B) Written notice is received from the institution head or designee that the inmate’s misconduct will not be referred for prosecution pursuant to subsection (b).

(C) Written notice is received that the prosecuting authority does not intend to prosecute.

(2) A decision to not prosecute or a court’s dismissal of criminal charges without acquittal shall not prohibit or alter a departmental disciplinary hearing on the rule violation charges.

(3) A court verdict of guilty or not guilty, resulting from a trial, shall be accepted as the finding of fact on the same charges in a disciplinary hearing. Should the court accept a plea agreement or negotiated settlement resulting in a conviction for a lesser offense than was originally charged, or if a court dismisses a charge prior to trial, the Department shall not be precluded from taking appropriate administrative action based on the facts contained in the original charge. If a court finds the inmate not guilty after a finding of guilty in a disciplinary hearing, the rule violation charges shall be dismissed.

Any verdict of the court shall not prohibit or reverse the actions of a disciplinary hearing on any lesser offenses included in the criminal charge.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).

2. Amendment filed 3-24-78 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 78, No. 12).

3. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 9-29-77 as an emergency; effective upon filing. Certificate of Compliance included (Register 77, No. 40).

4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).

5. Amendment filed 11-1-79 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 44). A Certificate of Compliance must be filed within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 3-1-80.

6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment of subsection (c) filed 2-15-80 (Register 80, No. 7).

7. Amendment filed 12-1-80 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-81 (Register 80, No. 49).

8. Order of Repeal of 12-1-80 order filed 12-5-80 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.6 (Register 80, No. 49).

9. Amendment filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).

10. Amendment of subsection (e)(2) and (e)(3) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).

11. Amendment filed 10-24-88; operative 11-23-88 (Register 88, No. 45).

12. Amendment filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

13. Amendment of subsection (c)(3) filed 11-3-97 as an operational emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 11-3-97 (Register 97, No. 45). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-13-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

14. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-3-97 order transmitted to OAL 2-3-98 and filed 3-12-98 (Register 98, No. 11).

3317. Mental Health Evaluations for Disciplinary Hearings.

Inmates in the Mental Health program or any inmate showing signs of possible mental illness may require a CDC 115 MH (Rev. 06/06), Rules Violation Report: Mental Health Assessment. All inmates at the EOP, MHCB, and DMH level of care, who receive a CDC 115, Rules Violation Report shall be referred for a Mental Health Assessment. All inmates in CCCMS or non-MHSDS inmates who receive a CDC 115 Rules Violation Report, and who exhibit bizarre, unusual or uncharacteristic behavior at the time of the rules violation shall be referred for a Mental Health Assessment. An inmate shall be referred for a mental health evaluation prior to documenting misbehavior on a CDC Form 115, Rules Violation Report, in any case where the inmate is suspected of self mutilation or attempted suicide. If the mental health evaluation determines that it was an actual suicide attempt, a CDC Form 115 shall not be written and the behavior shall be documented on a CDC Form 128B (Rev. 4/74), General Chrono, for inclusion in the inmate’s central file.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).

2. Repealer and new section filed 3-24-78 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 78, No. 12).


4. Repealer and new section filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).

5. Relocation and amendment of former subsections 3317(a)–(b)(2) to subsections 3312(a)(3)(A)–(B) and new section filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

6. Editorial correction deleting formerly relocated text (Register 95, No. 34).

7. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a), and repealer of subsections (b)–(b)(2) filed 8-23-95 as an emergency; operative 8-23-95 (Register 95, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-30-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

8. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-23-95 order transmitted to OAL 1-8-96 and filed 2-16-96 (Register 96, No. 7).

9. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3318. Assistance to Inmates for Serious Rule Violations.

(a) Investigative employee. The investigative employee is designated to gather information for the senior hearing officer or disciplinary hearing committee as described in section 3315(d)(1)(A).
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1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment filed 8-17-79 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 33). A Certificate of Compliance must be filed within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-15-79.
3. New subsection (e) filed 11-1-79 as an emergency; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 44). A Certificate of Compliance must be filed within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 3-1-80.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-17-79 order filed 12-14-79 (Register 79, No. 50).
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-1-79 order filed 2-15-80 (Register 80, No. 7).
6. Amendment filed 2-15-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 7).
7. Amendment filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
8. Amendment of section heading and section filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
9. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(1)(E) and (b)(2)(A)-(B) filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3319. Investigative Employees.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Amendment filed 8-18-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 33).
3. Repealer filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).

3320. Hearing Procedures and Time Limitations.

(a) A classified copy of the CDC Form 115 per section 3313(a), CDC Form 115-A (Rev. 07/88), and any additional-supplemental information documented via the CDC Form 115-C (Rev. 5/95) containing any elements of the violation charged shall normally be provided to the inmate within 15 days from the date the information leading to the charges is discovered by staff or, in the case of an escapee, within 15 days after the escapee’s return to the department’s custody.

1. Providing the inmate with a copy of the classified CDC Form 115, CDC Form 115-A, and CDC Form 115-C (if applicable) may be delayed beyond 15 days, but no more than an additional 30 days for a total of 45 days, and shall not prohibit forfeiture of credits as a penalty for the misconduct when all of the following criteria are met:
A. The misconduct could be prosecuted as murder, attempted murder, or battery on staff.
B. An investigation is continuing to identify others involved in the misconduct.
C. Within 15 days of discovering the misconduct, a written request to delay the inmate’s notification, including the reasons for the delay, is approved by the chief disciplinary officer.
2. Time limitations for a re-issued CDC Form 115 shall commence on the date the chief disciplinary officer orders the re-hearing pursuant to Subsection 3320(a)(1) above.
(b) The charges shall be heard within 30 days from the date the inmate is provided a classified copy of the CDC Form 115 unless the charges were referred for possible prosecution and the inmate has been granted a request for postponement of the disciplinary proceedings pending the outcome of the referral, if exceptional circumstances exist pursuant to section 3000, or the inmate is transferred out of the custody of the department.
1. The Hearing for a CDC Form 115 ordered re-issued/re-heard shall be conducted pursuant to Subsection 3320(b) above relative to the re-issued copy.
(c) A disciplinary hearing shall not be held until the inmate has been provided:
1. A classified copy of the CDC Form 115 and all non-confidential reports containing information relative to the charge, including the investigative employee’s report.
2. At least 24 hours to review the material and prepare for the hearing. The hearing may be held earlier if the inmate waives the 24-hour period.
(d) A hearing may be postponed up to 30 days upon receipt of the inmate’s written request to the CDO showing a reasonable need for postponement. The CDO will evaluate the request and approve
or deny it based on its credibility. Postponement shall not bar any credit forfeiture.

(e) If a hearing is postponed for any reason, such reason shall be documented in the findings section of the CDC Form 115.

(f) The following events shall preclude denial or forfeiture of credits:

(1) The inmate was not provided a copy of the CDC Form 115 within 15 days after the discovery of information leading to the charges except as other provided in (a).

(2) The official conducting the hearing did not establish that the information or evidence was not reasonably discoverable within 30 days or sooner or when the inmate is not provided a copy of the CDC Form 115 within 15 days of the misconduct, unless (a) is applicable.

(3) The disciplinary hearing was not held within 30 days of the date the inmate was provided a classified copy of the CDC Form 115, unless the inmate requested and was granted a postponement of the hearing pending outcome of the referral pursuant to section 3316, exceptional circumstances as defined in Section 3000 exist, or if the inmate is transferred out of the custody of the department.

(4) A disciplinary hearing was not held within 30 days after the chief disciplinary officer was notified of the outcome of a prosecution referral or within 30 days of the inmate’s revoked request for postponement of the hearing, if an accusatory pleading was not filed against the inmate.

(5) The inmate was not provided a written explanation of the exceptional circumstances preventing a hearing within 30 days after the inmate was provided a copy of the CDC Form 115 and the official conducting the hearing did not establish in the findings of the hearing that the delay did not prejudice the inmate.

(g) The inmate shall normally be present at a disciplinary hearing. When a disciplinary hearing is held without the inmate present, the reason for the absence shall be documented during the hearing on the CDC Form 115. The inmate shall be present at a disciplinary hearing unless:

(1) A psychiatrist has determined that the inmate suffers from a serious mental disorder preventing the inmate’s understanding of or participation in the hearing, and there is a compelling reason or need to proceed with the hearing.

(2) The inmate was convicted of escape in court and has not been returned to the facility or jurisdiction from which the escape occurred.

(3) The inmate has waived the right to be present in writing, or in the case of a refusal to sign a waiver, the refusal was witnessed by a custody officer, documented on a CDC Form 128-B (Rev. 4/74), and attached to the CDC Form 115 for review by the Senior Hearing Officer at the disciplinary hearing and by the Chief Disciplinary Officer following adjudication of the rules violation report.

(h) Staff who observed, reported, classified, supplied supplemental reports to, or investigated the alleged rule violation; who assisted the inmate in preparing for the hearing; or for any other reason have a predetermined belief of the inmate’s guilt or innocence shall not hear the charges or be present during deliberations to determine guilt or innocence and disposition of the charges.

(i) An inmate witness shall not be transferred between facilities to testify at a hearing unless the chief disciplinary officer of the facility hearing the charges determines a fair and impartial hearing cannot be conducted unless the witness is present. When a witness is not available, the chief disciplinary officer of the facility where the witness is located shall be notified of the need to appoint an investigative employee to discuss the case with the investigative employee of the facility conducting the disciplinary hearing; to interview the witness, prepare a written investigative report, and forward the report to the facility where the hearing will be conducted.

(j) When an inmate whose rule violation charges are being adjudicated is ordered to leave the hearing room, all witnesses, including staff witnesses, shall also leave the room. The inmate has a right to be present when any witness is present at the hearing.

(k) When a serious rule violation occurs during transportation of an inmate, transporting staff witnesses shall be present at the hearing if requested, or shall be available for questioning by telephone during the disciplinary hearing.

(l) The inmate may present documentary evidence in defense or mitigation of the charges. Any finding of guilt shall be based upon determination by the official(s) conducting the disciplinary hearing that a preponderance of evidence submitted at the hearing substantiates the charge. At the conclusion of the disciplinary hearing, the inmate shall be informed of the findings and disposition of the charge and of the right to and procedure for appeal of the action. Within five working days following review of the CDC Form 115 and CDC Form 115-A by the chief disciplinary officer, the inmate shall be provided a copy of the completed CDC Form 115 containing the findings, disposition, and evidence relied upon in reaching the conclusions.

(m) When an inmate is charged with possession of unauthorized or dangerous items or substances, or when unauthorized or dangerous items or substances are associated with commission of the charged rule violation, the hearing official shall record the disposition of the item or substance in the disposition section of the CDC Form 115.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 12-1-80 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-81 (Register 80, No. 49). For prior history, see Register 80, No. 16.
2. Order of Repeal of 12-1-80 order filed 12-5-80 by OAL pursuant to Government Code Section 11349.6 (Register 80, No. 49).
3. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 12-8-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 50).
4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
5. Amendment of subsections (a)–(d) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
6. Amendment filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
7. New subsection (l) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
9. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
10. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
11. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
13. Amendment filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
14. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a)(1)(A) filed 5-7-96; operative 6-6-96 (Register 96, No. 19).
15. Amendment filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).
3320.1. Hearings for Transferred Inmates.

(a) An inmate’s pending disciplinary hearing shall be conducted before the inmate is transferred to another facility unless any one of the following circumstances apply:

1. An emergency transfer to a higher security level is necessary based on charges of involvement in a major disturbance or serious incident.

2. The inmate is charged with escape from a Level I or II facility and will not be returned to the facility from which the inmate escaped.

3. The inmate requires emergency medical or psychiatric treatment.

(b) When an inmate is transferred before a disciplinary hearing or a rehearing is ordered on the rule violation charges after the inmate’s transfer, one of the following methods shall be used to facilitate the disciplinary hearing process:

1. The inmate may be returned to the facility where the violation occurred.

2. The institution head at the facility where the violation occurred may request the hearing be conducted by staff where the inmate is currently housed or staff from the facility where the violation occurred may conduct the hearing at the facility where the inmate is housed.

(A) Facility staff where the rule violation occurred may appoint an investigative employee to conduct an investigation and prepare a report as outlined in section 3318.

(B) If a staff assistant is appointed, the staff assistant shall be present at the disciplinary hearing.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency: operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.


7. Amendment filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

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3321. Confidential Material.

(a) The following types of information shall be classified as confidential:

1. Information which, if known to the inmate, would endanger the safety of any person.

2. Information which would jeopardize the security of the institution.

3. Specific medical or psychological information which, if known to the inmate, would be medically or psychologically detrimental to the inmate.

4. Information provided and classified confidential by another governmental agency.

(b) Uses of specific confidential material.

1. No decision shall be based upon information from a confidential source, unless other documentation corroborates information from the source, or unless the circumstances surrounding the event and the documented reliability of the source satisfies the decision maker(s) that the information is true.

2. Any document containing information from a confidential source shall include an evaluation of the source’s reliability, a brief statement of the reason for the conclusion reached, and a statement of reason why the information or source is not disclosed.

3. The documentation given to the inmate shall include:

(A) The fact that the information came from a confidential source.

(B) As much of the information as can be disclosed without identifying its source including an evaluation of the source’s reliability; a brief statement of the reason for the conclusion reached; and, a statement of reason why the information or source is not disclosed.

(c) A confidential source’s reliability may be established by one or more of the following criteria:

1. The confidential source has previously provided information which proved to be true.

2. Other confidential source have independently provided the same information.

3. The information provided by the confidential source is self-incriminating.

4. Part of the information provided is corroborated through investigation or by information provided by non-confidential sources.

5. The confidential source is the victim.

(d) Filing confidential material.

1. Only case information meeting the criteria for confidentiality shall be filed in the confidential section of an inmate’s parolee’s central file.

2. Proposed confidential documents shall be reviewed, signed, and dated by a staff person at the correctional counselor III, parole agent III, correctional captain, or higher staff level to indicate approval of the confidential designation and placement in the confidential section of the central file.

3. Classification committee shall review the material filed in the confidential folder of each case considered. Any material not approved but designated confidential shall be removed from the folder and submitted to the designated staff person for review and determination.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency: operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

3. Repealer and new section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency: operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. Repealer and new section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency: operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.


7. Amendment of subsection (c)(4) and Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency: operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be trans-
mitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


§ 3322. Length of Confinement.

(a) No inmate shall be kept in disciplinary detention or confined to quarters more than ten days. The chief disciplinary officer may shorten time spent in disciplinary detention or confined to quarters if the inmate appears ready to conform and the facility disciplinary process will benefit by such an action. When the disciplinary detention or confined to quarters disposition has expired and continued segregation is deemed necessary, the inmate shall be processed pursuant to section 3335.

(b) Time spent in segregation pending a disciplinary hearing shall normally be credited toward any disciplinary detention or confined to quarters sentence imposed. Reasons for not granting credit shall be explained in the disposition section of the CDC Form 115.

(c) No inmate shall be confined to quarters or otherwise deprived of exercise as a disciplinary disposition longer than ten days unless, in the opinion of the institution head, the inmate poses an extreme management problem or threat to the safety of others that confinement is necessary. The director’s written approval is required for such extended confinement.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

§ 3323. Disciplinary Credit Forfeiture Schedule.

(a) Upon a finding of guilt of a serious rule violation, a credit forfeiture against any determinate term of imprisonment or any minimum eligible parole date for an inmate sentenced to an indeterminate sentence, as defined is section 3000 Indeterminate Sentence Law (ISL), shall be assessed within the ranges specified in (b) through (h) below:

(b) Division “A-1” offenses; credit forfeiture of 181–360 days.

(1) Murder, attempted murder, and solicitation of murder. Solicitation of murder shall be proven by the testimony of two witnesses, or of one witness and corroborating circumstances.

(2) Manslaughter.

(3) Battery causing serious injury.

(4) Assault or battery with a deadly weapon or caustic substance.

(5) Rape, attempted rape, sodomy, attempted sodomy, oral copulation, and attempted oral copulation against the victim’s will.

(6) Taking a hostage.

(7) Escape with force or violence.

(8) Possession, manufacture, or attempted manufacture of a deadly weapon or explosive device.

(9) Solicitation to commit an offense listed in subsections (b)(3), (b)(4) or (b)(5) above.

(c) Division “A-2” offenses; credit forfeiture of 151–180 days.

(1) Arson involving damage to a structure or causing serious bodily injury.

(2) Possession of flammable, explosive, or combustible material with intent to burn any structure or property.

(3) Destruction of state property valued in excess of $400 during a riot or disturbance.

(4) Any other felony involving violence or injury to a victim not specifically listed in this schedule.

(5) Attempted escape with force or violence.

(6) Introduction or distribution of any controlled substance, as defined in section 3000, in an institution/facility or contract health facility.

(d) Division “B” Offenses; credit forfeiture of 121–150 days.

(1) Battery on a peace officer not involving the use of a weapon.

(2) Assault on a peace officer by any means likely to cause great bodily injury.

(3) Battery on a non-prisoner.

(4) Threatening to kill or cause serious bodily injury to a public official, their immediate family, their staff, or their staff’s immediate family.

(5) Escape from any institution or community correctional facility other than a camp or community-access facility.

(e) Division “C” offenses; credit forfeiture of 91–120 days.

(1) Escape without force from a camp, community-access facility, or any Alternative Custody Program placement, as provided in Chapter 1, Article 6.8.

(2) Attempted escape without force from an institution or community correctional facility other than a camp or community-access facility.

(3) Furnishing equipment for or aiding and abetting an escape or escape attempt.

(4) Attempted extortion by means of threat.

(5) Bribery.

(6) Arson.

(7) Forgery, falsification, or alteration of any official record or document prepared or maintained by the department which could affect a term of imprisonment.

(8) Possession of any narcotic, drug, or controlled substance in a community-access facility or any Alternative Custody Program placement.

(9) Unauthorized possession of drug paraphernalia as defined in Section 3000.

(d) Division “D” offenses; credit forfeiture of 61–90 days.

(1) Use of a controlled substance (except marijuana or Barbiturates), as identified in H&SC 11007, based solely on a positive test result from an approved departmental testing method.
(2) Being under the influence of alcohol, any drug, controlled substance, or other intoxicant, as defined in section 3000 and unable to exercise care for personal safety or the safety of others.
(3) Participating in a riot, rout, or unlawful assembly.
(4) Inciting a riot.
(5) Indecent Exposure without a prior court conviction under PC 314 or PC 288.
(6) Sexual Activity in a visiting room with an adult.
(7) Willfully resisting, delaying, or obstructing any peace officer in the performance of duty.
(8) Late return from a temporary community leave.
(9) Assault or battery on a prisoner with no serious injury.
(10) Fighting.
(11) Assault of a peace officer by any means not likely to cause great bodily injury.
(12) Assault on a non-prisoner.
(13) Conspiracy to commit any Division “D” offense.
(14) Solicitation to possess, distribute or introduce a controlled substance into an institution, contract health facility, or any Alternative Custody Program placement.
(g) Division “E” offenses; credit forfeiture of 31–60 days.
(1) Theft, embezzlement, destruction, or damage to another’s personal property, state funds or state property valued at less than $400.
(2) Possession of alcoholic beverages or intoxicating substances in a community-access facility under the jurisdiction of CDCR.
(3) Consensual participation in sodomy or oral copulation.
(4) Forgery or falsification or alteration of any government document or record not affecting an inmate’s term of imprisonment.
(5) Gambling in an institution, community correctional facility, or camp other than a community-access facility.
(6) Refusal to provide blood specimens, a saliva sample, or palm and thumb print impressions pursuant to Penal Code sections 295 through 300.3, after receiving written notification in accordance with PC section 298.1 that they must be provided.
(7) Sexual Disorderly Conduct.
(8) Commission of any misdemeanor offense not listed in this schedule.
(9) Conspiracy to commit any Division “E” offense.
(10) Solicitation to commit an offense listed in subsections (g) (4) or (g)(7) above.
(h) Division “F” offenses; credit forfeiture of 0–30 days.
(1) Gambling in a community-access facility.
(2) Late return to a community-access facility or any Alternative Custody Program placement.
(3) Use of marijuana, barbiturates or alcohol based solely on a positive test result from an approved departmental testing method.
(4) Misuse, alteration, unauthorized acquisition, or exchange of personal property, state funds, or state property.
(5) Refusing to provide a urine specimen for the purpose of testing for the presence of controlled substance(s) or alcohol.
(6) The fermentation or distillation of materials in a manner consistent with the production of alcohol.
(7) Possession of dangerous contraband as identified in section 3000.
(8) Unauthorized possession or distribution of medication (not identified as a controlled substance in section 3000).
(9) Work related offenses:
(A) Refusal to work or perform assigned duties;
(B) Continued failure to perform assigned work or participate in a work/training program.
(10) Any other serious rule violation meeting the criteria listed in section 3315, not a crime, and not identified as administrative in section 3314.
(i) Nothing in this section shall prevent the department from seeking criminal prosecution for any conduct constituting a violation of the law or from imposing one or more of the authorized punitive, preventative, or control measures described in these regulations, in addition to forfeiture of credits.
(j) Inmates shall be provided written notice of any credit forfeited by disciplinary action, of anticipated release date changes based on credit forfeiture set aside through the departmental appeal process, or a Board of Prison Terms review.
(k) If an inmate is held beyond an established parole date because of a disciplinary or prosecution action, the number of days the inmate is overdue when released shall be deducted from their parole period when one or more of the following apply:
(1) The inmate is found not guilty of the charges.
(2) No credit is forfeited as a result of the disciplinary hearing.
(3) An inmate appeal results in reduction of the credit forfeiture ordered in the disciplinary hearing.
(4) A Board of Prison Terms review results in restoration of all or part of the credit forfeiture ordered in the disciplinary hearing.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a)(3) and new subsection (a)(3)(E) filed 12-1-78 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-79. For prior history, see Register 77, No. 40.
2. Certificate of Compliance filed 2-22-79 (Register 79, No. 8).
3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
4. Amendment filed 11-20-79 as an emergency; designated effective 1-1-80 (Register 79, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be filed within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 3-20-80.
5. Certificate of Compliance filed 2-15-80 (Register 80, No. 7).
6. Amendment filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code Section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
7. Amendment filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
9. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
10. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
11. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
12. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
13. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
14. New subsection (c)(7), subsection renumbering, amendment of subsection (d)(6), new subsections (d)(6)(A)–(d)(6)(A)3., repealer of subsection (d)(7), subsection renumbering, and amendment of subsections (e)(11) and (f)(1) filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
15. New subsection (c)(7), subsection renumbering, amendment of subsection (d)(6), new subsections (d)(6)(A)–(d)(6)(A)3., repealer of subsection (d)(7), subsection renumbering, and amendment of subsections (e)(11) and (f)(1) refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL.
by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

16. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).

17. New subsection (g)(6), subsection renumbering and amendment of Note filed 9-20-99 as an emergency; operative 9-20-99 (Register 99, No. 39). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-28-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


19. New subsections (g)(7)–(g)(7)(C) and subsection renumbering filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

20. New subsections (g)(7)(F) and subsection renumbering refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


22. New subsections (d)(7) and subsection renumbering, amendment of subsection (f)(5), and amendment of Note filed 2-23-2007 as an emergency; operative 2-23-2007 (Register 2007, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-2-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


25. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (d)(7)(A) filed 12-11-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 50).

26. New subsections (d)(8) and (f)(6) and subsection renumbering filed 10-6-2009; operative 10-6-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 41).


28. Amendment of subsections (e)(1), (e)(6), (f)(14) and (h)(2) and amendment of Note filed 9-27-2011 as an emergency; operative 9-27-2011 (Register 2011, No. 39). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-5-2012 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3324. Conduct Reportable to the Releasing Authority.

(a) Rules of the Board of Prison Terms and those of the Narcotic Addict Evaluation Authority require that specific acts of inmate conduct be reported to the appropriate releasing authority when the inmate has an established or anticipated release date on an indeterminate term or period of confinement. The applicable Board of Prison Terms and Narcotic Addict Evaluation Authority rules are set forth in Divisions 2 and 5 of Title 15, California Administrative Code, and are hereby incorporated by reference in the rules of the Director of Corrections.

(b) At the discretion of the appropriate releasing authority, a hearing for reconsideration of release may be held in conjunction with a disciplinary hearing for misconduct that is also reportable to the releasing authority.

(c) Releasing authority members and representatives may sit in the factfinding and disposition phase of a disciplinary hearing held in conjunction with a hearing by the releasing authority for release reconsideration. Releasing authority members and representatives will not act as factfinders or decision makers in the disposition of disciplinary charges against an inmate. However, the members and representatives of the releasing authority may participate in the factfinding phase of the disciplinary hearing as deemed necessary to bring out information which will aid in determining appropriate action relative to the inmate’s scheduled or anticipated release.

(d) The scheduling of a combined departmental disciplinary hearing and a releasing authority hearing for reconsideration of an established or anticipated release date on an indeterminate term or period of confinement does not stay the time limits for a disciplinary hearing in which good time credit may be denied on a determinate term of imprisonment.


HISTORY:

1. Repealer and new section filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).

2. Repealer and new section filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).

3. Amendment filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).

4. Editorial correction of subsection (a) filed 2-19-85 (Register 85, No. 8).

5. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsection (c) (Register 92, No. 5).

3325. Appeal of Disciplinary Actions.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).

2. Repealer and new section filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).

3. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 9-30-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 40).

4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 2-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 8).

5. Amendment of subsections (a) and (c) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).

6. Repealer of section 3325(a) and (b), and renumbering and amendment of former section 3325(c) to section 3084.7(c) filed 5-18-89 as an emergency; operative 5-18-89 (Register 89, No. 21). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-15-89.

7. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-18-89 order transmitted to OAL 9-7-89 and filed 10-10-89 (Register 89, No. 41).


(a) Upon conclusion of disciplinary proceedings, all documents relating to the disciplinary process, findings and disposition shall be disposed of in the following manner:

1. When an inmate is held responsible for the act charged, copies of all documents prepared for and used in the disciplinary proceedings shall be placed in the inmate’s central file. A copy of the completed CDC Form 115 shall be provided to the inmate. A copy of the completed CDC Form 115 shall be filed in the Register of Institution Violations.

2. When the inmate is found not guilty of the act charged or when the charge is dismissed for any reason, the documents prepared for and used in the disciplinary process shall not be placed in any file pertaining to the inmate. However, two copies of any CDC Form 115 used in the disciplinary process shall be completed as to findings and disposition. One copy of the completed report shall be filed in the Register of Institution Violations. The other completed copy shall be provided to the inmate. All other copies of the CDC Form 115 and all supplemental reports shall be destroyed.
ARTICLE 5.5. RESTORATION OF FORFEITED WORKTIME CREDITS

§ 3327

(3) Unless information developed through the disciplinary process, such as enemy information, needs to be considered in future classification committee determinations affecting an inmate found not guilty of a rule violation or whose charges were dismissed, no other recording or document relating to the rule violation charge or disciplinary proceedings shall be placed in files pertaining to the inmate.

(b) Information developed through the disciplinary process, classification committee determinations affecting the inmate, or events requiring explanation shall be recorded by the disciplinary hearing officer on a CDC Form 128-B, Informative Chrono, and referred to the classification committee. Such information shall include but not be limited to the following:

(1) The reason for an inmate’s placement in restricted housing prior to adjudication of the charges if that information has not been previously considered in a classification committee hearing;
(2) Any reason for retaining the inmate in restricted housing after a finding of not guilty or dismissal of charges; or
(3) Any program assignment or placement change which needs to be considered in view of other inmate or employee animosity toward the individual.

(4) The CDC Form 128-B shall be placed in the inmate’s central file and a copy shall be provided to the inmate.

(c) Provisions of this section shall apply when a finding of guilt on disciplinary charges is reversed or dismissed on appeal, or when information reported on a CDC Form 128-A, Custodial Counseling Chrono, is found on appeal to be incorrect or inappropriate.

(d) A finding of not guilty, dismissal, or reversal of a previous finding of guilt shall require an audit and updating of any documentation in the inmate’s file reflecting a prehearing assumption of guilt or the original finding of guilt. Such documentation shall not be removed from the inmate’s file, but shall be annotated with a cross-reference to the CDC Form 128-B documenting the most recent findings and action on the charge.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
3. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

Article 5.5. Restoration of Forfeited Worktime Credits

§ 3327. Restoration of Forfeited Credits.

(a) Forfeited credits shall at no time be restored as specified below:

(1) No credit shall be restored for any serious disciplinary offense punishable by a credit loss of more than 90 days. These offenses include Divisions A-1, A-2, B and C.

(2) No credit shall be restored if the inmate is found guilty of any subsequent rule violation that occurred within the required disciplinary-free periods provided in Section 3328.

(3) No credit shall be restored if the worktime credit denial or loss was ordered by court judgment unless the court rescinds or overturns the order.

(4) No credit shall be restored for the following disciplinary offenses:

(A) The inmate was found guilty of use of a controlled substance, marijuana, or alcohol, based on a positive test result from a departmentally approved testing method;

(B) The inmate was ordered to submit to a drug test pursuant to section 3290(c) and refused the test;

(C) The inmate was found guilty of fermentation or distillation of materials in a manner consistent with the production of alcohol in a prison or community access facility;

(D) The inmate was found guilty of unauthorized possession of dangerous contraband as defined in section 3000.

(b) Upon completion of a disciplinary-free period for Division D, E, and F offenses as provided in section 3328, an eligible inmate may apply to their caseworker for credit restoration by submitting a CDC Form 958 (Rev. 8/87), Application for Inmate’s Restoration of Credits. A restoration hearing shall be conducted within 30 days of the inmate’s application. The inmate has a right to be present at the hearing and to a written decision of the committee.

(1) A classification action resulting in restoration of worktime credit shall be documented and forwarded to the facility’s case records staff for recalibration of the inmate’s release date.

(2) When an inmate does not meet the criteria for a credit restoration hearing, the caseworker shall note the reasons on the CDC Form 958 and return it to the inmate.

(c) Credit shall be restored at the consideration hearing unless it is determined that the inmate has, since the disciplinary infraction leading to the credit forfeiture, refused or failed to perform in a work, training, or educational assignment during the required disciplinary-free period, or under extraordinary circumstances, as described in section 3329.

(1) Credit shall not be restored in an amount rendering the inmate overdue for release.

(2) An inmate who is a violent offender as defined in Penal Code (PC) Section 667.5(c), or who is serving a term upon conviction of child abuse pursuant to PC Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, or any sex offense identified in statutes as being perpetrated against a minor victim, or who is an offender for whom such notification has been ordered by any court shall not be eligible for credit restoration which would result in a notification being provided to local law enforcement in less than 45 days prior to the inmate’s scheduled release date.

(3) The inmate shall be informed at the hearing that case records staff shall determine the actual release date which shall include a minimum of ten working days for release processing. However, if the inmate is a violent offender as defined in PC Section 667.5(c) or is serving a term upon conviction of child abuse pursuant to PC Section 273a, 273ab, 273d, or any sex offense identified in statutes as being perpetrated against a minor victim, or for whom such notification has been court ordered, the number of working days for release processing shall be sufficient to ensure that local law enforcement officials will be notified of the inmate’s release in not less than the 45-day time frame required by law. A copy of the new legal status sheet reflecting the credit restoration shall be provided to the inmate.

(d) If less than 100 percent of restorable credits forfeited are restored by the classification committee, the inmate may make additional applications for restoration upon completion of additional disciplinary-free periods until all restorable credit is restored or the inmate is released from custody.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, 667.5, 2932, 2932.5, 3058.6, 3058.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 5.5 (sections 3327-3329) filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11362(d) (Register 83, No. 19).
2. Amendment filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted
to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

3. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

4. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

6. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

7. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

8. Amendment of subsections (b) and (c) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

9. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

10. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

11. Amendment of section pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) filed 3-20-96 as an emergency; operative 3-20-96 (Register 96, No. 12). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-27-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

12. Certificate of Compliance as to 3-20-96 order transmitted to OAL 7-25-96 and filed 9-5-96 (Register 96, No. 36).

13. New subsection (a)(3) and amendment of Note filed 11-12-97 as an emergency; operative 11-12-97 (Register 97, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


15. New subsection (a)(3) and amendment of Note refiled 4-29-98 as an emergency; operative 4-29-98 (Register 98, No. 18). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

16. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-98 order transmitted to OAL 6-12-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No. 30).

17. Amendment of subsection (a)(3) filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

18. Amendment of subsection (a)(3) refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

19. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order, including further amendment of subsection (a)(3) and new subsection (a)(4), transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 20).

20. Amendment of subsections (a)(2) and (c) and new subsection (c)(2), subsection renumbering and amendment of newly designated subsection (c)(3) and Note filed 5-22-2006; operative 5-22-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).

21. Amendment of subsections (a)(2) and (a)(4) and new subsections (a)(4)(A)–(D) filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

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(a) A disciplinary-free period shall commence immediately following the date and time an inmate is identified (date of discovery of information leading to the charge) as committing a rules violation.

(b) An inmate may apply for restoration of 100 percent of any credit forfeited for a Division “D” or “E” offense, not identified in section 3327, after remaining disciplinary free for 180 days.

1. If less than 180 days remain before the inmate’s established release date, a one-time application may be made within 90 days of the established release date when the inmate has remained disciplinary free for a minimum of 60 days.

2. Violent offenders as defined in PC Section 667.5(c) and offenders serving a term upon conviction of child abuse pursuant to PC Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, or any sex offense identified in statutes as being perpetrated against a minor victim, or for whom such notification has been ordered by any court, shall be eligible for the one-time credit restoration application only if local law enforcement officials can be notified of the inmate’s release in not less than the 45-day time frame required by law.

(c) An inmate may apply for restoration of 100 percent of any credit forfeited for a Division “F” offense, not identified in section 3327, after remaining disciplinary free for 90 days.

1. If less than 90 days remain before the inmate’s established release date, a one-time application may be made within 60 days of the established release date when the inmate has remained disciplinary free for a minimum of 30 days.

2. Violent offenders as defined in PC Section 667.5(c) and offenders serving a term upon conviction of child abuse pursuant to PC Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, or any sex offense identified in statutes as being perpetrated against a minor victim, or for whom such notification has been ordered by any court, shall be eligible for the one-time credit restoration application only if local law enforcement officials can be notified of the inmate’s release in not less than the 45-day time frame required by law.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 273a, 273ab, 273d, 667.5(c), 2932, 2933, 3058.6, 3058.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:

1. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

2. Repealer of subsections (b) and (c) and subsection relettering pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) filed 3-20-96 as an emergency; operative 3-20-96 (Register 96, No. 12). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-27-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Editorial correction of second Exception (Register 96, No. 36).

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 3-20-96 order transmitted to OAL 7-25-96 and filed 9-5-96 (Register 96, No. 36).

5. Amendment filed 5-22-2006; operative 5-22-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).

6. Amendment of subsections (a), (b), (b)(1), (c) and (c)(1) filed 8-4-2008; operative 8-4-2008 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2008, No. 32).

3329. Extraordinary Circumstances.

(a) Extraordinary circumstances are significant factors which aggravate the seriousness of a rule violation. A finding of factors in aggravation shall be cause to postpone restoration for one additional disciplinary-free period.

1. Extraordinary circumstances include:

   (1) The victim was particularly vulnerable.

   (2) Multiple victims were involved.

   (3) The inmate induced others to participate in the act or occupied a position of leadership or dominance over the other participants.

   (4) The inmate threatened witnesses, prevented or dissuaded witnesses from testifying, induced others to perjure themselves or in any way interfered in the investigation or adjudication of the act.

   (5) The inmate’s misconduct included other acts which could have resulted in the forfeiture of additional credits.
(6) The plan, sophistication, or professionalism with which the act was carried out, or other facts indicating premeditation.
(7) The inmate involved nonprisoners in the act.
(8) The act involved a large quantity of contraband.
(9) The inmate took advantage of a position of trust or confidence.
(10) The inmate engaged in a pattern of violent conduct.
(11) The inmate’s record documents numerous acts of and/or increasingly serious misconduct.


HISTORY:
1. New subsection (c)(13) filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. Amendment of section and Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
4. Repealer of subsections (b)(1)-(2), (b)(10) and (b)(13), subsection renumbering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (b)(10) pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) filed 3-20-96 as an emergency; operative 3-20-96 (Register 96, No. 12). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-27-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Editorial correction of subsection (b)(7) (Register 96, No. 36).
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 3-20-96 order transmitted to OAL 7-25-96 and filed 9-5-96 (Register 96, No. 36).
7. Repealer of subsection (b)(10) and subsection renumbering filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Repealer of subsection (b)(10) and subsection renumbering refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).

Article 6. Disciplinary Detention

3330. Disciplinary Detention.
(a) An inmate may not be assigned to disciplinary detention as defined in section 3000 except on the order of a disciplinary committee or senior disciplinary hearing officer.
(b) Disciplinary detention may be ordered in a housing unit or section of a housing unit specifically designed for that purpose or in any room or cell which provides the necessary security, control, and restriction of the inmate’s actions. When disciplinary detention is ordered in a housing unit other than a designed disciplinary detention unit, the conditions of detention will be the same as prescribed for disciplinary detention units.
(c) Disciplinary detention may be ordered as a continuous period of confinement or as intermittent confinement on holidays, weekends or days off from assigned work and program activities. When ordered as intermittent confinement, confinement shall not exceed 10 days during a 35-day period. The chief disciplinary officer shall review the treatment of an inmate confined in disciplinary detention and consider a modification of sentence when evidence indicates the inmate is ready to conform to the rules.
(d) Time served in disciplinary detention will be computed on the basis of full days in detention. The day of placement and the day of release will not count as a day of time served. Intermittent detention may extend from the end of the workday before the first full day of detention to the beginning of the workday following the last full day of detention.
(e) Continuous disciplinary detention of an inmate shall not exceed 10 full days without approval of the director or deputy director, institutions.
(f) If an extension beyond 10 days is approved, the warden/superintendent shall note that fact in the disposition section of the rule violation report stating the reasons for the extension and the additional amount of time the inmate shall be confined, and shall sign and date the notation.
(g) A request for the director’s approval to retain an inmate in disciplinary detention for longer than 30 days shall be accompanied by a current psychological evaluation of the inmate’s mental health. Such evaluation shall include a personal interview with the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer of Article 6 (sections 3330–3337) and new Article 6 (sections 3330–3333) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16). For prior history see Registers 77, No. 20, 78, Nos. 12, 18, Nos. 24 and 25, 79, Nos. 18 and 31.
2. Amendment filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
4. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
6. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
8. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
9. Editorial correction of printing error in History 1. (Register 92, No. 5).

3331. Conditions of Detention.
(a) Insofar as the safety and security of institution and for persons will permit, the physical facilities of designated disciplinary detention units will approximate those housing general population inmates.
(b) Quarters. Where adequate and secure facilities are available and the number of inmates assigned to designated disciplinary detention units permit, inmates so assigned will be housed in single occupancy quarters. When the use of multiple occupancy quarters is necessary, the number of inmates so assigned will not exceed the capacity of beds for which such quarters are equipped except as a temporary emergency measure. The office of the deputy director-institutions or the departmental duty officer will be notified when such an emergency exists for longer than 24 hours. Institution and department efforts will be coordinated as necessary to resolve the overcrowding situation as quickly as possible.
(c) Personal Items.
(1) Inmates will not be permitted to use or possess items of personally owned property, such as radios, television sets, tape players, musical instruments, and typewriters while undergoing disciplinary detention. Personal items necessary for health and hygiene may be used if such items are not available for issue by the institution.
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(2) Inmates will not be permitted to purchase, use or possess edible or consumable canteen items while undergoing disciplinary detention.

(3) Inmates may be deprived of the use of personally owned clothing and footwear while undergoing disciplinary detention when adequate state clothing and footwear are issued. No inmate in disciplinary detention will be required to wear clothing that significantly differs from that worn by other inmates in the unit, except that temporary adjustments may be made for security reasons and for protection from self inflicted harm. No inmate will be clothed in any manner intended to degrade the inmate.

(d) Meals. Inmates in disciplinary detention shall be fed the same meal and ration as is provided for general population inmates. Meals served shall supply approximately 2500 calories per day.

(e) Mail. The sending and receiving of first class mail will not be restricted while an inmate is undergoing disciplinary detention. Delivery or issue of packages, publications and newspapers will be withheld during disciplinary detention.

(f) Visits. Inmates undergoing disciplinary detention retain the right to have personal visits. Privileges and amenities associated with visiting including physical contact with visitors may be suspended during the disciplinary detention period. When the number, length or frequency of visits are limited, the inmate will be permitted to choose who will visit from among persons approved to visit before the detention period began.

(g) Personal Cleanliness. Inmates undergoing disciplinary detention will be provided the means to keep themselves clean and well-groomed. Haircuts will be provided as needed. Showering and shaving will be permitted at least three times a week.

(h) Exercise. Inmates undergoing disciplinary detention will be permitted a minimum of one hour per day, five days per week, of exercise outside their cells unless security and safety considerations preclude such activity.

(i) Reading Material. State supplied reading material will be provided for inmates undergoing disciplinary detention. Such material may be assigned to disciplinary detention units from the inmate library and will represent a cross section of material available to the general population. At the discretion of the warden or superintendent, inmates enrolled in educational programs who have textbooks in their personal property may be permitted to study such material while undergoing disciplinary detention.

(j) Legal Material. Inmates undergoing disciplinary detention will not be limited in their access to the courts. Legal resources may be limited to pencil and paper, which will be provided upon request, for correspondence with an attorney or preparation of legal documents for the courts. Other legal material in an inmate’s personal property may be issued to an inmate in disciplinary detention if litigation was in progress before detention commenced and legal due dates are imminent.

(k) Privileges. All privileges generally associated with the inmate’s work/training incentive groups status will be suspended during a period of disciplinary detention. This includes but is not limited to: personal nonemergency telephone calls, handicraft activities, use of recreational equipment, and the viewing of television, and other privileges.

(l) Restrictions. A written report by the administrator or supervisor in charge of a disciplinary detention unit will be submitted to the chief disciplinary officer whenever an inmate undergoing disciplinary detention is deprived of any usually authorized item, activity or privilege. A special report to the chief disciplinary officer and to a classification committee will be made when an inmate’s circumstances indicate a continuing need for separation from general population or from specific persons.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (k) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
2. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
3. Amendment of subsection (c)(2) and amendment of Note filed 7-7-2005 as an emergency; operative 7-7-2005 (Register 2005, No. 27). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-14-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3332. Administration and Supervision of Detention Units.

(a) Plan of Operation. Each warden and superintendent will establish and maintain a plan of operations for the disciplinary detention of inmates, whether in a unit or section of a unit designated for this specific purpose or in conjunction with other special purpose housing of inmates. Such plans will conform to the provisions of this article and will be updated as necessary to reflect current procedures and practices. A copy of the plan will be submitted to the director for review and approval annually, as scheduled for required plans.

(b) Administration and Supervision. The administration of disciplinary detention units may be delegated to a staff member at not less than the level of correctional captain. The supervision of disciplinary detention units may be assigned to a staff member at not less than the level of correctional sergeant.

(c) Visitation. Inmates assigned to disciplinary detention units will be visited daily by the supervisor in charge of the unit and by an institution physician, registered nurse or a medical technical assistant. An inmate’s request to be visited by other staff will be promptly referred to the staff member. A timely response should be given to such requests whenever reasonably possible.

(d) Supervisor’s Responsibilities. The supervisor in charge of a disciplinary detention unit is responsible for the physical security of the unit, the control of contraband within the unit, and for safe, sanitary and decent working and living conditions within the unit. When any condition within the unit or the behavior, conduct or appearance of any inmate confined therein appears to warrant the attention of specific or specialized staff, the matter will be promptly brought to the attention of appropriate staff.

(e) Suicide Risks. Inmates undergoing disciplinary detention who are diagnosed by qualified medical staff as a suicide risk will be moved to a hospital setting, and medical staff will assume responsibility for such placement and for observation and supervision of the inmate. Such movement and supervision will be in cooperation and coordination with custody staff.

(f) Management Cases. An inmate who persists in unduly disruptive, destructive or dangerous behavior and who will not heed or respond to orders and warnings to desist from such activity, may be placed in a management cell on an order of the unit’s administrator or, in his or her absence, an order of the watch commander. In addition to any necessary incident or disciplinary reports, the matter will be reported to the warden, superintendent, chief disciplinary officer or administrative officer of the day, one of whom will review management cell resident status daily. An inmate who requires management cell placement for longer than 24 hours will be considered for transfer to a psychiatric management unit or other housing appropriate to the inmate’s disturbed state.

(g) Disciplinary Detention Records.

1. A Disciplinary Detention Log, CDC Form 114, will be maintained in each designated disciplinary detention unit. Specific information required in this log will be kept current on a daily and
shift or watch basis. A completed log book will be retained in the unit for as long as any inmate recorded on the last page of that log remains in the unit. Storage and purging of log books will be in accordance with department schedules. One disciplinary detention/segregation log may serve a disciplinary detention unit and other special purpose segregation units, which are combined and are administered and supervised by the same staff members.

(2) A separate record will be maintained on each inmate undergoing disciplinary detention. This record will be compiled on CDC Form 114-A, Detention/Segregation Record. In addition to the identifying information required on the form, all significant information relating to the inmate during the course of detention, from reception to release, will be entered on the form in chronological order.


§ 3333. Confinement to Quarters.

(a) Confinement to quarters may be ordered as a continuous period of confinement or as intermittent confinement on holidays, weekends or days off from assigned work and classified program activities. When ordered as intermittent confinement, confinement may not exceed 10 ten days during a 35-day period.

(b) Confinement to quarters may extend from the first full day of confinement to the beginning of the day following the last full day of confinement. Such partial days will not reduce the total number of full days of ordered confinement.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-99 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91; No. 6).

Article 6.5. Behavior Management Unit

3334. Behavior Management Unit.

(a) An inmate may not be assigned to a Behavior Management Unit (BMU), as defined in section 3000, except on the order of a Classification Committee.

(b) Inmates may be referred to a Classification Committee for placement into the BMU for one or more of the following reasons:
   (1) Program Failure. The inmate is deemed a Program failure as defined by section 3000.
   (2) Security Housing Unit (SHU) Offense as defined in section 3341.5(c)(9).
   (A) If an inmate has been found guilty of an offense for which a determinate term of confinement has been assessed, whether imposed or suspended, and whose in-custody behavior reflects a propensity towards disruptive behavior, the inmate may be referred to a Classification committee for placement in the BMU.
   (B) Inmates currently serving a determinate SHU term whose in-custody behavior reflects a propensity towards disruptive behavior, which otherwise would not be eligible for additional SHU term assessment, shall be considered by the Institutional Classification Committee (ICC) for placement in a BMU upon completion or suspension of the SHU term.
   (C) Inmates that have reached the Minimum Eligible Release Date (MERD) and have demonstrated an unwillingness to program in the general population may be reviewed by the Classification Committee for BMU placement consideration.
   (3) Gang Related Activity
   (A) Any pattern, which consists of two or more documented behaviors which indicates an individual’s participation in gang related activity may be grounds for placement in the BMU. Gang related activity is defined as behavior which indicates an inmate’s participation in a gang, prison gang, street gang or disruptive group as defined in section 3000.
   (c) Inmates who meet the criteria for placement in the BMU program per section 3334(b) shall be reviewed by a Classification Committee after initial placement in the BMU program as outlined in section 3334(c)(3) below. The Classification Committee shall review, determine and assess the appropriate step, and if applicable, approve a step change as outlined in section 3334(e) for each BMU inmate as recommended by BMU staff not less than every 30 days.
   (1) Initial placement into the BMU shall be for a minimum of 90 days beginning on the date of reception into the BMU.
   (2) Subsequent BMU placements shall be for a minimum of 180 days beginning on the date of reception into the BMU. Inmates who require subsequent placement will be monitored by BMU staff to ensure program compliance. If an inmate refuses to participate as required, the Classification Committee will review for possible program rejection.
   (3) The Classification Committee will complete an initial assessment and develop an Individualized Training Plan (ITP) within 14 days of placement into BMU. The ITP will be based on each inmate’s reason(s) for placement as outlined in section 3334(b).
   (4) Inmates shall be expected to meet the requirements established by the Classification Committee as outlined in the ITP.
   (5) Inmates must remain disciplinary free and complete the ITP as directed by the Classification Committee before being released from the BMU. The ITP may include, but is not limited to, participation in departmentally approved cognitive behavior programs, and/or participation in self help groups.
   (6) The Classification Committee shall be responsible for providing the inmate with notification of the rules and intent of the BMU program. The CDC 128-G, Classification Chrono (Rev. 10/89), shall clearly state that the inmate was informed of the reason for placement, the length of placement, and any additional action the inmate must take to successfully complete the BMU program.
   (d) In each case of BMU placement, release from the BMU is based upon completion of the ITP established by the Classification Committee.
   (1) The Classification Committee will determine if the inmate has successfully completed their ITP requirements or failed to meet their requirements. Inmates who have met their ITP requirements shall be eligible to advance to the next step of the BMU program. Inmates who have not met their ITP requirements shall be reviewed for appropriate step placement.
   (e) BMU Step Process: Work Group/Privilege Group designations
   (1) All inmates placed into the BMU will be designated a Work Group (WG), consistent with section 3044, and as determined by the Classification Committee effective the date of placement. Regardless of the WG, the designated Privilege Group (PG), consistent with section 3044, for Step 1 and Step 2 shall be C. The designated PG for Step 3 shall be B. All Work/Program assignments for BMU inmates shall be restricted to and located in the BMU.
   (A) Step 1: Initial Placement—WG A1, A2, B or C and PG C. If the inmate meets the goals of the ITP, he will advance to Step 2.
   (B) Step 2: WG A1, A2, B, or C and PG C. If the inmate meets the goals of the ITP, he will advance to Step 3.
   (C) Step 3: WG A1, A2, B and PG B. If the inmate meets the goals of the ITP, he will advance to Step 4.
   (D) Step 4: Upon completion of the ITP, inmates will be returned to traditional general population housing.
   (f) Failure to progress in the stepped process shall be grounds for rejection from the BMU program and a review by the Classification Committee for placement on WG C PG C status. Inmates
who have been rejected from the program shall not be placed in any other general population work or program assignment until they have successfully completed their ITP in the BMU. Inmates who have been rejected from the BMU program must submit a written request to their Correctional Counselor I for readmission to the program and shall be reviewed by the Classification Committee.

(g) Authorized BMU Property

(1) Inmates shall possess only the listed items of personal property while assigned to the BMU:

(A) Ring (Wedding band, yellow or white metal only. Not to exceed $100 maximum declared value, and may not contain a set or stone), one.

(B) Religious Medal and Chain (not to exceed $100 maximum declared value, chain not to exceed 18” in length, obtainable as a set only. Chains may not be purchased separately from medal), one.

(C) Religious Items (as approved by the local religious review committees, e.g., kufi caps, yarmulkes, prayer rugs, etc.), one.

(D) Books, Magazines, and Newspapers (paperback or hardback with cover removed only. Limit does not apply to legal materials), ten.

(E) Prescription eyeglasses, clear lens only, one (as prescribed by a physician) pair.

(F) Tennis Shoes (no shades of red or blue, low, mid, or high tops are permitted. Must be predominantly white in color. Shoe laces white only. Not to exceed $75.00. No hidden compartments, zippers, or laces that are covered or concealed. No metal components including eyelets), one pair.

(G) Shower shoes (foam or soft rubber, single layer construction, not exceeding 1” in thickness), one pair.

(H) Briefs (white only), ten pairs.

(I) Gloves (cold weather gloves upon approval of Warden, no zippers, pockets, or metal), one pair.

(J) Watch Cap (no black, cold weather watch caps upon approval of Warden), one.

(K) Rain Coat/Poncho (transparent only), one.

(L) Socks (white only, any combination of short to knee-high), seven pairs.

(M) Under Shirts (white only, any combination of crew neck, v-neck, long sleeve or sleeveless athletic tank-top. Turtle neck and mock turtle neck are not permitted), five pairs.

(N) Dental Adhesive (for approved denture wearers only), two.

(O) Dental Flossers/Gliders (no more than 3” in length, amount allowed in possession to be determined by local institutional procedure).

(P) Dental Cleanser, one box.

(Q) Dorant/Antiperspirant (stick or roll-on, must be clear and in clear container only), four.

(R) Medications, Over-The-Counter (OTC) (only those OTC medications permitted by the Division of Correctional Health Care Services shall be stocked by institution canteens, OTC medications are not approved for inmate packages).

(S) Mouthwash (non-alcoholic only), one.

(T) Palm Brush/Comb (no handle, plastic only), one.

(U) Razor, Disposable (not permitted in Level IV 180 design housing), five.

(V) Shampoo, one.

(W) Shaving Cream (non-aerosol), one.

(X) Soap, Bar, six.

(Y) Soap Dish (non-metal), one.

(Z) Toothbrush (subject to local determination of maximum length, local facility is required to shorten if necessary, to meet local requirements), one.

(AA) Toothbrush Holder (plastic only, may only cover head of toothbrush), one.

(AB) Toothpaste/Powder (toothpaste must be clear and in clear container), one.

(AC) Washcloths (white only), two.

(AD) Address Book (paperback only, 3”x 5” maximum), one.

(AE) Ballpoint Pens (non-metal, clear plastic only), one.

(AF) Bowl (construction material to be approved by Division of Adult Institution (DAI), maximum of 8” in diameter), one.

(AG) Can Opener (restricted from Level IV housing), one.

(AH) Legal Pads/Tablets and Notebooks (no spiral bound), one.

(AI) Envelopes, Blank and/or Pre-Stamped, forty.

(AJ) Envelopes, Metered (indigent inmates only), five.

(AK) Legal material, as authorized per section 3161.

(AL) Photos/Portraits (maximum of 8”x 10”), fifteen.

(AM) Reading Glasses-Non Prescription (magnifying glasses), one pair.

(AN) Stamps (U.S. Postal only), forty.

(BO) Stationary (for written correspondence, may be decorated and have matching envelopes), fifteen sheets.

(AP) Tumbler (construction material to be approved by DAI, 16 ounce or less), one.

(AQ) Health Care Appliance (Dr. Rx. Only. Not subject to the six-cubic foot limit).

(AE) Canteen items, not to exceed one month’s draw of assigned privilege group.

(AR) Inmates in the BMU shall possess personal property as authorized in section 3190(c) and 3334(g)(1).

(AS) Inmates assigned to the BMU upon the initial placement will have their personal property, not identified as authorized BMU property outlined in 3334(g)(1) and 3334(g)(2) stored, provided:

(A) Initial BMU placement is for no more than 90 days.

(B) Inmate participates in the BMU program and progresses to the next step at each 30 day review as outlined in section 3334(e).

(C) Inmate does not receive any property related disciplinary violations while in the BMU program.

(I) Should the inmate fail to comply with the provisions above, all unallowed personal property not identified as authorized BMU property outlined in 3334(g)(1) and 3334(g)(2) shall be disposed of as provided in section 3191(c).

(2) Inmates assigned to the BMU upon the second or subsequent placements shall have all personal property, not outlined in 3334(g)(1) and 3334(g)(2), disposed of as provided in section 3191(c).

(b) Canteen. BMU inmates will be allowed only one (1) draw per month. Canteen privileges shall be established by the Classification Committee as follows:

Step 1—One fourth the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized in section 3044(f).

Step 2—One fourth the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized in section 3044(f).

Step 3—One half the maximum monthly canteen draw as authorized in section 3044(e).

(i) Vendor packages are authorized for receipt by inmates housed within the BMU in accordance with their privilege group status as provided in section 3044(c).

(j) Mental Health Services. BMU inmates will be seen by the Mental Health Department in accordance with normal GP treatment expectations as outlined within the Mental Health Services Delivery System (MHSDS). A Mental Health clinician shall attend the Classification Committee for all initial reviews in order to assess the appropriateness of BMU placement for an inmate included in the MHSDS. Inmate’s currently at the Enhanced Out Patient (EOP) level of care are not eligible for BMU placement.

(k) Visits. BMU inmates are permitted visits with their approved visitors. All visits for inmates at Step 1 and 2 will be non-contact,
this includes attorney visits. Inmates at Step 3 will be afforded contact visits.


HISTORY:
1. New article 6.5 (section 3334) and section filed 7-8-2008 as an emergency; operative 7-8-2008 (Register 2008, No. 28). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 12-15-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New article 6.5 (section 3334) and section refiled 12-15-2008 as an emergency; operative 12-15-2008 (Register 2008, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-16-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

Article 7. Segregation Housing

3335. Administrative Segregation.

(a) When an inmate’s presence in an institution’s general inmate population presents an immediate threat to the safety of the inmate or others, endangers institution security or jeopardizes the integrity of an investigation of an alleged serious misconduct or criminal activity, the inmate shall be immediately removed from general population and placed in administrative segregation. Administrative segregation may be accomplished by confinement in a designated segregation unit or, in an emergency, to any single cell unit capable of providing secure segregation.

(b) Temporary Segregation. Pending a classification committee determination of the inmate’s housing assignment, which may include assignment to one of the segregation program units specified in section 3341.5 of these regulations or to the general inmate population, an inmate may be placed in a designated temporary housing unit under provisions of sections 3336–3341 of these regulations.

(c) An inmate’s placement in segregation shall be reviewed by the Institutional Classification Committee (ICC) within 10 days of receipt in the unit and under provisions of section 3338(a) of these regulations. Action shall be taken to retain the inmate in segregation or release to general population.

(d) When, pursuant to this section, an ICC retains an inmate on segregation status, the case shall be referred to a Classification Staff Representative (CSR) for review and approval. Unless otherwise directed by the CSR, subsequent ICC reviews shall proceed in accordance with the following timelines until the inmate is removed from segregation status:

(1) At intervals of not more than 90 days until pending Division C, D, E, or F rules violation report is adjudicated. Upon resolution of such matters, an ICC shall review the inmate’s case within 14 calendar days. At that time, if no further matters are pending, but continued segregation retention is required pending transfer to a general population, ICC reviews shall be at least every 90 days until transfer can be accomplished.

(2) At intervals of not more than 180 days until pending Division A-1, A-2, or B rules violation report is adjudicated, a court proceeding resulting from a referral to the district attorney for possible prosecution is resolved, or the gang validation investigation process is complete. Upon resolution of such matters, an ICC shall review the inmate’s case within 14 calendar days.

(3) At intervals of not more than 90 days until completion of the pending investigation of serious misconduct or criminal activity, excluding gang validation, or pending resolution of safety and security issues, or investigation of non-disciplinary reasons for segregation placement. Should the completed investigation result in the issuance of a Rules Violation Report and/or a referral to the district attorney for criminal prosecution, an ICC shall review the case in accordance with the schedule set forth in subsections (1), (2), or (3) above. Upon resolution of such matters, an ICC shall review the inmate’s case within 14 calendar days. At that time, if no further matters are pending, but continued segregation placement is required pending transfer to a general population, ICC reviews shall be at least every 90 days until transfer can be accomplished.

(e) Inmate retention in administrative segregation beyond the initial segregation ICC hearing shall be referred for CSR review and approval within 30 days and then thereafter in accordance with subsection (d) above. In initiating such reviews an ICC shall recommend one of the following possible outcomes:

(1) Transfer to another institution in accordance with section 3379.

(2) Transfer to a Segregated Program Housing Unit in accordance with section 3341.5.

(3) Retention in segregation pending completion of an active investigation into an alleged violation of the rules/disciplinary process, an investigation of other matters, or resolution of criminal prosecution. In such instances an ICC shall offer a reasonable projection of the time remaining for the resolution of such matters.

(f) Subsequent to CSR approval of an extension of segregation retention, an ICC will schedule the case for future CSR review in a time frame consistent with the projection(s) made in accordance with subsection (d) above.

(g) Inmates in segregation who have approved Security Housing Unit (SHU) term status, but are still awaiting other processes (i.e., court proceedings, adjudication of other rule violation reports, gang validation, etc.), shall be reviewed by an ICC in accordance with the SHU classification process noted in subsection 3341.5(c)(9).

(h) The need for a change in housing or yard status of any inmate segregated under the provisions of this article shall be reviewed at the next convened ICC hearing.

(i) All classification committee actions shall be documented, including a specific record of the inmate’s participation, an explanation of the reason(s), and the information and evidence relied upon for the action taken. The inmate shall be provided copies of the completed forms relied upon in making the decisions affecting the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer of Article 7 (Sections 3340–3357) and new Article 7 (Sections 3335–3345) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 88, No. 16). For prior history see Registers 76, No. 31; 77, No. 9; 78, No. 25; and 79, No. 34.
2. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).
3. Amendment filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
5. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
7. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted
§ 3336  DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION  TITLE 15

3336. Segregation Order.

Authority to order an inmate to be placed in administrative segregation, before such action is considered and ordered by a classification hearing, may not be delegated below the staff level of correctional lieutenant except when a lower level staff member is the highest ranking official on duty.

(a) The reasons for ordering an inmate’s placement in administrative segregation will be clearly documented on a CDC Form 114-D (Order and Hearing on Segregated Housing) by the official ordering the action at the time the action is taken.

(b) In addition to explaining the reason and need for an inmate’s placement in administrative segregation, the official ordering the action will determine if a staff member needs to be assigned to assist the inmate in presenting the inmate’s position at a classification hearing for a serious rule violation and the case has been referred to a classification committee for review, as provided in Section 3339.

(c) In assigning staff assistance, the official initiating the CDC Form 114-D will designate the inmate’s caseworker by name, as the staff member to assist the inmate. If the assigned caseworker’s name is not known or cannot be readily determined by the official initiating the CDC Form 114-D, the words “assigned caseworker” will be entered on the form.

(d) A copy of the CDC Form 114-D, with the “order” portion of the form completed, will be given to the inmate prior to placement in administrative segregation but not later than 48 hours after such placement. Copies of the CDC Form 114-D with the “order” portion completed will also be submitted to the warden or superintendent or designated staff for review and possible further action as described in section 3337. A copy of the CDC Form 114-D will also be routed to the records office as a notice of the inmate’s current status and pending actions.


HISTORY:

1. Change without regulatory effect amending first paragraph filed 3-22-2001 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 12).

3337. Review of Segregation Order.

On the first work day following an inmate’s placement in administrative segregation, designated staff at not less than the level of correctional captain will review the order portion of the CDC Form 114-D. If retention in administrative segregation is approved at this review, the following determinations will be made at this level:

(a) Determine the appropriate assignment of staff assistance, if such assistance was deemed necessary by the official initiating the CDC Form 114-D. If the inmate’s caseworker is not an appropriate assignment because of the caseworker’s schedule, an alternate staff assistance assignment will be made. The inmate will be notified in writing of any change in the assignment of staff assistance. An inmate may decline to accept the assignment of his or her caseworker or the first person assigned. In such cases a different staff member will be assigned to assist the inmate.

(b) Determine the inmate’s desire to call witnesses or submit other documentary evidence. If the inmate requests the presence of witnesses or submission of documentary evidence at a classification hearing on the reason or need for retention in segregated housing, an investigative employee will be assigned to the case. A request to call witnesses and the names of witnesses must be submitted in writing by the inmate.

(c) Determine if the inmate has waived the 72-hour time limit in which a classification hearing cannot be held, as indicated on the CDC Form 114-D, or if the inmate desires additional time to prepare for a classification hearing. A request for an additional time to prepare for a hearing must be submitted in writing by the inmate. In the absence of an inmate’s waiver of the 72-hour preparation period or an approved request for additional preparation time, a classification hearing cannot be held earlier than 72 hours after the inmate’s placement in segregated housing, but will be held as soon thereafter as it is practical to do so.

(d) Determine the most appropriate date and time for a classification hearing based upon the determination arrived at under (a)(b) and (c) and the time limitations prescribed in section 3338.


3338. Hearing on Segregated Housing Order.

(a) A classification hearing for consideration and determination of the need to retain an inmate in segregated housing, for the reasons set forth in a segregation order, CDC Form 114-D, will be held as soon as it is practical and possible to do so, but in no case longer than 10 days from the date the inmate was initially placed in segregated housing, except for the following reasons:

(1) The segregation order, CDC Form 114-D, has been withdrawn and the inmate has been returned to general population status pursuant to Section 3339.

(2) The inmate has been afforded the procedural safeguards of a disciplinary hearing for a serious rule violation and the case has been referred to a classification committee for review, as provided in Section 3315(g). In such cases the classification committee may rely upon the findings of the disciplinary hearing in determining the inmate’s need for segregated housing and in ordering such placement. A separate order and hearing on segregated housing is not required in such cases.

(3) The inmate is retained in segregated housing for any Administrative reasons or purposes after acquittal or dismissal of disciplinary charges for which the inmate was segregated pending a disciplinary hearing. In such cases, a segregated housing order shall be initiated and a hearing shall be held on the order within the time limits and under the procedural safeguards set forth in section 3339(b).
§ 3339

Release from Administrative Segregation and Retention in Administrative Segregation.

(a) Release: Release from segregation status shall occur at the earliest possible time in keeping with the circumstances and reasons for the inmate's initial placement in administrative segregation. Nothing in this article shall prevent the official ordering an inmate's placement in administrative segregation, or a staff member of higher rank in the same chain of command, from withdrawing an administrative segregation order before it is acted upon or prior to a hearing on the order after consulting with and obtaining the concurrence of the administrator of the general population unit to which the inmate will be returned or assigned. Release from segregated housing after such placement shall be effected only upon the written order of an equal or higher authority.

(b) Retention: Subsections (b)(1)–(b)(5) set forth procedural safeguards. These procedural safeguards apply to inmates retained for administrative reasons after the expiration of a definite term or terms of confinement for disciplinary reasons. Definite terms of confinement shall be set or reduced by classification or administrative action.

(1) A segregated housing order, CDC Form 114-D, shall be initiated, giving written notice of the reasons for such retention in sufficient detail to enable the inmate to prepare a response or defense. Except in case of a genuine emergency, a copy of the order shall be given to the inmate prior to the expiration of the determinate term or terms of confinement. In no case shall notice be given later than 48 hours after the expiration of the determinate term or terms.

(2) A fair hearing before one or more classification officials shall be held not more than 96 hours after the inmate is given a copy of
the segregated housing order, unless the inmate requests, in writing, and is granted additional time to prepare a defense.

(3) Representation by a staff assistant shall be provided if institution officials determine that the inmate is illiterate or that the complexity of the issues make it unlikely that the inmate can collect or present the evidence necessary for an adequate comprehension of the case. The determination and designation is to be made at the time the segregated housing order is prepared and shall be included on the copy of the order given the inmate.

(4) The inmate shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present witnesses and documentary evidence unless institution officials determine in good faith that presentation of the evidence would be unduly hazardous to institutional safety or correctional goals. The reason for disallowing designated evidence will be explained in writing by the hearing body on the segregated housing order.

(5) A copy of the completed segregated housing order containing a written decision, including references to the evidence relied upon and the reasons for retention in segregated housing beyond the expiration of the expired term of confinement, if so retained, shall be given the inmate upon completion of the hearing.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Section 5054, Penal Code; and Taylor v. Rushen (N.D. Cal.) L-80-0139 SAW.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12).
2. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b)(2) (Register 92, No. 5).

3340. Exclusions.
Separation from general population for the reasons and under the circumstances described in this section is not considered administrative segregation and is specifically excluded from the other provisions of this article.

(a) Medical. When an inmate is involuntarily removed from general inmate status for medical or psychiatric reasons by order of medical staff and the inmate’s placement is in a hospital setting or in other housing as a medical quarantine, the inmate will not be deemed as segregated for the purpose of this article. When personnel other than medical staff order an inmate placed in administrative segregation for reasons related to apparent medical or psychiatric problems, that information will be immediately brought to the attention of medical staff. The appropriateness of administrative segregation or the need for movement to a hospital setting will be determined by medical staff. When medical and psychiatric reasons are involved, but are not the primary reasons for an inmate’s placement in administrative segregation, administrative segregation status will be continued if the inmate is moved to a hospital setting and the requirements of this article will apply.

(b) Orientation and Lay-Over. Newly received inmates and inmates in transit or lay-over status may be restricted to assigned quarters for that purpose. Such restrictions should not be more confining than is required for institution security and the safety of persons, nor for a period longer than the minimum time required to evaluate the safety and security factors and reassignment to more appropriate housing.

(c) Disciplinary Detention. Placement in disciplinary detention as an ordered action of a disciplinary hearing is not subject to the provisions of this article except as provided in section 3338(a)(2) and (3).

(d) Confinement to Quarters. Confinement to quarters as an ordered action of a disciplinary hearing is not subject to the provisions of this article.

(e) Segregated Inmates. When an inmate has been classified for segregated housing in accordance with this article and commits a disciplinary offense while so confined, or is returned to segregated housing upon completion of a disciplinary detention sentence for an offense committed in a segregated unit, the provision of this article will not apply.


3341. Staff Assistance.
The duties and functions of a staff member assigned to assist an inmate in a classification hearing on a segregated housing order will be the same as described in section 3318 for a disciplinary hearing. When an inmate requests witnesses at a classification hearing on a segregation order and an investigative employee is assigned, the investigative employee’s duties and functions will be essentially the same as described in section 3318 for predisciplinary hearing investigations. In screening prospective witnesses, the investigative employee will do so in accordance with the information to be considered in the classification hearing, as described in section 3338(e) and (f).


HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction removing extraneous text (Register 97, No. 5).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 1-29-97 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 97, No. 5).

3341.5. Segregated Program Housing Units.
Special housing units are designated for extended term programing of inmates not suited for general population. Placement into and release from these units requires approval by a classification staff representative (CSR).

(a) Protective Housing Unit (PHU). An inmate whose safety would be endangered by general population placement may be placed in the PHU providing the following criteria are met:

1. The inmate does not require specialized housing for reasons other than protection.
2. The inmate does not have a serious psychiatric or medical condition requiring prompt access to hospital care.
3. The inmate is not documented as a member or an affiliate of a prison gang.
4. The inmate does not pose a threat to the safety or security of other inmates in the PHU.
5. The inmate has specific, verified enemies identified on CDC Form 812 likely to and capable of causing the inmate great bodily harm if placed in general population.
6. The inmate has notoriety likely to result in great bodily harm to the inmate if placed in general population.
7. There is no alternative placement which can ensure the inmate’s safety and provide the degree of control required for the inmate.
8. It has been verified that the inmate is in present danger of great bodily harm. The inmate’s uncorroborated personal report, the nature of the commitment offense or a record of prior protective custody housing shall not be the sole basis for protective housing unit placement.
9. A PSU provides secure housing and care for inmates with diagnosed psychiatric disorders not requiring inpatient hospital care, but who require placement in housing equivalent to Security Housing Unit (SHU), as described in subsection 3341.5(c), at the Enhanced Outpatient Program level of the mental health delivery system.
10. An inmate whose conduct endangers the safety of others or the security of the institution shall be housed in a SHU.
(1) Assignment criteria. The inmate has been found guilty of an offense for which a determinate term of confinement has been assessed or is deemed to be a threat to the safety of others or the security of the institution.

(2) Length of SHU Confinement. Assignment to a SHU may be for an indeterminate or for a fixed period of time.

(A) Indeterminate SHU Segregation.

1. An inmate assigned to a security housing unit on an indeterminate SHU term shall be reviewed by a classification committee at least every 180 days for consideration of release to the general inmate population. An investigative employee shall not be assigned at the periodic classification committee reviews.

2. Except as provided at section 3335(a), section 3378(d) and subsection (c)(5), a validated prison gang member or associate is deemed to be a severe threat to the safety of others or the security of the institution and will be placed in a SHU for an indeterminate term.

(B) Determinate SHU Segregation.

1. A determinate period of confinement in SHU may be established for an inmate found guilty of a serious offense listed in section 3315 of these regulations. The term shall be established by the Institutional Classification Committee (ICC) using the standards in this section, including the SHU Term Assessment Chart (see section 3341.5(c)(9)), Factors in Mitigation or Aggravation (see section 3341.5(c)(10)), SHU Term Assessment Worksheet CDC Form 629-A, Rev. 3/96, Assessment of Subsequent SHU Term Worksheet CDC Form 629-B, Rev. 9/90, and SHU Time Computation Table (see CDC Form 629-D, Rev. 7/88).

2. The term shall be set at the expected term for the offense in the absence of mitigating or aggravating factors. Deviation from the expected term shall be supported by findings pursuant to subsection (c)(7).

3. The terms shall be recorded on CDC Form 629-A, SHU Term Assessment Worksheet, using the SHU Time Computation Table which incorporates one-fourth clean conduct credit in the term. The computation shall establish a maximum release date and a minimum eligible release date (MERD). A copy of the CDC Form 629-A shall be given to the inmate.

4. Serious misconduct while in SHU may result in loss of clean conduct credits or an additional determinate term for an inmate serving a determinate term. Such additional term may be concurrent or consecutive and shall be recorded on CDC Form 629-B with a copy given to the inmate. Such cases shall be referred to a CSR for approval; however, all release and retention requirements of section 3339 shall remain in effect pending CSR approval.

5. Up to 45 days of a SHU inmate’s clean conduct credits may be forfeited for disciplinary infractions that are not serious enough to warrant the assessment of a subsequent or concurrent SHU term. Such forfeiture may be assessed against credits already earned or future credits.

6. Consecutive SHU terms shall be assessed only for offenses occurring after commencement of a prior determinate SHU term.

7. The ICC may commute or suspend any portion of a determinate term. Once commuting, the term shall not be reimposed. If suspended, the period of suspension shall not exceed the length of the original term imposed. When either action occurs, the case shall be referred to a classification staff representative (CSR) with a placement recommendation.

8. The Unit Classification Committee shall conduct hearings on all determinate cases at least 30 days prior to their MERD or during the eleventh month from the date of placement, whichever comes first.

(3) Release from SHU. An inmate shall not be retained in SHU beyond the expiration of a determinate term or beyond 11 months, unless the classification committee has determined before such time that continuance in the SHU is required for one of the following reasons:

(A) The inmate has an unexpired MERD from SHU.

(B) Release of the inmate would severely endanger the lives of inmates or staff, the security of the institution, or the integrity of an investigation into suspected criminal activity or serious misconduct.

(C) The inmate has voluntarily requested continued retention in segregation.

4. A validated prison gang member or associate shall be considered for release from a SHU, as provided above, after the inmate is verified as a gang dropout through a debriefing process.

5. As provided at section 3378(e), the Departmental Review Board (DRB) may authorize SHU release for prison gang members or associates categorized as inactive. The term inactive means that the inmate has not been involved in gang activity for a minimum of six (6) years. Inmates categorized as inactive who are suitable for SHU release shall be transferred to the general population of a Level IV facility for a period of observation that shall be no greater than 12 months. Upon completion of the period of observation, the inmate shall be housed in a facility commensurate with his or her safety needs. In the absence of safety needs, the inmate shall be housed in a facility consistent with his or her classification score. The DRB is authorized to retain an inactive gang member or associate in a SHU based on the inmate’s past or present level of influence in the gang, history of misconduct, history of criminal activity, or other factors indicating that the inmate poses a threat to other inmates or institutional security.

6. As provided at section 3378(f), an inmate categorized as inactive or validated as a dropout of a prison gang and placed in the general population may be returned to segregation based upon one reliable source item identifying the inmate as a currently active gang member or associate of the prison gang with which the inmate was previously validated. Current activity is defined as, any documented gang activity within the past six (6) years. The procedures described in this Article shall be utilized for the removal of the inmate from the general population, the review of the initial segregation order, and all periodic reviews of the indeterminate SHU term.

7. Determine SHU terms shall only be served in a departmentally approved SHU or a facility specifically designated for that purpose.

8. When an inmate is paroled while serving a determinate term, the remaining time on the term is automatically suspended. When an inmate returns to prison, either as a parole violator or with a new prison commitment, ICC shall evaluate the case for reimposition of the suspended determinate term. If reimposed, the term shall not exceed the time remaining on the term at the time of parole.

9. SHU Term Assessment Chart (fixing of determinate confinement to SHU).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>TYPICAL TERM (Mos)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Expected</td>
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<tr>
<td>(A) Homicide:</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Murder, attempted murder, solicitation of murder, or voluntary manslaughter of a non-inmate.</td>
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### OFFENSE

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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Murder, attempted murder, solicitation of murder, or voluntary manslaughter of an inmate.</td>
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**(B) Violence Against Persons:**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Assault on a non-inmate with a weapon or physical force capable of causing mortal or serious injury.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Assault on an inmate with a weapon or physical force capable of causing mortal or serious injury.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Assault on a non-inmate with physical force insufficient to cause serious injury.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Assault on an inmate with physical force insufficient to cause serious injury.</td>
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**(C) Threat to Kill or Assault Persons:**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Use of non-inmate as hostage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Threat to a non-inmate.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Threat to an inmate.</td>
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**(D) Possession of a Weapon:**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Possession of a firearm or explosive device.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Possession of a weapon, other than a firearm or explosive device which has been manufactured or modified so as to have the obvious intent or capability of inflicting traumatic injury, and which is under the immediate or identifiable control of the inmate.</td>
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**(E) Trafficking in Drugs:**

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<td>Distributing controlled substances in an institution or camp or causing controlled substances to be brought into an institution or camp for the purpose of distribution.</td>
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**(F) Escape with Force or Attempted Escape with Force:**

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<td>16</td>
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**(G) Disturbance, Riot, or Strike:**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Leading a disturbance, riot, or strike.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Active participation in, or attempting to cause conditions likely to threaten institution security.</td>
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<td>(02)</td>
<td>04</td>
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<td>(04)</td>
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**(H) Harassment of another person, group, or entity either directly or indirectly through the use of the mail or other means.**

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**(I) Arson, Theft, Destruction of Property:**

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<tr>
<td>Theft or destruction of State property where the loss or potential loss exceeds $10,000 or threatens the safety of others.</td>
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**(J) Extortion and Bribery:**

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<tr>
<td>Extortion or bribery of a non-inmate.</td>
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**(K) Sexual Misconduct**

<p>| | |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Indecent Exposure</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Sexual Disorderly Conduct (two or more offenses within a twelve month period)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(L)</td>
<td>Refusal to Accept Assigned Housing</td>
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### TYPICAL TERM

<table>
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<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>TYPICAL TERM (Mos)</th>
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<td>2.</td>
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**(M) Except as otherwise specified in this section, proven attempts to commit any of the above listed offenses shall receive one-half (1/2) of the term specified for that offense.**

**(N) Any inmate who conspires to commit any of the offenses above shall receive the term specified for that offense.**

**(10) Factors in mitigation or aggravation of SHU term. The SHU term shall be set at the expected range unless a classification committee finds factors exist which warrant the imposition of a lesser or greater period of confinement. The total period of confinement assessed shall be no less than nor greater than the lowest or highest months listed for the offense in the SHU Term Assessment Chart. In setting the term, the committee shall determine the base offense. If the term being assessed includes multiple offenses, the offense which provides for the longest period of confinement shall be the base offense. Lesser offenses may be used to increase the period beyond expected term. After determining the base offense, the committee shall review the circumstances of the disciplinary offense and the inmate’s institutional behavior history using the factors below. The committee shall then determine that either no unusual factors exist or find that specific aggravating or mitigating factors do exist and specify a greater or lesser term. The reasons for deviation from the expected term shall be documented on a CDC 128-G, Classification Chrono, and SHU Term Assessment Worksheet, a copy of which shall be provided to the inmate.**

**(A) Factors in Mitigation:**

1. The inmate has a minor or no prior disciplinary history.
2. The inmate has not been involved in prior acts of the same or of a similar nature.
3. The misconduct was situational and spontaneous as opposed to planned in nature.
4. The inmate was influenced by others to commit the offense.
5. The misconduct resulted, in part, from the inmate’s fear for safety.

**(B) Factors in Aggravation:**

1. The inmate’s prior disciplinary record includes acts of misconduct of the same or similar nature.
2. The misconduct was planned and executed as opposed to situational or spontaneous.
3. The misconduct for which a SHU term is being assessed resulted in a finding of guilty for more than one offense.
4. The inmate influenced others to commit serious disciplinary infractions during the time of the offense.

### HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
7. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsection (c)(2)(B)1 and CDC Forms 629-B and 629-D (Register 92, No. 5).
8. New subsection (c)(6)(H), subsection relettering, and amendment of Note filed 7-29-93 as an emergency; operative 7-29-93 (Register 93, No. 31). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 11-26-93, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-29-93 order transmitted to OAL 11-18-93 and filed 12-31-93 (Register 94, No. 1).
10. Amendment of subsection (c)(2)(B)1. and 4., new subsection (c)(2)(B)5. and subsection renumbering, repealer of form CDC 629-A, and new form CDC 629-A filed 2-8-96 as an emergency per Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 2-8-96 (Register 96, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-18-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
11. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-8-96 order including amendment of form CDC 629-A transmitted to OAL 6-17-96 and filed 7-30-96 (Register 96, No. 31).
12. New subsection (c)(2)(A)1. designator, new subsections (c)(2)(A)2. and (c)(4) and subsection relettering filed 1-21-99 as an emergency; operative 1-21-99 (Register 99, No. 4). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-30-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
13. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-21-99 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-99 and filed 7-30-99 (Register 99, No. 33).
14. Amendment of subsections (c)(2)(A)1. and 2. and (c)(4), new subsections (c)(5) and (c)(6), subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsection (c)(10) and amendment of Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
16. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (c)(2)(B)1. filed 10-16-2001 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 42).
17. Amendment of subsection (c)(6) and Note filed 5-25-2006; operative 5-25-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).
18. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b) filed 6-27-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 26).
19. New subsections (c)(9)(K)–(c)(9)(K)2., subsection relettering and amendment of Note filed 2-23-2007 as an emergency; operative 2-23-2007 (Register 2007, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-2-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
22. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-29-2009; operative 10-29-2009 (Register 2009, No. 40).

§ 3342. Case Review.
(a) The case of every inmate assigned to a segregated housing unit will be continuously reviewed and evaluated by custodial and casework staff assigned to the unit. Staff will confer on each case no less frequently than once a week during the first two months of the inmate’s segregated status. Such case reviews will not be necessary during any week in which the inmate’s case is reviewed
ASSSESSMENT OF SUBSEQUENT OR REIMPOSED SHU TERM WORKSHEET

1. VIOLATION COMMITTED WHILE SECURITY HOUSING UNIT (SHU) TERM ACTIVE
   a. inmate No. __________________ Date Issued _______ , Title __________________
   b. Specific Act __________________
      Must be in support of SHU Term Assessment Title

2. CONSECUTIVE SHU TERM CALCULATIONS
   a. Prior maximum SHU expiration date ___________ ________ ________ ________
      (SHU Term Assessment Worksheet, item 3a)
   b. Enter total additional confinement time assessed ________________________
      (Expected plus or minus Aggravation/Mitigation in weeks, months and days)
   c. New maximum expiration of term date ________ _______ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Add additional time to expiration date, item 2a plus 2b)
   d. New Minimum Eligible Release Date ________ _______ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Add 75% of additional time to prior maximum expiration date using the
      SHU Time Computation Table, item 2a plus 2b)

3. CONCURRENT SHU TERM CALCULATIONS
   a. Date of new violation ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   b. Enter total confinement time assessed ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Expected plus or minus Aggravation/Mitigation in weeks, months and days)
   c. Expiration date of new violation ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   d. Controlling Maximum SHU Expiration Date ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Enter prior maximum expiration date if new violation is later)
   e. Controlling Minimum Eligible Release Date ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Enter prior date or add 75% of total time to expiration date if the new maximum is later, item 3b plus 3a)

4. REIMPOSITION OF SHU TERM FROM PAROLE/DISCHARGE
   a. Maximum SHU expiration date when paroled/discharged ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   b. Date paroled/discharged from SHU ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   c. Maximum confinement time remaining when paroled/discharged ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Subtract date paroled from expiration date, item 4b from 4a)
   d. Date of confinement in Administrative Segregation ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   e. New maximum expiration date ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   f. Add time remaining to confinement date, item 4e to 4d ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
   g. Minimum release time remaining when paroled/discharged ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Subtract date paroled, item 4f, from Prior Minimum Eligible Release Date)
   h. New Minimum Eligible Release Date ________________________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ________ ______
      (Add to maximum time remaining to date of confinement, item 4f plus 4d)
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**NOTE:** For purposes of computing a remainder days, thirty (30) days constitute a month.
§ 3343. Conditions of Segregated Housing.

(a) Living Conditions. In keeping with the special purpose of a segregated housing unit, and with the degree of security, control and supervision required to serve that purpose, the physical facilities of special purpose segregated housing will approximate those of the general population.

(b) Restrictions. Whenever an inmate in administrative segregation is deprived of any usually authorized item or activity and the action and reason for that action is not otherwise documented and available for review by administrative and other concerned staff, a report of the action will be made and forwarded to the unit administrator as soon as possible.

(c) Clothing. No inmate in administrative segregation will be required to wear clothing that significantly differs from that worn by other inmates in the unit, except that temporary adjustments may be made in an inmate’s clothing as is necessary for security reasons or to protect the inmate from self-inflicted harm. No inmate will be clothed in any manner intended to degrade the inmate.

(d) Meals. Inmates assigned to administrative segregation including special purpose segregated housing, will be fed the same meal and ration as is provided for inmates of the general population, except that a sandwich meal may be served for lunch. Deprivation of food will not be used as punishment.

(e) Mail. Inmates assigned to administrative segregation including special purpose segregated housing, will not be restricted in their sending and receiving of personal mail, except that incoming packages may be limited in number, and in content to that property permitted in the segregated unit to which an inmate is assigned.

(f) Visits. Inmates assigned to segregated housing, except for inmates assigned to security housing units in accordance with Section 3341.5, shall be permitted to visit under the same conditions as are permitted inmates of the general population. Inmates assigned to security housing units shall be prohibited from physical contact with visitors.

(g) Personal Cleanliness. Inmates assigned to administrative segregation including special purpose segregated housing, will be provided the means to keep themselves clean and well-groomed. Haircuts will be provided as needed. Showering and shaving will be permitted at least three times a week. Clothing, bedding, linen and other laundry items will be issued and exchanged no less often than is provided for general population inmates.

(h) Exercise. Inmates assigned to special purpose segregation housing will be permitted a minimum of one hour per day, five days a week, of exercise outside their rooms or cells unless security and safety considerations preclude such activity. When special purpose segregated housing units are equipped with their own recreation yard, the yard periods may substitute for other out of cell exercise periods, providing the opportunity for use of the yard is available at least three days per week for a total of not less than 10 hours a week.

(i) Reading Material. Inmates assigned to administrative segregation, including special purpose segregated housing, will be permitted to obtain and possess the same publications, books, magazines and newspapers as are inmates of the general population, except that the quantity may be limited for safety and security reasons. Library services will be provided and will represent a cross-section of material available to the general population.

(j) Telephones. Institutions will establish procedures for the making of outside telephone calls by inmates in administrative segregation. Such procedures will approximate those for the work/training incentive group to which the inmate is assigned, except that individual calls must be specifically approved by the supervisor in charge or the administrator of the unit before a call is made.

(k) Institution Programs and Services. Inmates assigned to segregated housing units will be permitted to participate and have access to such programs and services as can be reasonably provided within the unit without endangering security or the safety of persons. Such programs and services will include, but are not limited to: education, commissary, library services, social services, counseling, religious guidance and recreation.

(l) Visitations and Inspection. Inmates assigned to administrative segregation, including special purpose segregated units, will be seen daily by the custodial supervisor in charge of the unit and by a physician, registered nurse or medical technical assistant, and, by request, members of the program staff. A timely response should be given to such requests wherever reasonably possible.

(m) Management Disruptive Cases. Inmates assigned to segregated housing who persist in disruptive, destructive and dangerous behavior and who will not heed or respond to orders and warnings to desist, are subject to placement in a management cell, as provided in Section 3332(f).


§ 3344. Administrative Segregation Records.

(a) An Administrative Segregation Log, CDC Form 114, will be maintained in each administrative segregation unit, including special purpose segregated units. One Disciplinary Detention/Segregation Log may serve two or more special purpose units which are administered and supervised by the same staff members.

(b) A separate record will be maintained for each inmate assigned to administrative segregation, including special purpose segregated units. This record will be compiled on CDC Form 114-A, Detention/Segregation Record. In addition to the identifying information required on the form, all significant information relating to the inmate during the course of segregation, from reception to release, will be entered on the form in chronological order.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsections (e), (f) and (j) filed 2-16-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 8).
2. Amendment of subsection (f) filed 8-15-89; operative 9-14-89 (Register 89, No. 33).

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2601(d) and 5054, Penal Code.

§ 3345. Officer in Charge.

The custodial officer in charge of a disciplinary detention, segregation or security housing unit where inmates are segregated for disciplinary or administrative purposes, will insure that nothing is passed in or out of such units unless it has been thoroughly inspected; that no unauthorized visitors are permitted in such units; that all laundry, shoes, clothing, or other materials and supplies going to or from the units are carefully inspected; that inmates needing medical attention receive it promptly; that all locks and bars are...
inspected and maintained in secure and proper working order; that proper precautions are taken in removing inmates from their cells and in passing them from place to place. The general welfare of inmates in segregated housing units and in all facilities therein will be properly maintained and regularly inspected to insure human decency and sanitation.


Article 7.5. Administration of Death Penalty

3349. Method of Execution.

(a) Inmates sentenced to death shall have the opportunity to choose to have the punishment imposed by lethal gas or lethal injection. Upon being served with the warrant of execution, the inmate shall be served with California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Form 1801-B (Rev. 06/10), Service of Execution Warrant, Warden’s Initial Interview, which is incorporated by reference. The completed CDCR Form 1801-B shall be transmitted to the Warden.

(b) The inmate shall be notified of the opportunity for such choice and that, if the inmate does not choose either lethal gas or lethal injection within ten days after being served with the execution warrant, the penalty of death shall be imposed by lethal injection. The inmate’s attestation to this service and notification shall be made in writing and witnessed utilizing the CDCR Form 1801 (Rev. 01/09), Notification of Execution Date and Choice of Execution Method, which is incorporated by reference. The completed CDCR Form 1801 shall be transmitted to the Warden.

(c) The inmate’s choice shall be made in writing and witnessed utilizing the CDCR Form 1801-A (Rev. 01/09), Choice of Execution Method, which is incorporated by reference. The completed CDCR Form 1801-A shall be transmitted to the Warden.

(d) The inmate’s choice shall be irrevocable, with the exception that, if the inmate sentenced to death is not executed on the date set for execution and a new execution date is subsequently set, the inmate again shall have the opportunity to choose to have the punishment imposed by lethal gas or lethal injection, according to the procedures set forth in subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section.


HISTORY:
1. New article 7.5 and section filed 12-22-92 as an emergency; operative 1-1-93 (Register 93, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-22-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-22-92 order transmitted to OAL 4-9-93 and filed 4-29-93 (Register 93, No. 18).
3. Amendment of section and repealer and new form CDC 1801 filed 12-10-98; operative 1-9-99 (Register 98, No. 50).
4. Amendment of article heading and section, repealer and incorporation by reference of new form CDC 1801 and amendment of Note filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.1. Definitions.

For the purpose of Subchapter 4, Article 7.5, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) Adjustment Center means one of four housing units at San Quentin State Prison that houses condemned inmates who are placed under administrative segregation based on their custodial behavior, notoriety and/or protective needs.

(b) Alienists means the physicians who treat mental disorders and who specialize in related legal matters.

(c) Assistant Secretary means one of several executive positions within the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

(d) Assistant Team Leader means the individual who is the second line supervisor of the Lethal Injection Team.

(e) Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division is the designated Correctional Administrator of the East Block Adjustment Center, North Segregation and Administrative Segregation units at San Quentin who reports to the Warden.

(f) Case Records Manager means the individual responsible for all inmate files at San Quentin.

(g) Chaplain means an individual duly designated by a religious denomination to discharge specified religious duties, including a Native American Indian spiritual leader.

(h) Correctional Food Manager means the individual manager responsible for all food service within San Quentin State Prison.

(i) Crisis Response Team Commander means the individual who supervises and coordinates all security for San Quentin on the day of the execution.

(j) East Block means one of four housing units at San Quentin State Prison that houses condemned inmates.

(k) East Gate means the east entrance into San Quentin State Prison.

(l) Emergency Operations Center means the command post established within San Quentin State Prison by the Chief Deputy Warden.

(m) Facility Captain means the custodial manager assigned to the specialized housing division.

(n) Infusion Control Room means the space allocated to accommodate the Infusion Sub-Team, designated members of the Intravenous Sub-Team, the Security Sub-Team and the chemical mixing area.

(o) Infusion Sub-Team means the Lethal Injection Team Members who are responsible for receiving the chemicals, mixing the chemicals, drawing the chemicals into syringes, labeling and color coding the syringes and infusing the Lethal Injection Chemicals.

(p) Intravenous Sub-Team means the Lethal Injection Team Members who are responsible for placing electronic monitoring sensors, inserting the intravenous catheters, performing a consciousness check, monitoring the intravenous lines, and crimping and uncoupling the intravenous lines.

(q) Lethal Injection Chemicals means the three chemicals used to perform an execution, Sodium Thiopental, Pancuronium Bromide and Potassium Chloride.

(r) Lethal Injection Facility means the dedicated structure consisting of three witness viewing rooms, one holding cell, an Infusion Control Room, Security Sub-Team areas, restrooms and Lethal Injection Room.

(s) Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area means the cell and associated area where the inmate is held prior to an execution.

(t) Lethal Injection Room means the room where the inmate is executed.

(u) Lethal Injection Team means the individuals that comprise the four sub-teams described in this article.

(v) Main Control Room means the area where the key control is maintained at San Quentin.

(w) Master Execution File means the permanent record of all documents related to an execution that is maintained in the Warden’s office complex.

(x) North Segregation means one of four housing units at San Quentin State Prison that houses condemned inmates.

(y) Official Witness means any member of the public selected by the Warden to be present at the execution.

(z) Personnel Assignment Officer means the Lieutenant who is in charge of assigning correctional staff to individual duty positions within San Quentin.
§3349.1.2  Selection, Recruitment and Annual Review of Lethal Injection Team Members.

(a) Recruitment and Selection Process.

(1) With the assistance of the Director, Division of Adult Institutions (DAI), the Warden shall coordinate the recruitment and selection of Lethal Injection Team members from employees of San Quentin. The Lethal Injection Team shall consist of a minimum of 20 members, including the Team Leader who shall serve at the pleasure of the Warden. The total number of Lethal Injection Team members shall be determined by the Warden. Names of the members of the Lethal Injection Team shall remain confidential.

(2) Any vacancy of the Team Leader position shall be filled prior to the recruitment and selection of any other vacant team positions. The Warden shall also select an Associate Warden to serve as the Team Administrator. The Team Administrator is not a member of the Lethal Injection Team, but the factors set forth in subsections (b)(2) and (3) and (e)(1)-(7) shall apply. The Warden shall coordinate the recruitment and selection of potential candidates. The Warden, with the DAI’s assistance, shall hold interviews of prospective candidates.

(3) In the event the Warden is unable to recruit and select a sufficient number of qualified Lethal Injection Team members from employees at San Quentin, the Warden shall contact the Director, DAI to coordinate the identification of additional potential candidates for team membership from other CDCR locations or outside of CDCR. Source locations for prospective team members shall be selected as determined appropriate by the Director, DAI.

(4) The hiring authorities from locations designated by the Warden shall select prospective team members from personnel assigned to their respective areas of responsibility consistent with the selection process established in this article. The hiring authorities shall forward the names and classifications of prospective team members to the Director, DAI.

(A) A Selection Panel comprised of the Warden, Associate Director—Reception Centers, the Team Administrator, and the Team Leader (Selection Panel) shall review qualifications, interview prospective candidates, and select the Lethal Injection Team members. The Warden shall chair the Selection Panel and be responsible for the selection of Lethal Injection Team members consistent with the criteria established in this article. After the Selection Panel selects the lethal injection team members, the Team Leader shall assign each member to a sub-team.

(B) If necessary, the Warden may contract with medical personnel to be members of the Lethal Injection Team, or to serve as the physician attending the execution.

(b) Screening of Lethal Injection Team Candidates.

(1) The Selection Panel shall screen all candidates to ensure that each candidate meets the criteria established for either that of the Team Leader or for membership on one of the four designated sub-teams as set forth in (e) and (f) below.

(2) The Selection Panel screening process shall include:

(A) Review of all the available candidate’s performance evaluations.

(B) Review of the candidate’s personnel, supervisory, and training files.

(C) Review of the candidate’s current Criminal Investigation and Information (CI&I) Report from the California Department of Justice.

(3) As part of the screening process, the Selection Panel shall interview each candidate to determine the following:

(A) Personal history and background.

(B) Professional experience, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Professional experiences that would aid the candidate in performing this duty.

2. Professional characteristics which made this individual a candidate for membership on the team.

(c) The Selection Panel shall identify and maintain a list of pre-qualified employees that meet the criteria for membership on the Lethal Injection Team. The Director, DAI shall ensure that a minimum number of 10 qualified employees will be maintained. It is the responsibility of the Warden to notify the Director, DAI of the necessity to fill vacancies.

(d) When appointing a person to fill a vacant position from the list of screened candidates, the Selection Panel shall review the person’s background, qualifications and work performance to determine whether that person meets the required criteria, as described in subsections 3349.1.2(e) and (f), even if that person has previously been screened by the Selection Panel.

(e) Criteria for Lethal Injection Team membership. Each team member shall be selected based on their qualifications and expertise to effectively carry out the duties in one of the specialized functions. The following criteria shall be utilized in the selection of all Lethal Injection Team members:
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(1) Demonstrated professional job performance and demeanor.
(2) Good attendance record.
(3) No prior stress claims.
(4) No corrective action in the past three years.
(5) No sustained adverse action as reflected in the CDCR and State Personnel Board records and as substantiated by the candidate.
(6) The most recent annual permanent employee performance evaluation meets or exceeds expected standards.
(7) Must not be on probation in the candidate’s current classification. This does not apply to promotions made subsequent to initial placement on the Lethal Injection Team.
(8) Must agree that if selected to be a member of the Lethal Injection Team, they can no longer work or be assigned to any condemned housing unit, either full or part-time. This includes any overtime.
(9) In addition to the general selection criteria as described above in subsection 3349.1.2(e), each member in a specific Lethal Injection Team category, as follows, shall meet the following criteria:
   (1) The Team Leader must be a Correctional Lieutenant or Captain and have:
      (A) Five years of supervisory experience.
      (B) Proven ability to make sound decisions and effectively direct the actions of others.
      (C) Demonstrated proficiency in the transportation of inmates and the application of restraints.
      (D) Good physical condition.
   (2) The Assistant Team Leader must be a Sergeant or Lieutenant and have:
      (A) Three years of supervisory experience.
      (B) Proven ability to make sound decisions and effectively direct the actions of others.
      (C) Demonstrated proficiency in the transportation of inmates and the application of restraints.
      (D) Good physical condition.
   (3) The Security Sub-Team members must be Correctional Officers or Sergeants and have:
      (A) Three years of line experience.
      (B) Proven ability to make sound decisions.
      (C) Demonstrated proficiency in the transportation of inmates and the application of restraints.
      (D) Good physical condition.
   (4) Intravenous Sub-Team members have no rank requirement, but shall:
      (A) Maintain current certification and license to insert intravenous catheters into peripheral veins.
      (B) Maintain a current certification and license for placement of the Electrocardiogram (ECG) leads used during the lethal injection process.
      (C) Demonstrate ability to insert an intravenous catheter or catheters into an appropriate vein or veins of an inmate.
      (D) Demonstrate ability to set up intravenous lines and intravenous drip.
      (E) Qualified in the appropriate placement of the ECG leads utilized during this process.
      (F) Regularly set up intravenous lines in the performance of their job duties, unrelated to their duties on the Lethal Injection Team.
      (G) Have a basic understanding of the effects of the three chemicals used in the lethal injection process.
      (5) Infusion Sub-Team members have no rank requirement, but shall:
         (A) Be able to follow the directions provided by the manufacturer in mixing the lethal injection chemicals.
         (B) Possess the organizational skills necessary to appropriately label and color code the chemicals used during the lethal injection process.
         (6) Record Keeping Sub-Team members have no rank requirement, but shall:
            (A) Understand the critical need to keep accurate records during the lethal injection process.
            (B) Demonstrate expertise in report writing and record keeping.
            (C) Demonstrated expertise in report writing and record keeping.

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1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.1.3  Lethal Injection Team Duties.

(a) Duties performed by the Lethal Injection Team members may include, but not be limited to the following:
   (1) Security.
   (2) Intravenous Access.
   (3) Infusion of Lethal Injection Chemicals.
   (4) Record keeping.
   (b) The Team Administrator shall ensure that the Lethal Injection Team is trained pursuant to section 3349.1.4 and prepared to carry out their specific duties.
   (c) The Team Leader shall assign each of the Lethal Injection Team members to one of the following Sub-Teams:
      (1) Security Sub-Team. The Security Sub-Team shall perform the following tasks:
         (A) Ensure the security of the Lethal Injection Facility.
         (B) Provide direct and constant supervision of the inmate in the final six hours prior to the scheduled execution.
         (C) Place the inmate in appropriate restraints and escort the inmate into the execution room prior to the scheduled execution.
      (2) Intravenous Sub-Team. The Intravenous Sub-Team shall perform the following tasks:
         (A) Assist in preparing the inmate by placing the electronic monitoring on the inmate prior to the scheduled execution.
         (B) Insert the intravenous catheters into appropriate veins in the inmate as set forth in section 3349.4.5.
         (C) Perform consciousness checks as specified in section 3349.4.5.
         (D) Monitor the intravenous lines to ensure patency of the lines as required by section 3349.4.5.
         (E) Crimp and uncouple the intravenous lines after the inmate has expired.
      (3) Infusion Sub-Team. The Infusion Sub-Team shall perform the following tasks:
         (A) Receive the Lethal Injection Chemicals from the Team Administrator and Team Leader after removal from the Lethal Injection Facility safe/refrigerator prior to the scheduled execution.
         (B) Mix the Lethal Injection Chemicals in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions and draw the needed chemicals into the appropriate syringes.
         (C) Label and color code the syringes.
§ 3349.1.4  Lethal Injection Team Training.

(a) The Team Administrator shall have direct responsibility to ensure that relevant quality training is provided to each member of the Lethal Injection Team.

(b) Each Lethal Injection Team member, as described in subsection 3349.1.3(c), shall undergo specific training relevant to their assigned duties during an execution.

(c) Training for Lethal Injection Team members.

(1) Monthly training shall occur and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Simulation of an execution by lethal injection.

(B) Training on potential problems and recommendations for avoidance or resolution.

(2) Training for the Team Leader and the Security Sub-Team shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Application of restraints.

(B) Escort and transportation of inmates.

(C) Inmate/staff relations.

(D) Effective communication, as defined in section 3000.

(E) Appropriate methods of securing the inmate so the restraints do not interfere with the intravenous lines.

(F) Departmental Use of Force pursuant to section 3268 et seq.

(G) Potential problems and recommendations for avoidance or resolution.

(H) Security of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(I) Direct and constant supervision of the inmate.

(3) Intravenous Sub-Team training shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Use of an electronic monitor for vital signs.

(B) Setting up intravenous lines and intravenous drip.

(C) The different sizes of intravenous catheters and determination of the proper size of the catheter(s) to be used, dependent on the size of the vein.

(D) Potential problems and recommendations for avoidance or resolution.

(E) Performance of consciousness checks.

(F) Monitoring intravenous lines to ensure patency.

(G) Crimping and uncoupling intravenous lines.

(4) Infusion Sub-Team training shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Appropriate mixing of the chemicals used in the lethal injection process.

(B) Proper level and rate of infusion of the chemicals into the intravenous lines established by the Intravenous Sub-Team.

(C) Proper sequence of infusion of the three chemicals used in the lethal injection process and the physical effects each chemical can have on the inmate as they are administered.

(D) Numbering and color coding of the syringes used in the lethal injection process to ensure each chemical is administered in appropriate order.

(E) Proper handling and accountability of controlled substances.

(F) Potential problems and recommendations for avoidance or resolution.

(5) Record Keeping Sub-Team training shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Accurate record keeping.

(B) Report writing.

(C) Specific records used to document an execution.

(d) Periodic Training Requirements.

(1) Training shall be conducted monthly, as provided in subsection (c) of this section, for the Lethal Injection Team members.

Specific training dates will be scheduled by the Team Leader and approved by the Warden.

(2) When a Death Warrant has been served on an inmate, the Team Leader shall schedule training in the 30 calendar days immediately preceding the scheduled execution date.

(3) Except for those Lethal Injection Team members described in subsection 3349.1.2(a)(4)(B), the Lethal Injection Team shall train at least once per month for a minimum of eight hours, and shall also attend additional training as directed by the Team Leader.

Any team member described in subsection 3349.1.2(a)(4)(B) shall train with the Lethal Injection Team at least once every six months.

All Lethal Injection Team members must attend all training, as specified, unless on approved vacation/sick leave.

(4) Except for those team members described in subsection 3349.1.2(a)(4)(B), the Lethal Injection Team members must attend at least six training sessions prior to being assigned duties during an execution.

This includes a minimum of three training sessions in the six months immediately preceding a scheduled execution, and participation in each of the three daily training sessions immediately preceding the scheduled execution.

Any team member described in subsection 3349.1.2(a)(4)(B) must attend at least one training session in the six months immediately preceding a sched-
uled execution, and participate in each of the three daily training sessions immediately preceding the scheduled execution.

e) Training Documentation and Records.

(1) The Team Leader shall maintain a lethal injection process training file. This training file shall contain a record of all lethal injection process training sessions.

(2) Lethal injection process logs, CDCR Forms 2177, 2179, 2180, and 2181, as described in section 3349.1.3, shall be completed by the Team Leader or designee during each training session to document that appropriate training was conducted and a complete walk-through of the lethal injection process was conducted.

(3) In-Service Training sign-in sheets, the CDC Form 844 (Rev. 4/98), In-Service Training Sign-In Sheet, which is incorporated by reference, shall not be completed during training sessions and the names of the Lethal Injection Team members shall not be included in the training file.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.2.1 Execution Site Operation.

(a) Security. All staff entering the Lethal Injection Facility must have prior oral or written approval of the Warden, or acting Warden in the Warden’s absence.

(b) The Infusion Control Room shall have sufficient space to accommodate the Infusion Sub-Team and designated members of the Intravenous Sub-Team and the Security Sub-Team. There shall be a mixing area located in the Infusion Control Room.

(c) The Lethal Injection Facility safe and refrigerator shall be permanently mounted within the Infusion Control Room.

(1) Combination numbers to the Infusion Control Room safe shall be known only by the Warden, Team Administrator and the Team Leader.

(2) The combination to the Infusion Control Room safe shall be changed after each execution to maintain quality control, accountability, and security of lethal injection chemicals.

(3) The refrigerator shall be secured within a lockable, heavy gauge, steel enclosure to prevent unauthorized access. Access to the keys for the enclosure shall be limited to the Warden, Team Administrator, and the Team Leader.

(4) The temperature of the refrigerator shall be monitored and documented to ensure that the storage temperature of the pancuronium bromide is maintained according to the manufacturer’s directions.

(5) The refrigerator shall be connected to a power supply which is connected to the institution’s back-up generator to ensure the integrity of the chemicals in the event of a power outage.

(d) Key Procedure.

(1) The keys for the Lethal Injection Facility shall be located in the San Quentin’s Main Control Room, in a locked box secured under glass. All access must be approved by the Warden.

(2) Keys allowing access to the locked box shall only be issued to the Warden, Team Administrator, or the Team Leader.

(3) Each person authorized to draw these keys shall be required to sign the key control log noting the time, reason for entry into the Lethal Injection Facility, and time of return.

(4) Each person authorized to draw the keys to the Lethal Injection Facility shall personally return the keys to the Main Control Room to ensure that the keys are properly secured in the locked box under glass. Under no circumstances shall the keys be returned by someone other than the person authorized to draw the keys.

(5) Any emergency access to the Lethal Injection Facility shall be documented in a CDCR Form 837-A (Rev. 07/05), Crime/Incident Report Part A-Cover Sheet, which is incorporated by reference, and forwarded to the Warden as an unusual occurrence at the institution. The Warden (or Administrative Officer of the Day during weekends, holidays, and 1st and 3rd watches) shall be notified immediately of the reasons access to the Lethal Injection Facility was required.

(e) Maintenance.

(1) The Team Administrator, Chief of Plant Operations, and the Team Leader shall ensure that documented inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility are conducted on a monthly basis.

(2) The Team Administrator shall work with the Team Leader to complete documented security inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(A) The Team Leader shall:

1. Inspect all keys, locking devices, security systems, sanitation, electrical, and other physical plant systems in the Lethal Injection Facility to ensure that the Lethal Injection Facility is fully operational at all times.

2. Immediately report any discrepancy to the Team Administrator.

3. Coordinate with the plant operations staff at San Quentin for the immediate repair of any noted discrepancies and for scheduled maintenance as needed.

4. Submit a written report to the Team Administrator after each monthly inspection attesting to the security readiness of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(B) The Chief of Plant Operations shall note any discrepancies, schedule immediate repairs as necessary, and shall report directly to the Warden the status of any repairs.

(3) Thirty calendar days prior to a scheduled execution, the Team Administrator shall schedule weekly inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(A) The Team Administrator shall coordinate with the Team Leader to conduct weekly security inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(B) The Team Leader shall follow the procedures identified in subsection (e)(2)(A) above for these weekly inspections.

(4) Five calendar days prior to a scheduled execution, the Team Administrator shall schedule daily inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility and shall ensure that daily inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility are conducted as identified in subsection (e)(2)(A) above.

(5) The Team Administrator shall confirm that all items (including but not limited to clothing, personal hygiene items, television, radio) needed to re-house the inmate in the Lethal Injection Facility Secured Holding Area are present prior to re-housing the inmate in the Lethal Injection Facility.

(6) On the morning before a scheduled execution, the Team Administrator, Chief of Plant Operations, and the Team Leader shall make a final inspection of the Lethal Injection Facility. All discrepancies and a plan of correction shall be reported directly to the Warden.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 190, 3600, 3603, 3604, 3605 and 5054, Penal Code; United States Constitution, Amendment VIII; and California Constitution, Art. 1, Sections 17, 27.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.2.2 Lethal Injection Record Keeping and
Documentation.

(a) The Litigation Coordinator, shall be responsible for the security of all documents generated prior to, during, and after the lethal injection process. Each Associate Warden is responsible to ensure that all documents generated by staff are accurate, completed in a timely manner, and forwarded to the Litigation Coordinator. The Team Administrator shall ensure that all documents generated by the Lethal Injection Team are accurate, completed in a timely manner, and forwarded to the Litigation Coordinator. The Litigation Coordinator shall maintain the Master Execution File in the Warden’s office complex. The Master Execution File shall serve as a permanent record of all documents related to the execution.

(b) Each procedure in the lethal injection process shall be documented by a staff member of the Record Keeping Sub-Team assigned to maintain records of the lethal injection process.

(c) A Correctional Counselor II shall collect and log all documents from the inmate on the Correctional Counselor’s Pre-Execution Log. All documents received from the inmate as well as the Correctional Counselor’s Pre-Execution Log will be forwarded to the Litigation Coordinator for inclusion in the Master Execution File.

(d) The Litigation Coordinator shall maintain a copy of and log all documents and notices transmitted between San Quentin State Prison and California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation headquarters, or any other agency or organization, pertaining to a scheduled execution.

(e) The Team Leader shall ensure documentation of the following:

(1) All training of the Lethal Injection Team.
(2) All inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.
(3) All activities regarding the lethal injection process.
(4) All inmate activities after the inmate is re-housed in the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area.

(f) The Team Leader shall assign a member of the Record Keeping Sub-Team to the Team Administrator, Team Leader, the Security Sub-Team, the Intravenous Sub-Team, and to the Infusion Sub-Team to ensure that these teams’ actions are documented with out distracting the team members from their duties.

(g) Immediately following the execution, the Team Leader shall complete the CDCR Form 2182 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Report—Part A, which is incorporated by reference.

(1) Each team member shall complete a CDCR Form 2183 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Report—Part B, which is incorporated by reference, documenting their actions and observations during the execution.

(2) Team members shall use identifiers assigned to their specific position (dues), rather than their names and classifications, when completing the Execution Report—Part B.

(3) The Team Leader shall assemble the complete Execution Report for review by the Team Administrator. The Execution Report shall include all appropriate supplemental reports.

(h) All the records of the execution shall be processed by the Team Administrator. The Team Administrator shall personally meet with the Record Keeping Sub-Team following the execution to evaluate and critique all records submitted for inclusion in the Master Execution File.

(i) The Public Information Officer shall ensure that the Litigation Coordinator is provided copies of any press releases regarding the lethal injection process.

(j) Documents to be maintained. Each sub-file within the Master Execution File shall contain the following documentation.

(1) Notifications to inmate and involved agencies:
(A) People’s Application for Appointment of Execution Date.
(B) Death Warrant.

(C) CDCR Form 1801 (Rev. 01/09), Notification of Execution Date and Choice of Execution Method

(D) CDCR Form 1801-B (Rev. 06/10), Service of Execution Warrant-Warden’s Initial Interview.

(E) Notice to Director, Division of Adult Institutions.

(F) Notice to Governor’s Legal Affairs Secretary.

(G) Memo to Director, DAI, Identifying Alienist Panel.

(H) CDCR Form 1801-A (Rev. 01/09), Choice of Execution Method.

(I) CDCR Form 2172 (01/09), Thirty Day Notification San Quentin State Prison, signed by inmate. The CDCR Form 2172 (01/09) is incorporated by reference.

(J) Media Notification of Scheduled Execution.

(2) Medical Review Documentation:

(A) CDCR 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report, which is incorporated by reference, pursuant to Penal Code section 3700.5.

(B) Medical Status Report.

(C) CDCR Form 2175 (06/10), 7-Day Pre-Execution Report, which is incorporated by reference.

(D) The CDCR Form 2174 (01/09), Notification By Warden to Marin County District Attorney Concerning Sanity of Condemned Inmate (Penal Code section 3700), which is incorporated by reference.

(3) Inmate Visiting Records:

(A) Inmate Visiting File.

(B) Inmate Visiting History.

(C) Request for Approval of Visitors from CDCR Form 2172.

(4) Inmate’s completed attachments from CDCR Form 2172.

(A) Request for Approval of Witnesses.

(B) Disposition of Property.

(C) Next of Kin Notification.

(D) Last Meal Request.

(E) Release of Remains and Burial Arrangements.

(5) Pre-Execution Logs and Logs:

(A) CDC Form 128-B General Chrono, as defined in section 3000.

(B) Lethal Injection Facility Activity Logbook.

(C) Condemned Unit 15 Minute Log.

(D) Correctional Counselor’s Pre-Execution Log.

(6) Equipment and Controlled Substance Accountability Reports:

(A) Pre and Post Lethal Injection Supply Inventories.

(B) Pre and Post Lethal Injection Controlled Substance Inventories.

(C) Controlled Substance Chain of Custody Reports.

(D) Security Equipment Inventories.

(7) Execution Records:

(A) CDCR Form 2180 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log—Lethal Injection Security Sub-Team.

(B) CDCR Form 2179 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log—Lethal Infiltration Intravenous Sub-Team.

(C) CDCR Form 2177 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log—Lethal Infiltration Infusion Sub-Team.

(D) CDCR Form 2181 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log—Lethal Injection Team Administrator/Team Leader.

(E) Electrocardiogram (ECG) Tape.

(F) Lethal Injection Facility Announcements.

(G) Emergency Operations Center Log.

(H) Post Execution Logs and Records:

(A) Death Certificate.

(B) CDCR Form 2178 (01/09), Return On Warrant of Death, which is incorporated by reference.

(9) Legal Documents:

(A) Execution Related Pleadings.
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(B) Clemency Petition.
(C) Clemency Denial.
(k) Correspondences. If additional documentation is generated as a result of the lethal injection process, those documents shall be added to the appropriate sub-file category.
(l) Review of the Master Execution File.
(2) After an execution has been concluded, the Team Administrator shall review the Master Execution File to ensure that all documents are accounted for and appropriately categorized.
(3) If force was utilized at any point during the lethal injection process, the Execution Report shall be available to the Executive Use of Force Review Committee. When the Committee has completed their review of the Use of Force, the Executive Use of Force Review Committee findings and all associated documentation shall be added to the Master Execution File.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.2.3. Witnesses, Observers, Media, and Information Releases.

(a) Selection of Witnesses.
(1) The Warden shall invite the Attorney General, members of the immediate family of the victim or victims and at least 12 reputable citizens that are to be selected by the Warden.
(2) The Warden shall, at the request of the inmate, permit no more than two spiritual advisors, including but not limited to Chaplains, as the inmate may name, and any persons, relatives or friends, not to exceed five, to be present at the execution.
(b) The Warden shall authorize those peace officers or other CDCR employees as he or she may deem necessary to witness the execution.
(c) Number of persons permitted in the witness areas.
(1) A maximum of 50 persons shall be permitted in the witness areas including:
(A) Members of the Victim(s)’s Immediate Family.
(B) Official Witnesses, and news media witnesses as provided in subsection (e), all of whom shall be reputable citizens to be selected by the Warden in accordance with Penal Code section 3605. The inmate’s attorney shall be considered an official witness solely for purposes of this section consistent with Penal Code section 3605.
(C) Attorney General.
(D) San Quentin security staff.
(E) Spiritual advisor (not to exceed 2).
(F) Inmate’s family/friends (not to exceed 5).
(2) If the number of victim(s)’s immediate family exceeds the available spaces in the witness viewing room, then the institution may make whatever arrangements are necessary including, but not limited to, video conferencing or any other electronic means available to permit them to view the execution from a remote location.
(d) The Offices of the Governor, the Inspector General and the Attorney General shall each be permitted one reputable citizen selected by the Warden in accordance with Penal Code section 3605 to be present in the Infusion Control Room of the Lethal Injection Facility during an execution in locations designated by the Warden. No other observers will be permitted.
(e) News Media Witnesses.
(1) When an execution is scheduled, the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR), Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, shall notify the media and establish a ten-day filing period in which media may request to witness the execution.
(A) Requests may only be accepted during the designated ten-day filing period.
(B) All media requests to witness an execution shall be directed to the CDCR, Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, 1515 S Street, Sacramento, CA, 94283-0001.
(C) Requests shall only be considered for the scheduled execution and shall not be kept on file as a standing request.
(2) The Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, and the San Quentin Public Information Officer shall consult with the Warden regarding selection of the members of the news media to witness an execution. All media witnesses must agree to the use of a pool method and all media witnesses must agree to release information simultaneously to all other news agencies at a press conference held after the execution.
(f) Confidentiality of Witnesses. The names of the witnesses shall not be released.
(g) Processing of Witnesses.
(1) All witnesses must arrive at the institution’s West Gate at the time designated by the Warden.
(2) Parking will be in the designated parking area.
(3) All witnesses will be screened per existing procedures outlined in section 3261.1, Media Access to Facilities, to include the following:
(A) All witnesses must have a valid identification as outlined in subsections 3173(c)(1) through (c)(6).
(B) No blue jeans, and no jeans-style blue, black, or grey pants for security purposes so that visitors are not confused with inmates by institution staff.
(C) No cameras, cell phones, Blackberries, tape recorders, recording devices, electronic devices, drawing implements, or other similar equipment, shall be permitted in the witness area, except that media witnesses shall be provided with pencils and notepads.
(h) Witness Accommodation Prior to Execution.
(1) There shall be three designated witness staging areas; one for official/victim witnesses, one for media witnesses, and one for the inmate’s witnesses.
(2) After screening, each group shall be escorted to their respective staging area.
(3) All witnesses will view an execution orientation video in their respective staging area.
(4) At a time directed by the Warden, the witnesses shall be escorted to their respective designated witness rooms within the Lethal Injection Facility.
(i) Witness Accommodation after Execution.
(1) After the announcement of death, the Official Witnesses, the inmate’s witnesses, and victim’s witnesses shall be escorted back to their designated staging area. The witnesses shall be transported to the West Gate and processed out of the institution.
(2) The media witnesses shall be transported to the media area to await the Warden’s press conference which will be conducted approximately one hour after the execution.
(j) Selection and accommodations of media not selected to witness the execution.
(1) The San Quentin Public Information Officer, under the direction of the Warden, in conjunction with the Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, is responsible for the selection, accommodation, and coordination of news media personnel not selected to witness the execution.
(2) News media representatives, as defined in subsection 3261.5(a)(1), shall be allowed on San Quentin grounds on the day and time specified by the Warden.
§ 3349.3. Chronology of Events Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) Upon receipt of the execution order, the following shall occur:

1. The Warden shall:
   (A) Notify the Director, DAI and other appropriate officials identified in this article.
   (B) In the presence of a Correctional Counselor II, Litigation Coordinator, and the Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division, interview the inmate to be executed, serve the warrant of execution, and document the interview on a CDCR Form 1801-B (Rev. 06/10), Service of Execution Warrant-Warden’s Initial Interview.
   (C) Inform the inmate of the choices of execution method, either lethal injection or lethal gas and document this information on the CDCR Form 1801 (Rev. 01/09), Notification of Execution Date and Choice of Execution Method.
   (D) Instruct the inmate to indicate his choice within ten days on a CDCR Form 1801-A (Rev. 01/09), Choice of Execution Method, with the explanation that if no choice is made, lethal injection will be the method of execution.
   (E) Provide the inmate a copy of the CDCR Form 2172 (01/09), Thirty Day Notification-San Quentin State Prison informational package regarding visiting, phone calls, witness list, burial arrangements, and the general rules and procedures that will be utilized during the days leading up to the date of execution.
   (F) Notify the Governor’s Legal Affairs Secretary by overnight mail of the scheduled execution with a copy of the execution order enclosed.
   (G) Submit to the Director, DAI the names of the three psychiatrists who will serve as the required panel of Alienists pursuant to Penal Code section 3700.5. The Alienists will be employees of the CDCR who have previously received the approval of the Director, DAI.
   (H) Meet with Lethal Injection Team members involved in the lethal injection process to ensure that all staff understand their roles in the scheduled execution.
   (b) The Chief Deputy Warden shall review San Quentin’s Emergency Operations Plan to ensure it is current.
   (c) The Associate Warden—Specialized Housing Division, shall:
      (1) Accompany the Warden and be present as described in subsection 3349.3(a)(1)(B).
      (2) Contact the Team Administrator and inform him/her that the warrant of execution has been served and that the Team Administrator shall contact the Team Leader to ensure the Lethal Injection Facility is maintained and is operational.
      (3) Refer the inmate to the Intravenous Sub-Team for a vein assessment to determine the size, location, and resilience of the veins in the inmate’s antecubital areas. If a suitable vein is not available, alternate insertion sites will be considered, including, but not limited to:
         (A) Forearm.
         (B) Wrist.
         (C) Back of hand.
         (D) Top of foot.
         (E) Ankle, lower leg, or other appropriate location.
      (4) Report the results of the vein assessment to the Warden.

3349.2.4. Communication.

Dedicated telephone lines to the State Supreme Court, the Governor’s Office, and the State Attorney General’s Office shall be opened and staffed beginning at least fifteen minutes prior to a scheduled execution.
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(d) The Team Leader shall notify Lethal Injection Team members of the execution order.

(e) A Correctional Counselor II shall:
(1) Accompany the Warden and be present as described in subsection 3349.3(a)(1)(B).
(2) Maintain close daily contact with the inmate upon service of the execution warrant.
(3) If the inmate cannot communicate effectively, obtain the services of an interpreter or other person required to facilitate effective communication.

(f) The Litigation Coordinator shall:
(1) Advise the Warden of any pending litigation regarding the inmate or the scheduled execution.
(2) Accompany the Warden and be present as described in subsection 3349.3(a)(1)(B).
(3) Obtain from the Visiting Lieutenant a copy of the list of approved visitors and a printout of visits weekly.
(4) Instruct the Visiting Lieutenant who schedules legal visiting to give priority accommodations to the attorney for the inmate. If a scheduling problem occurs, the Litigation Coordinator must immediately be notified.
(5) Construct a Master Execution File for the inmate that shall contain all pertinent documents; i.e., execution order, photocopy of the visiting printout, CDCR Form 128-B, General Chrono and any other pertinent information.

(A) The Master Execution File shall be kept in the Warden’s office complex.
(B) In the event the execution is stayed, the Master Execution File shall be closed and shall remain in the Warden’s Office complex.
(6) Update the list of scheduled executions and distribute it to the Administrative Officer of the Day book, and to the Chief Deputy Warden, Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division, Visiting Lieutenant, Mailroom Sergeant, Chief Psychiatrist and Chaplains.

(g) The Warden’s Administrative Assistant shall:
(1) Act as liaison between the inmate’s family and the Warden.
(2) Direct the mailroom sergeant to deliver all non-legal incoming mail for the inmate to the Warden’s Administrative Assistant to be inspected, logged, and forwarded to the inmate via the oncoming Third Watch Sergeant. Mail that is sent to the inmate by anonymous senders, containing offensive messages, shall be hand carried to the inmate by a Correctional Counselor II. The inmate shall have the option to accept or reject the offensive correspondence.
(3) Instruct the First Watch Sergeant to inspect and log all non-legal outgoing mail from the inmate.

(A) The Sergeant shall forward any unusual mail immediately to the Warden’s Administrative Assistant who shall deliver to the Warden for review and appropriate handling.

(B) This process must be handled expeditiously to avoid unnecessary delay of outgoing or incoming mail.

(h) The San Quentin Public Information Officer shall advise the CDCR Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, by telephone, of the execution date and coordinate the development of a press release for news media agencies.

(i) The Visiting Lieutenant shall:
(1) Flag the computer file, in the memo field, with the following instruction: Priority Visiting Privileges. Do not turn away visitors without approval of Warden or Administrative Officer of the Day. Starting seven days prior to a scheduled execution, notify the Public Information Officer of each visit that the inmate has on the day that it occurs.
(2) Ensure compliance with these instructions.
(3) Make photocopies of the inmate’s visiting file along with a computer printout of all approved visitors and deliver them to the Litigation Coordinator.
(4) Ensure that the attorney(s) for the inmate is afforded assistance in expeditiously having access to the inmate. In the final weeks prior to the execution, this may include facilitating attorney visits during weekends and holidays, if necessary.
(5) Arrange for visiting.

(A) Grade A inmate visiting will take place in a designated secure visiting area of the Main Visiting Room during normal visiting hours. A correctional officer shall be assigned to provide constant and direct supervision of the visit.

(B) Grade B inmates shall continue to receive non-contact visits in the Main Visiting Room.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.3.1 Responsibilities and Tasks Approximately 45 Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Warden shall:
(1) Work with the Attorney General’s Office of Victims’ Services to confirm the availability of victim(s) family members and the selection of official witnesses and 2 or more alternates.

(2) Initiate the process for completion of the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report, as described in subsection (d)(1), pursuant to Penal Code section 3700.5, for submission to the Director, DAI. The report shall include the following:

(A) A current psychiatric report, written by each of the three alienists.

(B) Comments of the Chaplain, as defined in section 3000, attending to the inmate.

(C) A summary of the inmate’s conduct and behavior, submitted by a Correctional Counselor II.

(D) A cover letter from the Warden.

(b) The Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division, shall:
(1) Move the inmate to a designated area.

(A) Inmates housed in East Block shall be moved to the first tier upon receipt of the death warrant.

(B) Inmates in North Segregation shall remain in their assigned cells.

(C) Inmates in the Adjustment Center shall remain in their assigned cells.

(2) Implement hourly checks and logs prepared by condemned unit staff.

(3) Direct the condemned unit staff to commence documentation of the inmate’s behavior on a CDC Form 128-B, General Chrono, on shift.

(A) These CDC Form 128-B’s shall be forwarded daily to the Litigation Coordinator via the Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division.

(B) Any documentation regarding unusual behavior shall be brought to the attention of the Warden.

(4) Visit the unit daily to ensure procedural follow through and shall sign in on the unit log book with each visit.

(c) The Public Information Officer shall:
(1) Coordinate with the CDCR Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications, to make distribution of an
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3349.3.3. Approximately Ten Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Warden shall:

(1) Compile and send a final CDCR Form 2175 (06/10), 7-Day Pre-Execution Report (original documents) to the Director, DAI.

(A) This report shall indicate whether there has been any change in the inmate’s mental condition since the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report.

(B) The Warden shall have available for review, all psychiatric information pertaining to the inmate known to San Quentin’s psychiatric staff.

(A) This information shall be reviewed along with all material submitted by the inmate’s attorney.

(B) This information shall be used to determine if substantial showing of insanity exists.

(2) Information submitted more than 30 days prior to the scheduled execution will be accepted for consideration by the panel of Alienists. The panel of Alienists shall consider this information in preparation of the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report.

(3) The Warden shall notify the inmate’s attorney in writing of the results of the requested sanity review. Should the Warden, with the assistance of the independent CDCR psychiatrist, find a substantial showing of insanity, the Warden shall notify the District Attorney by a CDCR Form 2174 (01/09), Notification By Warden To Marin County District Attorney Concerning Sanity of Condemned Inmate, in accordance with the reporting provisions of Penal Code section 3701.

(4) Beginning the week prior to the execution the Warden shall be provided with current daily information regarding the inmate’s behavior and psychiatric condition.

(5) The inmate’s behavior shall be continuously monitored by unit staff for the final five days with documentation completed every 15 minutes.

(A) Should the inmate display unusual or inappropriate behavior, the Warden shall be notified immediately by institutional staff.

(B) The Warden shall take necessary steps to evaluate any reported changes including utilizing the provisions of Penal Code section 3701. Results shall be reported to the Secretary of the CDCR in writing via the Director, DAI.

(7) The Secretary of the CDCR shall notify the Governor’s Legal Affairs Secretary in writing of all referrals to the District Attorney’s office under the provisions of Penal Code section 3701.

(b) The Warden shall deliver the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report to the Director, DAI.

(c) The Team Administrator shall:

(1) Coordinate with the Team Leader to conduct weekly security inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(2) Schedule and conduct required training for the Lethal Injection Team.

(3) Ensure the Lethal Injection Facility is ready and fully stocked with supplies.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.3.2. Responsibilities and Tasks Approximately 30 Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) Sanitize Review Request.

(1) Attorneys may submit in writing for the Warden’s review, any current information that they believe may have a bearing on evaluating the sanity of an inmate with a scheduled execution date. This information will be accepted within 30 days and, except as provided in PC section 3701, up to 7 days prior to the scheduled execution and will be forwarded to the Alienists so long as their duties continue.

(b) The Warden shall deliver the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report (original documents) to the Director, DAI.

(A) This report shall indicate whether there has been any change in the inmate’s mental condition since the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report.

(B) The Warden shall have available for review, all psychiatric information pertaining to the inmate known to San Quentin’s psychiatric staff.

(A) This information shall be reviewed along with all material submitted by the inmate’s attorney.

(B) This information shall be used to determine if substantial showing of insanity exists.

(2) Information submitted more than 30 days prior to the scheduled execution will be accepted for consideration by the panel of Alienists. The panel of Alienists shall consider this information in preparation of the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report.

(3) The Warden shall have available for review, all psychiatric information pertaining to the inmate known to San Quentin’s psychiatric staff.

(A) This information shall be reviewed along with all material submitted by the inmate’s attorney.

(B) This information shall be used to determine if substantial showing of insanity exists.

(4) The Warden shall notify the inmate’s attorney in writing of the results of the requested sanity review. Should the Warden, with the assistance of the independent CDCR psychiatrist, find a substantial showing of insanity, the Warden shall notify the District Attorney by a CDCR Form 2174 (01/09), Notification By Warden To Marin County District Attorney Concerning Sanity of Condemned Inmate, in accordance with the reporting provisions of Penal Code section 3701.

(5) Beginning the week prior to the execution the Warden shall be provided with current daily information regarding the inmate’s behavior and psychiatric condition.

(6) The inmate’s behavior shall be continuously monitored by unit staff for the final five days with documentation completed every 15 minutes.

(A) Should the inmate display unusual or inappropriate behavior, the Warden shall be notified immediately by institutional staff.

(B) The Warden shall take necessary steps to evaluate any reported changes including utilizing the provisions of Penal Code section 3701. Results shall be reported to the Secretary of the CDCR in writing via the Director, DAI.

(7) The Secretary of the CDCR shall notify the Governor’s Legal Affairs Secretary in writing of all referrals to the District Attorney’s office under the provisions of Penal Code section 3701.

(b) The Warden shall deliver the CDCR Form 2173 (06/10), 20-Day Pre-Execution Report to the Director, DAI.

(c) The Team Administrator shall:

(1) Coordinate with the Team Leader to conduct weekly security inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(2) Schedule and conduct required training for the Lethal Injection Team.

(3) Ensure the Lethal Injection Facility is ready and fully stocked with supplies.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).
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3349.3.4. Five Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Warden shall:

(1) Order the inmate to be moved to the designated security housing area where the inmate will be under observation 24-hours a day by an officer assigned for that purpose. The Warden may authorize the move at any time following receipt of the death warrant or when, in the opinion of the Warden, it is necessary to maintain the safety and security of the public, the institution and/or the inmate.

(2) Ensure that the inmate’s behavior be continuously monitored by unit staff for the final five days prior to a scheduled execution with documentation completed every 15 minutes.

(A) If the inmate displays unusual or inappropriate behavior, the Warden shall be notified immediately by institutional staff.

(B) The Warden shall take necessary steps to evaluate any reported changes including utilizing the provisions of Penal Code section 3701. Results shall be reported to the Secretary of the CDCR in writing via the Director, DAI.

(b) The Team Administrator shall:

(1) Confirm that the inmate is moved to the designated security housing area and place the inmate under 24-hour a day observation by an officer assigned for that purpose.

(2) Conduct the daily inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility with the Team Leader.

(3) Direct that all personal property, with the exception of legal material, belonging to the inmate be removed from the inmate’s cell and placed under the security of the officer stationed outside the security cell. The inmate will be given the use of items by the officer as he needs them, and then the inmate shall return them to the officer’s care.

(4) In the event of a stay of execution, the Team Administrator shall return the inmate’s property and initiate return of the inmate to the inmate’s former housing status.

(5) Along with the Food Manager, interview the inmate to ascertain what request, if any, the inmate may have for a last meal.

(A) Determine if Food Service will be able to fulfill the request or make arrangements to obtain the requested menu items.

(B) Accommodations for the last meal will be made up to 50 dollars ($50.00).

(c) The Visiting Lieutenant shall ensure:

(1) Grade B inmates will continue to receive non-contact visits during designated visiting hours.

(2) The visitor(s)/attorney(s) will be required to clear the walk-through metal detector and a clothed body search. Refusal to comply with the above search procedures will be grounds for denial of a visit.

(3) The inmate will visit in waist restraints.

(4) The inmate and the visitor(s)/attorney(s) may briefly embrace or shake hands at the beginning and end of the visit. No other physical contact shall be allowed.

(5) In the event there is a scheduled attorney visit, the following procedures shall apply:

(A) Attorneys and other approved visitors of the inmate will not be permitted to visit with the inmate simultaneously.

(B) For an attorney/client confidential visit, the attorney shall be allowed to bring the following items:

1. One pen or pencil.
2. One notepad.

6. For attorney/client confidential visits, the inmate shall be removed from the conference room and shall proceed with the attorney to visit in designated visiting area under constant visual observation by the special visiting team.
(7) Visitors are informed by a posted notice or Warden’s Bulletin that visiting will be closed the day preceding a scheduled execution as well as the day of a scheduled execution.

(8) The family visiting quarters shall be vacant the day before and the day of a scheduled execution.

(9) All visiting, with the exception of Chaplains and approved Spiritual Advisors, shall cease once the inmate is placed in the secured holding cell in the Lethal Injection Facility. Attorneys may have access to their client by phone as requested by either the attorney or the inmate.

(d) A Correctional Counselor II shall:

(1) Interview the inmate to discern any special requests as to the disposition of his property. The inmate shall package and label any property to be sent out of the institution.

(2) Maintain a signed inventory receipt of all packaged property for mailing the first weekday following the execution.

(3) In the event of an indefinite stay of execution, return the property to the inmate with a signed receipt.

(4) Arrange for the monitoring of all telephone calls made by the inmate on an institutional telephone.

(A) Legal calls will not be monitored but shall be facilitated by staff.

(B) All calls shall be logged on the pre-execution activity log.

(C) The inmate shall have 24-hour access to a telephone for attorney contact.

(5) Obtain clothing sizes from the inmate and ensure that appropriate clothing is available.

(6) Begin daily briefings for the Warden, Chief Deputy Warden, Associate Warden-Specialized Housing Division, and Facility Captain as to the inmate’s needs, requests, and behavior.

(e) Religious accommodations.

(1) State employed Chaplains selected by the inmate shall be allowed to perform their spiritual functions at the inmate’s cell front on either second or third watch.

(2) Non-state employed Spiritual Advisors may visit the inmate utilizing the visitor process outlined in this article.

(3) Once the inmate is moved to the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area, state-employed and pre-approved non-state Spiritual Advisors may visit the inmate in the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.3.6. Three Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Team Administrator shall:

(1) Assume direct supervision of all Lethal Injection Team responsibilities.

(2) Coordinate and discuss with the Team Leader the specific Lethal Injection Team assignments to:

(A) Ensure Lethal Injection Team members are available.

(B) Confirm Lethal Injection Team members are properly trained and capable of carrying out specific assignments.

(C) Confirm other Lethal Injection Team members are properly assigned as back ups and that each back up is properly trained and capable to perform the assigned functions.

(D) Begin conducting daily inspections of the Lethal Injection Facility.

(E) Confirm the facility remains fully operational and stocked with appropriate supplies.

(b) The Team Leader shall:

(1) Activate all members of the Lethal Injection Team and schedule daily training and preparedness exercises on each of the three days prior to the scheduled execution.

(2) Ensure that all items that will come into contact with the inmate are properly searched.

(3) Ensure that continuous security is provided at the Lethal Injection Facility.

(4) Ensure that Lethal Injection Team members assigned to specific functions begin daily training on their specific assignments, and all team members assigned as back-ups are also involved in training for their specific back-up functions.

(c) The Correctional Captain, Central Services Division, shall:

(1) Establish an internal support team to assist as needed to maintain the smooth operation of the institution. The internal support team will be located in an area designated by the Correctional Captain, Central Services Division.

(2) Ensure witness and media staging areas are clean and sanitized.

(d) The Public Information Officer (PIO) shall:

(1) Activate the media center at the appropriate time commensurate with the day and hour of the scheduled execution in the designated area, and staff it with one Correctional Sergeant and six Correctional Officers assigned by the Watch Sergeants for that purpose.

(A) Address the needs of media representatives that may be operating out of the media center. The assigned staff will release no information or offer any commentary unless specifically authorized by the PIO.

(B) Give regular updates to any media gathered, and will notify the Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications of this action.

(2) Work with the Assistant Secretary, Office of Public and Employee Communications to prepare a biographical and general information sheet on the inmate for briefing notes for the media, including CDCR identification photo. A copy of this biographical and general information sheet will be sent to the Assistant Secretary.

(3) The Warden, through the PIO, shall designate a cut-off time for the media to arrive.
(e) Female inmates shall be transported to San Quentin no sooner than 72 hours prior to the scheduled execution and no later than 6 hours prior to the scheduled execution. The inmate will be secured in the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.3.7. Two Days Prior to a Scheduled Execution.
The Chief Deputy Warden shall prepare to activate the Emergency Operations Center and consult with the Warden on specific areas of concern.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.4.1. Twenty-Four Hours Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Warden shall confirm that all Lethal Injection Team members are fully prepared and ready to perform their assigned duties.

(b) The Chief Deputy Warden shall activate the Emergency Operations Center.

(c) The Team Administrator shall:

(1) Accompany the Team Leader to obtain the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline from a licensed pharmaceutical facility or distributor and complete the CDCR Form 2176 (06/10), Lethal Injection Chain of Custody-San Quentin State Prison, which is incorporated by reference, to acknowledge receipt of chemicals.

(2) Verify the Lethal Injection Chemicals and quantity of these chemicals and saline. Secure the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline in the Lethal Injection Facility safe or refrigerator, as appropriate, and complete the CDCR Form 2176 (06/10), Lethal Injection Chain of Custody-San Quentin State Prison. The original copy of the chain of custody form shall remain with the Lethal Injection Chemicals. A copy of the form shall be distributed to the following:

(A) Warden.

(B) Chief Deputy Warden.

(C) Team Administrator.

(D) Team Leader.

(3) Assume direct supervision of the Lethal Injection Team members.

(4) Make a final inspection of the Lethal Injection Facility to ensure operational readiness.

(5) In conjunction with the Team Leader:

(A) Brief the Security Sub-Team on their specific duties during the scheduled execution.

(B) Assess each Lethal Injection Team member to ensure readiness for their role in the execution.

(C) If necessary, excuse any Lethal Injection Team member they believe may be unable to complete their assigned duties.

3349.4.3. Approximately Three Hours Prior to a Scheduled Execution.

(a) The Team Administrator in the company of the Team Leader shall:
(1) Remove the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline from the Lethal Injection Facility safe and refrigerator.
(2) Transfer custody of the Lethal Injection Chemicals to two members of the Infusion Sub-Team.
(3) Ensure accountability of the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline. A minimum of two members of the Infusion Sub-Team shall verify all Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline at the time of transfer and sign the CDCR Form 2176 (06/10), Lethal Injection Chain of Custody-San Quentin State Prison.
(b) The Infusion Sub-Team shall prepare Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline as follows:
   (1) Two Identical trays shall be prepared.
      (A) Tray A shall be color-coded red and will be the primary tray used for the lethal injection process.
      (B) Tray B shall be color-coded blue and will be the backup tray.
   (2) Each tray shall have eight color-coded syringes to match the tray and be labeled by content and sequence of administration as follows:
      # 1 60cc syringe 1.5 grams Sodium Thiopental
      # 2 60cc syringe 1.5 grams Sodium Thiopental
      # 3 60cc syringe 50cc saline flush
      # 4 60cc syringe 50 milligrams Pancuronium Bromide
      # 5 60cc syringe 50cc saline flush
      # 6 60cc syringe 100 milliequivalents Potassium Chloride
      # 7 60cc syringe 100 milliequivalents Potassium Chloride
      # 8 60cc syringe 50cc saline flush
   (3) The Sodium Thiopental shall be mixed according to the manufacturer’s instructions.
   (4) One Infusion Sub-Team member shall prepare the syringes for Tray A.
      (A) Another Infusion Sub-Team member shall verify proper preparation of the syringes for Tray A.
      (B) A Record Keeping Sub-Team member shall observe and document the preparation on the CDCR Form 2177 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log-Lethal Injection Infusion Sub-Team.
(5) Tray B shall be prepared by a different Infusion Sub-Team member.
   (A) Another Infusion Sub-Team member shall verify proper preparation of the syringes for Tray B.
   (B) A Record Keeping Sub-Team member shall also observe and document the preparation on the CDCR Form 2177 (01/09), San Quentin State Prison Execution Log-Lethal Injection Infusion Sub-Team.

(3) Utilize the metal detector at the visitor processing center or any other search method deemed necessary and reasonable.

(4) Immediately upon the Warden’s announcement of death, usher the media witnesses directly to the media center where they will give pool commentary to the other assembled media. No commentary shall be given until after the official statement by the Warden.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).

3349.4.5. Administration of the Lethal Injection Chemicals.

(a) Inmate preparation. Upon direction of the Warden to prepare the inmate, the Team Leader shall:

(1) Direct the Security Sub-Team to conduct an unclothed body search.

(2) Place the inmate in restraints and remove the inmate from the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area.

(3) Observe the Intravenous Sub-Team place the electronic monitoring sensors on the inmate.

(b) Resistive inmates.

(1) In the event that an inmate refuses to comply with staff’s orders to be placed in restraints or to exit their assigned cell or the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area, or any other area where the inmate may be held, the Team Leader shall advise the Warden and Team Administrator.

(2) The Team Administrator shall speak to the inmate in an attempt to gain the inmate’s cooperation.

(3) If the inmate continues to refuse to comply with orders, an emergency cell extraction will be authorized.

(4) Staff shall follow the universal precautions when performing an extraction including, but not limited to, the following:

(A) Disposable gowns.

(B) Face/head protection.

(C) Rubber gloves.

(D) Padded gloves.

(E) Leg protection.

(5) Any use of force shall be noted as required by subsection 3349.2.2(e)(4) as well as on the CDCR Form 2182, San Quentin State Prison Execution Report - Part A and CDCR Form 2183, San Quentin State Prison Execution Report, Part B.

(c) The Security Sub-Team shall:

(1) Escort the inmate from the Lethal Injection Facility Holding Area to the execution room.

(2) Secure the inmate to the gurney with restraints.

(3) Secure the inmate’s hands to the arm rests on the gurney with medical tape along with the following:

(A) Ensure that the inmate’s hands are secured palm up to allow the Intravenous Sub-Team access to the necessary veins.

(B) Secure the inmate’s fingers to the gurney in the extended position.

(d) The Team Leader shall:

(1) Ensure that the inmate is properly secured.

(2) Ensure the restraints do not inhibit the inmate’s circulation.

(3) Excuse the Security Sub-Team to wait on standby in an adjacent room.

(4) Remain in the room to supervise the insertion of the catheters by the Intravenous Sub-Team.

(5) Exit the execution room and report to the Infusion Control Room to monitor the execution.

(e) The Intravenous Sub-Team shall:

(1) Enter the execution room immediately after the Security Sub-Team exits.

(2) Insert the restraints ensuring that they do not restrict the inmate’s circulation or interfere with the insertion of the catheters.

(3) Insert two catheters into pre-designated veins, as identified in subsection 3349.3(c)(3).

(4) As each catheter is inserted, inform an Intravenous Sub-Team member in the Infusion Control Room to initiate the intravenous drip.

(5) Designate primary and back-up intravenous lines.

(6) Inform the Warden when the intravenous lines have been successfully established.

(7) One Intravenous Sub-Team member shall exit the execution room and report to the Infusion Control Room to continuously monitor the saline drips.

(8) One Intravenous Sub-Team member shall remain in the execution room to continuously monitor the intravenous lines. This Intravenous Sub-Team member shall stand next to the inmate and assess the consciousness of the inmate throughout the execution.

(f) The Warden shall:

(1) Take a position in the execution room in close proximity to the inmate.

(2) Confirm with both the State Supreme Court and the Attorney General’s Office there is no matter pending before any court that precludes the execution from proceeding.

(3) Confirm with the Governor’s Office that there is no matter pending that precludes the execution from proceeding.

(4) Ensure a statement is read detailing the court order mandating the execution.

(5) Provide an opportunity for the inmate to make a brief final statement on the public address system. After the statement is made, the public address system will be turned off.

(6) Direct the Infusion Sub-Team to administer the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline.

(g) Infusion.

(1) The infusion of Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline shall begin with Tray A using the intravenous catheter designated as primary.

(2) The saline drip in the intravenous catheter that was designated primary infusion will be stopped prior to the injection of the first syringe. The saline drip in the back-up intravenous line will be continually maintained.

(3) If at any time during the infusion of the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline, the primary intravenous catheter fails, the Warden shall be notified and direct that the lethal injection process using the primary intravenous catheter and the chemicals on Tray A be discontinued and the entire sequence begin again using the back-up intravenous catheter and the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline on Tray B in the same sequence as noted below.

(4) A Record Keeping Sub-Team member in the Infusion Control Room shall initiate a ten minute count down at the start of the infusion of syringe # 1 (sodium thiopental).

(5) Beginning with Tray A and using the primary intravenous catheter, the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline shall be administered as follows:

(A) # 1-60cc syringe: 1.5 grams sodium thiopental shall be administered, followed by a consciousness assessment of the inmate; the Intravenous Sub-Team Member shall brush the back of his/her hand over the inmate’s eyelashes, and speak to and gently shake the inmate. Observations shall be documented. If the inmate is unresponsive, it will demonstrate that the inmate is unconscious. The process shall continue as follows:
(B) # 2-60cc syringe: 1.5 grams sodium thiopental shall be administered.
(C) # 3-60cc syringe: 50 cc saline flush shall be administered, followed by another assessment of consciousness as outlined above. Observations shall be documented. At this point if the inmate is determined to be unconscious, the Warden shall authorize the lethal injection process to proceed in the following sequence:
(D) # 4-60cc syringe: 50 milligrams pancuronium bromide.
(E) # 5-60cc syringe: 50cc saline flush.
(F) # 6-60cc syringe: 100 millequivalents potassium chloride.
(G) # 7-60cc syringe: 100 millequivalents potassium chloride.
(H) # 8-60cc syringe: 50cc saline flush.
(6) If, following the administration of syringe # 2 and syringe # 3, the assessment indicates the inmate is not unconscious, the Warden shall direct that the injection through the primary intravenous catheter be discontinued and the entire sequence re-initiated with the Lethal Injection Chemicals and saline on Tray B using the designated back-up intravenous catheter.
(7) The inmate’s heart activity shall be monitored by an electronic device(s).
(8) The attending physician shall monitor the electronic device(s) showing the inmate’s vital signs and determine when the inmate has expired. Death shall be determined and declared by a physician.
(9) If, in the event all eight syringes from Tray A have been administered, ten minutes has elapsed and death has not been determined, the Record Keeping Sub-Team member shall advise the Team Administrator, who will advise the Warden. The Warden shall then direct that the lethal injection process be repeated using the back-up intravenous catheter and the chemicals from Tray B in exactly the same sequence as noted above.
HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-30-2010; operative 8-29-2010 (Register 2010, No. 31).
3349.4.6. Post Execution Procedure.
(a) Immediately following the determination of death of the inmate, the Warden shall:
(1) Read a prepared statement notifying the witnesses the execution is complete.
(2) Have the curtains on the viewing windows closed and direct staff to escort the witnesses from the Lethal Injection Facility.
(b) Approximately one hour after the execution, the Warden shall issue a statement to the media advising the sentence has been carried out and announcing the time of death. At that time, the Warden shall make available the inmate’s statement as described in subsection 3349.4.4(a)(2)(A).
(c) Following the official statement by the Warden at the press conference, the Warden shall exit the media center.
(d) The Public Information Officer shall:
(1) Immediately upon the Warden’s announcement of death, usher the media witnesses directly to the media center where they will give pool commentary to the other assembled media.
(2) Accompany the Warden to the post-execution press conference and, after the Warden leaves, respond to questions that follow the Warden’s official statement.
(3) Read the inmate’s last statement to the press or announce that the inmate did not have a last statement.
(4) As soon as possible, but no longer than 30 minutes after commencement, conclude the press conference and usher all media off the prison grounds.
(5) Secure the media center and go to the Warden’s office to field telephone inquires.
(e) The Litigation Coordinator shall assemble all appropriate reports and maintain the Master Execution File of records regarding the execution in the Warden’s Office complex.
(f) After all witnesses have been escorted out of the Lethal Injection Facility:
(1) The Intravenous Sub-Team shall crimp closed and disconnect all intravenous lines, but shall not remove the lines from the inmate. Intravenous lines shall remain in place to allow review by the Marin County Coroner as necessary.
(2) Under the supervision of the Team Leader, the inmate’s body shall be moved with care and dignity and placed in a post-mortem bag pending removal as pre-arranged with the contract mortuary.
(g) The Lethal Injection Facility shall be cleaned thoroughly after the inmate’s body has been removed.
(h) The Security Sub-Team shall conduct a security inspection of the Lethal Injection Facility to ensure that all doors are secured and that no items were left behind.
(i) All unused chemicals shall be documented on the CDCR Form 2176 (06/10), Lethal Injection Chain of Custody—San Quentin State Prison and noted as to why they were not used. The Infusion Sub-Team shall transfer the unused chemicals to the Team Administrator who shall place them in the Lethal Injection Facility safe or refrigerator, as appropriate, to await proper disposal and note their transfer on the Chain of Custody form.
(j) The Intravenous Sub-Team shall complete a post-execution inventory of all supplies and equipment that were used by the Intravenous Sub-Team during the execution. The Intravenous Sub-Team shall give the inventory to the Team Administrator, who shall arrange for replacement and replenishment of supplies.
(k) The Team Leader shall:
(1) Sign the original CDCR Form 2176 (06/10), Lethal Injection Chain of Custody—San Quentin State Prison in the final signature block. The signed form shall remain with the Lethal Injection Chemicals.
(2) Secure the Lethal Injection Facility and return the keys to Main Control.
(3) Report directly to the Warden that the Lethal Injection Facility has been secured.
(l) Debriefing.
(1) The Team Administrator shall hold a debriefing and critique with all Lethal Injection Team members. All documents and records concerning the execution shall be collected by the Team Administrator for review.
(2) The Team Administrator shall assess the Lethal Injection Team members for the need for post trauma counseling.
(3) As soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after the execution, the Warden shall arrange for a confidential individual debriefing by appropriate staff with each Lethal Injection Team member. The purpose of the debriefing is to provide a confidential forum for the team member to discuss the impact of the execution on him or her and provide access to counseling services. A team member may be accompanied by a person of his or her choosing to the individual debriefing.
(m) Documentation—Managerial Oversight.
(1) Immediately following the execution, the Team Leader shall complete a CDCR Form 2182, San Quentin State Prison Execution Report—Part A.
(2) Each team member shall complete a CDCR Form 2183, San Quentin State Prison Execution Report—Part B, documenting their actions and observations during the execution.
(3) Team members shall use identifiers assigned to their specific position (duties), rather than their names and/or classifications, when they submit their reports.

(4) The Team Leader shall assemble the complete Execution Report for review by the Team Administrator. The Execution Report shall include all appropriate supplemental reports.

(A) Following review by the Associate Warden, the Execution Report shall be routed through the Chief Deputy Warden for the Warden’s review and signature.

(B) Any use of force shall be specifically documented and reviewed according to existing CDCR policy.

(5) A copy of the Execution Report shall be delivered to the Director, Division of Adult Institutions for review and follow up as needed.

(6) The original Execution Report shall be retained at San Quentin as part of the Master Execution File.

(7) The Record Keeping Sub-Team shall meet with the Team Leader, and ensure that all documentation has been completed. The documentation shall be reviewed and approved by the Team Administrator, and shall be hand delivered to the Warden for inclusion in the Master Execution File.

(n) Critique.

(1) Within 72 hours, the Warden shall conduct an after-action critique of the execution. The purpose of the critique will be to evaluate the execution from all operational perspectives, including compliance with this regulation.

(2) The critique shall be documented for inclusion in the Master Execution File.

(o) Return on Warrant of Death. After receipt of the Certificate of Death, the Warden shall complete the CDCR Form 2178 (01/09), Return on Warrant of Death, and forward it to the county from which the inmate was under sentence of death along with a copy of the Certificate of Death.


HISTORY: 1. Repealer of Article 8 (Sections 3370–3372) and new Article 8 (Sections 3350–3359) filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16). For prior history see Register 77, No. 9.

2. Amendment of article heading, section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3. Amendment of section heading, relocation of subsections 3350(a)–(c) to 3350.2(a)–(c), and new Subsections (a)–(b)(3) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Amendment refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Restatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).

6. Amendment of section heading, renumbering of subsections 3350(a)–(c) to 3350.2(a)–(c), and new Subsections (a)–(b)(3) filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

7. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including amendment of subsection (a) and new subsections (b)(4) and (b)(5) transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

3350.1. Medical and Dental Treatment/Service Exclusions.

(a) Treatment refers to attempted curative treatment and does not preclude palliative therapies to alleviate serious debilitating conditions such as pain management and nutritional support. Treatment shall not be provided for the following conditions:

(1) Conditions that improve on their own without treatment. Examples include, but are not limited to:

(A) Common cold.

(B) Mononucleosis.

(C) Viral hepatitis A.

(D) Viral pharyngitis.

(E) Mild sprains.

(2) Conditions that are not readily amenable to treatment, including, but not limited to, those which may be made worse by treatment with conventional medication or surgery, and those that are so advanced in the disease process that the outcome would not change with existing conventional or heroic treatment regimens. Examples include, but are not limited to:

(A) Multiple organ transplants.

(B) Temporomandibular joint dysfunction.

(C) Grossly metastatic cancer.

(3) Conditions that are cosmetic. Examples include, but are not limited to:
(A) Removal of tattoos.
(B) Removal of nontoxic goiter.
(C) Breast reduction or enlargement.
(D) Penile implants.
(b) Surgery not medically necessary shall not be provided. Examples include, but are not limited to:
(1) Castration.
(2) Vaginoplasty (except for Cysteocoe or Rectoele).
(3) Vasectomy.
(4) Tubal ligation
(c) Services that have no established outcome on morbidity or improved mortality for acute health conditions shall not be provided. Examples include, but are not limited to:
(1) Acupuncture.
(2) Orthoptics.
(3) Pleoptics.
(d) Treatment for those conditions that are excluded within these regulations may be provided in cases where all of the following criteria are met:
(1) The inmate’s attending physician or dentist prescribes the treatment.
(2) The service is approved by the medical authorization review committee, or the dental authorization review committee, and the health care review committee. The decision of the review committee, as applicable, to approve an otherwise excluded service shall be based on:
(A) Available health and dental care outcome data supporting the effectiveness of the services as medical or dental treatment.
(B) Other factors, such as:
1. Coexisting medical or dental problems.
2. Acuity.
3. Length of the inmate’s sentence.
4. Availability of the service.
5. Cost.


HISTORY:
1. New section, including relocation and amendment of old subsection 3354.1(a) to 3350.1(b), filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
4. New section, including renumbering and amendment of former subsection 3354.1(a) to 3350.1(b), filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including amendment of subsection (a), repealer of subsection (d)(2) and subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsection (d)(2), repealer of newly designated subsection (d)(2)(A) and subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (d)(2)(A) transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
6. Amendment of subsections (d)(1)–(d)(2)(A) and (d)(2)(B)1, filed 10-3-2006 as an emergency; operative 10-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-3-2006 order transmitted to OAL 3-7-2007 and filed 4-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 16).

3350.2. Off-Site Health Care Treatment.
(a) Each facility shall maintain contractual arrangements with local off-site agencies for those health services deemed to be medically necessary as defined in section 3350(b)(1), and that are not provided within the facility. Such services may include medical, surgical, laboratory, radiological, dental, and other specialized services likely to be required for an inmate’s health care.
(b) When medically necessary services are not available for an inmate within a facility, the facility’s chief medical officer or supervising dentist may request the institution head’s approval to temporarily place that inmate in a community medical facility for such services.
(c) In an extreme emergency when a physician is not on duty or immediately available, the senior custodial officer on duty may, with assistance of on-duty health care staff, place an inmate in a community medical facility. Such emergency action shall be reported to the facility’s administrative and medical officers-of-the-day as soon as possible.


HISTORY:
1. New section, including relocation and amendment of old subsections 3350(a)–(c) to 3350.2(a)–(c), filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. New section refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
4. New section, including renumbering of former subsection 3350(a)–(c) to 3350.2(a)–(c), filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
6. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b) filed 8-11-2010 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2010, No. 33).

3351. Inmate Refusal of Treatment.
(a) Health care treatment, including medication, shall not be forced over the objections of: a mentally competent inmate; the guardian of a mentally incompetent inmate; or a responsible relative of a minor inmate, except in an emergency, or as required to complete the examination or tests for tuberculosis infection, or to implement the treatment for tuberculosis disease, or unless the provisions of Probate Code sections 3200 et seq. or the procedures set forth in Keyheea v. Rushen, Solano County Superior Court No. 67432, Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for Clarification and Modification of Injunction and Permanent Injunction, filed October 31, 1986, hereby incorporated by reference, are followed. An emergency exists when there is a sudden, marked change in an inmate's health condition which, in the judgment of the attending physician, threatens the inmate's life or health.
condition so that action is immediately necessary for the preservation of life or the prevention of serious bodily harm to the inmate or others, and it is impracticable to first obtain consent. When an inmate has executed an advance directive, pursuant to Probate Code Sections 2000–4779 relating to the Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care, and Health and Safety Code sections 7185–7194.5 relating to the Natural Death Act, health care staff shall act in accordance with the provisions of that advance directive, as provided by law.

(b) An inmate may accept or decline any or all portions of a recommended dental treatment plan. The inmate’s decision is reversible at any time and shall not prejudice future treatments. Refusals shall be documented for inclusion in the inmate’s health record.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Amendment of section and Note filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment of section and Note filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order including amendment of subsection (a) and Note transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).
5. Amendment of section and Note refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
7. Amendment filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. New section filed 7-9-96; operative 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).


(a) A medical authorization review (MAR) committee shall be established within each correctional treatment center’s (CTC) service area. The committee shall meet as often as necessary to approve or disapprove requests for medical services otherwise excluded by these regulations.

(b) The committee shall:

1. Be composed of representatives from the health care staff of each institution within the CTC’s service area.
2. Consist of not less than three service area staff physicians.
3. Committee decisions shall be based on criteria established in section 3350.1(d). Committee decisions shall be documented in the inmate’s health record. Those cases that receive committee approval, shall be forwarded along with all supporting documentation to the health care review (HCR) committee. The treating physician shall notify the inmate of the committee’s decision.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Amendment filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
6. Amendment filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Renumbering of former section 3352 to new section 3353 filed 7-9-96; operative 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
8. New section filed 7-9-96; operative 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).


(a) The health care review (HCR) committee shall meet as often as necessary to review cases approved by the MAR committee for medical services and Dental Authorization Review (DAR) committee for dental services otherwise excluded by these criteria in section 3350.1(d).

(b) The HCR committee shall consist of, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Assistant Deputy Director, Clinical Policy and Programs Branch, Division of Correctional Health Care Services (DCHCS).
2. Statewide Medical Director, DCHCS.
3. Deputy Director, Health Care Administrative Operations Branch, DCHCS.
4. Statewide Dental Director, DCHCS.
5. Selected dental designees.
6. Two selected specialist physicians.
7. Nonvoting utilization management nurse, as necessary.

(c) Decisions to approve or deny an excluded service requires at least one of either the Assistant Deputy Director, Clinical Policy and Programs Branch, DCHCS, or the Deputy Director, Health Care Administrative Operations Branch, DCHCS, or their designee be in attendance at the applicable review committee. All decisions shall be documented in the inmate’s health record.

(d) Decisions regarding medical services which have been referred by the MAR committee shall be voted on by the Assistant Deputy Director, Clinical Policy and Programs Branch, the Statewide Medical Director, and the medical staff of the HCR. Decisions to approve or deny an excluded service shall be based upon a quorum of the majority of the above members. The treating physician shall notify the inmate of the committee’s decision regarding medical services.

(e) Decisions regarding dental services which have been referred by the DAR committee shall be voted on by the Assistant Deputy Director.
Director, Clinical Policy and Programs Branch, the Statewide Dental Director, and the dental staff of the HCR. Decisions to approve or deny an excluded service shall be based upon a quorum of the majority of the above members. The treating dentist shall notify the inmate of the committee’s decision regarding dental services.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-9-96; operative 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
2. Amendment filed 10-3-2006 as an emergency; operative 10-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-3-2006 order transmitted to OAL 3-7-2007 and filed 4-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 16).

§ 3352.2 Dental Authorization Review Committee.
(a) Each departmental institution shall establish a Dental Authorization Review (DAR) committee. The DAR shall be established for the purpose of:
(1) Approving or disapproving requests for otherwise excluded dental services,
(2) Reviewing treatment recommendations for special dental care needs, and
(3) Evaluating the cost efficiency and effectiveness of the dental services provided at the institution.
(b) Membership of the DAR shall be composed of representatives from each institution’s dental care staff. DAR membership shall consist of the Supervising Dentist, or designee, a Staff Dentist as Chairperson, and a Staff Dentist as Vice-Chairperson. Representatives from other institution services or divisions shall be invited, when appropriate, to committee meetings.
(c) DAR committee decisions shall be based upon the following criteria established in section 3350.1(d). Committee decisions shall be documented in the inmate’s unit health record. Cases that receive committee approval shall be forwarded, along with all supporting documentation, to the HCR. The treating dentist shall notify the inmate of the committee’s decision.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-3-2006 as an emergency; operative 10-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-3-2006 order transmitted to OAL 3-7-2007 and filed 4-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 16).
3. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b) filed 8-11-2010 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2010, No. 33).

§ 3353 Informed Consent Requirement.
When unusual, serious or major health care procedures are indicated and time and circumstances permit, the inmate’s specific written informed consent shall be obtained before treatment is undertaken, except as otherwise provided in Sections 3351 and 3364. If the inmate or the inmate’s guardian or responsible relative objects to the recommended treatment, such objection shall be documented for inclusion in the inmate’s health record.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Amendment filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
5. Amendment filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including renumbering of former section 3352 to section 3353 and renumbering of former section 3353 to new section 3353.1 transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

§ 3353.1 Capacity for Informed Consent.
An inmate shall be considered capable of giving informed consent if in the opinion of the health care staff the inmate is:
(a) Aware that there is a physiological disorder for which treatment or medication is recommended.
(b) Able to understand the nature, purpose and alternatives of the recommended treatment, medication, or health care procedures.
(c) Able to understand and reasonably discuss the possible side effects and any hazards associated with the recommended treatment, medication, or health care procedures. An inmate shall not be deemed incapable of informed consent solely because of being diagnosed as mentally disordered, abnormal, or mentally defective.


HISTORY:
1. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order including renumbering of former section 3353 to new section 3353.1 transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

§ 3354 Health Care Responsibilities and Limitations.
(a) Authorized staff. Only facility-employed health care staff, contractors paid to perform health services for the facility, or persons employed as health care consultants shall be permitted, within the scope of their licensure, to diagnose illness or, prescribe medication and health care treatment for inmates. No other personnel or inmates may do so.
(b) Inmate Workers. Only trained or certified inmates shall operate health care equipment. Inmates shall not be permitted to:
(1) Schedule appointments.
(2) Determine another inmate’s access to health care services.
(3) Obtain blood samples.
(4) Administer blood.
(5) Introduce or discontinue intravenous infusions.
(6) Have access to surgical instruments, syringes, needles, medications, or health records except as otherwise specified in these regulations.
(7) Perform any task identified as a health care responsibility.
(c) Private Consultants. Health care personnel not employed by the department are not authorized to order treatment for an inmate. Such persons may offer opinions and recommendations for consideration by department health care staff as follows: An inmate
or an inmate’s responsible guardian or relative, or an attorney or other interested person wanting the inmate examined by a private physician, shall submit a written request to the institution head. The institution head shall, after consulting with the facility’s chief medical officer, grant the request unless convinced that specific case factors warrant denial. The fact of and reasons for such denial, and notice of the right to appeal the decision in writing to the director, shall be documented and given to the inmate or the person requesting the outside health care service. Costs of such private consultations or examinations shall be paid by the inmate or the person requesting the service.

(d) Emergency Health Care Attention. If an inmate is away from a facility for authorized reasons, such as assignment to a camp or transportation between institutions, becomes seriously ill or injured, emergency health care attention by available resources shall be obtained by the official in charge. Community physicians and hospitals shall be used if the inmate’s condition does not permit prompt return to a departmental medical facility.

(e) Medical Sick Call. Each department facility confining inmates shall provide scheduled times and locations for general population inmates. A medical doctor, registered nurse, or medical technical assistant shall make daily visits to each nongeneral population housing unit to provide medical attention to inmates unable to use the sick call services provided for general population. Staff conducting sick call shall screen medical problems appearing to require further medical attention and shall evaluate requests for appointments with other medical staff. A facility physician shall personally visit each specialized housing unit at least once each week.

(f) Dental Sick Call: Routine dental treatment shall not be provided during sick call. Inmates requesting dental treatment shall be evaluated and scheduled into one of the following categories:

(1) Emergency care category: A dental emergency, as determined by health care staff, includes any medical or dental condition for which evaluation and treatment are necessary to prevent death, severe or permanent disability, or to alleviate disabling pain. Immediate treatment shall be provided and will be available to such inmates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

(2) Urgent care categories:

(A) Priority 1A: Inmates requiring treatment of an acute oral or maxillo-facial condition, which is likely to remain acute, worsen, or become life threatening without immediate intervention. Such inmates shall receive treatment within 24 hours of diagnosis and assignment to Dental Priority 1A.

(B) Priority 1B: Inmates requiring treatment for a sub-acute hard or soft tissue pathology. Such inmates shall receive treatment within 30 days of diagnosis and assignment to Dental Priority 1B.

(C) Priority 1C: Inmates requiring early treatment for any unusual hard or soft tissue pathology. Such inmates shall receive treatment within 60 days of diagnosis and assignment to Dental Priority 1C.

(3) Interceptive care category: Inmates shall have over 6 months remaining to serve on their sentence within the department, and be eligible for Priority 2 care regardless of oral health self-care. Such inmates shall receive treatment within 120 days of diagnosis and assignment to Priority 2 care.

(A) Priority 2A: Inmates requiring advanced caries or advanced periodontal pathology requiring the use of intermediate therapeutic or palliative agents or restorative materials, mechanical debridement, or surgical intervention.

(B) Priority 2B: Edentulous or essential edentulous, or with no posterior teeth in occlusion requiring a complete denture, or one or more missing anterior teeth resulting in the loss of anterior dental arch integrity, requiring a transitional anterior partial denture.

(C) Priority 2C: Moderate or advanced periodontitis requiring non-surgical deep scaling and root planing procedures.

(D) Priority 2D: Chronically symptomatic impacted tooth requiring removal or specialty referral. Surgical procedures for the elimination of pathology, or restoration of essential physiologic relationship.

(4) Routine rehabilitative care category: Inmates shall have over 12 months remaining to serve on their sentence within the department, and shall meet oral health self-care requirements. Such inmates shall receive treatment within one year of diagnosis and assignment to Priority 3 care.

(A) Priority 3A: Inmates requiring a maxillary or mandibular partial denture or both due to insufficient number of posterior teeth to masticate a regular diet.

(B) Priority 3B: Carious or fractured dentition requiring restoration with definitive restorative materials or transitional crowns.

(C) Priority 3C: Gingivitis or mild periodontitis requiring routine prophylaxis.

(D) Priority 3D: Definitive root canal treatment for non-vital, single rooted teeth, which are restorable with available restorative materials.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Amendment of subsections (a), (b)(6)–(7), (c) and (d) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment of subsections (a), (b)(6)–(7), (c) and (d) refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).
5. Amendment of subsections and sections (a), (b)(6)–(7), (c) and (d) filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).
7. Amendment of section heading and subsections (a), (b)(6)–(7), (c) and (d) of 10-1-2006 as an emergency; operative 10-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-3-2006 order transmitted to OAL 3-7-2007 and filed 4-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 16).

§ 3354.1 ELECTIVE SURGERY
Repealed.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).
2. Repealer, including relocation of subsection 3354.1(a) to 3350.1(b), filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to
section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Repealer refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).

5. Repealer, including renumbering and amendment of subsections 3354.1(a) to 3350.1(b), filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

3354.2. Inmate Copayment for Health Care Services.

(a) The terms below are defined for the purposes of this section:

1. Inmate-initiated means that the inmate sought health care service through Department staff, or reported to health care staff for consultation and/or treatment without having first been contacted or scheduled by health care staff.

2. Health care services means medical, mental health, dental, pharmaceutical, diagnostic and ancillary services to identify, diagnose, evaluate, and treat a medical, psychiatric, or dental condition.

3. Health care staff means those persons licensed by the state to provide health care services, who are either employed by the Department or are under contract with the Department to provide health care services.

(b) Inmates shall be provided an opportunity to report an illness or any other health problem and receive an evaluation of the condition and medically necessary treatment and follow-up by health care staff.

(c) Inmates shall be charged and inmates shall pay a fee of five dollars ($5.00) for each inmate-initiated health care visit. The fee for this visit shall:

1. Cover the evaluation, assessment, and medically necessary treatment, including follow-up services that relate to the initial condition and which are determined by health care staff to be necessary.

2. Be charged to the trust account of the inmate. When the inmate is without sufficient funds at the time of the charge, and remains without sufficient funds for 30 days after this time, the inmate shall not be charged for any remaining balance of the fee.

3. Be waived for the following:

A. Emergencies: any medical or dental condition for which evaluation and therapy, as determined by health care staff, are immediately necessary to prevent death, severe or permanent disability, or to alleviate or lessen objectively apparent and disabling pain. Signs of objectively apparent and disabling pain may include, but are not limited to, visible injuries, high blood pressure, rapid heart rate, sweating, pallor, involuntary muscle spasms, nausea and vomiting, high fever, and facial swelling. Emergency also includes, as determined by health care staff, necessary crisis intervention for inmates suffering from situational crises or acute episodes of mental illness.

B. Diagnosis and treatment of communicable disease conditions as outlined in Title 17, Chapter 4, Subchapter 1, Section 2500 of the California Code of Regulations, including human immunodeficiency virus and Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome.

C. Diagnosis and necessary mental health treatment for which there is a clinical determination of mental illness.

(D) Follow-up health care services defined as any request or recommendation by a member of the health care staff to provide subsequent health care services.

(E) Health care services necessary to comply with state law and/or regulations that shall include, but not be limited to, annual testing for tuberculosis.

(F) Reception center health screening and evaluation.

(G) Inpatient services, extended care, or skilled nursing services.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 9-21-94 as an emergency; operative 9-21-94 (Register 94, No. 38). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-19-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-21-94 order transmitted to OAL 1-18-95 and filed 2-27-95 (Register 95, No. 9).

3355. Health Care Examinations.

(a) Initial Examination. Every person newly committed or returned to the custody of the Secretary of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be examined by health care staff for contagious diseases, illness, or other health conditions within 24 hours of arrival. In addition, female inmates will also be screened for pregnancy.

(b) Transfers. Inmates received on transfer from other facilities shall be interviewed by health care staff at the receiving facility within 24 hours of arrival. The health record of each new arrival shall be reviewed to determine the need for previously prescribed medications or continuing treatment for unusual or chronic health problems. Sending facility health care staff shall notify the receiving facility and any anticipated layover facilities regarding any inmate’s need, as in the case of diabetics, for maintenance medications while en route and after arrival.

(c) Camp Assignment. Inmates shall be personally screened by a medical officer before receiving medical clearance for assignment to a camp or fire fighting assignment. Such inmate shall be in generally good health and physically capable of strenuous and prolonged heavy labor without danger to the inmate’s health and safety or the safety of others when involved in hazardous work such as forest firefighting. Exceptions: an inmate may be assigned to light duty non-hazardous work in camp if a department physician specifically approves such assignment.

(d) Releases. Each inmate shall be personally screened by health care staff prior to release to parole or discharge from a facility. Staff conducting such screening shall alert the inmate’s parole agent regarding any current health problems and shall provide the inmate with any necessary maintenance medication until the releasee can obtain medication in the community.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

2. Amendment of section heading and subsections (b) and (d) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9).

This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Amendment of section heading and subsections (b) and (d) refiled 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32).

This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-
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(b) Confirmed pregnant inmates, within seven days of arrival at the institution, will be scheduled for an obstetrics (OB) examination by an Obstetrical Physician or Obstetrical Nurse Practitioner (NP) wherein:

1. A term of pregnancy and a plan of care will be determined.
2. Diagnostic studies will be ordered, if needed.
3. Pregnant inmates shall be scheduled OB visits as follows, unless otherwise indicated by the OB physician or NP:
   1) Every 4 weeks in the first trimester up to 24–26 weeks gestation.
   2) Every 3 weeks thereafter up to 30 weeks gestation.
   3) Every 2 weeks thereafter up to 36 weeks gestation.
   4) Weekly after 36 weeks up to delivery.
4. Pregnant inmates housed in a multi-tier housing unit will be issued a CDC Form 7410 (Rev. 08/04), Comprehensive Accommodation Chrono, which is incorporated by reference, for lower bunk and lower tier housing.
5. Pregnant inmates who have used heroin within three days prior to incarceration, either by her own admission or written documentation by a parole agent, or are currently receiving methadone treatment, shall be enrolled in the Methadone Maintenance Program and recommended for immediate transfer to the California Institution for Women.
6. Community treatment programs. Any community treatment program developed for eligible pregnant and/or parenting female inmates in addition to the Family Foundations Program, shall include, but not be limited to:
   1) Prenatal care.
   2) Access to prenatal vitamins.
   3) Childbirth education.
   4) Infant care.
   g) Any inmate who gives birth after her receipt by the Department shall be provided notice of, and a written application for, a community treatment program. At a minimum, the notice shall contain:
      1) Guidelines for qualification.
      2) Timeframe for application.
      3) Process for appealing a denial of admittance.
   h) A pregnant inmate who is not eligible for a community treatment program shall have access to complete prenatal health care, which shall include:
      1) A balanced, nutritious diet per subsection 3050(a).
      2) Prenatal and postpartum information and health care, including, but not limited to, necessary vitamins as prescribed by a doctor.
      3) Information pertaining to childbirth education and infant care.
   4) Dental care pursuant to subsection 3355.1(c).
   i) Each pregnant inmate shall be referred to a Medical Social Worker. The Medical Social Worker shall:
      1) Discuss with the inmate, the options available for the placement and care of the child after delivery.
      2) Assist the pregnant inmate with access to a phone in order to contact relatives regarding newborn placement.
      3) Oversee the placement of the newborn child.
   j) A pregnant inmate may be temporarily taken to a hospital outside the institution for the purposes of childbirth and shall be transported in the least restrictive way pursuant to the rules provided in subsections 3268.2(b) and (d). A pregnant inmate in labor shall be treated as an emergency and shall be transported via ambulance to the outside facility, accompanied by custody staff.
   k) A pregnant inmate may elect to have a support person present during childbirth. The support person may be an approved visitor or the institution’s staff designated to assist with prenatal, labor and postpartum care. The approval for the support person will be made...
by the institution’s Warden or designee. If a pregnant inmate’s request for an elected support person is denied, reason for the denial shall be provided in writing to the inmate within 15 working days of receipt of the request. The written denial must address the safety/security concerns for the inmate, infant, public, and/or staff. Upon receipt of a written denial, the pregnant inmate may then choose the approved institution staff to act as the support person.

(7) Postpartum care. Upon return to the institution, any inmate who delivers a child via C-Section, shall be admitted to the Outpatient Hospital Unit (OHU) or Correctional Treatment Center (CTC). Any inmate who delivers a child vaginally shall be assessed in the Triage and Treatment Area (TTA) to determine the appropriate housing and to initiate postpartum care.

(1) Orders for routine postpartum care shall be initiated by the Registered Nurse (RN) in the TTA, CTC, or OHU.

(2) The Supervising Obstetrician or RN/NP shall:
   (A) Determine when the inmate is cleared for housing in the general population.
   (B) Complete the medical lay-in.
   (C) The inmate shall have a six week postpartum examination. At the examination, the Supervising Obstetrician or RN/NP shall determine whether the inmate may be cleared for full duty or if medical restrictions are still warranted.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-6-2008; operative 4-5-2008 (Register 2008, No. 10).

3356. Health Care Treatment for Parolees.

(a) Community Treatment. Health care for parolees shall normally be provided by private physicians and community medical facilities, as desired by the parolee and at the parolee’s own expense.

(b) Facility Treatment. When a parolee requires medical, surgical, psychiatric, or dental care of an emergency nature and community resources are not available or lack the security required for retention and treatment of the parolee, the district parole administrator or their designee may arrange with the facility chief medical officer or supervising dentist the chief psychiatrist for the parolee’s return to department custody for emergency treatment.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and text filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

2. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a) filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a) filed 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).

5. Amendment of section heading and subsection (a) filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).

7. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

8. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b) filed 8-11-2010 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2010, No. 33).

3357. Inmate Deaths.

(a) The institution head shall maintain a valid service agreement with local mortuaries to provide services such as cremation, transportation, and/or other services related to the disposition of a deceased inmate’s body.

(b) When an inmate’s death occurs away from an institution/facility, the body of the deceased shall, unless the county coroner orders otherwise, be released to a licensed funeral director in the community where the death occurred.

(c) If the deceased is known to have had a communicable disease which presents a threat to the public health and safety, health care staff shall notify the contract mortuary and public agencies as required by California Code of Regulations, Title 17, Section 2500, and Health and Safety Code Sections 1797.188 and 1797.189.

(d) A chaplain of the decedent’s profession shall perform a ceremony in accordance with that faith.

(e) Staff shall review the decedent’s central file and locate the current CDC Form 127 (Rev. 05/00), Notification in Case of Inmate Death, Serious Injury, or Serious Illness to identify the inmate’s next of kin or person(s) to be notified, and to determine the existence of a will.

(f) Staff shall attempt to notify individual(s) listed on the CDC Form 127 as the person(s) to be notified of the death, in person, or, if personal contact is not practical, by telephone. Staff shall send a telegram notification to the next of kin, person(s) to be notified as listed on the CDC Form 127, and/or legally appointed representative, offering consolation, which shall include:
   (1) The name and address of the funeral director to whom the body has been or will be released;
   (2) A request for instructions on disposition of the body at the family’s or designee’s expense, within 48 hours, to preclude disposal by the state; and
   (3) The name and telephone number of a staff member who may be contacted for additional information.

(g) If after 10 days the next of kin or legally appointed representative fails to claim or direct disposition of the decedent’s body, or notifies the department within ten days that he or she does not assume responsibility for burial without expense to the state, the decedent shall be considered unclaimed. If the body is unclaimed, the institution/facility shall make arrangements for use of state materials or services as necessary in accordance with Penal Code section 5061. All money and personal property shall be inventoried and released in accordance with Penal Code 5061, upon direction from the Associate Warden of Business Services or other staff designated by the institution head.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-16-92; operative 8-15-92 (Register 92, No. 29).

2. Amendment of subsections (b), (c), (f) and Note filed 2-17-95 as an emergency; operative 3-1-95 (Register 95, No. 9). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Amendment of subsections (b), (c), (f) and Note filed 8-7-95 as an emergency; operative 8-7-95 (Register 95, No. 32). This regulatory action was deemed an emergency pursuant to section 5058(e) of the Penal Code and remains in effect for 160 days. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-16-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Reinstatement of section as it existed prior to emergency amendment filed 2-17-95 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(f) (Register 96, No. 8).

5. Amendment of subsections (b), (c), (f), and Note filed 2-21-96 as an emergency; operative 2-21-96 (Register 96, No. 8). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-20-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-21-96 order transmitted to OAL 6-18-96 and filed 7-9-96 (Register 96, No. 28).


3358. Artificial Appliances.
(a) Appliance Categories. Appliances include but are not limited to eyeglasses, artificial eyes, dental prosthesis, artificial limbs, orthopedic braces and shoes, and hearing aids. An inmate’s need for such appliance shall be based on medical necessity as described in section 3350(b)(1).

(b) Possession of Appliance. No inmate shall be deprived of a prescribed orthopedic or prosthetic appliance in the inmate’s possession upon arrival into the department’s custody or properly obtained while in the department’s custody unless a department physician or dentist determines the appliance is no longer needed and the inmate’s personal physician, if any, concurs in that opinion.

(c) Purchase of Appliance. Prescribed appliances shall be provided at state expense if an inmate is indigent, otherwise the inmate shall purchase prescribed appliances through the department or a vendor of the inmate’s choice as directed by the chief medical officer or supervising dentist. Departmental dentists shall not order prescribed dental appliances made from precious metal, and departmental dentists or dental laboratories shall not perform repairs to existing dental prosthesis made from precious metal. If an inmate’s existing dental appliance made from precious metal needs repair, the dentist shall offer the inmate the option of having a new prosthesis made. When a prescribed appliance is to be provided the inmate shall sign a CDC Form 193, Trust Account Withdrawal Order (Rev. 1/88), to pay for the materials.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-2-93;operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3359. Donation and Sale of Blood.

Institution heads may permit, subject to acceptance by a blood collection agency, inmates to donate blood for charitable and research purposes or to sell their blood only when needed blood cannot be reasonably and readily obtained from other sources. When a blood sale is authorized, the inmate must receive from the purchaser a payment equal to the current market price for purchases of the same type blood. The facility may impose an additional charge to the purchaser to retrieve the cost of department resources used in drawing the blood. Proceeds of such charges shall be deposited in the inmate welfare fund.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-2-93; operative 8-2-93 (Register 93, No. 27).

3359.1. Medical Parole General Policy.
(a) Pursuant to Penal Code section 3550, an inmate who is found to be permanently medically incapacitated, as defined in (a)(1) below, with a medical condition that renders him or her permanently unable to perform the activities of daily living and results in the inmate requiring 24-hour care, shall be referred to the Board of Parole Hearings, within 30 working days of the Chief Medical Officer or Chief Medical Executive determination, if all of the following conditions exist:

(1) The inmate is permanently medically incapacitated with a medical condition that renders him or her permanently unable to perform activities of basic daily living and results in the inmate requiring 24-hour care. Activities of basic daily living are breathing, eating, bathing, dressing, transferring, elimination, arm use, or physical ambulation.

(2) The medical/physical limitations documented in subsection (a)(1) above did not exist at the time the inmate was sentenced to the current incarceration.

(3) The inmate is not serving a life sentence without the possibility of parole.

(4) The inmate is not sentenced to death.

(b) A request for an inmate to be considered for medical parole may be initiated by any of the following:

(1) The inmate’s primary care physician.

(2) The inmate’s immediate family member, as defined in section 3000.

(3) An attorney or other individual appropriately authorized to initiate such actions on behalf of the inmate.

(4) The inmate.

(c) Requests from individuals described in subsection (b)(2)–(4) above shall not be considered if the inmate’s primary care phy-
sician has previously reviewed an inmate’s eligibility for medical parole within the last 90 days.

(d) The inmate shall be granted medical parole if the Board of Parole Hearings determines the conditions under which the inmate would be released would not reasonably pose a threat to public safety.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the follow-
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order, including amend-
3.ment of subsection (b)(3), new subsection (b)(4) and amendment of subsection (c), transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

(a) The inmate’s primary care physician shall refer the inmate for medical parole to the Chief Medical Officer (CMO) or Chief Medical Executive (CME) of the institution where the inmate is housed, utilizing the CDCR Form 7478 (12/10), Medical Parole Form, which is incorporated by reference, along with any other documentation the inmate’s primary care physician or designee considers useful in determining the inmate’s eligibility for medical parole. The inmate’s primary care physician or designee shall also ensure the CDCR Form 7385-MP (03/11), Medical Parole Authorization for Release of Information, which is incorporated by reference, is completed and signed by the inmate or inmate’s designee.
(b) The CMO or CME shall review the CDCR Form 7478 and any other documentation submitted by the inmate’s primary care physician, and make a determination as to the inmate’s eligibility for medical parole based on the inmate’s medical case factors as described in subsections 3359.1(a)(1)–(2).
(1) If the CMO or CME does not concur with the primary care physician’s recommendation, he or she shall note on the CDCR Form 7478 the reason for the denial, and will sign and return the CDCR Form 7478 to the primary care physician, within three working days. The CMO or CME, or designee, shall notify the inmate and/or the inmate’s designee of the reason for denial in writing within 30 working days.
(2) If the CMO or CME concurs with the primary care physician’s recommendation, he or she shall sign and forward the CDCR Form 7478 and any supporting documentation to the institution’s Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR), within three working days.
(c) Upon receipt of the CDCR Form 7478, the C&PR shall review the inmate’s Central File to determine the inmate’s statutory eligibility for medical parole as described in subsections 3359.1(a)(3)–(4).
(1) If the inmate does not meet the statutory requirements, the C&PR shall note the reason for denial on the CDCR Form 7478 and shall sign and return the form to the CMO or CME within three working days. The CMO or CME, or designee, shall notify the inmate and/or the inmate’s designee of the reason for denial in writing within 30 working days.
(2) If the inmate meets the statutory requirements, the C&PR shall complete and sign the CDCR Form 7478 and return the form to the CMO or CME, and attach the information outlined in subsections 3359.2 (d)(10)–(15), within three working days, and shall request that the inmate’s caseworker prepare an evaluation report.
(d) The inmate’s caseworker shall complete the evaluation report and submit it to the C&PR within five working days, including the following information and attachments:
(1) Inmate’s name and CDC number.
(2) Current commitment offense, brief description of crime, and sentence.
(3) County of commitment and County of Last Legal Residence.
(4) Prior juvenile and adult criminal history (include all arrests and convictions).
(5) Active or potential holds, warrants, and detainers.
(6) Institutional adjustment including, rule violation reports, counseling chronos, pending disciplinary actions, gang/disruptive group information, placement score, current housing assignment, work/education assignments, participation in self-help activities, and other information deemed pertinent to the inmate’s case factors.
(7) Mental health and/or developmental disability status/ information.
(8) California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) Score, as described in section 3768.1, if available.
(9) Any victim(s)/victim(s) next of kin notifications.
(10) Abstract of Judgment for the inmate’s current commitment offense.
(11) Probation Officer’s Report for the inmate’s current commitment offense.
(12) Legal Status Summary.
(13) Institutional Staff Recommendation Summary.
(14) Criminal Identification and Information Number issued by the California Department of Justice, Bureau of Identification.
(15) Most recent CDC Form 128-G (Rev. 10/89), Classification Chrono, with the inmate’s full case factors.
(e) The C&PR shall review the evaluation report and attachments and forward the package to the Warden or Chief Deputy Warden, within three working days.
(f) The Warden or Chief Deputy Warden shall review, sign, and forward the original evaluation report and attachments to the Classification Services Unit, within three working days.
(g) Upon receipt of the original CDCR Form 7478 as noted in subsection 3359.2(c)(2), and the information outlined in subsections 3359.2(d)(10)–(15), the CMO or CME shall forward the documents, along with the completed CDCR Form 7385-MP to the designated California Prison Health Care Services office, who shall identify suitable placement for the inmate, document the placement plan information on the CDCR Form 7478, and forward all the documents referenced in this subsection to the appropriate Division of Adult Parole Operations (DAPO) Re-entry Unit, within eight working days.
(h) DAPO Re-Entry Unit staff shall forward the CDCR Form 7478, CDCR Form 7385-MP, and attachments to the appropriate parole unit, where the assigned parole agent shall review the recommended placement plan. Within eight working days, the parole agent shall document his/her assessment of the placement plan on the CDCR Form 7478 and forward a copy to the designated California Prison Health Care Services staff, along with a copy of the CDCR Form 1515-MP (02/11), Conditions of Medical Parole, which is incorporated by reference, noting approval or disapproval of the proposed placement and any conditions of medical parole. The assigned parole agent shall also forward the original CDCR Form 7478, CDCR Form 7385-MP, and CDCR Form 1515-MP to the Classification Services Unit.
(1) If the identified placement plan is not approved, the parole agent shall document the reason for the disapproval on the CDCR Form 7478 and return the original form to the California Prison Health Care Services office, for consideration of an alternative placement.
(i) The Classification Services Unit shall review the CDCR Form 7478, CDCR Form 7385-MP, evaluation report, and CDCR Form 1515-MP, for completeness, and forward to the Board of Parole Hearings within three working days, after receiving the entire packet.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

3359.3. Pre-Release Process.
(a) Upon the Board of Parole Hearings’ approval of medical parole, the Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) shall be notified to ensure a medical parole packet is processed, and required Penal Code notifications are completed. The C&PR shall forward the packet to the parole unit that will supervise the medical parolee, within five working days.
(b) If the inmate is already housed in the community, the parole agent of record shall collaborate with the institution to complete parole release documents.
(c) The assigned parole agent shall contact the local law enforcement agency to notice the agency of any required Penal Code registration(s).
(d) The inmate’s Central File shall be forwarded to the institution designated by the Director, Division of Adult Institutions, with oversight of the medical parolee.
(e) Release allowances, as defined in subsection 3075.2(d), will not be issued to inmates on medical parole until the inmate transitions to parole pursuant to PC Section 3000.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

3359.4. Classification, Case Records, and Life Prisoner Processes.
(a) While on medical parole, the offender’s classification processes, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Division 3, shall be suspended.
(b) Inmates sentenced to an indeterminate prison term shall continue to have life parole consideration hearings. The institution designated by the Director, Division of Adult Institutions will be responsible for processes related to life prisoner parole consideration hearings.
(c) Case Records functions of inmates on medical parole shall be managed by an institution designated by the Director, Division of Adult Institutions.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

3359.5. Medical Parole Supervision.
(a) Pursuant to the provisions of section 3504, the assigned parole agent shall conduct a face to face contact with the inmate at the placement location and conduct an initial interview, if possible, to include the following:
(1) Digital photograph.
(2) CDCR Form 1650-MP (02/11), Medical Parole Initial Interview/Contact, which is incorporated by reference.
(b) Inmates released on medical parole shall have general and/or special conditions of medical parole documented on the CDCR Form 1515-MP (02/11), Conditions of Medical Parole. These conditions shall remain in effect from the date of release to medical parole until transition to parole pursuant to Penal Code section 3000.
(1) In the event the medical parolee does not comprehend, or is otherwise not capable of signing the CDCR Form 1515-MP, the conditions of medical parole will be imposed.
(2) In the event the inmate refuses to sign the conditions of medical parole, the case will be referred to the Board of Parole Hearings.
(3) Inmates released to medical parole, who are required to register pursuant to Penal Code section 290, are not required to submit to continuous electronic monitoring, pursuant to Penal Code section 3010, until the medical parolee commences serving the period of parole provided by, and under the provisions of, Penal Code section 3000. However, electronic monitoring may be added as a condition of medical parole, pursuant to Penal Code section 3550(h).
(4) When a special condition of medical parole is imposed by the Division of Adult Parole Operations and no longer applies to the medical parolee, a parole unit supervisor or higher-level staff person may remove or modify the special condition of medical parole.
(5) When a special condition of medical parole is imposed by the Board of Parole Hearings, only the Board of Parole Hearings may remove or modify the special condition of medical parole.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

3359.6. Removal from Medical Parole.
(a) The inmate’s treating physician, any other physician selected by the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH), or the parole agent may make a recommendation to BPH to return a medical parolee to the custody of the Division of Adult Institutions (DAI) under the following circumstances:
(1) The inmate’s treating physician or physician selected by BPH has conducted a medical examination of the medical parolee and has made a determination that his or her condition has im-
proved to the extent that the medical parolee no longer qualifies for medical parole.

(2) The parole agent has made a determination that the medical parolee is a threat to himself or herself, another person, or to public safety, or there has been a significant change in his or her conditions of release.

(b) The parole agent shall contact the Director, Division of Adult Parole Operations, or designee, and request that the medical parolee be placed on suspended medical parole status, pending review by BPH to return the medical parolee to the custody of DAI or placement at an alternative location.

(c) The parole agent of record shall submit a CDCR Form 2219-MP (02/11) Medical Parole Status Change, which is incorporated by reference, to the Chief Deputy Commissioner, BPH, with a recommendation for removal from medical parole or placement at an alternative location.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-2011 order transmitted to OAL 10-5-2011 and filed 11-10-2011 (Register 2011, No. 45).

3359.7 Non-Citizen Inmates. [Repealed]


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-29-2011 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 4-29-2011 (Register 2011, No. 17). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(1), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Repealed by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(g) (Register 2011, No. 45).

Article 9 Mental Health Services

3360. Availability of Mental Health Services.

(a) The department will provide a broad range of mental health services to inmates and parolees by assessing the needs of its population and developing specialized programs of mental health care, to the extent resources are available for this purpose. Necessary and appropriate mental health services will be provided to inmates and parolees, and adequate staff and facilities will be maintained for the delivery of such services.

(b) When an inmate is found to require mental health care not available within these resources, but which is available in the Department of Mental Health, the case will be referred to the director for consideration of temporary transfer to that department pursuant to Penal Code section 2684.

(c) Recognizing that many parolees have unique treatment needs not readily met by community mental health programs, and that the promptness and appropriateness of those needs affect public safety, the department provides outpatient clinics for parolees. These clinics are conducted in widely distributed locations throughout the state at times and places such that they are available to parolees, and that they shall maintain close working relationships with parole supervisors, paroling authorities, and the community in which the parolee resides.
3362. Availability of Treatment.

All persons committed to the department shall be informed that mental health services are available to them. They shall be informed that, upon their request, an evaluative interview will be provided within a reasonable period of time by a licensed practitioner, or a specially trained counselor supervised by a licensed practitioner. Upon request, they will be provided with information as to what specialized treatment programs may be available in the department and how such treatment may be obtained.


3363. Right to Refuse Treatment.

Inmates/Parolees shall be informed any time they are the object of particular mental health diagnosis or treatment procedures. Such persons shall have the right to refuse assignment to such a program of diagnosis or treatment without being subject to discipline or other deprivation, except as indicated in the following:

(a) When mental health evaluation is required by law or ordered by a court.

(b) When an inmate is placed in a mental health program for diagnostic study by the action of a classification committee, which acted upon documented information or observations that gave reasonable cause to believe the inmate was suffering from a mental illness which poses a danger to self or others, or is gravely disabled. A physician or other licensed practitioner may act in an emergency situation to place an inmate in psychiatric segregation under observation and treatment for a period of up to five working days pending classification action, providing the reasons for this action are documented.

(c) When diagnostic study has led to a diagnosis of existing or recurrent mental illness, which renders the inmate dangerous to self or others, or gravely disabled.

(d) If there is a special condition of parole requiring attendance at a parole outpatient clinic, interviews may be imposed upon the parolee. However, no medication will be administered by these clinics without the specific informed consent of the patient.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of first paragraph and subsections (b) and (c) filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-3-95 order transmitted to OAL 6-12-95 and filed 7-25-95 (Register 95, No. 30).

3364. Involuntary Medication.

(a) If medication used in the treatment of mental disease, disorder or defect is administered in an emergency, as that term is defined in section 3351, such medication shall only be that which is required to treat the emergency condition and shall be provided in ways that are least restrictive of the personal liberty of the inmate. If it is determined that further administration of such medication involuntarily is necessary for a period of longer than 72 hours, the following provisions shall be followed:

(1) The administration of involuntary medication to inmates in excess of three days shall be in compliance with those procedures required in Keyhea v. Rushen, supra, except as indicated in the following:

(2) The administration of involuntary medication to inmates in excess of ten days shall be in compliance with those procedures required in Keyhea v. Rushen, supra.

(3) The administration of involuntary medication to inmates in excess of 24 days shall be in compliance with those procedures required in Keyhea v. Rushen, supra. The judicial hearing for the authorization for the involuntary administration of psychotropic medication provided for in part III of Keyhea v. Rushen, supra, shall be conducted by an administrative law judge. The hearing may, at the direction of the director, be conducted at the facility where the inmate is located.

(b) Involuntary antipsychotic medication shall not normally be administered to an inmate in his or her housing unit. An inmate shall normally be transferred to the hospital, clinic, emergency room or infirmary room at the institution prior to the administration of the medication. If a psychiatrist determines that the prior transfer of the inmate to such a setting would pose a greater risk to the inmate and staff than the risk involved to the inmate in receiving the medication in a non-medical setting, the involuntary medication may be administered in the inmate’s cell, provided that:

(1) Medical staff shall alert security staff, orally and in writing, of the fact that such medication has been administered, of the date and time of administration, of possible side-effects, if any, which could develop, and shall provide security staff with instructions for contacting medical staff immediately upon the development of any such side effects. On-call medical staff shall make periodic observations of the inmate and shall respond to any emergency request for medical aid.

(2) In all cases where it is both feasible and medically desirable, a fast-acting medication shall be utilized to facilitate the inmate’s rapid transfer to a medical setting.

(3) The inmate shall be considered for transfer from his or her cell to a medical setting at least once a day after the injection by a staff psychiatrist, or if a psychiatrist is not available by a staff physician, for the effective duration of the medication. The staff psychiatrist or physician shall note his or her observations and decision in writing. The inmate shall be transferred to a medical setting no later than 72 hours after the injection if the effective duration of the drug administered exceeds that time period.

(c) Each institution’s chief psychiatrist, or in his or her absence, chief medical officer, shall ensure that a log is maintained in which is recorded each occasion of involuntary treatment of any inmate. The log entries shall identify the inmate by name and number, and shall include the name of the ordering physician, the reason for medication, and the time and date of medication. In institutions with a designated psychiatric treatment unit, a separate log shall be maintained for recording involuntary treatment and medication administered to inmates in that unit. The log shall be reviewed by the institution’s chief psychiatrist, or in his or her absence, the chief medical officer, at least monthly. Such logs shall be made available for review by the departmental medical director upon request.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 8-4-86; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 86, No. 32).
2. Repealer and new subsection (a), new subsections (a)(1)–(3), amendment of subsection (b), repealer of subsections (c)–(e), subsection relettering, and amendment of newly designated subsection (c) and Note filed 1-3-95 as an emergency; operative 1-3-95 (Register 95, No. 1). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to
3365. Suicide Prevention and Response.
(a) Each institution head shall ensure that all employees whose assignments routinely involve inmate contact are trained to recognize signs and symptoms associated with suicide risk, the appropriate procedures for staff intervention, and the appropriate procedures to be followed in response to emergency situations resulting from self-injurious or suicidal actions. This training shall be conducted as in-service training, in compliance with Section 3435.
(b) Each institution head shall implement a Suicide Prevention Program for inmates who display self-injurious or suicidal behavior or symptoms. These programs shall include the following components:
(1) Suicide Watch. When medical staff determine that an inmate is actively suicidal, a licensed physician or psychologist shall order placement of the inmate on suicide watch in a General Acute Care Hospital (GACH), Correctional Treatment Center (CTC), Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF), Outpatient Housing Unit (OHU), or other appropriate health care facility, for continual observation.
(2) Suicide Precaution. When medical staff determine that an inmate is at high risk of attempting self-injurious behavior, a licensed physician or psychologist shall order placement of the inmate on suicide precaution in a GACH, CTC, SNF, OHU, or other appropriate health care facility, for periodic monitoring.
(3) Follow-up Treatment. Discharge from suicide watch or suicide precaution shall occur when an interdisciplinary team of clinicians determines that the inmate no longer presents a suicide risk. A written treatment plan and follow-up outpatient treatment shall be provided by a mental health clinician.
(c) When a suicide attempt is discovered in progress, medical assistance shall be summoned immediately to provide emergency medical care. Security and safety procedures shall be followed, including the use of required equipment and procedures to deal with bodily fluids. A cut-down kit shall be immediately accessible on each unit and shall be used by staff in case of an attempted suicide by hanging. All subsequent activities and procedures shall comply with local institutional emergency plans, as developed in compliance with Section 3301.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-22-99 as an emergency; operative 6-22-99 (Register 99, No. 26). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-29-99 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day. For prior history, see Register 95, No. 30.
2. Repealed by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(g) (Register 2000, No. 3).
3. New section filed 1-18-2000 as an emergency; operative 1-18-2000 (Register 2000, No. 3). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-26-2000 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-18-2000 order, including amendment of subsections (b)(1) and (b)(3), transmitted to OAL 3-3-2000 and filed 4-10-2000 (Register 2000, No. 15).

3366. Mental Health Advisory Board.
Repealed.

3367. Psychosurgery.
Psychosurgery, including lobotomy, stereotacitic surgery, chemical or other destruction of brain tissue, or implantation of electrodes into brain tissue, is not and will not be performed on persons committed to or in the custody of the Department of Corrections.

3368. Aversive Therapy.
The use of any drug, electronic stimulation of the brain, or infliction of physical pain when used as an aversive or reinforcing stimulus in a program of aversive, classical or operant conditioning is not and will not be performed on persons committed to or in the custody of the Director of Corrections. Nothing in this section prohibits the administration of drugs intended to cause negative physical reactions to the ingestion of alcohol or drugs unless part of a program of aversive conditioning.

3369. Shock Therapy.
(a) Shock therapy is the only form of organic therapy, as defined by law, which may be used in the treatment of persons committed to the custody of the Director of Corrections. No inmate who is competent and capable of giving informed consent will be administered any form of shock therapy without having given his or her consent. Prior authorization of a superior court is also required before shock therapy may be administered for any treatment purpose other than as an emergency lifesaving measure.
(1) Shock therapy as a lifesaving emergency medical measure may be administered to an inmate who is competent and capable of giving informed consent and who has given consent, or an inmate who is incompetent and incapable of giving informed consent, without prior court authorization. However, all pertinent clinical data relating to the nature of the emergency and the treatment given will be presented to the court for review within 10 days of the first instance of emergency shock treatment.
(2) When an inmate is competent and capable of giving informed consent and has done so, and the court has authorized such treatment, shock therapy may be administered in a non-emergency course of treatment. No form of shock therapy may exceed three months of continuous treatment nor more than three months in any 12-month period.
(b) Informed Consent. The term, “Informed Consent,” means that a person must knowingly and intelligently, without duress or coercion, and clearly and explicitly consent to the proposed shock therapy. The inmate’s consent must be given in writing and in the presence of the attending physician. It must be preserved and be available to the inmate, the inmate’s attorney, guardian, or conservator.
(c) Determining Need. If the attending physician determines that shock therapy is required for the health and safety of the inmate, permission may be requested of the warden or superintendent to administer the therapy.
(1) The warden or superintendent will appoint a committee of physicians, two of whom are board certified or eligible for board certification in psychiatry or neurosurgery, to review the inmate’s treatment record and the determination of the attending physician. At least one of the attending physicians must not be a full-time employee of the department.
(2) Before shock treatment may be administered, this committee must unanimously agree with the attending physician’s determi-
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Inmate/Parolee Placements in Department of Mental Health Hospitals.

(a) Inmates considered for placement in a Department of Mental Health hospital pursuant to Penal Code section 2684 shall be informed of their rights to a hearing on the placement and to waive such a hearing. Except as provided in (b) below, inmates who do not waive their right to the hearing shall be provided the following:

(1) A written notice of the placement hearing at least 72 hours prior to the hearing.

(2) An independent and qualified staff member to assist the inmate with their preparation for the hearing. Any costs or expenses incurred related to independent assistance obtained by the inmate on their own shall be the sole responsibility of the inmate.

(3) An opportunity to present documentary evidence and the oral or written testimony of witnesses, and to refute evidence and cross-examine witnesses unless the hearing officer indicates a good cause for prohibiting such evidence or witnesses.

(4) A hearing officer who shall be the institution head or a designee, which shall be a correctional administrator, physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist who is not involved with treating the inmate.

(5) A copy of the written decision within 72 hours after the hearing, which shall include the reason for the decision and the evidence, relied upon in making the decision.

(b) Inmates and parolees who require emergency psychiatric hospitalization shall be entitled to a certification review hearing pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 5256 at the Department of Mental Health hospital in lieu of the above hearing and waiver requirements.

(c) Inmates and parolees housed in Department of Mental Health hospitals remain under the jurisdiction of the department and shall not be permitted to leave the hospital grounds without the specific authorization of the director.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 7-22-93; operative 8-23-93 (Register 93, No. 30).

Article 9.1. Research of Inmates/Parolees

3369.5. Research.

(a) No research shall be conducted on inmates/parolees without approval of the research advisory committee established to oversee research activities within the department. Members of the research advisory committee shall be named by the Secretary, and may include departmental staff and nondepartmental persons who are community academic representatives engaged in criminal justice research.

(b) No research project shall be considered without submission of a research proposal that shall contain the following:

(1) A statement of the objectives of the study.

(2) The specific values of the project.

(3) A description of the research methods to be used.

(4) A description of the measuring devices to be used, or if they are to be developed as part of the project, a statement of their intended use and reason.

(5) The name of the facility or office where the data will be collected.

(6) The names and titles of personnel involved and their responsibilities in the project.

(7) An estimate of departmental staff time needed for the project.

(8) Starting and ending dates of the research.

(9) Any additional costs to the state.

(10) An estimate of the inmate/parolee subjects’ time needed for the project and a plan for the compensation of the inmates/parolees.

(11) The source of funding.

(12) A copy of the informed consent form to be used in the project which meets the requirements of Penal Code section 3521.

(13) A current resume for each professional staff member of the project.
(14) The full name, date of birth, and social security number of all project staff members who will enter an institution or other departmental facility to carry out the project.

(15) A certification of privacy signed by the project’s principal investigator which outlines the procedure for protecting exempt personal information and certifies that the protective procedures shall be followed.

(16) If student research is involved, a letter from the student’s faculty advisor stating that the student will be working under their supervision and the project is approved by their college/university.

(17) If the proposal was previously reviewed by a committee of another agency or organization, a copy of the record of that committee’s approval.

(c) A nondepartmental person, agency or organization applying to conduct research within the department shall submit to the committee for approval a signed agreement to adhere to all departmental requirements.

(d) Any person, agency or organization conducting research shall, as requested by the department’s chief of research or designee, submit progress reports on their projects.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding new article 9.1 (section 3369.5) and renumbering former section 3439 to new section 3369.5 filed 8-1-96 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 96, No. 31).
2. Amendment of subsection (a), including incorporation of portion of former subsection (a)(5) and repealer of subsections (a)(1)-(5) filed 7-3-2001; operative 8-2-2001 (Register 2001, No. 27)
3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

Article 9.5. Case Records


(a) Unit health records means a patient’s health record that includes all records of care and treatment rendered to an inmate-patient.

(b) Except by means of a valid authorization, subpoena, or court order, no inmate or parolee shall have access to another's case records file, unit health records, or component thereof.

(c) Inmates or parolees may review their own case records file and unit health records, subject to applicable federal and state law. This review shall be conducted in the presence of staff, and may necessitate the use of a computer.

(d) No inmate or parolee shall access information designated confidential pursuant to section 3321 which is in or from their own case records file.

(e) No case records file, unit health records, or component thereof shall be released to any agency or person outside the department, except for private attorneys hired to represent the department, the office of the attorney general, the Board of Parole Hearings, the Inspector General, and as provided by applicable federal and state law. Any outside person or entity that receives case records files or unit health records is subject to all legal and departmental standards for the integrity and confidentiality of those documents.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL 4-15-92 and filed 5-27-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. New subsection (b) and subsection relettering filed 3-24-99; operative 4-23-99 (Register 99, No. 13).
4. Amendment of section heading, section and Note filed 1-19-2006; operative 2-18-2006 (Register 2006, No. 3).
5. Amendment of subsection (e) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

3370.5. Detainers.

(a) When a detainer is received by the department, the inmate shall be provided a copy of the detainer and written notification concerning any options available to the inmate.

(b) An inmate may request resolution of a detainer case by completing the indicated form below and forwarding it to the case records office where the necessary documents shall be prepared for the inmate’s signature and mailing.

(1) CDC Form 643 (Rev. 4/88), Inmate Notice and Demand for Trial to District Attorney, shall be completed to request disposition of untried charges in California.

(2) CDC Form 616 (Rev. 4/91), Request for Disposition of Probation (PC 1203.2a), shall be completed to request disposition of probation.

(c) If an inmate is not brought to trial within 90 days after the district attorney acknowledged receipt of CDC Form 643, case records staff shall complete and file with the court having jurisdiction of the matter the motion and order to request dismissal of the matter.

(d) When a district attorney requests custody of an inmate pursuant to PC section 1389 the inmate shall be provided a copy of the explanation of rights under Article IV of the Interstate Agreement on Detainers.

(e) When a request is received for an inmate to appear for sentencing on an out-of-state or federal conviction, the inmate shall be provided notification of their rights with CDC Form 1673 (Rev. 12/86), Agreement on Detainer—Right to Request Sentencing. An inmate’s demand for sentencing in absentia shall be executed on CDC Form 1674 (Rev. 12/86), Agreement on Detainer—Notice of Place of Imprisonment.

(f) Each out-of-state agency which has filed a detainer against an inmate shall be notified no later than 60 days before the inmate’s pending parole or discharge. Each in-state agency which has filed a detainer against an inmate shall be notified no later than 10 days before the inmate’s pending parole or discharge.

(g) The inmate shall be released to the agency, which first placed a detainer, unless a later detainer is based upon an adjudicated prison sentence in which case the inmate shall be offered to the agency holding the prison sentence detainer. In either case, the other agencies shall be notified which agency assumed custody of the inmate.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-19-91 as an emergency; operative 12-19-91 (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 4-17-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-19-91 order including amendment of subsection (f) transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed 5-28-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
§ 3371.1   DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION   TITLE 15

3371.1.   Computation of Time and Preprison Credit.

(a) The method of computing time and applying credit to an
inmate’s term is governed by the laws applicable on the date the
inmate’s crime is committed.

(b) Credit towards an inmate’s term shall be administratively applied
if the credits are not reflected on legal documents for:
(1) Time spent under an indeterminate sentence as a mentally
ordered offender pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 1600.5.
(2) A commitment received on or after September 15, 1965
where the inmate spent time for diagnostic observation pursuant to
PC section 1203.03.
(3) Time spent for a Welfare and Institutions Code (W&IC) section
3200 commitment.
(4) Time spent in the California Youth Authority on the same
offense for which they were committed to the department pursuant to
W&IC section 1782.
(c) If upon application of preprison credit the inmate is overdue
for release, they shall be released within five working days.
(d) Only the following credit issues shall be referred by the
department to the sentencing court:
(1) Any case where credit was granted for time served for an
in-prison offense, a crime committed while the inmate was on escape
status, or where an inmate’s consecutive sentence was stayed after
their received date and included credit for that time served.
(2) When an inmate’s case was resentenced and the court credited
the inmate with time being served in the department.
(3) When an inmate’s probation is revoked and the inmate is
granted more than 60 days custody credit, which is also being credited by the department.
(4) Cases where legal documents reflect any conflict in credit.
(5) Cases where the court granted Penal Code section 4019 credit
at the rate of day-for-day.
(e) Any preprison credit towards an indeterminate sentence shall
be applied within one week after the inmate’s parole date or term is
established or fixed by the Board of Prison Terms.
(f) No preprison credit shall be applied towards time assessed
for prior indeterminate sentence terms.
(g) The inmate’s received date is counted as a full day regardless
of the actual time of day received; for each day thereafter, they shall
serve the full 24-hour period to receive credit.
(h) An inmate who has been convicted of a felony, and sentenced
under Penal Code section 667(b) through (i), or Penal Code Section
1170.12, with one or more prior felony convictions, as defined in
Penal Code section 667.5(c) and/or 1192.7(c), shall not be awarded
behavior and/or work credits in an amount that exceeds one-fifth
of the total term of imprisonment imposed. The limitation on the
inmate’s credit accrual shall commence on the received date, as
defined in section 3000 even if the inmate’s sentence has been
modified as the result of a striken prior felony conviction under
Penal Code section 1385. There will be a maximum credit accrual
rate of 20% so long as the trial court continues to use at least one
prior felony conviction, as defined in PC section 667.5(c) and/or
1192.7(c), for the purposes of determining the term of imprisonment
upon resentencing.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058, and 2930–2935, et seq., Penal
Code. Reference: Sections 667, 667.5, 1168, 1170, 1170.12, 1192.7,
1203, 2900.1, 2900.5 and 5054, Penal Code; and Section 1782, Welfare
and Institutions Code; and People v. Caceres (1997) 52 Cal.App. 4th
106, 60 Cal. Rptr. 2d 415, People v. Buchalter (2001) 26 Cal. 4th 994A,
108 Cal. Rptr. 2d 625, and People v. Superior Court (Romero) (1996)
13 Cal. 4th 497, 53 Cal. Rptr. 2d 789.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91
   (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmit-
ted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by
operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order including amend-
ment of subsection (d)(1) transmitted to OAL 4-20-92 and filed
6-2-92 (Register 92, No. 24).
3. New subsection (h) and amendment of Note filed 12-10-2002; op-

3371.2.   Credits for Escapee or Parole Violator.

(a) An escapee or parole violator shall receive credit on their
sentence for time in another jurisdiction’s custody when they are
held on “our hold only” and are available for return to the depart-
ment’s custody. No credit shall be applied for the time they are held
on “our hold only” and are resisting extradition.
(b) An escapee or parole violator in local confinement is avail-
able except when serving a sentence in lieu of a fine or a sentence
expressly ordered to run consecutively to their existing prison term.
(c) An escapee or parole violator in local confinement is avail-
able on the date our hold was placed or, if declared at-large and
parole was suspended, the date of their arrest.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
2900 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-20-91 as an emergency; operative 12-20-91
   (Register 92, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmit-
   ted to OAL 4-20-92 or emergency language will be repealed by
   operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 12-20-91 order transmitted to OAL
   4-20-92 and filed 6-2-92 (Register 92, No. 24).

Article 10. Classification

3375.   Classification Process.

(a) The classification process shall be uniformly applied, com-
mencing upon reception of a person committed to the custody of the
secretary and shall continue throughout the time the individual remains
under the secretary’s jurisdiction. Each inmate shall be individually classified in accordance with this article. Senate Bill
618 Participants, as defined in section 3000 and pursuant to subsec-
tion 3077.1(a)(1)(C), shall receive a preliminary classification at a
county facility prior to reception at a departmental institution.
(b) The classification process shall take into consideration the
inmate’s needs, interests and desires, his/her behavior and place-
score in keeping with the department and institution’s facility’s program and security missions and public safety.
(c) Each determination affecting an inmate’s placement within
a institution/facility, transfer between facilities, program participa-
tion, privilege groups, or custody designation shall be made by a
classification committee composed of staff knowledgeable in the
classification process.
(d) The classification of felon inmates shall include the classi-
fication score system as established. A lower placement score
indicates lesser security control needs and a higher placement score
indicates greater security control needs.
(e) When possible, the inmate shall be given sufficient advance
written notice of any classification committee hearing to provide
the inmate reasonable preparation time to discuss the matter to be
considered. An inmate appearing before a classification commit-
tee shall be informed of the inmate’s next classification committee
hearing date when it is known or can be anticipated.
(f) The classification of inmates shall provide the following pro-
cedural safeguards:
(1) Inmates shall be given written notice at least 72 hours in ad-
    vance of a hearing which could result in an adverse effect. Adverse
    effect is defined as:
(A) Involuntary transfer to a higher security level institution/facility, which is not consistent with the inmate’s placement score.

(B) Increase in the inmate’s custody designation.

(C) Involuntary placement in segregated housing.

(D) Involuntary removal from an assigned program.

(E) Placement in a reduced work group.

(F) Involuntary transfer to another institution/facility because of the inmate’s misbehavior or receipt of new information that may affect staff, inmates, the public, or the safety and security of the institution/facility, whether or not his/her placement score is consistent with the receiving institution’s/facility’s security level.

(G) Transfer of an inmate to a more restrictive institution or program where the security level is higher.

(2) Except as provided in subsection 3375(f)(3), the inmate shall be present at all initial classification committee hearings and at any other classification committee hearing which could result in an adverse effect upon the inmate.

(3) An in absentia (without inmate’s presence) classification hearing may be held only when:

(A) The inmate refuses to appear before the committee.

(B) The inmate is physically incapable of appearing before the committee, or is determined by a psychiatrist to be mentally incompetent and cannot understand the purpose of the hearing.

(C) The purpose of the hearing is to:

1. Improve the inmate’s conditions of confinement by reducing or removing a previously imposed restriction.
2. Approve an action requested in writing by the inmate.
3. Determine the need for scheduling, or to schedule, a future classification committee action.

(4) If the inmate was not previously notified and during the classification committee hearing an unanticipated adverse effect emerges, the hearing shall be postponed for at least 72 hours and the inmate shall be referred to the inmate’s counselor for assistance when the inmate is illiterate, or the issues are complex unless:

(A) The hearing cannot be postponed because of safety or security factors.

(B) The inmate waives the 72-hour postponement.

(5) The inmate shall be permitted to contest the preliminary score or placement score in the hearing.

(6) Each inmate appearing before a classification committee shall be:

(A) Introduced to the committee members.

(B) Informed of the purpose of the hearing.

(C) Encouraged to participate in the hearing discussion.

(D) Informed of the committee’s decision.

(7) Classification committee decisions shall be based on evaluation of available information and mutual agreement of the committee members.

(g) Every decision of a classification committee shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-G, Classification Chrono.

(1) All classification committee’s documentation shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(A) The reason or purpose for the committee hearing.

(B) The action taken.

(C) The specific reasons for the action including the information upon which the decision was based.

(D) The inmate’s stated preferred action, the reasons for the preference, and his/her agreement or disagreement with the committee action.

(E) If applicable, the use of any reasonable accommodation to ensure effective communication.

(F) If during the committee discussion, a member of the committee disagrees with a decision or the basis for a decision reached by the committee, he or she may provide language to the recorder to document his or her opinion for inclusion in the CDC Form 128-G.

(G) The reason(s) for the omission of any of the classification procedural safeguards identified in subsection 3375(f).

(H) If an in absentia hearing is held, reason(s) for the inmate being absent.

(I) The name, title, and signature of the committee’s chairperson.

(J) The names and titles of staff who participated in the decision.

(K) The name, title, and signature of the committee’s recorder.

(L) The date of the action.

(2) In addition to the preceding, documentation for transfer reviews shall also include the following:

(A) The inmate’s requested transfer preference(s) and stated reason(s) for preferring that location.

(B) The institution to which the committee recommends transfer with an alternate recommendation, if different from those requested by the inmate, and the specific reasons for both recommendations.

(C) A statement of the inmate’s work group upon transfer based on adverse on non-adverse transfer circumstances.

(3) When the inmate is treated under the mental health services delivery system (MHSDS) and is at the enhanced outpatient program (EOP) or the mental health crises bed (MHCB) level of care, regardless of the inmate’s housing, a clinician is required as a committee member at all hearings. When the inmate is in segregated housing and treated under the MHSDS at any level of care a clinician is required as a committee member at all hearings. Documentation shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(A) The inmate’s current medical/psychiatric status/level of care.

(B) MHSDS treatment needs.

(C) The inmate’s ability to understand and participate in the classification hearing.

(4) In all hearings when the inmate is treated under the MHSDS and is housed in segregated housing, documentation shall include the requirements indicated in subsection 3375(g)(3) as well as the following:

(A) A clinical assessment of the inmate’s likelihood of decompensation if retained in segregated housing.

(B) A summary of the clinical information provided by the clinician when an actively decompensating mentally ill inmate is recommended for transfer to a mental health program by the clinician and the decision of the committee is to retain the inmate in segregated housing.

(5) Documentation from each institution’s initial classification reviews shall include the following case factors:

(A) Date of birth.

(B) Term Status (first, second, etc.)

(C) County(ies) of commitment.

(D) Commitment offense(s) (include parole revocation offense(s) resulting in good cause findings if a parole violator.)

(E) Length of sentence.

(F) When the inmate was received by the department for the current incarceration.

(G) County of last legal residence.

(H) Escape related conviction(s).

(I) Current or potential hold(s).

(J) Arson related arrest(s) or conviction(s).

(K) Sex-related arrest(s) or conviction(s) by date.

(L) The current placement score and security level.

(M) The reason(s) the inmate was transferred to the current location.

(N) Current eligibility status for special programs such as camp, minimum support facility, community correctional facility, com-
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munity correctional reentry center, or restitution center. If not eligible, the reason for each shall be noted.

(0) Current assignments (including work group and privilege group).

(P) Enemy, gang, or disruptive group concerns.

(Q) The existence of, and committee review of, confidential information.

(R) Any medical/psychiatric/disability concerns, including tuberculosis tracking code and date of the most current documentation.

(S) Documentation for each classification committee review for transfer to the COCF program shall include the case factors listed in 3375(g)(5) and:

(A) Attorneys consultation.

(B) Conviction history.

(h) An inmate shall be provided a copy of all nonconfidential staff documentation and reports placed in the inmate’s central file unless otherwise requested in writing by the inmate.

(i) An inmate shall not remain at an institution/facility with a security level which is not consistent with the inmate’s placement score unless approved by a classification staff representative (CSR) or a staff person designated to serve in that capacity.

(j) A CDC Form 839, (Rev. 12/02), CDC Classification Score Sheet, shall be prepared pursuant to section 3375.3 on each newly received felon.

(1) In completing the CDC Form 839, all relevant documents available during the reception center process shall be reviewed, the inmate shall be interviewed, informed of the purpose of the form, and be allowed to contest specific item scores and other case factors on the form. Factors for which documentation is absent or conflicting shall be discussed during the interview.

(2) The inmate is responsible for providing documentation to support their challenge of any information on the CDC Form 839.

(3) An effort shall be made to obtain verifiable documentation of all items on the CDC Form 839. The probation officer’s report (POR) shall be the document of choice to resolve any conflicting information received. Credit shall be given only upon verifiable documentation and shall not be given based solely on an inmate’s statements.

(4) A corrected CDC Form 839 shall be initiated when the inmate or another party presents verifiable documentation to support the change. When the change results in a placement score which falls into the range for a different facility security level, the inmate’s case shall be referred to a CSR for transfer consideration.

(k) A CDC Form 840 (rev. 12/02), CDC Reclassification Score Sheet shall be prepared pursuant to section 3375.4 as part of the regular, continuous classification process. If an inmate’s recalculated placement score is not consistent with the institution/facility security level where the inmate is housed, the case shall be presented to a CSR for transfer consideration.

(1) A CDC Form 840 shall be completed:

(A) Twelve months after the date that the inmate physically arrived in the reception center and annually thereafter.

(B) Any six-month period when favorable points are granted or unfavorable points are assessed which would cause the inmate’s placement score to fall outside of the facility security level.

(C) Each time a case is presented to a CSR for placement consideration.

(2) A CDC Form 841 (Rev. 12/02), CDC Readmission Score Sheet, shall be completed pursuant to section 3375.5 as part of the readmission process when a parolee is returned to prison.


HISTORY:

1. Amendment filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88. For prior history, see Register 88, No. 8.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

3. Amendment filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

4. Amendment of subsection (b) filed 9-19-88 as an emergency; operative 9-19-88 (Register 88, No. 39). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 1-17-89.

5. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-19-88 order transmitted to OAL 1-18-89 and filed 2-2-89 (Register 89, No. 8).

7. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

8. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (b) and (g) (Register 91, No. 11).

9. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 5).


11. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

12. Amendment filed 10-17-97; operative 11-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42).

13. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


15. Amendment of subsection (h) and Note filed 5-25-2006; operative 5-25-2006 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2006, No. 21).

16. Change without regulatory effect amending Note filed 12-4-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 49).

17. New subsections (g)(6)–(g)(6)(B) and amendment of Note filed 10-30-2008 as an emergency; operative 10-30-2008 (Register 2008, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance shall be transmitted to OAL by 4-8-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

18. Amendment of subsection (a) and Note filed 2-5-2009 as an emergency; operative 2-5-2009 (Register 2009, No. 6). This filing contains a certification that the operational needs of the Department required filing of these regulations on an emergency basis and were deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3. A Certificate of Compliance shall be transmitted to OAL by 7-15-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

19. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-2008 order transmitted to OAL 4-1-2009 and filed 5-12-2009 (Register 2009, No. 20).


3375.1. Inmate Placement.

(a) Except as provided in section 3375.2, each inmate shall be assigned to a facility with a security level, which corresponds to the following placement score ranges:
(1) An inmate with a placement score of 0 through 18 shall be placed in a Level I facility.
(2) An inmate with a placement score of 19 through 27 shall be placed in a Level II facility.
(3) An inmate with a placement score of 28 through 51 shall be placed in a Level III facility.
(4) An inmate with a placement score of 52 and above shall be placed in a Level IV facility.

(b) An inmate approved for transfer to a subfacility of a complex may be received and processed through a facility with a security level higher than that which is consistent with the inmate’s placement score. Such cases shall be transferred to the subfacility when bed space allows or, when appropriate, recommended for an administrative determinant, which prohibits movement to the lower security level facility.

(1) The case shall be presented to a CSR for evaluation within 30 days of receipt at the facility unless the inmate is on an approved waiting list maintained by the complex for placement of inmates at the approved subfacility.

(2) The transfer of an inmate for more than 30 days from one subfacility of a complex to another subfacility, which has a different security level, shall require a classification staff representative (CSR) endorsement. When the subfacility’s security level is consistent with the inmate’s placement score, the classification and parole representative may act as a CSR.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of section 3375(b) to section 3375.1 filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. Renumbering and amendment of section 3375(h) to section 3375.1 filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. Renumbering and amendment of section 3375(h) to section 3375.1 filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Change without regulatory effect pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations adopting sections 3375.1, 3375.2, 3375.3, 3375.4, amending sections 3375, 3376, 3377, 3377.1 and repealing section 3375.1, filed 10-22-90; operative 11-29-90 (Register 91, No. 4).
8. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text in subsection (a) (Register 91, No. 11).
9. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (a) and (b)(2) and Note (Register 92, No. 5).
10. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

§ 3375.2. Administrative Determinants.
(a) An inmate meeting one or more of the following administrative or irregular placement conditions, known as administrative determinants, may be housed in a facility with a security level which is not consistent with the inmate’s placement score:

(1) An inmate requires an outpatient or higher degree of medical or psychiatric care at a facility specifically staffed for the type of treatment necessary.
(2) An inmate with a history of sex crimes designated in section 3377.1(b) shall be housed in accordance with their placement score and shall not be assigned outside the security perimeter.
(3) An inmate with a history of arson shall not be housed in a facility constructed primarily of wood.
(4) An inmate with a felony hold, warrant, detainer, or the equivalent thereof filed with the department who is likely to receive a significant period of consecutive incarceration or be deported, shall not be housed in a Level I facility without perimeter gun towers.
(5) An inmate requires confidential placement in a city or county confinement facility within the state.
(6) An inmate serving a sentence of life without possibility of parole shall not be housed in a facility with a security level lower than Level IV, except when authorized by the Departmental Review Board.
(7) An inmate serving any life term shall not be housed in a Level I or II facility if any of the following case factors are present:
(A) The commitment offense involved multiple murders, unusual violence or execution-type murders or received high notoriety.
(B) A history of multiple walkaways, an escape from a secure perimeter or an escape with force or threat of force.
(8) An inmate serving a life term without an established parole date of three years or less, shall not be housed in a Level I facility nor assigned to a program outside a security perimeter.
(9) An inmate serving a life term whose placement score is not consistent with a Level I or II security level shall not be housed in a Level I or Level II facility except when approved by the Departmental Review Board.
(10) An inmate whose death sentence is commuted or modified shall be transferred to a reception center for processing after which the Departmental Review Board shall determine the inmate’s initial facility placement.
(b) The following three-letter codes are used to indicate those administrative or irregular placement conditions known as administrative determinants, which may be imposed by departmental officials to override the placement of an inmate at a facility according to his/her placement score.
(1) AGE. Inmate’s youthfulness, immaturity or advanced age.
(2) ARS. Current, prior conviction, or a sustained juvenile adjudication, as defined in subdivision (b)(25), for arson.
(3) BEH. Inmate’s record of behavior indicates they are capable of successful placement at a facility with a security level lower than that which is consistent with his/her placement score. This factor shall not be used for an inmate who is currently housed at a facility with a security level higher than that which is consistent with his/her placement score.
(4) CAM. Placement is recommended due to a shortage of camp qualified inmates.
(5) DEA. Inmate was formerly or is currently sentenced to death.
(6) DEP. Special placement ordered by the Departmental Review Board.
(7) DIS. Inmate’s disciplinary record indicates a history of serious problems or threatens the security of the facility.
(8) ENE. Inmate has one or more enemies under the department’s jurisdiction which have been documented on a CDC Form 812 (Rev. 8/01), Notice of Critical Case Information -Safety of Persons or on a CDC Form 812-C (Rev. 8/01), Notice of Critical Information -Confidential Enemies pursuant to section 3378. This should also be used when it is probable that the inmate may be vic-
timized due to case factors; e.g., the nature of their offense is likely to create an enemy situation at certain facilities, current Protective Housing Unit case, and those who are natural victims because of their appearance.

(9) ESC. Unusual circumstances suggest the inmate is a much greater escape risk than indicated by his/her placement score; e.g., the inmate verbalized an intent to escape.

(10) FAM. Inmate has strong family ties to a particular area where other placement would cause an unusual hardship.

(11) GAN. Documentation establishes that the inmate’s gang membership or association requires special attention or placement consideration.

(12) INA. Documentation establishes that the inmate’s inactive gang status requires special attention or placement consideration.

(13) HOL. Hold, warrant or detainer is likely to be exercised.

(14) LIF. Inmate is serving a life sentence and requires placement in a facility with a security level higher than that indicated by his/her placement score.

(15) MED. Inmate’s medical condition requires treatment or continuing medical attention not available at all facilities.

(16) OUT. Inmate requires placement at a specific facility for an out-to-court appearance. This factor shall also be used when a releasing authority appearance is nearing.

(17) POP. Shall be used only by a CSR to indicate that no beds presently exist at a facility with a security level that is consistent with the inmate’s placement score.

(18) PRE. The short time remaining to serve limits or otherwise influences placement or program options for the inmate. This factor shall also be used for sending an inmate to a hub facility for their release to a community based correctional facility.

(19) PSY. Inmate’s psychological condition requires special treatment or may severely limit placement options. This factor shall also be used for those inmates who are designated as Category B.

(20) PUB. High notoriety of an inmate has caused public interest in the case and requires exceptional placement.

(21) SCH. Inmate is involved in an academic program which is not available at a facility with a security level that is consistent with his/her placement score.

(22) SEX. Inmate has a prior incidence of rape, oral copulation, sodomy, or a lewd and lascivious act which requires restricted custody or placement.

(23) SOR. Inmate’s bisexual or homosexual orientation may require special placement.

(24) TIM. Inmate’s time to serve is long, requiring placement at a facility with a security level higher than that which is consistent with his/her placement score.

(25) VIO. Inmate has a current or prior conviction for a violent felony, or a sustained juvenile adjudication including, but not limited to, those listed under Penal Code section 667.5(c), which, as determined by the CSR, requires placement in a facility with a higher security level than that indicated by his/her placement score.

(A) For the purposes of this subdivision, a “sustained juvenile adjudication” means a guilty determination or ruling rendered in a juvenile judicial proceeding.

(B) The following administrative determinations regarding allegations of violent acts, including but not limited to those offenses described in Penal Code Section 667.5(c), shall have the same force and effect as a current or prior conviction for a violent felony or a sustained juvenile adjudication:

1. Board of Prison Terms or Parole Hearings Division good cause finding, or,

2. California Youth Authority/Youth Offender Parole Board sustained allegation.

(C) A probation violation finding in a court of law involving, but not limited to those offenses described in Penal Code Section 667.5(c), shall have the same force and effect as a current or prior conviction in a court of law for a violent felony.

(26) VOC. Inmate is involved in a vocational program which is not available at a facility with a security level which is consistent with the inmate’s placement score.

(27) WOR. Inmate has a work skill in a critical trade which warrants special placement consideration.


HISTORY:

1. Change without regulatory effect adding section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

2. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text in subsection (a)(6) (Register 91, No. 11).

3. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 5).

4. Repealer of subsection (a)(7) and amendment of subsection (a)(8) filed 1-16-92; operative 2-17-92 (Register 92, No. 13).

5. Amendment of subsection (b)(8) filed 6-17-94; operative 7-18-94 (Register 94, No. 24).

6. Repealer of subsections (b)(13), (b)(16) and (b)(22), subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsection (b)(21), and new subsections (b)(22) and (b)(24) filed 9-5-95 as an emergency; operative 9-5-95 (Register 95, No. 36). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-12-96 (pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e)) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

7. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-5-95 order, including amendment of subsection (b)(24), transmitted to OAL 1-8-96 and filed 2-15-96 (Register 96, No. 7).

8. New subsection (b)(12), subsection renumbering, and amendment of Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


10. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b)(8) filed 10-23-2001 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 43).

11. Amendment of subsections (b)(2) and (b)(25) and new subsections (b)(25)(A)–(C) filed 3-7-2002; operative 4-6-2002 (Register 2002, No. 10).

12. Amendment of section and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


14. Amendment of subsection (a)(2) filed 11-3-2006; operative 12-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 44).

3375.3 CDC Classification Score Sheet, CDC Form 839, Calculation.

The factors and related numerical weights used to determine an inmate’s preliminary score are listed below. Box numbers appear to the right, but refer to the first box on the left of each field.

(a) Background factors (Boxes 30–46):

(1) Age at first arrest (Boxes 30–31).

(A) Calculate the inmate’s age at first arrest based on the date of the inmate’s first arrest. If there is no record of arrests prior to the commitment offense, use the date of arrest for the commitment of-
fense as the date of the inmate’s first arrest on CDC Form 839 (Rev.
12/02), CDC Classification Score Sheet.
(B) When the age of first arrest is determined, round down to the
full year, and apply that information to the age at first arrest matrix
on CDC Form 839.
(C) Enter the corresponding point value in boxes to the right.
(D) Enter all single digit numbers in the box to the far right.
(2) Age at Reception (Box 32).
(A) When the inmate’s age at reception is determined, round
down to the full year, and apply that information to the Age at Re-
ception matrix.
(B) Enter the corresponding point value in the box to the right.
(C) This is always a single digit value.
(3) Current term of incarceration (Boxes 33–34):
(A) Length of term. Presentence and postsentence credits shall
not be subtracted from length of term. A sentence of death or life
without possibility of parole shall result in a maximum score of 50.
For sentences of 25 years-to-life for murder, the base term is 25
years. For sentences under Penal Code section 667.7 with a term of
life without parole for 20 years, the base term is 20 years. For all
other life sentences, the base term is 15 years. Any enhancements
or determinant terms for other counts or offenses to be served
consecutive to a life term shall be added to the base term before
calculation of the term score.
(B) Enter term in whole years within the parentheses.
1. Multiply the number of years by two (2).
2. Enter this value in Boxes 33–34.
3. Any single digit value is entered in the box to the far right.
4. If the score is more than 50, then 50 shall be used as the final
term score.
(4) Street gang/disruptive group (Boxes 35–38). For the purpose
of preliminary score evaluation, if there is information that the in-
mate is or has been involved in gang activity, enter 6 points in Box
35.
(A) Type of street gang/disruptive group code. Apply the code
that most closely identifies the inmate’s gang. Enter the appropri-
ate alpha code in Boxes 36–37:
1. CR Crip street gang/disruptive group.
2. BL Blood street gang/disruptive group.
3. NH Northern Hispanic street gang/disruptive group.
4. SH Southern Hispanic street gang/disruptive group.
5. AS Asian street gang/disruptive group.
6. BD Bulldogs street gang/disruptive group.
7. WH White supremacists, neo nazi, skinheads, etc., street
gang/disruptive group.
8. BK Black street gang/disruptive group (not Crip nor Blood).
9. MC MC outlaw motorcycle clubs street gang/disruptive group.
10. OT other street gang/disruptive group not listed.
(B) Method of verification code (Box 38). Apply the code that is
most indicative of gang activity. Enter the appropriate alpha code
in Box 38:
1. Code A—Self admission. Staff shall document information
about the inmate/parolee’s self-admission and specific involvement
with the gang. Staff shall document and disclose this information to
the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the
safety of any person or the security of the institution.
2. Code B—Tattoos and symbols. Body markings, hand signs,
distinctive clothing, graffiti, etc., which have been identified by
gang investigators as being used by and distinctive to specific
gangs. Staff shall describe the tattoo or symbol and articulate why
it is believed that the tattoo is used by and distinctive of gang as-
association or membership. Staff shall document and disclose this
information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not
jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.
3. Code C—Written material. Any material or documents evi-
dencing gang activity such as the membership or enemy lists, con-
stitutions, organization structures, codes, training material, etc., of
specific gangs. Staff shall articulate why, based on either the ex-
licit or coded content, the written material is reliable evidence of
association or membership with the gang. Staff shall document and
disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form
that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of
the institution.
4. Code D—Photographs. Individual or group photographs with
gang connotations such as those which include insignia, symbols,
or validated gang affiliates. The date of the photograph shall be
reasonably ascertained prior to any photo being relied upon for in-
clusion as a source item. No photograph shall be considered for
validation purposes that is estimated to be older than six (6) years.
Any photograph being utilized as a source item that depicts gang
members shall be required to have at least one of the individuals
previously validated by the department, or be validated by the de-
partment within six (6) months of the photograph’s established or
estimated date of origin. Staff shall document and disclose this
information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not
jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.
5. Code E—Staff information. Documentation of staff’s visual
or audible observations which reasonably indicate gang activity.
Staff shall articulate the basis for determining the content or con-
duct at issue is gang related. Staff shall document and disclose this
information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not
jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.
6. Code F—Other agencies. Information evidencing gang activity
provided by other agencies. Verbal information from another
agency shall be documented by the staff person who receives such
information, citing the source and validity of the information. Staff
shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in
a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or
the security of the institution.
7. Code G—Association. Information related to the inmate’s
association with gang affiliates. Information including addresses,
names, identities and reasons why such information is indicative of
association with a prison gang or disruptive group. Staff shall
document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a
written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or
the security of the institution.
8. Code H—Offenses. The circumstances of an offense evi-
dencing gang activity such as an offense being between rival gangs, the vic-
tim is a verified gang affiliate, or the inmate’s crime partner is a
verified gang affiliate. Staff shall articulate why an offense is gang
related. Multiple sources of information relative to a single incident
or offense will be considered one source of validation. Staff shall
document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in
written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or
the security of the institution.
9. Code I—Legal documents. Probation officer’s report or court
transcripts evidencing gang activity. Staff shall assure the docu-
ment containing this information is disclosed to the inmate/parolee in
written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or
the security of the institution.
10. Code J—Communications. Documentation of telephone
conversations, conversations between inmates, mail, greeting
cards, notes, or other communication, including coded messages
evidencing gang activity. Staff shall articulate why, based on ei-
ther the explicit or coded content, the communication is reliable evidence of association or membership with the gang. Staff shall
document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(5) Mental Illness (Boxes 39–43). If a CDC 128-C, (Rev. 4/92) Mental Health Placement Chrono, has been prepared in the reception center that indicates that the inmate needs to be included in the Mental Health Services Delivery System (MHSDS), except for a case designated as Medical Necessity, enter four (4) points in Box 43 to the right.

(A) Do not assess points for a case that has been designated Medical Necessity although the inmate is included in the MHSDS.

(B) Level of care (Boxes 39–42). Enter an “X” in the box that indicates the level of care (LOC) that has been designated by the reception center health care staff per the inmate’s CDC 128-C.

(6) Prior sentences (Box 44). This item requires a review of the probation officer’s report (POR) and the CI&I/CLETS in order to identify prior sentences of 31 days or more. Apply no more than one point.

(A) Jail or county juvenile sentence of 31+ days (Box 44).

1. Count any sentence of 31 days or more. Do not include suspended sentences.

2. Count any incarceration under a delinquency petition which involves a crime rather than “status offender” placements. For example “beyond parental control” should not be counted. Burglary, however, would be counted.

3. Count CDC placements for diagnostic evaluation pursuant Penal Code Section 1203.03 “Z” cases, followed by a grant of probation.

(7) Prior Incarceration(s) (Boxes 45–46)

(A) California Youth Authority, state or federal level juvenile, which includes state or federal facilities for juvenile offenders (Box 45).

B) Level (Box 46):

1. Count any state or federal level incarceration.

2. Count previous commitments to the civil addict program.

(8) Correction to CDC 839 Score Sheet (Prior to Rev. 07/02) (Boxes 47–49)

1. Use this section to correct a CDC 839 score sheet with a form revision date prior to 07/02.

2. This area shall not be used for changes or adjustments to term points.

3. Enter only the total correction to the score, either negative or positive, in the boxes provided.

(b) Prior Incarceration Behavior (Boxes 50 through 64):

(1) Last 12 months of Incarceration (Boxes 50–52). Prior incarceration behavior in any correctional agency shall include the last 12 consecutive months in custody, prior to the date that the inmate was received in CDC, going as far back as necessary to attain a total of 12 months. This includes behavior while in county jail, after conviction, or during transportation to the reception center. For example, behavior while incarcerated in juvenile hall, federal prison, or while serving a civil addict commitment shall also be counted.

(2) Twelve months of incarceration is also defined as 360 days. For ease and consistency of rule application, a month is considered a 30-day month.

(A) Only misbehavior which is equivalent to a serious rule violation, as defined in section 3315, shall be recorded.

(B) If the inmate has a prior incarceration for 12 months or more but adequate documentation of the inmate’s behavior is not available, four (4) favorable points shall be granted.

1. If behavioral information becomes available later, these items may need to be corrected.

(3) Favorable prior behavior (Box 50):

(A) If the inmate had no serious disciplinary(s) in the last 12 months of incarceration(s), four points shall be entered in Box 50.

(B) If there is no record of unfavorable prior behavior, enter four (4) favorable points in Box 50.

(4) Unfavorable prior behavior (Boxes 51–52).

(A) For each serious disciplinary in the last 12 months of incarceration(s), four points shall be entered in Boxes 51–52.

(B) Serious Disciplinary History (Boxes 53–64).

A single serious disciplinary may result in the assessment of points on the classification score sheet for more than one factor listed in subsections 3375.3(b)(4)(C) through (H). Assess points for behavior for which the inmate was found guilty and for behavior that occurred during any prior incarceration, if the behavior meets the definitions below even if it occurred beyond the last 12 months of incarceration.

(C) For each battery on a nonprisoner or attempted battery on a nonprisoner, eight points shall be entered in Boxes 53–54.

1. Battery shall include any offense described in section 3005(c).

(D) For each battery or attempted battery on an inmate, four points shall be entered in Boxes 55–56. Assessments shall only include situations where one or more inmates are clearly the victim.

(E) For each involvement in the distribution of any controlled substance, per subsection 3323(c)(7), into a jail or correctional facility for distribution and sales, four points shall be entered in Boxes 57–58. Points shall not be assessed for incidents of personal use or possession of a small quantity of drugs.

(F) For each possession of a deadly weapon:

1. Four points shall be entered in Boxes 59–60 for each well documented incident of an inmate’s manufacture or possession of a deadly weapon where apparent use was intended (Does not include possession of commonly available and unmodified objects unless used as a weapon and this fact is documented in the disciplinary hearing process.) Include possession of a razor blade (whether modified or not) in a segregated program-housing unit (e.g. Administrative Segregation Unit, Security Housing Unit, Psychiatric Services Unit, etc.); or,

2. Eight points shall be entered in Boxes 59–60 for each possession of a deadly weapon incident, which occurred within five years of the inmate’s reception to the department on current term.

(G) For each instance of deliberate and willful behavior which might lead to violence or disorder, and any willful attempt to incite others, either verbally or in writing, or by other deliberate action, to use force or violence upon another person, as described in section 3005 (typically, this involves a leadership role in a facility riot, racial disturbance or work strike), four points shall be entered in Boxes 61–62.

(H) For each battery that caused serious injury, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 63–64. Inmates who conspired in or ordered the battery shall also receive these points.

1. Serious injury is that which is defined in section 3000.

2. Any attempt, which may have been life-threatening but circumstances such as heavy clothing prevented the homicide, shall be included.

(c) Preliminary Score (Boxes 65–67).

1. The inmate’s preliminary score is entered in Boxes 65–67 and is the result of adding the total points derived from background factors in subsection (a) with the total points derived from prior incarceration behavior in subsection (b).

2. Right-justify the total score.

3. Computations, which result in a minus value, shall be entered as zero.

(d) Mandatory Minimum Score, Score Factors, and Score Factor Codes (Boxes 68–70):
(1) A mandatory minimum score is a score that is applied to an inmate who has a case factor that requires that he/she be housed no lower than a specific security level.

(2) A mandatory minimum score factor is a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score.

(3) A mandatory minimum score factor code is an alpha code associated with a mandatory minimum score factor.

(A) If an inmate has a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score factor code, enter the code that applies in Box 68.

(B) If one or more mandatory minimum score factors are present, determine which of the factors is associated with the highest score and enter that code in Box 68.

(C) Enter the mandatory minimum score that corresponds to the selected code in Boxes 69–70.

(e) Placement Score (Boxes 71–73).

(1) If there are no case factors that require a mandatory minimum score, enter the preliminary score as the placement score.

(2) If a mandatory minimum score has been applied, and it is greater than the preliminary score, enter the mandatory minimum score as the placement score.

(3) If a mandatory minimum score has been applied, and it is less than the preliminary score, enter the preliminary score as the placement score.

(f) Classification Staff Representative Action (Boxes 95–159):

(1) The CSR determines appropriate housing in keeping with departmental needs, safety and security, the inmate’s placement score and administrative determinants. The three-letter codes from section 3375.2 shall be used to indicate the administrative determinants.

(A) Up to five administrative determinants may be entered in Boxes 134–148.

1. Reason for any administrative or irregular placement (Boxes 157–159).

2. Entered only if the facility’s security level where the inmate is placed is not consistent with his/her placement score.

(B) Enter one of the administrative determinant’s three-letter code from section 3375.2.

(2) CSR approval of an administrative or irregular placement (administrative determinant) is valid only as long as the inmate’s placement score remains within the same facility security level as when the approval was given.


HISTORY:

1. Change without regulatory effect adding section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

2. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 91, No. 11).

3. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 5).

4. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (b)(2)(H)3. and subsection renumbering filed 12-15-95 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 50).

5. Amendment of section and Note and new form CDC 839 filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-27-2002 order, including further amendment of section and repealer and new form CDC 839, transmitted to OAL 1-21-2003 and filed 3-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 10).

§ 3375.3

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

TITLE 15

3375.4. CDC Reclassification Score Sheet, CDC Form 840, Calculation.

The factors and their related numerical weights used to recalculate an inmate's preliminary score or new preliminary score listed below. Box numbers appear to the right, but refer to the first box on the left of each field.

(a) Favorable behavior since last review (Boxes 46–51). The categories below provide favorable points for six-month intervals. For an annual reclassification review, two six-month periods may be counted. When an inmate's status is interrupted during the period without inmate fault, the period shall be considered continuous.

(1) For each six-month period of continuous minimum custody, four points shall be entered in Boxes 46–47.

(2) For each six-month period since the last review with no serious disciplinary(s), two points shall be entered in Boxes 48–49.

(3) For each six-month period with an average or above performance in work, school or vocational program, two points shall be entered in Boxes 50–51.

(A) Part-time assignments which when work/program hours are added together are equivalent to a full-time assignment shall be combined.

(B) Favorable points shall not be granted for average or above average performance for inmates who are not assigned to a program.

(b) Unfavorable behavior since last review (Boxes 52–69):

(1) For each serious misbehavior for which the inmate was found guilty during any six-month review period, apply eight points for a Division A-1 or A-2 offense; apply six points for a Division B, Division C, or Division D offense; apply four points for a Division E or Division F offense. Only misbehavior, which is equivalent to a serious rule violation as defined in section 3315, shall be recorded in Boxes 52–57. This includes behavior while in the county jail or conduct that occurred while the inmate was housed in another state or federal jurisdiction.

(A) Do not include any administrative rule violations.

(B) When the serious misbehavior also includes other factors listed in subsections (2) through (7) below, assess additional points for each applicable factor.

(2) For each battery on a nonprisoner or attempted battery on a nonprisoner during any six-month review period, eight points shall be entered in Boxes 58–59.

(A) Battery means any offense as described in section 3005(c) where criminal prosecution had, or would normally have, taken place.

(3) For each battery on an inmate or attempted battery on an inmate during any six-month review period, four points shall be entered in Boxes 60–61.

(A) Refers to situations where one or more inmates are clearly the victim. Usually results in some injury involving a group attack or some type of weapon.

(B) Do not include mutual combat where both inmates were co-responsible.

(4) For each incident involving the distribution of any controlled substance, per subsection 3323(c)(7), in an institution/facility, for distribution and sales, four points shall be entered in Boxes 62–63. Points shall not be assessed for personal use or possession of a small quantity of drugs, or being under the influence.

(5) For each well-documented serious misbehavior for possession of a deadly weapon where apparent use was intended, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 64–65. Points shall not be assessed for possession of commonly available and unmodified objects, unless they were used as weapons and that fact is documented in the disciplinary report. Include possession of a razor blade (whether modified or not) in a segregated program-housing unit (e.g.,...
3375.4. CDC Reclassification Score Sheet, CDC Form 840, Calculation.

The factors and their related numerical weights used to recalculate an inmate's preliminary score or new preliminary score listed below. Box numbers appear to the right, but refer to the first box on the left of each field.

(a) Favorable behavior since last review (Boxes 46–51). The categories below provide favorable points for six-month intervals. For an annual reclassification review, two six-month periods may be counted. When an inmate's status is interrupted during the period without inmate fault, the period shall be considered continuous.

(1) For each six-month period of continuous minimum custody, four points shall be entered in Boxes 46–47.

(2) For each six-month period since the last review with no serious disciplinary(s), two points shall be entered in Boxes 48–49.

(3) For each six-month period with an average or above performance in work, school or vocational program, two points shall be entered in Boxes 50–51.

(A) Part-time assignments which when work/program hours are added together are equivalent to a full-time assignment shall be combined.

(B) Favorable points shall not be granted for average or above average performance for inmates who are not assigned to a program.

(b) Unfavorable behavior since last review (Boxes 52–57).

(1) For each serious misbehavior for which the inmate was found guilty during any six-month review period, apply eight points for a Division A-1 or A-2 offense; apply six points for a Division B, Division C, or Division D offense; apply four points for a Division E or Division F offense. Only misbehavior, which is equivalent to a serious rule violation as defined in section 3315, shall be recorded in Boxes 52–57. This includes behavior while in the county jail or conduct that occurred while the inmate was housed in another state or federal jurisdiction.

(A) Do not include any administrative rule violations.

(B) When the serious misbehavior also includes other factors listed in subsections (2) through (7) below, assess additional points for each applicable factor.

(2) For each battery on a nonprisoner or attempted battery on a nonprisoner during any six-month review period, eight points shall be entered in Boxes 58–59.

(A) Battery means any offense as described in section 3005(c) including assault or battery or any attempt thereof, regardless of injury sustained by the victim.

(B) Do not include mutual combat where both inmates were co-responsible.

(3) For each battery on an inmate or attempted battery on an inmate during any six-month review period, four points shall be entered in Boxes 60–61.

(A) Refers to situations where one or more inmates are clearly the victim. Usually results in some injury involving a group attack or some type of weapon.

(B) Do not include mutual combat where both inmates were co-responsible.

(4) For each incident involving the distribution of any controlled substance, per subsection 3323(c)(7), in an institution/facility or contract health facility, for distribution and sales, four points shall be entered in Boxes 62–63. Points shall not be assessed for personal use or possession of a small quantity of drugs, or being under the influence.

(5) For each well-documented serious misbehavior for possession of a deadly weapon where apparent use was intended, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 64–65. Points shall not be assessed for possession of commonly available and unmodified objects, unless they were used as weapons and that fact is documented in the disciplinary report. Include possession of a razor blade (whether modified or not) in a segregated program-housing unit (e.g., Administrative Segregation Unit, Security Housing Unit, Psychiatric Services Unit, etc.).

(6) For each serious disciplinary where the inmate led a facility riot, racial disturbance or work strike, four points shall be entered in Boxes 66–67. Include any willful and deliberate behavior, which may have led to violence or disorder, and any willful attempt to incite others, either verbally or in writing, or by other deliberate action, to use force or violence upon another person, of the type described in section 3005.

(7) For each battery that caused serious injury, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 68–69. Inmates who conspired in or ordered such battery shall receive the same points.

(A) Serious injury is that which is defined in section 3000.

(B) Any attempted battery which may have been life threatening but circumstances such as heavy clothing prevented the homicide shall be included.

(c) Correction to CDC 840 Score Sheet (Prior to Rev. 07/02) (Boxes 70–72).

(1) Use this section to correct a CDC 840 Score Sheet with a form revision date prior to 07/02.

(2) Enter only the total correction to the score, either negative or positive, in boxes provided.

(d) Prior Preliminary Score (Boxes 73–75):

(1) The prior preliminary score is the calculated score that appears on the most current classification score sheet. Enter that value in Boxes 73–75.

(2) When the most current score appears on the CDC Classification Score Sheet, CDC Form 839, (Rev. 12/02), enter the value from that score sheet that is the preliminary score.

(3) When the most current score appears on the CDC Reclassification Score Sheet, CDC Form 840, (Rev. 12/02), enter the value from that score sheet that is the preliminary score.

(4) When the most current score appears on the CDC Readmission Score Sheet, CDC Form 841, (Rev. 12/02), enter the value from that score sheet that is the new preliminary score.

(5) Enter only the total correction to the score, either negative or positive, in boxes provided.

(e) Net Change in Score (Boxes 76–78):

(1) Combine the total favorable points (item C.4.) with the total unfavorable points (item D.8). Enter the total as a plus or minus value for net change in score.

(f) Preliminary Score Subtotal:

(1) The prior preliminary score subtotal is the combined value of the prior preliminary score and the net change in score.

(2) Record this value on the line provided.

(3) Computations that result in a minus value shall be entered as zero.

(g) Change in term points (Boxes 79–81):

(1) When an inmate receives a new or additional sentence to prison, which changes the total term length, two points shall be added or subtracted for each year of difference between the new term and the old term. The resultant plus or minus figure is the change in term points.

(2) When the Board of Prison Terms establishes a parole date for an inmate with a life sentence:

(A) The total projected incarceration time in years and months is the term length.

(B) Multiply the total term length in years by two (2).

(C) Determine the difference between the new term points and the old term points. The resultant plus or minus figure is the change in term points.

(3) For parole violators: If a parole violator receives a new term after the CDC Form 841 (Rev. 12/02) has been endorsed, the prior term points shall be given a minus value and combined with new term points. The difference is the change in term points.
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(4) Do not record a change in term points unless there is a change in the total term.

(h) Recalculation of the New Preliminary Score:
(1) The inmate’s new preliminary score is entered in Boxes 82–84 and is the result of combining the preliminary score subtotal and any adjustments resulting from a change in term points as determined in subsection (g).
(2) Right-justify the total.
(3) Computations that result in zero or a minus value shall be entered as zero.

(i) Mandatory Minimum Score, Score Factors, and Score Factor Codes (Boxes 85–87):
(1) A mandatory minimum score is a score that is applied to an inmate who has a case factor that requires that he/she be housed no lower than a specific security level.
(2) A mandatory minimum score factor is a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score.
(3) A mandatory minimum score factor code is an alpha code associated with a mandatory minimum score factor.

(A) If an inmate has a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score factor code, enter the code that applies in Box 85.

(B) If one or more mandatory minimum score factors are present, determine which of the factors is associated with the highest score and enter that code in Box 85.

(C) Enter the mandatory minimum score that corresponds to the selected code in Boxes 86–87.

(j) Placement Score (Boxes 88–90):
(1) If there is no case factor requiring a mandatory minimum score, enter the new preliminary score as the placement score.

(2) If a mandatory minimum score is applied, and it is greater than the new preliminary score, enter the mandatory minimum score as the placement score.

(3) If a mandatory minimum score is applied, and it is less than the new preliminary score, enter the new preliminary score as the placement score.

(4) The placement score is one of the factors used to determine the security level to which the inmate is assigned.

(k) Classification Staff Representative (Boxes 115–188):
(1) The CSR determines appropriate housing in keeping with departmental needs, safety and security, the inmate’s placement score and administrative determinants. The three-letter codes from section 3375.2 shall be used to indicate the administrative determinants.

(A) Up to five administrative determinants may be entered in Boxes 159–177.

1. An asterisk (*) shall be placed in the box adjacent to each administrative determinant, which is being removed (i.e., no longer valid).

2. Reason for administrative or irregular placement (Boxes 186–188).

(B) Entered only if the facility’s security level where the inmate is placed is not consistent with the inmate’s placement score.

(C) Enter one of the administrative determinant’s three-letter code from section 3375.2.

(2) CSR approval of an administrative or irregular placement is only valid as long as the inmate’s placement score remains within the same facility security level score range as when the approval was given.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).
2. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 91, No. 11).
3. Amendment of section and Note and new form CDC 840 filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency, operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
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(k) Classification Staff Representative (Boxes 115–188):

(1) The CSR determines appropriate housing in keeping with departmental needs, safety and security, the inmate's placement score and administrative determinants. The three-letter codes from section 3375.2 shall be used to indicate the administrative determinants.

(A) Up to five administrative determinants may be entered in Boxes 159–177.

1. An asterisk (*) shall be placed in the box adjacent to each administrative determinant, which is being removed (i.e., no longer valid).

2. Reason for administrative or irregular placement (Boxes 186–188).

(B) Entered only if the facility's security level where the inmate is placed is not consistent with the inmate's placement score.

(C) Enter one of the administrative determinant's three-letter code from section 3375.2.

(2) CSR approval of an administrative or irregular placement is only valid as long as the inmate's placement score remains within the same facility security level score range as when the approval was given.


HISTORY:

1. Change without regulatory effect adding section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

2. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 91, No. 11).

3. Amendment of section and Note and new form CDC 840 filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency, operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3375.5. CDC Readmission Score Sheet, CDC Form 841, Calculation.

The factors and their related numerical weights used to recalculate an inmate’s preliminary score upon readmission to the department are listed below. Box numbers appear to the right, but refer to the first box on the left of each field.

(a) Favorable behavior since last review (Boxes 48–53). The categories below provide favorable points for six-month intervals. When an inmate’s status is interrupted during the period without inmate fault, the period shall be considered continuous.

1. For each six-month period of continuous minimum custody, four points shall be entered in Boxes 48–49.
2. Apply one-half favorable behavior points for less than a full six-month review period.
3. Unfavorable behavior points shall be assessed at full value.

(b) Unfavorable behavior since last review (Boxes 54–71).

1. For each serious misbehavior for which the inmate was found guilty during a six-month review period, apply eight points for a Division A-1 or A-2 offense; apply six points for a Division B, Division C, or Division D offense; apply four points for a Division E or Division F offense in Boxes 54–59. Only misbehavior that is equivalent to a serious rule violation, as defined in section 3315, shall be recorded. This includes behavior while in the county jail or conduct that occurred while the inmate was housed in another state or federal jurisdiction.

(a) Do not include any administrative rule violations.

(b) When the serious misbehavior also includes other factors listed in subsection (2) through (7) below, assess additional points for each applicable factor.

2. For each battery on a non-prisoner or attempted battery on a non-prisoner during any six-month review period, eight points shall be entered in Boxes 60–61.
3. Battery means any offense as described in section 3005(c) where criminal prosecution had, or would normally have taken place.

4. For each battery on an inmate or attempted battery on an inmate during any six-month review period, four points shall be entered in Boxes 62–63.

(a) Refers to situations where one or more inmates are clearly the victim. Usually results in some injury involving a group attack or some type of weapon.

(b) Do not include mutual combat where both inmates were co-responsible.

5. For each incident involving the distribution of any controlled substance, per subsection 3323(c)(7), in an institution/facility or contract health facility, for distribution and sales, four points shall be entered in Boxes 64–65. Points shall not be assessed for personal use or possession of a small quantity of drugs, or being under the influence.

6. For each well-documented serious disciplinary for possession of a deadly weapon where apparent use was intended, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 66–67. Points shall not be assessed for possession of commonly available and unmodified objects, unless they were used as weapons and that fact is documented in the disciplinary report. Include possession of a razor blade (whether modified or not) in a segregated program-housing unit (e.g., Administrative Segregation Unit, Security Housing Unit, Psychiatric Services Unit, etc.).

7. For each serious disciplinary where the inmate led a facility riot, racial disturbance or work strike, four points shall be entered in Boxes 68–69. Include any willful and deliberate behavior that may have led to violence or disorder, and any willful attempt to incite others, either verbally or in writing, or by other deliberate action, to use force or violence upon another person, of the type described in section 3005.

8. For each battery that caused serious injury, 16 points shall be entered in Boxes 70–71. Inmates who conspired in or ordered the battery shall receive the same points.

(a) Serious injury is that which is defined in section 3000.

(b) Any attempted battery which may have been life threatening but circumstances such as heavy clothing prevented the homicide shall be included.

(c) Prior Preliminary Score (Boxes 75–77):

1. The prior preliminary score is the calculated score that appears on the most current classification score sheet. Enter that value in Boxes 75–77.

2. When the most current score appears on the CDC Form 839 (Rev. 12/02), CDC Classification Score Sheet, enter the value from that score sheet that is the preliminary score.

3. When the most current score appears on the CDC Form 840, (Rev. 12/02), CDC Reclassification Score Sheet, enter the value from that score sheet that is the preliminary score.

4. When the most current score appears on the CDC Form 841, (Rev. 12/02), CDC Readmission Score Sheet, enter the value from that score sheet that is the new preliminary score.

(d) Net Change in Score (Boxes 78–80):

Combine the total favorable points (Item C.4.) with the total unfavorable points (Item D.8.). Enter the total as a plus or minus value for net change in score.

(e) Preliminary Score Subtotal

1. The prior preliminary score subtotal is the combined value of the prior preliminary score and net change in score.

2. Record this value on the line provided.

3. Computations that result in a minus value shall be entered as zero.

(f) Change in term points (Boxes 81–83):

1. If, during reception center processing, the inmate has been designated as a PVWTC, do not enter a value. This area is left blank for an inmate who has returned as a parole violator without a new term.

2. If, subsequent to reception center processing, the parole violator receives a new term, record the change in term points, if any, on a CDC Form 840 (Rev. 12/02), Reclassification Score Sheet, as a result of this new term. Do not correct the CDC Form 841.

3. If, during reception center processing, the inmate has been designated as a PVWNT, the prior term points shall be given a minus value and combined with the new term points. To determine the new term points, multiply the number of whole years times two. Drop months from the calculation.

4. Any term point adjustments that may have been recorded on a previous CDC Form 840 or CDC Form 841 must also be taken into consideration to determine the final total change in term points.

5. Determine the difference between the new term points and the old term points. The resultant plus or minus figure is the change in term points.

6. A change in the term points is recorded only if there is a change in the total term length.

(g) New Preliminary Score (Boxes 84–86):
The inmate’s new preliminary score is the result of combining the preliminary score subtotal with the change in term points (if any).

Right-justify the total.

Computations that result in zero or a minus value shall be entered as zero.

A mandatory minimum score is a score that is applied to an inmate who has a case factor that requires that he/she be housed no lower than a specific security level.

A mandatory minimum score factor is a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score.

A mandatory minimum score factor code is an alpha code associated with a mandatory minimum score factor.

1. If an inmate has a case factor that requires the application of a mandatory minimum score factor code, enter the code that applies in Box 87.

2. If one or more mandatory minimum score factors are present, determine which of the factors is associated with the highest score and enter that code in Box 87.

3. Enter the mandatory minimum score that corresponds to the selected code in Boxes 88–89.

Placement Score (Boxes 90–92).

1. If there are no case factors that require a mandatory minimum score, enter the new preliminary score as the placement score.

2. If a mandatory minimum score has been applied, and it is greater than the new preliminary score, enter the mandatory minimum score as the placement score.

3. If a mandatory minimum score has been applied, and it is less than the new preliminary score, enter the new preliminary score as the placement score.

The placement score is one of the factors that is used to determine the security level to which the inmate is assigned.

Classification Staff Representative (Boxes 117–181):

1. Entered only if the facility’s security level where the inmate is placed is not consistent with his/her placement score.

2. Enter one of the administrative determinant’s three-letter codes from section 3375.2.

3. CSR approval of an administrative or irregular placement is valid only as long as the inmate’s Placement Score remains within the same facility security level as when the approval was given.


HISTORY:

1. New section and new form CDC 841 filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code Section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-27-2002 order, including further amendment of section and repealer and new form CDC 841, transmitted to OAL 1-21-2003 and filed 3-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 10).
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3376. Classification Committees.

(a) The following terms are defined for the purposes of this section:

(1) Camp means the type of subfacility of an institution which is normally located in a rural area and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter. Camp inmates are generally assigned to conservation and/or road details.

(2) Community-access facility (CAF) means any facility located in the community, administrated by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates have access to the community for work or training and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter.

(3) Community correctional facility (CCF) means a facility located in the community, administrated by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates do not have unsupervised access to the community and which has a secure (fenced) perimeter.

(4) Facility means any institution, community-access facility, community correctional facility, or any camp or other subfacility of an institution under the jurisdiction of the department.

(5) Institution means a large facility or complex of subfacilities with a secure (fenced or walled) perimeter headed by a warden.

(b) Each facility shall establish classification committees as provided herein. A quorum for any committee at a CAF shall be a minimum of two persons who shall be the chairperson and recorder. A quorum at all other facilities shall be a minimum of three persons who shall be the chairperson, recorder and any other member.

(c) Composition of committees:

(1) Initial and Unit Classification Committees shall consist of:

(A) Facility captain, correctional captain, or CAF/CCF manager (chairperson).

(B) Correctional counselor III, parole administrator I, parole agent III, or assistant CAF/CCF manager; or, for CAF/CCFs only, designated supervisory peace officer at the rank of correctional lieutenant, or above (alternate chairperson).

(C) Correctional counselor II, correctional counselor I, or parole agent II (recorder).

(D) Assignment lieutenant (initial classification), program lieutenant (unit classification), or CAF/CCF inmate assignment/program coordinator.

(E) Educational or vocational program representative.

(F) Other staff as required.

(2) Institution Classification Committees (ICC) and Facility Classification Committees (FCC) shall consist of:

(A) Warden, regional parole administrator, deputy warden, or deputy regional parole administrator (chairperson).

(B) Correctional administrator or parole administrator I (alternate chairperson).

(C) Psychiatrist or physician.

(D) Facility captain.

(E) Correctional captain.

(F) Correctional counselor III, parole agent III, correctional counselor II, or parole agent II (recorder).

(G) Assignment lieutenant or CAF/CCF inmate assignment/program coordinator.

(H) Educational or vocational program representative.

(I) Other staff as required.

(3) Camp Classification Committee shall consist of:

(A) Correctional lieutenant (chairperson).

(B) Correctional counselor I (alternate chairperson, recorder).

(C) Correctional sergeant.

(D) Staff representative of camp contracting agency.

(d) Classification committee functions:

(1) Initial Classification Committees shall:
3376. Classification Committees.

(a) The following terms are defined for the purposes of this section:

1. Camp means the type of subfacility of an institution which is normally located in a rural area and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter. Camp inmates are generally assigned to conservation and/or road details.

2. Community-access facility (CAF) means any facility located in the community, administered by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates have access to the community for work or training and which has no secure (fenced or walled) perimeter.

3. Community correctional facility (CCF) means a facility located in the community, administered by the Parole and Community Services Division, where inmates do not have unsupervised access to the community and which has a secure (fenced) perimeter.

4. Facility means any institution, community-access facility, community correctional facility, or any camp or other subfacility of an institution under the jurisdiction of the department.

5. Institution means a large facility or complex of subfacilities with a secure (fenced or walled) perimeter headed by a warden.

(b) Each facility shall establish classification committees as provided herein. A quorum for any committee at a CAF shall be a minimum of two persons who shall be the chairperson and recorder. A quorum at all other facilities shall be a minimum of three persons who shall be the chairperson, recorder and any other member.

(c) Composition of committees:

1. Initial and Unit Classification Committees shall consist of:
   (A) Facility captain, correctional captain, or CAF/CCF manager (chairperson).
   (B) Correctional counselor III, parole administrator I, parole agent III, or assistant CAF/CCF manager; or, for CAF/CCFs only, designated supervisory peace officer at the rank of correctional lieutenant, or above (alternate chairperson).
   (C) Correctional counselor II, correctional counselor I, or parole agent II (recorder).

   (D) Assignment lieutenant (initial classification), program lieutenant (unit classification), or CAF/CCF inmate assignment/program coordinator.
   (E) Educational or vocational program representative.
   (F) Other staff as required.

2. Institution Classification Committees (ICC) and Facility Classification Committees (FCC) shall consist of:

   (A) Warden, regional parole administrator, deputy warden, or deputy regional parole administrator (chairperson).
   (B) Correctional administrator or parole administrator I (alternate chairperson).
   (C) Psychiatrist or physician.
   (D) Facility captain.
   (E) Correctional captain.
   (F) Correctional counselor III, parole agent III, correctional counselor II, or parole agent II (recorder).

   (G) Assignment lieutenant or CAF/CCF inmate assignment/program coordinator.
   (H) Educational or vocational program representative.
   (I) Other staff as required.

3. Camp Classification Committee shall consist of:

   (A) Correctional lieutenant (chairperson).
   (B) Correctional counselor I (alternate chairperson, recorder).
   (C) Correctional sergeant.
   (D) Staff representative of camp contracting agency.

   (d) Classification committee functions:

   (1) Initial Classification Committees shall:

   (A) Evaluate case factors and assist the inmate to understand facility expectations, available programs, and resources.
   (B) Initiate an education, vocational training, or work program; designate a credit earning and privilege group; and assign a custody designation for each inmate.
   (C) Refer complex cases to the ICC or FCC.
   (D) Recommend transfer of a new arrival determined to be inappropriately placed.
   (E) Grant work credits to which the inmate is entitled while in transit.

(2) Unit Classification Committees shall:

(A) Review each inmate’s case at least annually to consider the accuracy of the inmate’s classification score, custody designation, program, work and privilege group, and facility placement, including recommendation for transfer. A parole violator’s first annual review may be delayed for up to five months so that it will coincide with classification score updates.

(B) Change in inmate’s work/privilege group.

(C) Conduct post board classification on an inmate within 15 days of receipt of official notice of a Board of Prison Terms’ decision regarding the inmate.

(D) Act on an inmate’s request for restoration of forfeited credits for less than Division C offenses in accordance with section 3327.

(3) Institution and Facility Classification Committees shall:

(A) Recommend transfer of inmates.

(B) Act on cases referred by lower committees.

(C) Review inmate requests for meritorious sentence reduction to determine compliance with Penal Code section 2935.

(D) Make referrals and recommendations through the chief, classification services, for cases requiring Departmental Review Board (DRB) decisions.

(E) Change an inmate’s work/privilege group.

(4) Camp classification committees shall perform all functions designated above for unit and initial classification committees.

HISTORY:

1. Repealer and new section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

3. Repealer and new section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. Repealer and new section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.


7. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

8. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b)(3)(D) (Register 92, No. 5).

9. Repealer of subsection (b)(2)(C), subsection relettering, and amendment of subsection (b)(3)(E) filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).

10. Amendment of subsection (b)(2)(C) and repealer of subsection (b)(3)(E) and subsection relettering pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) filed 3-20-96 as an emergency; operative 3-20-96 (Register
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96. No. 12). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 8-27-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

11. Certificate of Compliance as to 3-20-96 order transmitted to OAL 7-25-96 and filed 9-5-96 (Register 96, No. 36).

12. Amendment of section and Note filed 5-1-97; operative 5-31-97 (Register 97, No. 18).

13. Amendment of subsection (d)(2)(A) filed 7-28-97 as an emergency; operative 7-28-97 (Register 97, No. 31). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-5-98 emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

14. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-28-97 order transmitted to OAL 10-27-97 and filed 12-8-97 (Register 97, No. 50).

15. Amendment of subsection (d)(2)(A), new subsection (d)(2)(B), subsection retletting and amendment of subsection (d)(3)(E) filed 1-9-2004 as emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

16. Amendment of subsection (d)(2)(A), new subsection (d)(2)(B), subsection retletting and amendment of subsection (d)(3)(E) refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3376.1  Departmental Review Board.

The Departmental Review Board (DRB) provides the Secretary’s final review of classification issues which are referred by an institution head for a resolution or decision at the headquarters level. The DRB decision serves as the Secretary’s level decision which is not appealable and concludes the inmate/parolee’s departmental administrative remedy of such issues.

(a) Composition of the DRB:
(1) The director or deputy director of the adult institutions division (chairperson).
(2) The director or deputy director of the Division of Adult Parole Operations.
(3) The chief of classification services (shall abstain on DRB issues resulting from a difference of opinion between an institution head and the chief of classification services).
(4) The chief of health services.
(b) Two members shall constitute a quorum.
(c) The DRB shall meet at the call of the chairperson.
(d) Referrals shall be made to the DRB when:
(1) An institution head is unable to resolve a difference of opinion with the chief of classification services.
(2) An institution head believes a clarification of departmental policy of statewide importance is required.
(3) An institution head believes a DRB level decision for placement of an inmate is required because of an unusual threat to the safety of persons or public interest in the case; e.g., committed or modified death sentence or classification of an inactive gang member or associate. Subsequent DRB reviews of the continued placement of inactive gang members or associates in a security housing unit (SHU) shall occur no earlier than two years after the previous DRB decision. Upon denial of an alternative placement for an inactive gang member or associate, the DRB is authorized to schedule an earlier review of the placement if the DRB determines that it is reasonable to expect that release from SHU will be granted in less than two years.
(4) A difference between a Board of Parole Hearing’s program placement order and the department’s policies cannot be resolved.

(5) An out-of-state or federal prison placement is recommended by the institution classification committee for a Western Interstate Corrections Compact (WICC), PC Section 11190, an Interstate Corrections Compact (ICC), PC Section 11189, or a Federal Placement, PC Section 2911. A California Out-of-State Correctional Facility (COFC) transfer shall not require a DRB review or institution classification committee action.

(6) Meritorious credit is recommended by an institution classification committee to reduce an inmate’s period of confinement pursuant to Penal Code Section 2935.

(7) The inmate’s current placement was ordered by the DRB and there is no documentation in the inmate’s central file to indicate that the DRB has relinquished responsibility for the inmate’s placement.

(c) Decisions of the DRB shall be in writing and implemented within 30 calendar days after the decision is made.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-16-92; operative 2-17-92 (Register 92, No. 13).
2. Amendment of subsection (d)(3) and Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment of subsection (d)(5) and amendment of Note filed 10-30-2008 as an emergency; operative 10-30-2008 (Register 2008, No. 40). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-8-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Amendment of first paragraph and subsections (a)(1)–(2) and (d)(4) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-2008 order transmitted to OAL 4-1-2009 and filed 5-12-2009 (Register 2009, No. 20).

3377.  Facility Security Levels.

Each camp, facility, or area of a facility complex shall be designated at a security level based on its physical security and housing capability. Reception centers are not facilities of assignment and are exempt from the security level designations except for the assignment of permanent work crew inmates. The security levels are:

(a) Level I facilities and camps consist primarily of open dormitories with a low security perimeter.
(b) Level II facilities consist primarily of open dormitories with an external armed coverage and housing units described in section 3377(c), or portable dormitories with armed coverage and housing units with cells adjacent to exterior walls.
(c) Level III facilities primarily have a secure perimeter with armed coverage and housing units with cells adjacent to exterior walls.
(d) Level IV facilities have a secure perimeter with internal and external armed coverage and housing units described in section 3377(c), or cell block housing with cells non-adjacent to exterior walls.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL before 120 days emergency language will be repealed on 8-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

7. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).

8. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 91, No. 11).

9. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b) (Register 92, No. 5).

10. Amendment of section heading, first paragraph and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency, operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


§ 3377.1  Inmate Custody Designations.

(a) Designation of a degree of an inmate’s custody shall be reasonably related to legitimate penological interests. The CDC uses the following inmate custody designations to establish where an inmate shall be housed and assigned, and the level of staff supervision required to ensure institutional security and public safety:

- Maximum Custody,
- Close A Custody,
- Close B Custody,
- Medium A Custody,
- Medium B Custody,
- Minimum A Custody,
- Minimum B Custody,

1. Maximum Custody.

(A) Housing shall be in cells in an approved segregated program housing unit as described in CCR section 3335 and CCR subsections 3341.5(b) and 3341.5(c).

(B) Assignments and activities shall be within the confines of the approved segregated program housing unit.

(C) An inmate designated as Maximum Custody shall be under the direct supervision and control of custody staff.

2. Close A Custody Male Inmates.

(A) Housing shall be in cells within Level III and Level IV facilities in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter.

(B) Close A Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter and the work change area. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting. Close A Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the work change area.

(C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody male inmates shall be counted at noon each day.

3. Close A Custody Female Inmates.

(A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory.

(B) Close A Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter and the work change area. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting.

(C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody female inmates shall be counted at noon each day.


(A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter.

(B) Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

(C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmate’s assigned work hours.

(D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.

5. Close B Custody Female Inmates.

(A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory located within an established facility security perimeter.

(B) Close B Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, in designated Level II, Level III and Level IV institutions.

(C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates’ assigned work hours.

(D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.


(A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.

(B) Assignments and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter.

(C) Supervision shall be frequent and direct.

7. Medium B Custody.

(A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.

(B) Assignments and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter. Inmates may be given daytime assignments outside the facility security perimeter but must remain on facility grounds.
(C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision inside the facility security perimeter. Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision outside the facility security perimeter.

(8) Minimum A Custody.  
(A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.

(B) Assignments and activities may be inside or outside the facility security perimeter.

(C) Staff supervision shall consist of at least hourly observation if assigned outside the facility security perimeter. Sufficient staff supervision of the inmate shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present if assigned inside the facility security perimeter.

(9) Minimum B Custody.  
(A) Housing may be in cells or dormitories on facility grounds, in a camp, in a Minimum Support Facility (MSF) or in a community based facility such as a Community Correctional Facility.

(B) Assignments and activities include eligibility for work or program assignments located either on or off institutional grounds.

(C) Sufficient staff supervision shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present.

(b) An “R” suffix shall be affixed to an inmate’s custody designation to ensure the safety of inmates, correctional personnel, and the general public by identifying inmates who have a history of specific sex offenses as outlined in Penal Code (PC) Section 290.

(1) The “R” suffix shall be affixed during reception center processing if one of the following four criteria applies:

(A) The inmate is required to register per PC Section 290.

(B) The inmate’s parole was revoked by the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) formerly known as the Board of Prison Terms/Parole Hearing Division, Good Cause/Probable Cause Finding of an offense that is equivalent to an offense listed in PC Section 290.

(C) The inmate had a BPH formerly known as California Youth Authority/Youth Offender Parole Board sustained adjudication of an offense that is equivalent to an offense listed in PC Section 290.

(D) The inmate had a valid “R” suffix evaluation as defined in this section, resulting in the “R” suffix being affixed.

(2) Inmates with a prior “R” suffix evaluation inconsistent with Section 3377.1(b)(5) shall not have an “R” suffix applied. An “R” suffix evaluation must be completed at the receiving institution.

(3) Within six months of reception or at any time during an incarceration, inmates with records of arrest, detention, or charge of any offenses listed in PC Section 290, shall appear before a classification committee to determine the need to affix an “R” suffix to the inmate’s custody designation. The committee shall consider the arrest reports and district attorney’s comments related to each arrest.

(A) An inmate found guilty in a disciplinary hearing of a Division A-1, A-2, or B offense that is equivalent to an offense listed in PC Section 290 shall have an “R” suffix evaluation completed by a classification committee.

(4) The receiving institution’s initial classification committee shall affix the “R” suffix designation to an inmate’s custody during initial classification committee review when it is determined the “R” suffix was not applied at the reception center and the inmate meets one of the criteria listed in Subsection 3377.1(b)(1).

(5) When completing an “R” suffix evaluation, the classification committee shall consider the arrest report(s) and district attorney’s comments. However, a classification committee may affix an “R” suffix if the arrest report(s) are available and the district attorney’s comments are unavailable. The classification committee shall document in a CDC Form 128-G the attempts/steps taken to obtain the required documentation.

(A) An “R” suffix shall not be affixed when the required documentation is not available for review, unless approved by Departmental Review Board (DRB) decision. If the arrest report is unavailable, the district attorney’s comments or any other court or official documents shall be considered if available.

(B) DRB approval is required to affix an “R” suffix to an inmate’s degree of custody if the required relevant documents are not available to complete an “R” suffix evaluation.

(6) If a Unit Classification Committee (UCC) finds that an inmate may no longer require an “R” suffix, the committee shall refer the case to the Institution Classification Committee (ICC) for review.

(7) Should a different facility UCC at the same institution disagree with the initial UCC’s decision to either affix or not affix the “R” suffix, the committee must refer the case to ICC for review.

(8) ICC can reverse an “R” suffix evaluation by a previous institution’s ICC only if new and compelling information is obtained. Otherwise, the case shall be referred for a DRB decision.

(9) An “R” suffix shall not be applied if the inmate was acquitted/found not guilty of the sex related charges in a court of law even if BPH Good Cause/Probable Cause Finding revoked his/her parole for those sex related charges.

(10) Inmates with “R” suffixes shall be housed in accordance with their placement score and shall not be assigned outside the security perimeter.

(11) Inmates who have obtained a valid Certificate of Rehabilitation pursuant to PC Section 4852.01 shall not have an “R” suffix affixed.

(12) An inmate whose “R” suffix has been removed shall be eligible for any housing or assignment for which they otherwise would qualify had the “R” suffix never been designated.

(13) The following terms are defined for the purposes of the “R” suffix custody designation:

(A) Institution means a large facility or complex of subfacilities with a secure (fenced or walled) perimeter headed by a warden.

(B) Facility means a subfacility of an institution headed by a facility captain.

(c) An “S” suffix may be affixed by a classification committee to the inmate’s custody designation to alert staff of an inmate’s need for single cell housing. The classification committee’s decision to affix the “S” suffix shall be based on documented evidence that the inmate may not be safely housed in a double cell or dormitory situation based on a recommendation by custody staff or a health care clinician.


HISTORY:

1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).

3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

§ 3377.2 Criteria for Assignment of Close Custody.

(a) Close Custody: Upon review of an inmate's case factors and need for supervision, the classification committee shall establish a Close Custody designation in accordance with the following case considerations when it determines that the inmate meets case factor criteria for either Close A Custody as listed in section 3377.2(b) or for Close B Custody as listed in section 3377.2(c).

(1) The case factors to be considered in assigning Close Custody include, but are not limited to, the following:

(A) the inmate's total term, sentence, or remaining time-to-serve;
(B) the inmate's escape history;
(C) identification of a management concern;
(D) receipt of an active law enforcement felony hold;
(E) a finding of guilt for a serious Rules Violation Report (RVR) (see section 3315);
(F) an inmate who is considered to be High Notoriety or is designated as a Public Interest Case.

(2) Departmental Review Board (DRB) approval is required to assign a Close Custody designation to an inmate who does not meet the case factor criteria established in this section. Authorization for the DRB shall be required before extending a Close Custody designation beyond the time constraints established for the most similar group of sentences.

(3) Custody determination shall be based on information available at the time of review. An ICC may temporarily assign a Close Custody designation to an inmate, for a maximum of ninety (90) days, pending receipt of documents or verification of information needed to make a final determination.

(4) Any inmate being evaluated for reduction of Close Custody shall demonstrate a record of disciplinary-free behavior and compliance with behavioral expectations, such as positive programming and participation for the last 12 months prior to the review.

(5) The Annual Classification Committee review shall include consideration of custody reduction.

(6) When calculating the time to be served in Close Custody in accordance with the case factor criteria, a classification committee shall count an inmate's behavior conforming to minimum expectations in the California Youth Authority (CYA) prior to the inmate's placement in CDC during the inmate's current term.

(7) When calculating the time served in Close Custody in accordance with case factor criteria, a classification committee shall not include periods of time that an inmate was serving a determined or indeterminate term in Security Housing Unit (SHU) or in Administrative Segregation Unit (ASU) or any segregated program housing unit.

(8) In cases involving an escape, the date of the escapee's return to CDC custody shall be the starting date to be used in calculating the start of the Close Custody time frame.

(9) An inmate who meets the Close Custody case factor criteria and who also has a documented health care or disability special housing need, which cannot be reasonably accommodated in the existing facility shall be referred by classification committee to the Classification Staff Representative (CSR) for transfer consideration.

(10) An inmate who is identified to be a management concern shall be ineligible for custody reduction consideration below Close B Custody. Upon review and determination that an inmate no longer presents a management concern, a Unit Classification Committee shall refer the case to Institutional Classification Committee (ICC) for review. The ICC may remove the identification of the inmate as a management concern based on consideration of the inmate’s long-term positive programming, evaluation of the inmate’s behavior in custody, and determination that the inmate no longer presents a continuing threat to public safety warranting Close B Custody.

(11) The classification committee is to consider the inmate's length of term or remaining time to serve in light of the inmate's escape history. An inmate with an escape history shall serve the longest required amount of time before being eligible for custody reduction below Close A Custody and also serve the longest required amount of time before being eligible for custody reduction below Close B Custody.

(12) An inmate who meets more than one Close A Custody case factor shall be designated Close A Custody for the longest required amount of time before becoming eligible for Close B Custody consideration.

(13) An inmate who meets more than one case factor for Close B Custody shall serve the longest required amount of time before he or she is to be eligible for consideration of further custody reduction.

(14) An inmate who is ineligible for further custody reduction based on any exclusionary case factor shall be precluded from further custody reduction.

(15) Upon classification committee review and determination that an inmate meets the Close Custody criteria, the inmate shall be designated Close Custody and shall be required to complete established time frames for Close A Custody and Close B Custody in compliance with Sections 3377.2(b) and 3377.2(c). Neither the inmate's projected date of release nor the inmate's earliest possible release date shall override established time frames.

(16) A classification committee may on a case-by-case basis consider for Medium A Custody an inmate who otherwise meets the Close Custody criteria [e.g., the minimum time periods for Close A and Close B Custody provided in subsections (b) and (c)] and who has been in CDC custody before March 2000 serving his or her instant offense. The inmate may retain Medium A Custody if the classification committee determines that the inmate’s current housing, program, and in-custody behavior do not substantiate a need for supervision and restrictive housing at the level of Close Custody and one of the following conditions are met:
(A) The inmate has already demonstrated positive programming for an equal or greater period of time at a less restrictive degree of custody during his or her present commitment and a classification committee has determined that the inmate has no history of escape, is not a management concern, is not an LWOP and has no active law enforcement hold.

(B) The inmate was not designated Close Custody upon initial period of incarceration and has since served more than half of the required amount of time for Close Custody at a less restrictive degree of custody, and a classification committee has determined that the inmate has no history of escape, has no active law enforcement hold, is not an LWOP and is not a management concern.

(C) The inmate is sentenced to a single Life term and has less than two years to be within seven years of MEPD and a classification committee has determined that the inmate does not demonstrate a significant risk of escape, has no history of escape, is not a management concern, and has no active law enforcement hold.

(b) Close A Custody Case Factor Criteria: An inmate who meets any of the Close A Custody case factor criteria described in this subsection shall be assigned to Close A Custody.

(1) Lengthy Sentence. An inmate serving a sentence of Life Without the Possibility of Parole (LWOP) shall serve his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for custody reduction consideration.

(2) Lengthy Sentence plus Management Concern and/or Escape History. An inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history in addition to serving a lengthy sentence as defined below shall require Close A Custody:

(A) An inmate with a management concern and/or an escape history sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for custody reduction consideration.

(B) An inmate with a management concern and/or an escape history who is sentenced to more than one Life sentence or an escape history in addition to serving a lengthy sentence as defined below shall require Close A Custody:

(A) An inmate found guilty of an in-custody Murder of A Non-Inmate or convicted of an in-custody Murder of A Non-Inmate shall be designated Close A Custody following his or her release from SHU. Close A Custody is required during the inmate’s remaining Total Term after release from SHU. Custody shall not be reduced from Close A Custody.

(B) An inmate verified to be subject to an active law enforcement hold for an offense that could result in sentencing as an LWOP, to serve Multiple Life Terms, or to serve a Determine Sentence or Total Term of 50 years or more shall require Close A Custody for at least five (5) years from the date of receipt of the hold unless the hold is removed. After initial five years at Close A Custody, the inmate shall be eligible to be considered for custody reduction to Close B Custody.

(C) The inmate is sentenced to a single Life term and has less than two years to be within seven years of MEPD and a classification committee has determined that the inmate has no history of escape, is not a management concern, and has no active law enforcement hold.

(3) An inmate whose precommitment and prior in-custody behavior demonstrates no management concern and reflects no escape history, but whose term of incarceration meets any of the following criteria shall require Close A Custody:

(A) An inmate who is sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(B) An inmate who is sentenced to more than one Life sentence shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(C) An inmate who is sentenced to a Life sentence shall serve his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(D) An inmate who is sentenced to a total term of 15 years or more, but less than 50 years, shall serve his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(4) Escape History. An inmate with a documented escape history (as reflected in State, Federal, local or juvenile criminal history) as described in this section shall be assigned to Close A Custody:

(A) An inmate convicted of or whose commitment offense includes Escape With Force or Attempted Escape With Force from any correctional setting or armed escort occurring within the last five (5) years of return to CDC custody shall serve his or her first eight (8) years upon receipt in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(B) An inmate convicted of or whose commitment offense includes Escape Without Force or Attempted Escape Without Force From Secure Perimeter or Armed Escort within the last five (5) years of return to CDC custody shall serve his or her first five (5) years of incarceration upon receipt in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(C) An inmate convicted, or found guilty of any serious RVR for plotting or planning to escape from a secure perimeter shall require Close A Custody for two (2) years from the date of the conviction or from the date charges were adjudicated, whichever is later, before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.

(5) Holds. An inmate who is subject to an active law enforcement hold as described below shall require Close A Custody as follows:

(A) An inmate verified to be subject to an active law enforcement hold for an offense that could result in sentencing as an LWOP, to serve Multiple Life Terms, or to serve a Determine Sentence or Total Term of 50 years or more shall require Close A Custody for at least one (1) year from the date of receipt of the hold unless the hold is removed. After initial five years at Close A Custody, the inmate shall be eligible to be considered for custody reduction to Close B Custody.

(B) An inmate verified to be subject to an active law enforcement hold for an offense that could result in sentencing to a Total Term of Life or a determinate term or Total Term of 15 years or more shall require Close A Custody for at least one (1) year from the date of receipt of the hold unless the hold is removed. After at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, the inmate shall be eligible for consideration for custody reduction to Close B Custody.

(6) Disciplinary History. An inmate who was found guilty of a serious RVR or convicted of an offense in custody as described in this subsection shall require Close A Custody as follows:

(A) An inmate found guilty of an in-custody Murder of A Non-Inmate or convicted of an in-custody Murder of A Non-Inmate shall be designated Close A Custody following his or her release from SHU. Close A Custody is required during the inmate’s remaining Total Term after release from SHU. Custody shall not be reduced from Close A Custody.

(B) An inmate found guilty of an in-custody Murder of An Inmate or convicted of an in-custody Murder of An Inmate within the last six (6) years shall serve at least the subsequent six (6) years at Close A Custody following release from SHU before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of further custody reduction.

(7) Notoriety. An inmate designated as a Public Interest Case or who is considered to have High Notoriety shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years in Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of further custody reduction.

(c) Close B Custody Case Factor Criteria: An inmate who meets the Close B Custody case factor criteria described in this subsection shall be assigned to Close B Custody.
(1) Life Without Possibility of Parole. Upon completing five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who is sentenced to LWOP shall serve at least the subsequent ten (10) years at Close B Custody. An inmate who is designated as an LWOP shall be ineligible for further reduction of custody below Close B Custody until after at least a total of fifteen (15) years at Close Custody. Level IV housing is required for the inmate’s Total Term unless the DRB authorized Level III housing as a result of a case-by-case review.

(2) Lengthy Sentence Plus Management Concern or Escape history. An inmate who is sentenced to a lengthy sentence and who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history as defined below shall require Close B Custody:

(A) Upon completing at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history who is sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall be assigned no less restrictive custody than Close B Custody. The inmate shall be ineligible for further reduction of custody.

(B) Upon completing at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history who was sentenced to more than one Life sentence shall be assigned no less restrictive custody than Close B Custody. The inmate shall be ineligible for further reduction of custody.

(C) Upon completing at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history who is sentenced to a Life sentence shall be assigned no less restrictive custody than Close B Custody. The inmate shall be ineligible for further reduction of custody.

(D) Upon completing at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history and who is sentenced to a Total Term of fifteen (15) years or more, but less than 50 years, shall be assigned to no less restrictive custody than Close B Custody. The inmate shall be ineligible for further reduction of custody.

(3) Lengthy Sentence. An inmate who demonstrates no management concerns and no escape history, but is sentenced to a Total Term as defined below shall require Close B Custody.

(A) Upon completing at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates no management concerns and no escape history, and is sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall serve the subsequent ten (10) years at Close B Custody.

(B) Upon completing at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates no management concerns and no escape history, but who is sentenced to more than one Life sentence shall be assigned to Close B Custody. He or she must be within seven (7) years of his or her Minimum Eligible Parole Date (MEPD) before he or she is eligible for further reduction of custody.

(C) Upon completing at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates no management concerns and no escape history, and who is sentenced to a Life sentence shall be assigned to Close B Custody. He or she must be within seven (7) years of his or her MEPD before he or she is eligible for further reduction of custody.

(D) Upon completing at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, an inmate who demonstrates no management concerns and no escape history, and is sentenced to a Total Term of fifteen (15) years or more, but not more than 50 years, shall serve the subsequent four (4) years at Close B Custody before he or she is eligible for further reduction of custody. Such an inmate may be considered for placement in a Designated Level II Facility when the inmate has a Level II Classification Score, is otherwise eligible for housing in a Designated Level II facility, and meets criteria per CCR section 3375.2(a)(7).

(4) Escape History. An inmate with a documented escape history as described in this section shall be assigned to Close B Custody:

(A) Upon completing at least eight (8) years at Close A Custody, an inmate who is convicted of or found guilty of a serious RVR or whose commitment offense includes Escape With Force or Attempted Escape With Force from any correctional setting or armed escort shall serve the subsequent two (2) years at Close B Custody before he or she shall be eligible for further reduction of custody. Following completion of the required Close B Custody period, an inmate with an escape history shall be eligible for custody reduction to Medium A Custody, but shall be housed in no less than a Designated Level II facility for a minimum of three (3) years before he or she shall be eligible for less restrictive housing. The inmate shall be ineligible for Minimum Custody.

(B) Upon completing at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate convicted of or whose commitment offense includes Escape Without Force or Attempted Escape Without Force From Secure Perimeter Facility or Armed Escort shall serve the subsequent five (5) years at Close B Custody before he or she shall be eligible for further reduction of custody. Following completion of the required Close B Custody period, an inmate with an escape history shall be eligible for custody reduction to Medium A Custody, but shall be housed in no less than a Designated Level II facility for a minimum of three (3) years before he or she shall be eligible for less restrictive housing. The inmate shall be ineligible for Minimum Custody.

(C) Upon completing at least two (2) years at Close A Custody, an inmate involved in a documented plot to escape from a secure perimeter facility shall serve the subsequent two (2) years at Close B Custody before he or she shall be eligible for further reduction of custody. Following completion of the required Close B Custody period, an inmate with an escape history shall be eligible for custody reduction to Medium A Custody, but shall be housed in no less than a Designated Level II facility for a minimum of three (3) years before he or she shall be eligible for less restrictive housing. The inmate shall be ineligible for Minimum Custody. An inmate with a history of walkaways from nonsecure settings shall not be placed in minimum custody settings for at least ten (10) years following the latest walkaway.

(5) Holds. An inmate who is subject to an active law enforcement hold as described below shall require Close B Custody as follows:

(A) After at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate verified to be subject to an active law enforcement hold for an offense that could result in sentencing as an LWOP to Multiple Life Terms, or to a Determinate Sentence or Total Term of 50 years or more shall be Close B Custody until the hold is removed.

(B) After at least one (1) year at Close A Custody, an inmate verified to be subject to an active law enforcement hold for an offense that could result in sentencing to a Total Term of Life or a determinate term or Total Term of fifteen (15) years or more shall be Close B Custody until the hold is removed.

(6) Disciplinary History. An inmate whose disciplinary history includes any of the criteria described in this subsection shall require Close B Custody:

(A) An inmate found guilty of an in custody serious RVR for the Murder of a Non-Inmate or convicted of Murder of a Non-Inmate shall require Close A Custody during his or her remaining term after release from SHU. The inmate shall be ineligible for Close B Custody or any reduction of custody.
(B) Upon completing at least six years at Close A Custody, an inmate found guilty of an in custody serious RVR for the Murder of an Inmate or convicted of Murder of an Inmate shall serve the subsequent four (4) years at Close B Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of further reduction of custody.

(C) An inmate found guilty of a Division A-1 or Division A-2 serious, as set forth in section 3323, or who is determined by a classification committee to demonstrate a pattern of, or a continuing propensity for, violence, escape or narcotic distribution, shall serve two (2) years at Close B Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of further reduction of custody.

(D) An inmate designated as a former gang member ("dropout") shall be required to undergo a period of observation and be designated by classification committee action as a Close B Custody inmate for one (1) year before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of further reduction of custody.

(7) High Notoriety. After at least five (5) years at Close A Custody, an inmate designated as a Public Interest Case or determined to have High Notoriety shall serve at least five (5) years in Close B Custody before consideration of further reduction of custody.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-27-2000 as an emergency; operative 3-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 13). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-5-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3. New section filed 10-19-2000 deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 10-19-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-27-2001 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.


3378. Documentation of Critical Case Information.

(a) Any information regarding an inmate/parolee which is or may be critical to the safety of persons inside or outside an institution shall be documented as required below on a CDC Form 812 (Rev. 8/01), Notice of Critical Case Information -Safety of Persons (Nonconfidential Enemies); a CDC Form 812-A (9/92), Notice of Critical Information -Prison Gangs Identification; CDC Form 812-B (9/92), Notice of Critical Information -Disruptive Group Identification; and CDC Form 812-C (Rev. 8/01), Notice of Critical Information -Confidential Enemies. The CDC Forms 812, 812-A, 812-B, and 812-C and all documents referred to on the forms shall be filed in the central file of each identified inmate/parolee. Any confidential material affecting the critical case factors of an inmate/parolee shall conform to the provisions of section 3321. Entries on these forms shall not be a substitute for detailed documentation required elsewhere in the central file.

(b) A CDC Form 812, and when applicable a CDC Form 812-C, shall be completed for each newly committed or returned inmate/parolee.

(1) The CDC Forms 812 and 812-C shall be updated as any critical information becomes known and is documented in the inmate/parolee’s central file. The forms shall also be reviewed and updated at the time of any change in the inmate/parolee’s status or placement.

(2) Any inmate/parolee who claims enemies shall provide sufficient information to positively identify the claimed enemy. Any inmate/parolee identified as an enemy shall be interviewed unless such interview would jeopardize an investigation or endanger any person. The results of the interview or investigation which supports, verifies or disproves the information shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B, General Chrono.

(3) Notations on the CDC Forms 812 and 812-C, or absence thereof, shall not be the sole basis for a staff decision or action which may affect the safety of any person.

(c) Gang involvement allegations shall be investigated by a gang coordinator/investigator or their designee.

(1) CDC Form 812-A or B shall be completed if an inmate/parolee has been verified as a currently active member/associate, inactive member/associate or dropout of a gang (prison gang or disruptive group) as defined in section 3000. Current activity is defined as any documented gang activity within the past six (6) years consistent with section 3341.5(c)(5).

(2) Information entered onto the CDC Form 812-A or B shall be reviewed and verified by a gang investigator to ensure that the identification of an inmate/parolee as a currently active gang member or associate is supported by at least three independent source items in the inmate/parolee’s central file. The independent source items must contain factual information or, if from a confidential source, meet the test of reliability established in section 3321. The verification of an inmate/parolee identified as a gang dropout shall require a formal debriefing conducted or supervised by a gang investigator.

(3) A member is an inmate/parolee or any person who has been accepted into membership by a gang. This identification requires at least three (3) independent source items of documentation indicative of actual membership. Validation of an inmate/parolee or any person as a member of a prison gang shall require at least one (1) source item be a direct link to a current or former validated member or associate of the gang, or to an inmate/parolee or any person who is validated by the department within six (6) months of the established or estimated date of activity identified in the evidence considered.

(4) An associate is an inmate/parolee or any person who is involved periodically or regularly with members or associates of a gang. This identification requires at least three (3) independent source items of documentation indicative of association with validated gang members or associates. Validation of an inmate/parolee or any person as an associate of a prison gang shall require at least one (1) source item be a direct link to a current or former validated member or associate of the gang, or to an inmate/parolee or any person who is validated by the department within six (6) months of the established or estimated date of activity identified in the evidence considered.

(5) A dropout is an inmate/parolee who was either a gang member or associate and has discontinued gang affiliation. This identification requires the inmate/parolee to successfully complete the debriefing process.

(6) The verification of an inmate/parolee’s gang identification shall be validated or rejected by the chief, office of correctional safety (OCS), or a designee.

(A) Prior to submission of a validation package to the OCS, or during the inactive status review process, the subject of the investigation shall be interviewed by the Institution Gang Investigator, or designee, and given an opportunity to be heard in regard to the source items used in the validation or inactive status review.
(B) Inmates shall be given written notice at least 24 hours in advance of the interview. The interview may be held earlier if the inmate waives, in writing, the 24-hour preparation period.

(C) All source items referenced in the validation or inactive status review shall be disclosed to the inmate/parolee at the time of notification. The inmate/parolee shall be given copies of all non-confidential documents unless otherwise requested in writing by the inmate/parolee. Confidential information used in the validation or inactive status review shall be disclosed to the inmate/parolee via a CDC Form 1030 (Rev. 12/86), Confidential Information Disclosure Form.

(D) The interview shall be documented and include a record of the inmate/parolee's opinion on each of the source items used in the validation. Staff shall record this information and provide a written record to the inmate/parolee within fourteen (14) calendar days and prior to submission of the validation package to OCS.

(E) The documented interview shall be submitted with the validation package to the OCS for consideration to approve or reject the validation. The documented interview shall be submitted with the inactive status review to the OCS for consideration of the inmate/parolee's continued active or inactive status.

(F) The inmate's mental health status and/or need for staff assistance shall be evaluated prior to interview. Staff assistance shall be assigned per guidelines set forth in section 3318.

(G) The validation and/or rejection of evidence relied upon shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-B2 (Rev. 5/95), Gang Validation/Rejection Review, and forwarded to the facility or parole region of origin for placement in the inmate/parolee's central file. Upon receipt of the CDC Form 128-B2, the Classification and Parole Representative or Parole Administrator I, or their designee, shall clearly note in some permanent manner upon the face of every document whether or not the item met validation requirements.

(7) The CDC Forms 812-A and 812-B shall be reviewed by a classification committee at each annual hearing and upon any review for transfer consideration. This shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-G (Rev. 10/89), Classification Chrono. Questionable gang identifications, notations, or new information shall be referred to a gang investigator for investigation.

(8) The determination of a gang identification shall reference each independent source item in the inmate/parolee's central file. The sources shall be based on the following criteria:

(A) Self admission. Staff shall document information about the inmate/parolee's self-admission and specific involvement with the gang. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(B) Tattoos and symbols. Body markings, hand signs, distinctive clothing, graffiti, etc., which have been identified by gang investigators as being used by and distinctive to specific gangs. Staff shall describe the tattoo or symbol and articulate why it is believed that the tattoo or symbol is used by and distinctive of gang association or membership. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(C) Written material. Any material or documents evidencing gang activity such as the membership or enemy lists, constitutions, organizational structures, codes, training material, etc., of specific gangs. Staff shall articulate why, based on either the explicit or coded content, the written material is reliable evidence of association or membership with the gang. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(D) Photographs. Individual or group photographs with gang connotations such as those which include insignia, symbols, or validated gang affiliates. The date of a photograph shall be reasonably ascertained prior to any photo being relied upon for inclusion as a source item. No photograph shall be considered for validation purposes that is estimated to be older than six (6) years. Any photograph being utilized as a source item that depicts gang members and/or associates shall require that at least one of the individuals be previously validated by the department, or validated as a member or associate of the gang by the department within six (6) months of the photograph's established or estimated date or origin. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(E) Staff information. Documentation of staff's visual or audible observations which reasonably indicate gang activity. Staff shall articulate the basis for determining the content or conduct at issue is gang related. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(F) Other agencies. Information evidencing gang affiliation provided by other agencies. Verbal information from another agency shall be documented by the staff person who receives such information, citing the source and validity of the information. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(G) Association. Information related to the inmate/parolee's association with validated gang affiliates. Information including addresses, names, identities and reasons why such information is indicative of association with a prison gang or disruptive group. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(H) Informants. Documentation of information evidencing gang affiliation from an informant shall indicate the date of the information, whether the information is confidential or nonconfidential, and an evaluation of the informant's reliability. Confidential material shall also meet the requirements established in section 3321. Staff shall articulate how the information specifically relates to the inmate's involvement with the gang as a member or associate. The information may be used as a source of validation if the informant provides specific knowledge of how he/she knew the inmate to be involved with the gang as a member or associate. Multiple confidential sources providing information regarding a single gang related incident or behavior shall constitute one (1) source item. Exclusive reliance on hearsay information provided by informants will not be used for validation purposes. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(I) Offenses. Where the circumstances of an offense evidence gang affiliation such as where the offense is between rival gangs, the victim is a verified gang affiliate, or the inmate/parolee's crime partner is a verified gang affiliate. Staff shall articulate why the offense is gang related. Multiple sources of information relative to a single incident or offense will be considered one (1) source of validation. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(J) Legal documents. Probation officer's report or court transcripts evidencing gang activity. Staff shall assure the document containing this information is disclosed to the inmate/parolee in a
written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(K) Visitors. Visits from persons who are documented as gang “runners”, or community affiliates, or members of an organization which associates with a gang. Staff shall articulate the basis for determining that the relationship between the visitor and inmate is gang related in nature or that the visitor and inmate engaged in a gang related discussion or gang conduct. Staff shall articulate the basis for identifying the visitor as associated with the gang. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(L) Communications. Documentation of telephone conversations, conversations between inmates, mail, notes, greeting cards, or other communication, including coded messages evidencing gang activity. Staff shall articulate why, based on either the explicit or coded content, the communication is reliable evidence of association or membership with the gang. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(M) Debriefing reports. Documentation resulting from the debriefing required by (c)(2), above. Only information referencing specific gang related acts or conduct shall be considered as a source item. Multiple sources of information relative to a single gang related offense or activity shall be considered a single source of validation. Staff shall document and disclose this information to the inmate/parolee in a written form that would not jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of the institution.

(d) An inmate housed in the general populations as a gang member or associate may be considered for review for inactive status when the inmate has not been identified as having been involved in gang activity for a minimum of two (2) years. Verification of an inmate’s inactive status shall be approved or rejected by the OCS, chief or a designee. The approval or rejection shall be forwarded for placement in the inmate’s central file. The Institution Classification Committee shall review and consider this determination at the next hearing and upon review for transfer consideration.

(e) An inmate housed in a security housing unit (SHU) as a gang member or associate may be considered for review of inactive status by the Department Review Board when the inmate has not been identified as having been involved in gang activity for a minimum of six (6) years. Verification of an inmate’s inactive status shall be approved or rejected by the chief, OCS, or a designee. The approval or rejection shall be forwarded for placement in the inmate’s central file.

(f) A gang member or associate, who is categorized as inactive or validated as a dropout of a prison gang and released from a SHU, may be removed from the general population or any other placement based upon one reliable source item identifying the inmate as an active gang member or associate of the prison gang with which the inmate was previously validated. The source item must identify the inmate as a gang member or associate based on information developed after his or her release from SHU. The source item need not be confidential, but must meet the test of reliability established at section 3321.

(g) The procedures relating to the initial validation or rejection of gang members or associates as described in this section shall be followed when reviewing the present status of an inactive gang member or associate. Verification of an inmate’s/parolee’s active status shall be approved or rejected by the chief, OCS, or a designee. This determination shall be forwarded for placement in the inmate’s/parolee’s central file.

(h) A classification committee is authorized to return an inmate to a SHU based upon the restoration of the inmate’s gang status and a determination that the inmate’s present placement endangers institutional security or presents a threat to the safety of others. As provided at section 3341.5, placement in a SHU requires approval by a classification staff representative.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
3. New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 1-4-88.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
7. Amendment of section heading and text and repealer and new forms filed 6-17-94; operative 7-18-94 (Register 94, No. 24).
8. Amendment of subsections (c)(2)–(3) filed 6-1-95 as an emergency; operative 6-1-95 (Register 95, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-8-95 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
9. Certificate of Compliance as to 6-1-95 order including amendment of subsection (c)(3) transmitted to OAL 11-3-95 and filed 12-18-95 (Register 95, No. 51).
10. Editorial correction of History 8 (Register 97, No. 12).
11. Amendment of subsections (a) and (c)(2), new subsections (c) (3)–(c)(5), subsection renumbering, amendment of newly designated subsections (c)(6) and (c)(8), new subsections (d)–(f)(3), and amendment of Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
13. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a) and repealing and adopting new forms 812 and 812-C filed 10-23-2001 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2001, No. 43).
15. Amendment of subsections (c)(3)–(4), (c)(6)(C)–(E), (c)(8)(B), (c)(8)(D), (c)(8)(F) and (g) filed 6-2-2011; operative 7-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 22).
NOTICE OF CRITICAL INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL ENEMIES

CONFIDENTIAL

THIS FORM IS NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION TO INMATES / PAROLES.

This form shall be used to identify inmates and/or potential enemies who require separation based on confidential information. Refer to ODC 2170 for additional information.

CONFIDENTIAL ENEMIES

[Form fields for identification, information, and approval signatures are present but not legible due to the image quality.]

DELETION OF CONFIDENTIAL ENEMIES

[Form fields for deletion of confidential enemies are present but not legible due to the image quality.]

[Signature block is present but not legible due to the image quality.]

[Form fields for date, custody, and other bureaucratic information are present but not legible due to the image quality.]

SAMPL
3378.1. Debriefing Process.

(a) Debriefing is the process by which a gang coordinator/investigator determines whether an inmate/parolee (subject) has dropped out of a gang. A subject shall be debriefed only upon his or her request, although staff may ask a subject if he or she wants to debrief. Debriefing shall entail a two-step process that includes an interview phase and an observation phase.

(b) The purpose of the debriefing interview is to provide staff with information about the gang’s structure, activities and affiliates. A debriefing is not for the purpose of acquiring incriminating evidence against the subject. The object of a debriefing is to learn enough about the subject and the subject’s current gang to: (1) allow staff to reasonably conclude that the subject has dropped out of the gang, and (2) allow staff to reclassify the subject based upon the inmate’s needs in conjunction with the security of the institution, as well as, the safety and security of staff and other inmates. A requirement of the interview phase is that the inmate provides staff a written autobiography of their gang involvement, which is then verified by staff for completeness and accuracy.

(c) Inmates undergoing the debriefing process shall be subject to a period of observation in a housing setting with other inmates who are also undergoing the debriefing process. The period of observation shall be no greater than 12 months.

(d) Upon completion of the debriefing process, the inmate shall be housed in a facility commensurate with the inmate’s safety needs. In the absence of safety needs, the inmate shall be housed in a facility consistent with his or her classification score.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-30-99 order transmitted to OAL 2-7-2000 and filed 3-21-2000 (Register 2000, No. 12).

3378.3. Transitional Housing Unit.

The Transitional Housing Unit (THU) shall provide a program of observation to evaluate that an inmate has successfully disassociated from prison gang activity and is capable of programming in a general population (GP) setting. Inmates must have completed the debriefing process from a validated prison gang, as described in section 3378.1, in order to be placed into the THU. Placement into the THU can be from either a Security Housing Unit or from GP. THU inmates shall be housed separately from other GP inmates due to potential safety concerns.

(a) The debriefing process is designed to review, monitor and evaluate each individual and ensure that the inmate participating in the debriefing process is not a threat to staff or other inmates, and has sincerely renounced all prison gang activities. A period of observation and adjustment will follow the debriefing process to ensure that an inmate will be able to program in a GP setting with inmates of all races and ethnic groups, as well as other disassociated prison gang members/associates. The minimum eligible criteria to be placed into the THU shall consist of:

(1) The formal debriefing process as set forth in section 3378.1 must be satisfactorily completed at the Institutional level through the Institution Gang Coordinator/Investigator.

(2) The inmate must be willing to commit to personal change, pursuant to CCR section 3378.1.

(b) The THU program shall be up to 6 months in duration consisting of components to include, but not be limited to, conflict resolution, anger control, substance abuse education, communication skills, individual counseling, educational skills, and group exercises. Inmates will be evaluated by the instructors throughout the program based on participation, behavior, and review of completed assignments.

(c) Upon arrival at the designated THU institution, THU inmates shall be housed in a THU orientation section for a period not to exceed 14 days. The inmate’s placement in THU shall be reviewed by a classification committee for affirmation of the inmate’s endorsement and consideration of appropriate housing. Inmates shall be advised of program/behavioral expectations, and the requirement that they must attend and actively participate in all assignments and activities.

(1) During the orientation period, inmate’s program activities will be primarily limited to housing unit activities.

(2) Inmates shall be advised that participation in all assignments and activities is mandatory, and gang related activity or behavior will not be tolerated. Any disciplinary action deemed serious in nature, or one that is related to gang activity, shall result in referral to a classification committee for program review and possible removal from the THU program.

(d) Upon completion of the orientation period, participants shall be placed in the THU GP portion of the program for approximately 5 months and 2 weeks. Inmates will be assigned work group/privilege group A-1.

(1) Inmates shall be required to double cell in accordance with the Department’s Integrated Housing Policy as set forth in section 3269.1.

(2) Inmates must participate in one or more of the offered self-help activities, and any assigned work or educational programs.

(3) Inmates shall be allowed special purchases, canteen draw, and allowed to attend religious services when offered within the THU area.

(4) Inmates shall be eligible for work assignments as THU mentors to other THU inmates, THU housing unit porters, or THU clerks.
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(e) Upon satisfactory completion of the THU program, inmates shall be referred to a classification committee for transfer consideration. Inmates failing to satisfactorily complete the THU program shall be referred to classification committee for determination of future program and housing needs.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-29-2009; operative 1-28-2010 (Register 2010, No. 1).

3379. Inmate Transfers.

(a) Transfer requirements.

(1) Any inmate transfer from a facility other than a reception center shall require a classification committee action and endorsement by a classification staff representative (CSR). In the cases of civil addicts transferring to community correctional facilities and illegal aliens transferring for the purpose of deportation proceedings, the Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) may endorse such cases following the classification committee action.

(2) An inmate for whom a recall of commitment report under provisions of Penal Code Section 1170(d) is required, shall not be transferred, unless for emergency medical treatment, until the report is completed. Reception center process cases shall be excluded from this provision.

(3) Except in emergencies or for special housing, inmates shall not be transferred within 90 days of their release date, or within 90 days of a Board of Prison Terms (BPT) appearance. If a case requires transfer within the 90-day period, the appropriate BPT report shall be completed by the sending institution prior to the transfer.

(4) A warden or superintendent may temporarily suspend a scheduled inmate transfer. Such suspension shall constitute a classification action and be recorded on a chrono as provided by section 3375(a)(2) of these regulations, including the reason for the action and a recommendation for an alternative program assignment.

(5) If an inmate has not transferred within 30 days of CSR endorsement, the sending institution shall report that fact to the Chief, Classification Services who shall either direct the institution to proceed with the transfer or present the case to the next CSR for alternative action.

(6) Transfer to another state. Transfer of a California prison inmate to an out-of-state prison facility shall not occur prior to the inmate signing a CDC Form 294, Interstate Compact Placement Agreement, witnessed by the institution head or delegate.

(7) Transfer to a federal prison. Transfer of a California prison inmate to a federal prison facility shall not occur until:

(A) The inmate has been informed of the right to private consultation with an attorney their choice concerning rights and obligations pursuant to Penal Code section 2911.

(B) The warden or superintendent or delegate has witnessed the inmate’s signing of a Federal Prison System Placement Agreement consent form and an acknowledgement of having been informed regarding rights and obligations.

(8) An inmate may, prior to scheduled transfer, revoke their consent to transfer to out-of-state or federal prison.

(9) California Out-of-State Correctional Facility (COCF) Transfers. Every male inmate is potentially eligible for a COCF transfer. Every male inmate shall be reviewed for transfer eligibility to the COCF program during Reception Center processing, at initial classification committees, and at any classification committee when any temporary ineligibility for COCF transfer has been resolved. COCF transfers may occur voluntarily or involuntarily.

(A) Eligibility. A CDCR male inmate is eligible to be transferred to COCF if the inmate:

1. Has remaining time to serve of no less than 6 months and no more than 30 years at the time of CSR endorsement.

2. Is Security level I-III.

3. Has a degree of custody established at or potentially eligible for Medium A, Medium B or Close B Custody.

(B) Ineligibility. A CDCR inmate is ineligible to be transferred if:

1. The inmate has a custody designation level established at or is potentially eligible for Minimum A, Minimum B, or Close A.

2. In CDCR’s discretion, considerations such as disciplinary history, security concerns, or other case factors make the transfer of an inmate inappropriate.

(C) Any California inmate who volunteers or is notified that he is eligible for involuntarily transfer to COCF shall be informed of the opportunity to seek legal consultation with an attorney:

1. Prior to the completion of the Institutional Staff Recommendation Summary (ISRS) for Reception Center inmates.

2. Prior to a classification committee for non-Reception Center inmates.

3. Inmates shall have the ability to waive the attorney consultation.

(D) The notification of eligibility, and the notification of opportunity for attorney consultation and interpreter needs, shall be documented on the CDC Form 128-B (Rev 4/74), General Chrono.

(E) The information regarding the attorney consultation or waiver of such consultation by the inmate shall be documented:

1. At the Reception Centers, on the ISRS.

2. For all non-Reception Center inmates, on the CDC Form 128-G (Rev. 10/89), Classification Chrono.

(F) Voluntary Transfer. An inmate who is eligible for transfer to COCF and volunteers for such a transfer shall sign a CDCR Form 2169 (Rev. 8/08), Out Of State Placement Agreement, which is hereby incorporated by reference. Notwithstanding subdivision (a) (6), COCF inmates are not required to sign a CDC Form 294 (Rev. 7/88). Upon notification of potential involuntary transfer, inmates shall no longer be eligible for voluntary transfer.

1. An inmate who volunteers for transfer to COCF may waive his opportunity to consult with an attorney by signing a CDCR Form 2168 (Rev. 08/08), Attorney Waiver Statement, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

2. Inmates with serious medical or dental conditions as determined by designated Health Care staff, or inmates having any other applicable serious medical condition which appropriately designates them under the supervision of the medical Receiver may volunteer for a COCF transfer upon executing written consent. Those inmates who are presently within the Mental Health Services Delivery System at any level of care may not volunteer for a COCF transfer even upon executing written consent, until and unless their transfer is permitted by court order. An inmate for whom appropriate care out of state is available and for whom such transfer will not have a detrimental impact on the healthcare needs of the inmate, and who has executed written consent to transfer to COCF, will be considered for transfer on a case-by-case basis by designated Health Care staff.

(G) Involuntary Transfer. An inmate is not eligible for involuntary transfer if:

1. The inmate has a serious medical or dental condition as determined by designated Health Care Staff, or the inmate has a serious medical condition as determined by designated Health care Staff operating as applicable under the supervision of the medical Receiver.

2. The inmate has a serious mental disorder as defined by the class certification order (executed October 23, 1991) and Revised
Disciplinary detention shall be completed, suspended, or terminated period to be served in a SHU at the receiving facility.

To incomplete disciplinary punishment or establishment of a designation, disciplinary action, court proceedings, or a pending transfer. The sending institution shall resolve any matters related to the inmate’s classification, disciplinary action, court proceedings, or a pending transfer. The sending institution shall resolve any matters related to the inmate’s classification, disciplinary action, court proceedings, or a pending transfer.

CSR review and approval. Reasons for such placement may include a facility of an institution for which the inmate has not otherwise been assigned. Inmates in this group may be housed in Outpatient Housing Units or medical facilities. Inmates who merely require assistance such as another person to carry a tray at meals or read written documents are specifically not excluded from transfer.

The inmate is a class member under the federal court decree in Armstrong v. Schwarzenegger and is on dialysis.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Reg. Cal., No. C-94-2307 CW, Stipulation and Proposed Order issued November 30, 2006; Coleman v. Schwarzenegger; United States District Court, E.D. Cal., No. CIV-S-90–0520 LKK JFM P, Order issued November 6, 2006; and Whitaker v. Rushen (9th Cir. 1983) 720 F.2d 1132, 1135.

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to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).

5. New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.

6. Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).

7. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsection (b), CDC Form 294 and CDC Form 802 (Register 92, No. 5).

8. Amendment of subsection (a)(1) and Note filed 1-30-96 as an emergency; operative 1-30-96 (Register 96, No. 5). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-29-96 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

9. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-30-96 order, including further amendment of subsection (a)(1) and Note, transmitted to OAL 5-14-96 and filed 6-25-96 (Register 96, No. 26).

10. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (c) filed 3-18-97 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 97, No. 12).

11. New subsections (a)(9)–(a)(9)(I) and amendment of Note filed 10-30-2008 as an emergency; operative 10-30-2008 (Register 2008, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-8-2009 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

12. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-30-2008 order, including further amendment of section and Note, transmitted to OAL 4-1-2009 and filed 5-12-2009 (Register 2009, No. 20).

INTERSTATE COMPACT PLACEMENT AGREEMENT

I hereby agree to accept this transfer to: at institution of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. The inmate will be transferred on the day of ,

I understand that prior to scheduled transfer, I have the right to appeal transfer. In accordance with California Penal Code Section 1191.1, I have the right to consult with an attorney of my choice concerning my rights and obligations under California Penal Code Section 1191.1 prior to consenting to such a transfer.

I have exercised this right. Yes , No .

I waive any right to consult with an attorney. Yes , No.

I understand that I am expected to remain in the custody of the state to which I am transferred until my release unless I am returned to California by the California Department of Corrections.

I understand that my security, treatment, training, and care in this state will be in keeping with the standards for such programs as administered in California.

I understand that my hearings for parole consideration, and determination of sentence will be conducted on the same basis as if I were in a California institution.

Inmate's Signature: ___________________________ Warden's Signature: ___________________________

CDC Number: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM PLACEMENT AGREEMENT

I, ____________________________, agree to my own request, for the purpose of my rehabilitation, to be transferred from an institution of the California Department of Corrections to an institution of the Federal Prison System.

I understand that the California and Federal systems will work in concert to ensure that I am rehabilitated and brought to bear the standards of the Federal Prison System. I agree to comply with all rules and regulations as well as treatment and educational programs, as outlined in the Federal Prison Code Section 2961, or any similar code to such a transfer.

I have not used drugs that are illegal under Federal law. Yes ______ No ______

I waive any right to consult with an attorney. Yes ______ No ______ I am aware that prior to scheduled transfer I may revoke my consent to transfer (CCR 3379).

I understand that I am expected to remain in an institution of the Federal Prison System until discharged or paroled unless I am returned to California by the Department of Corrections.

I understand that the security, treatment, training and parole for me will be in keeping with the standards for such programs as administered in California by the Department of Corrections.

I understand that any hearings for parole consideration and determination of sentence will be conducted on the same basis as if I were in a California institution.

______________________________
Inmate’s Signature

______________________________
Witness’ Signature

DC Number Date

Date

Distribution

Inmate’s Central File

Transferring official can be requiring documentation.
NOTICE OF TRANSFER TO CALIFORNIA MEDICAL FACILITY
FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT

Detainee's Name: ___________________ Today's Date: ____________
Tijuana, Number: ___________________ Signature of Detainee: ____________

You have been transferred to the California Medical Facility to receive mental health treatment. You are entitled to the following:

A. A hearing to be held at CMH, normally within seven days after your transfer date, to determine whether your transfer was necessary. (CCR 3776)

B. Before the hearing your caseworker will help you to prepare for the hearing and will be with you at the hearing. Your caseworker may include physicians' reports and available documents related to your transfer.

C. The hearing will be conducted by a designee of the Facility, or by a neutral decision-maker, or by a neutral decision-maker at the discretion of the Department of Corrections. The independent decision-maker will not be the doctor who recommended your transfer or your treating psychiatrist at CMH. (CCR 3776)

D. At the hearing, the information which caused your transfer to order will be provided to you. You will be heard in person and any personal documents may be shown to you. If the decision at the hearing is that a decision cannot be made without additional information, the hearing may be continued. If it is continued, you will be given the reasons in writing. (CCR 3776)

E. At the hearing, you may present either written or oral testimony by witnesses chosen by you. If any of your witnesses are not allowed to appear, you will be given the reasons in writing. (CCR 3776)

F. After the hearing, the independent decision-maker will inform you in writing of the decision and the reasons for the decision. (CCR 3776)

G. If you disagree with the decision, you may appeal the decision to the Director of Corrections for investigation to determine whether the evidence supporting the decision was sufficient. If you decide to appeal, it must be filed within 30 calendar days of the hearing. You will be provided with a ruling within 70 working days of the filing of your appeal. (CCR 3776)

I have explained this form and the above-stated rights to ___________________ (Detainee's Name)

Date: ____________
Signed: ______________

I certify acknowledgment of notice and rights.

Date: ____________
Signed: ______________

I hereby agree to the placement at the California Medical Facility and waive the above-stated rights.

Date: ____________
Signed: ______________

Distribution:
Hospital Chart
Medical Record
Unit File
SUBCHAPTER 5. PERSONNEL

Article 1. Wardens, Superintendents, Parole Region Administrators

3380. Chief Executive Officer.

(a) The warden or superintendent of an institution of the department is the chief executive officer of that institution, and is responsible for the custody, treatment, training and discipline of all inmates under his or her charge.

(b) Parole region administrators are the chief executive officer of their respective parole regions, and are responsible for the supervision of all parolees and furloughed inmates assigned to the region, and to the districts, units and community correctional centers under the region’s jurisdiction.

(c) Subject to the approval of the Director of Corrections, wardens, superintendents and parole region administrators will establish such operational plans and procedures as are required by the director for implementation of regulations and as may otherwise be required for their respective operations. Such procedures will apply only to the inmates, parolees and personnel under the administrator.

(d) Copies of institution and parole region operational plans and procedures requiring the director’s review and approval will be submitted to central office on a scheduled basis. A copy of each currently approved plan will be maintained in the department’s policy documentation files. Operational procedures which do not require the director’s review and approval do not need to be submitted to central office unless requested. In compliance with the Public Records Act, departmental regulations and procedures, as well as institution and parole region operational plans and procedures of a nonconfidential nature, will be made available for public examination at any administrative office of the department where such information is maintained.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).

3381. Absence.

Wardens, superintendents and parole region administrators will obtain the director’s approval before voluntarily absenting themselves from duty for more than one regular state workday. Each warden, superintendent and parole region administrator will submit for the director’s approval the names and titles of three top-ranking subordinates who will serve in the administrator’s place during temporary absences. The persons named will be designated as first, second and third alternate, to serve as acting warden, superintendent or region administrator. While so acting, the person designated has the same authority and power as the warden, superintendent or region administrator.

Comment: Former DP-5102, absence from institution.

3382. Incident Reports.

(a) Any event or activity occurring within the jurisdiction of institutions or parole regions which may be of immediate interest or concern to the department, or of special interest to other governmental agencies or the news media, will be immediately reported by institution and region staff by telephone to the office of the Secretary or to the departmental duty officer. Wardens and superintendents will submit a written report of the incident to the Secretary within 24 hours of the verbal notice. Parole regions will submit written reports in accordance with timelines established by the Director, Division of Adult Parole Operations.

(b) Incidents to be reported include, but are not limited to, all serious crimes such as homicide or severe assaults upon or by inmates, parolees or employees, escapes, and sensational activities or events such as riots, strikes, demonstrations, disturbances, or disruption of essential services, and significant damage or destruction of state property.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
2. Amendment of subsections (a) and (b) and new Note filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

3383. State of Emergency.

(a) A state of emergency shall exist when the institution head or regional parole administrator/deputy director, Division of Adult Parole Operations (DAPO), temporarily suspends any nonessential operation, procedure, service or function, and the normal time limits or schedules for such activity in order to prevent, contain or control a disturbance.

(b) The Assistant Secretary, Office of Correctional Safety, shall be contacted by any of the persons specified in section 3383(a), or their designee, when a state of emergency is declared.

(c) Approval of the Secretary or Secretary’s designee is required when:

(1) A lock down or modified program of all housing units/sub-facilities within a facility’s security perimeter is to exceed 24 hours.

(2) A lock down or modified program of fewer than all housing units/sub-facilities within a facility’s security perimeter is to exceed 72 hours.

(3) The suspension of a facility’s major program or operation is to exceed 72 hours; e.g., an academic or vocational program, visiting program, yard operation, or dining room operation.

(d) During a state of emergency the institution head or regional parole administrator/deputy director, DAPO, may authorize the postponement of nonessential administrative decisions, actions, and the normal time requirements for such decisions and actions as deemed necessary because of the emergency. This may include, but is not limited to, classification committee hearings, disciplinary proceedings, and the review and action on appeals.

(e) During a state of emergency, the cause and effect shall be constantly reviewed and evaluated by the institution head or regional parole administrator/deputy director, DAPO, through appropriate staff. The facility’s affected areas, programs, and operations shall be returned to normal as soon as the institution head or regional parole administrator/deputy director, DAPO, determines that it is safe to do so. Upon termination of a state of emergency, the normal schedules and time frames for administrative decisions and actions pertaining to affected inmates will resume.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending section and adding Note filed 3-21-95 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 12).
3. Amendment filed 10-16-97; operative 11-15-97 (Register 97, No. 42).
4. Amendment of subsections (a)–(b) and (c)–(d) filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).
5. New subsection (b) and subsection relettering filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).
6. Amendment of subsections (c)(1)-(2) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3384. Administrative Visitation.
Wardens and superintendents or a designated staff member acting in that capacity, the chief custodial officer, the chief medical officer, and other administrative and management staff, will visit institution living and activity areas at least weekly.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-18-80; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 80, No. 16).

Article 2. Employees

3390. Background Investigations.
(a) Background investigations on applicants for non-peace officer classifications shall be limited to applicants applying for the following classifications:
(1) Dentist.
(2) Chief dentist.
(3) Supervising dentist.
(4) Staff psychiatrist.
(5) Senior psychiatrist.
(6) Chief psychiatrist, correctional facility.
(7) Staff psychologist (counseling or clinical).
(8) Senior psychologist.
(9) Chief psychologist.
(10) Physician and surgeon.
(11) Chief physician and surgeon.
(12) Chief medical officer, correctional institution.
(13) Assistant superintendent, psychiatric services, correctional facility.
(14) Deputy superintendent, clinical services, correctional program.
(15) Chief, medical services, correctional program.
(16) Correctional case records (complete series).

(b) Background investigation clearances are not required prior to appointment to classifications in (a) above.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 11-30-93; operative 12-30-93 (Register 93, No. 49). For prior history, see Register 85, No. 26).
2. Change without regulatory effect adding subsection (a)(3) and renumbering subsections filed 8-11-2010 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2010, No. 33).

3391. Employee Conduct.
(a) Employees shall be alert, courteous, and professional in their dealings with inmates, parolees, fellow employees, visitors and members of the public. Inmates and parolees shall be addressed by their proper names, and never by derogatory or slang reference. Prison numbers shall be used only with names to summon inmates via public address systems. Employees shall not use indecent, abusive, profane, or otherwise improper language while on duty. Irresponsible or unethical conduct or conduct reflecting discredit on themselves or the department, either on or off duty, shall be avoided by all employees.

(b) An allegation by a non-inmate of misconduct by a departmental peace officer as defined in section 3291(b) is a citizen’s complaint pursuant to Penal Code section 832.5. Citizen’s complaints alleging misconduct of a departmental peace officer shall be filed within twelve months of the alleged misconduct.

(c) Persons other than an inmate, parolee or staff who allege misconduct of a departmental peace officer shall submit a written complaint to the institution head or parole administrator of the area in which the peace officer is employed.

(d) Citizens filing complaints alleging misconduct of a departmental peace officer employed by this department are required to read and sign the following statement:
YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE A COMPLAINT AGAINST A POLICE OFFICER [this includes a departmental peace officer] FOR ANY IMPROPER POLICE [or peace] OFFICER CONDUCT. CALIFORNIA LAW REQUIRES THIS AGENCY TO HAVE A PROCEDURE TO INVESTIGATE CITIZENS’ [or inmates’/parolees’] COMPLAINTS. YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO A WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF THIS PROCEDURE. THIS AGENCY MAY FIND AFTER INVESTIGATION THAT THERE IS NOT ENOUGH EVIDENCE TO WARRANT ACTION ON YOUR COMPLAINT; EVEN IF THAT IS THE CASE, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE THE COMPLAINT AND HAVE IT INVESTIGATED IF YOU BELIEVE AN OFFICER BEHAVED IMPROPERLY. CITIZEN [or inmate/parolee] COMPLAINTS AND ANY REPORTS OR FINDINGS RELATING TO COMPLAINTS MUST BE RETAINED BY THIS AGENCY FOR AT LEAST FIVE YEARS.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No.7).
2. Editorial correction of History 1 (Register 96, No. 52).
3. Amendment of section heading, amendment adding new subsection (a) designator, renumbering and amendment of old subsections 3084.7(h)(2) and (h)(3) to new subsection 3391(b) and (c), new subsection (d), and amendment of Note filed 12-23-96 as an emergency; operative 12-23-96 (Register 96, No. 52). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-2-97, or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Amendment of section heading, amendment adding new subsection (a) designator, renumbering and amendment of old subsections 3084.7(h)(2) and (h)(3) to new subsections 3391(b) and (c), new subsection (d), and amendment of Note refiled 5-29-97 as an emergency; operative 6-2-97 (Register 97, No. 22). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-30-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Editorial correction of History 4 (Register 97, No. 24).
6. Certificate of Compliance as to 5-29-97 order, including amendment of subsections (b) and (d), transmitted to OAL 9-25-97 and filed 11-7-97 (Register 97, No. 45).
7. Amendment of subsection (d) and amendment of Note filed 11-3-2006 as an emergency; operative 11-3-2006 (Register 2006, No. 44). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-12-2007 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3392. Punctuality.
Employees must report for duty promptly at the time directed and not leave work assignments before completion of their scheduled workday or tour of duty, except with their supervisor’s permission. If for any reason an employee is unable to report for duty, the employee must notify his or her supervisor at the earliest possible moment.

Comment: Former DR-5203, punctuality of employees.

3393. Uniforms, Badges, and Insignia.
(a) All peace officer personnel shall wear uniforms and insignia as prescribed by the Secretary, unless specifically exempted by the
warden, superintendent, or regional parole administrator. Personnel shall not wear a department uniform into any bar, tavern, gambling hall or night club, except in the performance of assigned duties.

(b) Uniformed peace officer personnel shall wear the official department badge as a standard item of uniform attire. Exceptions may be authorized by the warden, superintendent, regional parole administrator, or department division head to whom such employee reports. All personnel appointed to positions designated as peace officers in Section 3291 are authorized to possess and carry an official California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation badge. It is unlawful for any person, including a department employee who is not a peace officer, to wear, exhibit or use the department badge or a facsimile of the badge without specific authority to do so.

(c) All uniformed peace officer personnel shall wear a clearly displayed nameplate as a standard item of uniform attire. Any employee having contact with inmates and the general public may also be required to wear a nameplate while on duty, as determined by the warden, superintendent, division head, or regional parole administrator to whom the employee reports.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 7-29-76; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 76, No. 31).
2. Repealer of subsection (d) and new subsections (d), (e) and (f) filed 3-22-78; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 78, No. 12).
3. Amendment of subsection (d), repealer of subsection (e) and amendment and renumbering of subsection (f) to subsection (e) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
4. Amendment filed 2-16-88; operative 3-17-88 (Register 88, No. 9).
5. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (b) and (c) (Register 92, No. 5).

§ 3394        DISTRACTIONS.

Employee assigned to security post positions or to direct supervision and control of inmates or parolees will not read, listen to a private radio, or engage in any distracting amusement or activity while on assignment except such authorized reading as may be required in the proper performance of their assigned duties.

Comment: Former DR-5205, reading or distraction while on duty.

§ 3395        ALERTNESS.

Employees must not sleep or be less than alert and in full possession of all faculties while on duty.

Comment: Former DR-5206, sleeping while on duty.

§ 3396        ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE.

Employees must promptly report any change in their address or telephone number to their supervisor and to the personnel office. If an employee does not have a telephone, the employee must furnish his or her supervisor and the personnel office with information on how the employee can be promptly reached.

Comment: Former DR-5207, change of address or telephone.

§ 3397        EMERGENCIES.

Regardless of an employee’s class of service, in an emergency any employee must perform any service, including custodial functions, if so directed by the warden, regional administrator or his or her delegate. At any time an employee is contacted by telephone or is otherwise informed of an emergency situation at the institution or facility to which they are assigned, the employee must report without delay to the officer-in-charge.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 5-26-2011; operative 6-25-2011 (Register 2011, No. 21).

§ 3398        VISITING.

Employees must not receive personal visits while on duty except with the permission of the employee’s supervisor.

Comment: Former DR-5209, visiting of employees.

§ 3399        TRANSACTIONS.

Employees shall not directly or indirectly trade, barter, lend or otherwise engage in any other personal transactions with any inmate, parolee or person known by the employee to be a relative of an inmate or parolee. Employees shall not, directly or indirectly give to or receive from any inmate, parolee or person known by the employee to be a relative of an inmate or parolee, anything in the nature of a tip, gift or promise of a gift.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 4-10-89; operative 5-10-89 (Register 89, No. 15).
2. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 5).

§ 3400        FAMILIARITY.

Employees must not engage in undue familiarity with inmates, parolees, or the family and friends of inmates or parolees. Whenever there is reason for an employee to have personal contact or discussions with an inmate or parolee or the family and friends of inmates and parolees, the employee must maintain a helpful but professional attitude and demeanor. Employees must not discuss their personal affairs with any inmate or parolee.

Comment: Former DR-5211, undue familiarity.

§ 3401        EMPLOYEE AND INMATE/PAROLEE RELATIONS.

(a) Except as provided in (e) below, employees shall not take, deliver or otherwise transmit, either to or from any inmate or member of an inmate’s family; any verbal or written message, document, item, article or substance.

(b) Except as provided in (e) below, employees shall not contact, correspond or otherwise communicate with any inmate, parolee or member of an inmate’s or parolee’s family.

(c) If an employee is contacted by any inmate, parolee or member of an inmate’s or parolee’s family, other than under circumstances specified in (e) below, the employee shall immediately notify, in writing, the employee’s institution head or director/assistant secretary of that fact.

(d) Any employee asked, coerced or otherwise contacted by any person to transmit, take or relay any message, item or substance, either to or from, any inmate, parolee or member of an inmate’s or parolee’s family, by other than approved means or circumstances, shall immediately notify, in writing, their institution head or director/assistant secretary of that fact.

(e) Exceptions to the above prohibitions are as follows:
(1) In the execution of their assigned duties, employees shall issue, or receive from inmates any mail, packages, supplies and other items due or permitted them according to department policy and local procedures.
(2) In the execution of their assigned duties, employees shall interact with any inmate, parolee or member of an inmate’s or parolee’s family as necessary.
3401.5. Employee Sexual Misconduct.

(a) For the purposes of this section, sexual misconduct means any sexual behavior by a departmental employee, volunteer, agent or individual working on behalf of the Department of Corrections, which involves or is directed toward an inmate or parolee. The legal concept of “consent” does not exist between departmental staff and inmates/parolees; any sexual behavior between them constitutes sexual misconduct and shall subject the employee to disciplinary action and/or to prosecution under the law. Sexual misconduct includes, but is not limited to:

1. Influencing or offering to influence an inmate’s/parolee’s safety, custody, housing, privileges, parole conditions or programming, or offering goods or services, in exchange for sexual favors; or

2. Threatening an inmate’s/parolee’s safety, custody, housing, privileges, work detail, parole conditions or programming because the inmate/parolee has refused to engage in sexual behavior; or

3. Engaging in sexual act(s) or contact, including:

   A. Sexual intercourse; or

   B. Sodomy; or

   C. Oral Copulation; or

   D. Penetration of genital or anal openings by a foreign object, substance, instrument or device for the purpose of sexual arousal, gratification, or manipulation; or

   E. Rubbing or touching of the breasts or sexual organs of another or of oneself, in the presence of and with knowledge of another, for the purpose of sexual arousal, gratification, or manipulation; or

   F. Invasion of privacy, beyond that reasonably necessary to maintain safety and security; or disrespectful, unduly familiar, or sexually threatening comments directed to, or within the hearing of, an inmate/parolee.

(b) Penalties. All allegations of sexual misconduct shall be subject to investigation, which may lead to disciplinary action and/or criminal prosecution.

(c) Reporting Requirements. Any employee who observes, or who receives information from any source concerning sexual misconduct, shall immediately report the information or incident directly to the institution head, unit supervisor, or highest-ranking official on duty, who shall then immediately notify the Office of Internal Affairs. Failure to accurately and promptly report any incident, information or facts which would lead a reasonable person to believe sexual misconduct has occurred may subject the employee who failed to report it to disciplinary action.

(d) Confidentiality. Alleged victims who report criminal sexual misconduct falling into one of the Penal Code sections set forth in Government Code 6254(f)(2) shall be advised that their identity may be kept confidential pursuant to Penal Code Section 293.5, upon their request.

(e) Retaliation Against Employees. Retaliatory measures against employees who report incidents of sexual misconduct shall not be tolerated and shall result in disciplinary action and/or criminal prosecution. Such retaliatory measures include, but are not limited to, unwarranted denials of promotions, merit salary increases, training opportunities, or requested transfers; involuntary transfer to another location/position as a means of punishment; or unsubstantiated poor performance reports.

(f) Retaliation Against Inmates/Parolees. Retaliatory measures against inmates/parolees who report incidents of sexual misconduct shall not be tolerated and shall result in disciplinary action and/or criminal prosecution. Such retaliatory measures include, but are not limited to, coercion, threats of punishment, or any other activities intended to discourage or prevent an inmate/parolee from reporting sexual misconduct.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 6-21-2000 as an emergency; operative 6-21-2000 (Register 2000, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-28-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3402. Central File.

(a) Within the scope of their assigned duties, employees are encouraged to consult an inmate’s central file for assistance in better understanding the inmate. The contents of the inmate’s file are private and privileged information. It will not be discussed with other persons except as is necessary for professional reasons, and will not be the subject of banter between employees or between employees and the inmate to whom it pertains or with other inmates. Information in an inmate’s central file may be confidential by law or for reasons relating to institution security and the safety of persons. Such confidential or restricted information must not be disclosed to persons who are not authorized by law and departmental policy and procedures to receive such information.

(b) The central file of a parolee or an inmate may not be removed from the appropriate case records office or an institution without the prior knowledge and approval of the supervising records officer who is responsible for the control and maintenance of the file. Temporary transfer of a central file to another agency for any reason also requires the prior approval of the supervising records officer.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).

3403. Communications.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3403 to new subsections 3401(b) and 3401(c), and repealer of Comment filed 9-13-96 as an emergency; operative 9-13-96. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-24-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
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2. Certificate of Compliance as to 9-13-96 order transmitted to OAL 11-22-96 and filed 1-6-97 (Register 97, No. 2).

3404. Hiring of Ex-Offenders.
   (a) The director’s written approval is required for appointment of an ex-offender.
   (b) Ex-offenders shall not, without the director’s written approval, be assigned to areas which enable them to access:
      (1) Employee records.
      (2) Inmate personal or medical information.
      (c) An ex-offender shall not be appointed to any position requiring a background clearance until such clearance is received.


HISTORY:
   1. Former section 3404 renumbered to section 3404.1 and new section filed 11-30-93; operative 12-30-93 (Register 93, No. 49).

3404.1. Approval of Ex-Offender Employee Transactions.
   Relationships involving business and financial transactions between ex-offender employees and other employees shall require the advance approval of each person’s hiring authority and also of the regional parole administrator with jurisdiction over any employee on parole.


HISTORY:
   1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3404 to new section 3404.1 filed 11-30-93; operative 12-30-93 (Register 93, No. 49).

3405. Legal Assistance to Inmates and Parolees.
   Employees must not assist an inmate or parolee in the preparation of any legal document, or give any form of legal advice or service, except as specifically authorized by the warden, superintendent or regional administrator. Employees should help inmates and parolees to find qualified assistance for their legal problems.

Comment: Former DR-5216, petitions and writs.

3406. Committed Relatives and Friends of Employees.
   If an employee becomes aware that any relative or person with whom the employee has or has had either a personal or business relationship, has been committed to or transferred to the jurisdiction of the department, the employee shall notify in writing, the employee’s institution head or appropriate director/assistant secretary of that fact.


HISTORY:
   1. Amendment of section heading and section, repealer of Comment, and new Note filed 9-13-96 as an emergency; operative 9-13-96. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-24-97 and must report such instance to the employee’s supervisor immediately following the emergency.
   (a) Employees must come upon the grounds of an institution or community correctional facility or otherwise report for duty under the influence of intoxicants or drugs. Use of alcohol or drugs to the extent that it interferes with job performance is grounds for dismissal from service.
   (b) It is the duty of every employee to promptly report to the warden, superintendent, or regional parole administrator the presence of any person, including an employee on duty, in any correctional facility who is or appears to be under the influence of intoxicants or drugs.
   (c) Employees must not bring any kind of alcoholic beverage or any kind of drugs upon the grounds of an institution, community correctional center or camp unless specifically authorized to do so by the warden, superintendent or regional parole administrator. Such authorization may be given for medical or religious sacramental purposes, and for possession by employees who live in state-owned residences outside the security area for their personal use within their assigned residences.
   (d) Any employee obtaining for, or delivering to, an inmate or parolee any alcoholic preparations of any kind, or a drug of any kind, except as specifically authorized by the warden, superintendent or regional parole administrator, will be subject to dismissal from service and to prosecution by the district attorney.

Comment: Former DR-5221, use of intoxicants or drugs and DR-5222, bringing intoxicants or drugs on institution grounds.


HISTORY:
   1. Amendment of subsections (b)-(d) and new Note filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

3411. Reporting of Arrest or Conviction, Change in Weapons or Driving Status.
   If an employee is arrested or convicted of any violations of law, the employee must promptly notify the institution head or appropriate director/assistant secretary of that fact. Misconduct which impairs an employee’s ability to do his or her job, or affects or involves the department, may be cause for disciplinary action.
Suspension, revocation, or restrictions to an employee’s driving privilege which prohibit the employee from performing any of their job duties, shall be reported to the institution head or appropriate director, assistant secretary. An employee shall also report any change in eligibility to own, possess and have custody, control of any firearm or other weapon authorized by the department.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Section 5054, Penal Code; and Sections 921, 922 and 926, Title 18, United States Code.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section heading and section and new Note filed 12-10-98; operative 1-9-99 (Register 98, No. 50).

§ 3413. Incompatible Activity.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 9-24-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 39).

(a) Employees of the department shall not engage in any other employment or activity inconsistent or incompatible with employment by the department. Conduct deemed to fall in such categories includes, but is not limited to the following:

1. Using the prestige or influence of the state or the department for private gain or advantage.
2. Employment or participation in any activity of an illegal nature.
3. Any employment or other activity which will prevent the employee from doing his or her job as an employee of the department in an efficient and capable manner, or represents a potential conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest with his or her job.
4. Employment which will prevent a prompt response to a call to report to duty in an emergency or when otherwise required to be present by his or her supervisor or the warden or superintendent.
5. Using for private gain the time, facilities, equipment or supplies of the state.
6. Using workgroup computer technologies to do any of the following:
   (A) Publish, display, or transmit information that:
1. Violates or infringes on the rights of other persons, including the right of privacy.
2. Contains defamatory, intentionally false, obscene, pornographic, profane, sexually harassing, threatening, racially offensive, or other unlawfully discriminatory material.
3. Encourages the use of controlled substances.
4. Conduct activities not related to the mission or work tasks of the department.
(C) Solicit the performance of activities prohibited by law.
(D) Transmit material, information, or software in violation of departmental policies, or local, state, or Federal Law.
(E) Conduct electioneering or engage in political activities.
(F) Engage in non-government related fund raising or public relations activities.
(G) Conduct personal business activities or activities for personal monetary gain.
(H) Purchase or sell unauthorized goods or services.
(7) Providing confidential information to persons to whom issuance of such information has not been authorized, or using such information for private gain or advantage.
(8) Receiving or accepting money or any other consideration from anyone other than the state for performance of an act which the employee would be required or expected to render in the regular course or hours of his or her employment, or as part of his or her duties as a state employee.
(9) Receiving or accepting, directly or indirectly, any gift, including money, any service, gratuity, favor, entertainment, hospitality, loan, or any other thing of value, from anyone who is doing or is seeking to do business of any kind with the state or whose activities are regulated or controlled in anyway by the state, under circumstances from which it reasonably could be inferred that the gift was intended as a reward or for the purpose of influencing any official action on the employee’s part.
(10) Consulting or testifying as a specialist or an expert witness, based on expertise gained in the course of their duties, in any administrative, civil, or criminal action without having given reasonable notice, as defined in section 3413(a)(10)(A), to the chief deputy general counsel of the office of legal affairs.

(A) An employee who is contacted by a fellow employee and/or their representative and/or attorney regarding ongoing or anticipated administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings for the purpose of eliciting expert testimony, as defined in Evidence Code section 720, shall, within one business day, notify in writing the chief deputy general counsel of the office of legal affairs. The written notification shall include all relevant information concerning the contact and a synopsis of their anticipated testimony. The employee whose testimony is sought shall also forward any subpoena served upon them within one business day of service.

(B) The chief deputy general counsel or designee retains the discretion to seek to quash the subpoena on any substantive or procedural grounds before the judicial body through whose authority the subpoena was issued.

(C) This subsection shall not apply when an employee has been requested to testify regarding an event or transaction which he or she has perceived or investigated in the course of his or her duties or when an employee has been requested to testify as an expert witness by the department.

(b) Before engaging in any outside employment, activity or enterprise, including self-employment, the employee must submit a statement to his or her division administrator or to the warden or superintendent, naming the prospective employer, if any, the employer’s address and phone number, and an outline of the proposed duties or activities. This must be in sufficient detail to enable the division administrator or the warden or superintendent to determine whether the proposed activity falls in the prohibited class. The division administrator or the warden or superintendent must notify the employee of findings.

(c) Violation of these provisions may result in disciplinary actions up to and including termination of employment with the department or civil action. Criminal prosecution may result from conduct, which violates Penal Code section 502.


HISTORY:
1. New subsections (a)(7)–(a)(7)(H), subsection renumbering, new subsection (c), repealer of Comment, and new Note filed 2-7-97 as an emergency; operative 2-7-97 (Register 97, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Code section 50598(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-17-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-7-97 order transmitted to OAL by 7-7-97.
3. New subsection (a)(11) filed 12-8-99; operative 1-7-2000 (Register 99, No. 50).
§ 3413.1  DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION  TITLE 15


3413.1  Compensation for Witnesses

(a) Pursuant to Government Code section 68097.2(a), any state employee who is obliged by a subpoena to attend as a witness before any court or other tribunal in any civil action or proceeding in connection with a matter, event, or transaction which they have expertise gained in the course of their duties, shall receive the salary or other compensation to which they are normally entitled from the department during the time the employee travels to and from the place where the court or other tribunal is located and while they are required to remain at that place pursuant to the subpoena. The employee shall also receive from the department the actual necessary and reasonable traveling expenses incurred in complying with the subpoena.

(b) Pursuant to Government Code section 68087.2(b), the department shall require:

1. The amount of one hundred fifty dollars ($150), to accompany the subpoena upon delivery to the person accepting the subpoena for each day that the state employee is required to remain in attendance pursuant to the subpoena. This amount shall be in the form of a check or money order made payable to the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

2. The party at whose request the subpoena is issued to reimburse the department for the full cost incurred in paying the state employee their salary or other compensation and traveling expenses for each day that the employee is required to remain in attendance pursuant to the subpoena.

(c) Any employee who meets the requirements of subsection (a) shall submit to their immediate supervisor an itemized travel expense claim within two business days following his or her testimony.

(d) Any employee who is subpoenaed to testify as to what they witnessed, not for their expertise gained in the course of their employment with the department and received witness fees pursuant to Government Code section 68093, shall relinquish those fees to the department if the employee has been on pay status during the duration of their testimony.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34). For prior history, see Register 77, No. 27.
2. Repealer and new section (including Appendix) filed 2-26-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter. Approved by Fair Political Practices Commission 12-1-80 (Register 81, No. 9).
3. Order of Repeal filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).
4. New section filed 3-31-87; effective thirtieth day thereafter. Approved by Fair Political Practices Commission 3-9-87 (Register 87, No. 14).
5. Editorial correction of printing errors in Appendices A and B (Register 92, No. 5).

Article 3  Employee Services

3420. General Policy.

The only services to be supplied to employees are those officially established by the warden or superintendent and equally available to all employees.

Comment: Former DP-5301, policy, general.

3421. Employee Associations.

HISTORY:
1. Order of Repeal filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).

3422. Institution Services.

Subject to the limitations of the law, institutions of the department may furnish to employees, for the convenience of the state, the following services. These services are rendered at the employee’s own risk. The institution and the department cannot assume any liability for loss, damage, or destruction of the employee’s property:

a. House and room rentals.
b. Electricity, water, gas and ice, for employees living on institutional grounds.
c. Minor household repairs to furniture and appliances.
d. Firewood from salvage operations only.
e. Meals at employees’ dining rooms.
f. Laundry and dry cleaning.
g. Shoe and saddle repair.
h. Barber shop services.
i. Beauty shop services.

Comment: Former DP-5303, services furnished by institutions.

3423. Operational Plans.

Subject to all applicable law and the approval of the director, wardens, superintendents and regional administrators will establish procedures to govern the operation and use of such services as are made available to employees. Institutional operational plans may provide for services such as laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair for employees and for dependent members of the employee’s family who reside with the employee. However, no service will be provided to nonemployees, which requires their physical presence,
except that, when accompanied by an employee, nonemployees may use the services of the employees' dining room and snack bar.

Comment: Former DP-5504, institution regulations to be established for employee services.

§ 3424. State Products.

The direct sale or disposal to an employee of any article, materials, or supplies owned, produced, or manufactured by the department is prohibited except where specifically authorized by law.

Comment: Former DP-5305, sale of institution products.


No gift, tip or reward will be offered by an employee or be accepted for or by an inmate.

Comment: Former DP-5036, tips, gifts, or rewards.

§ 3426. Employee Early Intervention Program.

(a) The Early Intervention Program (EIP) is a voluntary employee benefit available to all departmental employees, who have sustained an industrial injury/illness. The EIP is designed to provide employees with information regarding the assessment and processing of qualified industrial injury/illness claims, as referenced in subdivision (b), and the available choices regarding benefit options and compensability. The Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS), within the Department, shall administer the EIP.

(b) All employees who have sustained the following qualified injury/illness shall be eligible for an Early Intervention Counselor (EIC) visit, as referenced in (d)(4):

(1) Psychological stress;
(2) Stress-related injuries, including but not limited to, hypertension, cardiac, gastrointestinal; or
(3) Trauma-induced stress, including but not limited to, assault, blood borne pathogen exposure or infectious disease exposure.

(c) All employees with a claimed injury/illness who have an actual or anticipated long-term disability of thirty (30) days or more, or who have an undeterminable or disputed injury shall be eligible for EIC.

(d) Definitions.

(1) Adjusting Agency, means the entity, under a State of California Intergency Agreement with the State Department of Personnel Administration that administers workers’ compensations claims on behalf of the Department.

(2) Early Intervention Selection Committee (EISC) means a local committee at the institution(s) comprised of the Director’s representatives in a number equal to the number of Employee Representative Associations who bargain with the Department on behalf of employee bargaining units, one representative from each of those Associations, and a non-voting chairperson.

(3) Agreed Medical Panel Doctor (AMPD), means a Physician as defined in Labor Code 3209.3, or a Physician holding a valid license to practice medicine in an adjoining state when services will be rendered in that state, who is authorized by the EISC to provide evaluations and treatment within the scope of the EIP.

(4) Early Intervention Counselor (EIC), means an independent, non-departmental employee, authorized by the EISC, who provides information to qualified injured/ill employees regarding workers’ compensation and other employee entitlement benefit options.

(5) Return-to-Work Coordinator (RTWC) means a State employee who is the Department’s local representative, entrusted with the responsibility of coordinating the EIP at the local level. The RTWC shall be the chairperson of the EISC.

(e) The EIP shall:

(1) Provide for a qualified injured/ill employee to receive an initial EIC visit, regarding workers’ compensation benefit options and other entitlement benefits when referred by the RTWC.

(2) Provide for a qualified injured/ill employee to be referred to an AMPD by the RTWC regarding disputed compensability claims.

(3) Ensure all employee medical and personnel records are kept confidential at all times.

(f) The EISC shall:

(1) Review resumes of qualifications, as referenced in (g)(1), and authorize individuals to provide EIC services within the scope of the EIP for a term of three (3) years;

(2) Review and investigate any verbal or written complaint filed against an EIC, within 120 days of receipt;

(3) Issue a written statement within 30 days of completion of the review to the complainant if complaint is found to be invalid;

(4) Issue a written Notice of Decision via Certified U.S. Mail within 30 days of completion of the review if the complaint is found to have merit. The Notice shall include:

(A) A written statement of charges addressing complaint; and
(B) A written statement informing the EIC of his or her right to appeal within 30 days of mailing of the Notice of Decision; and
(C) A written corrective action order. For purposes of this section, a corrective action order may include, but is not limited to, a written notice to the EIC to provide an explanation of inaccurate EIP information provided to the employee; or a written notice to correct any inaccurate billing statement; or a written notice to cease any unprofessional conduct during the course of an EIC visit. The written corrective action order shall include a time frame during which the matter must be corrected, and a means by which the EIC must notify the EISC of the required corrections; or
(D) A written statement of Intent to Revoke Authorization to provide EIC services.

(5) Conduct a meeting to hear an appeal within 60 days of a request by the EIC, giving the EIC an opportunity to present a defense to any complaint prior to revoking the EIC’s authority to provide EIP services.

(6) Make a final determination within 14 days of the appeal, either sustaining, modifying or revoking the Decision after an appeal is heard. The authorization of an EIC to provide services shall be revoked if it is determined that the following has occurred:

(A) Upon investigation of a serious complaint filed against the EIC, the complaint is found to have merit by the EISC. For the purposes of this section, a serious complaint means an alleged crime or act performed by an EIC, which includes but not limited to those involving theft, fraud, fiscal dishonesty, or sexual misconduct.

(B) The EIC fails to notify the EISC by written statement certifying charges set forth in the corrective action order have been corrected;

(C) The EISC determines inadequate EIC performance due to neglect of duty, misconduct, or illegal or unprofessional conduct.

(D) The EIC fails to appeal the complaint within the 30-day appeal process.

(7) Issue a written Final Decision to the EIC via Certified U.S. Mail.

(8) Base decisions on a simple majority of the members in attendance. The decision of the EISC is final and is not appealable beyond the 30-day appeal process.

(g) The EIC shall:

(1) Submit a resume of qualifications to the RTWC, including, but not limited to, a demonstration of knowledge and experience regarding worker’s compensation laws and other employee entitlement benefits;

(2) Respond within seven (7) working days of receipt of a referral by the local RTWC and shall:

(A) Contact the injured/ill employee by telephone at the number provided by the RTWC, or contact the injured/ill employee by Certified U.S. Mail;
(B) Inform the employee about the EIP; and
(C) Schedule an EIC visit, if requested by the employee.
(3) Notify the local RTWC of the scheduled visit with the injured/ill employee within three (3) working days of contact with the employee, if the employee requests an EIC visit;
(4) Explain all benefits options to injured/ill employee during the EIC visit;
(5) Obtain prior approval from the local RTWC for additional telephone calls or visits to the injured/ill employee;
(6) Attend training, if requested, by the OEHS;
(7) Submit billings for early intervention services to the RTWC in accordance with the following:
   (A) All billings for casework provided are to be itemized in tenths of an hour.
   (B) All EIC visits and casework provided are to be billed at the Professional Hourly Rate of $65.
1. Billable costs include, but are not limited to, initial file review; scheduling contact with employee; contact with employee; meeting with employee; assessment of employee needs; counseling; and guidance. Any file review or consultation with the employee that exceeds two (2) hours shall include a report providing documentation in support of the need for the extended time.
2. Non-billable costs include, but are not limited to, postage, clerical services, photocopies, in-house waiting time, attempted telephone contacts, and in-house staffing.
(C) All reimbursement for mileage are to be billed at the travel rate of $32.50 per hour and $0.31 per mile.
   (h) The EIC shall not have access to an employee’s confidential medical and personnel records.
   (i) The AMPD shall provide medical, psychological, and psychiatric treatment under Labor Code 4600, and provide written opinions or evaluations to assist in decisions regarding compensability pursuant to CCR, Title 8, Section 9785, at the request of the RTWC.
   (j) The RTWC shall:
      (1) Serve as local EIP coordinator;
      (2) Coordinate local EISC meetings at the institution(s) and participate as a non-voting chairperson;
      (3) Refer the qualified injured/ill employee to an EIC within three (3) working days of knowledge of the employee’s EIP eligibility;
      (4) Review, authorize, and forward itemized billings submitted by the EIC for payment to the Adjusting Agency; and
      (5) Maintain a log of injured/ill worker EIC referrals and submit to the OEHS by the 10th of every month.
    (k) The Adjusting Agency shall:
      (1) Compile reports and statistical data as requested by the Department;
      (2) Refer departmental injured/ill employees to a Physician for psychiatric treatment under Labor Code 4600, and provide written opinions or evaluations to assist in decisions regarding compensability pursuant to CCR, Title 8, Section 9785, at the request of the RTWC.
    (l) The AMPD shall provide medical, psychological, and psychiatric treatment under Labor Code 4600, and provide written opinions or evaluations to assist in decisions regarding compensability pursuant to CCR, Title 8, Section 9785, at the request of the RTWC.

HISTORY:
1. Order of Repeal filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).

3432. Hours of Employment.

   Hours of employment will be in accordance with state civil service rules. The wardens, superintendents, and regional parole administrators, with the approval of the Secretary, will determine the hours of employment for all employees under their jurisdiction.
   Comment: Former DP-5403, hours of employment.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

3433. Vacations.

   Employee vacations will be granted at times convenient to the institution, departmental division, and parole region, subject to the approval of the warden, superintendent, or regional parole administrator.
   Comment: Former DP-5404, vacations.

HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and new Note filed 12-9-2008; operative 1-8-2009 (Register 2008, No. 50).

3434. Grievances.

   All employees have the right to appeal to the director from any grievance relating to their employment with the department. Such grievances must be submitted through the departmental grievance procedure. This in no way interferes with the right of a civil service employee to appeal or otherwise contest actions as provided by law, the State Personnel Board, or civil service regulations.
   Comment: Former DP-5405, grievances.

3435. In-Service Training.

   All new employees will be given prescribed orientation training upon the commencement of their employment. All employees are
required to participate in the in-service training program as directed. When work schedules permit, employees may attend in-service training classes on state time during their regular working hours.

Comment: Former DP-5406, in-service training.

### 3436. Limited Term Light Duty Assignments.

(a) The Hiring Authority may utilize Limited Term Light Duty assignments to allow employees with documented medical limitations to work. The Hiring Authority shall place the employee in a vacant budgeted position within the employee’s bargaining unit, or allow the employee to continue working in their current position, while temporarily waiving the essential functions of the job.

(b) No position shall be permanently identified as a “light duty” position. Limited Term Light Duty for any one employee shall not extend beyond 60 days in a 6-month period for any medical condition(s). In addition, Limited Term Light Duty shall only be offered for the duration of the vacant budgeted position (not to exceed 60 days).


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-31-2005 as an emergency; operative 1-31-2005 (Register 2005, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-11-2005 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-31-2005 order, including amendment of section, transmitted to OAL 6-21-2005 and filed 8-3-2005 (Register 2005, No. 31).

### 3439. Research.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-7-95; operative 5-8-95 (Register 95, No. 14).
2. Change without regulatory effect adding new article 9.1 (section 3369.5) and renumbering former section 3439 to new section 3369.5 filed 8-1-96 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 96, No. 31).

### Article 5. Camp Regulations

#### 3440. Officer-In-Charge.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer of article 5 (Sections 3440–3444) and section filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

#### 3441. Camp Counts.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 10-27-39; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

#### 3442. Camp Log.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

#### 3443. Transporting Inmates.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

#### 3444. Escorting Inmates.

Repealed.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 10-27-93; operative 11-26-93 (Register 93, No. 44).

### 3450. Personal Information Record Access and Amendment.

(a) Any person on whom the department maintains a record or file containing personal information has the right to inspect their record or authorize any person to inspect such records on their behalf and to request amendment to correct outdated, inaccurate or incomplete information.

(1) Requests to inspect a record shall be submitted in writing to the office or official responsible for maintaining the record.

(2) Requests to amend a record or file shall be submitted in writing, including documentary evidence to support the proposed amendment, to the source of the contested information, or if the source is not available, to the office or official responsible for maintaining the record.

(b) The denial of a request to amend information may be appealed in writing first to the institution head or headquarters’ division head and then to the director, and shall include all documentation pertaining to the requested amendment. Inmates and parolees may appeal the denial of a request using the inmate/pa-rolee appeal process established in these regulations.

(c) When an individual’s appeal of the request decision is denied, they may submit to the office or official responsible for maintaining the record a statement of disagreement for placement in the record or file. The statement shall normally be limited to three pages and shall remain a part of the record for as long as the disputed information is retained.

(d) No inmate or parolee shall prepare, handle, or destroy any portion of a departmental record containing confidential information as that term is defined in section 3321.

(e) No inmate or parolee shall prepare, handle, or destroy any portion of a departmental record containing personal information except:

(1) As provided for in section 3041(e), or

(2) Their copies of such records provided to them by the Department.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer of article 6 (Sections 3450–3459) and new article 6 (Sections 3450–3453) filed 8-22-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 34).
2. Repealer and new section filed 11-9-92; operative 12-9-92 (Register 92, No. 46).
3. Amendment of subsection (d) and new subsections (e)–(e)(2) filed 2-22-95; operative 3-24-95 (Register 95, No. 8).

### 3451. Methadone Patient Consent for Disclosure.

A methadone patient’s written consent to disclosure of their personal or confidential information shall not be revocable until the treatment period for which it was given has concluded or 60 days after signing of the consent, whichever is greater.


HISTORY:
1. Repealer and new section filed 11-9-92; operative 12-9-92 (Register 92, No. 46).

### 3452. Access and Amendment of Records.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections
§ 3453  DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION  TITLE 15

1798.30–1798.42, Civil Code.

HISTORY:
1. Repealer filed 11-9-92; operative 12-9-92 (Register 92, No. 46).

3453. Notice.

HISTORY:
1. Order of Repeal filed 6-3-85 by OAL pursuant to Government Code section 11349.7; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 26).

Article 7. Selection of Professional Consulting Services

3454. Selection of Professional Consulting Services.
(a) The services of private architectural, engineering, and other firms, as defined in section 4525(a) of the Government Code, shall be secured on the basis of demonstrated competence and on the professional qualifications necessary for the satisfactory performance of the services required.


HISTORY:
1. New Article 7 (Sections 3454–3463) filed 7-12-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 29).
2. Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
3. Editorial correction of printing error misstating section Title (Register 91, No. 11).
4. Editorial correction of printing error in History 1. (Register 92, No. 5).
5. Amendment of subsection (a), repealer of subsection (b), and amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).
6. Amendment of article heading and section heading filed 7-12-2002; operative 8-11-2002 (Register 2002, No. 28).

3455. Definitions.

HISTORY:
1. Editorial correction filed 2-19-85 (Register 85, No. 8).
2. Change without regulatory effect repealing section filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).
3. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3456. Procuring Services.
(a) Notice of Announcement. Where services subject to this article are identified, a statewide notice of announcement shall be made by the director, or designee, through publications of the respective professional societies.

(b) The notice of announcement shall also be advertised in two major California daily newspapers and in the California State Contracts Register.

(c) Failure of the professional societies or newspapers to publish the notice of announcement shall not operate to invalidate any contract.

(d) Firms selected may be retained for one year or longer, if needed to complete the services.

(e) The announcement in the California State Contracts Register shall include information as identified in section 14825.1, Government Code.

(f) All announcements in professional societies or newspapers shall contain the following minimal information:
1. The nature of the work;
2. The criteria upon which the award shall be made; and,
3. The time within which statements of interest, qualification and performance data will be received.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).
2. Amendment of subsections (a) and (d) and amendment of Note filed 7-12-2002; operative 8-11-2002 (Register 2002, No. 28).

3457. Establish Criteria.
The director, or designee, shall establish criteria which will comprise the basis for selection which shall include such factors as professional excellence, demonstrated competence, specialized experience of the firm, education and experience of key personnel, specialized staff capability, workload, ability to meet schedules and budgets, principals to be assigned, nature and quality of completed work, reliability and continuity of the firm, location, professional awards and other considerations deemed relevant. Such factors shall be weighted by the director, or designee, according to the nature of the work to be performed, the needs of the state and complexity and special requirements of the specific work.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of section and Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3458. Selection of Architects or Engineers.
After expiration of the period stated in the publications, the director, or designee, shall evaluate statements of qualifications and performance data submitted by interested firms and on file in the department. The director, or designee, shall conduct discussions with no less than three firms regarding anticipated concepts and the relative utility of alternative methods of approach for furnishing the required service. From the firms with which the director, or designee, holds discussions, the director, or designee shall select no less than three, in order of preference, based upon the established criteria, whom the director deems to be the most highly qualified to provide the services required. In the event there are fewer than three qualifying submittals, the director, or designee, will make a finding as to whether it is in the best interest of the state to proceed or re-advertise.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).
3459. Estimate of Value of Services.

Before any discussion with any firm concerning fees, the director, or designee, shall cause an estimate of the value of such services to be prepared. Such estimate shall be, and remain, confidential until award of contract or abandonment of any further procedure for the services to which it relates.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3460. Negotiation.

The director, or designee, shall attempt to negotiate a contract with the best qualified firm. Should the director, or designee, be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm considered to be the most qualified at fair and reasonable compensation, negotiations with that firm shall be terminated. The director, or designee, shall then undertake negotiations with the second most qualified firm. Failing accord, negotiations shall be terminated. The director shall then undertake negotiations with the third most qualified firm. Failing accord, negotiations shall be terminated. Should the director be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any of the selected firms, the director, or designee, may select additional firms in order of their competence and qualifications and continue negotiations in the manner prescribed until an agreement is reached.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3461. Amendments.

In instances where the state effects a necessary change in the work during the course of performance of the contract, the firm’s compensation may be adjusted by mutual written agreement in a reasonable amount where the amount of work to be performed by the firm is changed from that which existed previously in the contemplation of the parties.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3462. Contracting in Phases.

Should the director, or designee, determine that it is necessary or desirable to have the work performed in phases, it will not be necessary to negotiate the total contract price in the initial instance, provided that the director, or designee, shall have determined that the firm is best qualified to perform the work at reasonable cost, and the contract contains provisions that the state, at its option, may utilize the firm for other phases and the firm will accept a fair and reasonable price for subsequent phases to be later negotiated, mutually-agreed upon and reflected in a subsequent written instrument. The procedure with regard to estimates and negotiation shall otherwise be applicable.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3463. Small Business Participants.

The director, or designee, shall endeavor to provide to all small business firms who have indicated an interest in receiving such, a copy of each announcement for services for which the director, or designee, concludes that small business firms could be especially qualified. The director, or designee, shall assist firms in attempting to qualify for small business status. A failure of the director, or designee, to send a copy of an announcement to any firm shall not operate to invalidate any contract.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of Note filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).

3464. Applicability of this Article.

This article shall not apply where the director, or designee, determines that:
(a) The services needed are more of a technical nature, and
(b) The services needed involve little professional judgment; and
(c) Requiring bids would be in the public interest.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 9-8-97; operative 10-8-97 (Register 97, No. 37).
2. Amendment of first paragraph filed 7-12-2002; operative 8-11-2002 (Register 2002, No. 28).

Article 8. Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Program


(a) The disabled veteran business enterprise goal established in Public Contract Code section 10115(c) applies to the overall annual expenditures of the department. The goal shall be used for specific contracts unless the department determines that a more appropriate disabled veteran business enterprise goal shall be used for a specific contract based on one or more of the following conditions:
(1) The contract is for an amount of $15,000 or less.
(2) The department has determined that there are no disabled veteran business enterprises within a reasonable market area.
(3) The department has determined that the project or contract contains no opportunity for subcontracting.
(4) The department has determined that an emergency exists involving the public health, welfare, safety, or security of a facility and/or the public.
(5) The department has determined that the contract for services to be supplied exclusively by an individual or business concern involves minor or insignificant incidental services or supplies.
(6) The department has determined that the contract will result in the state being a user of services normally provided to the public at large, e.g., electricity, gas, water, garbage collection, use of common carriers, and/or over-night accommodations.
(7) The department has determined that there is only one person or entity that can reasonably and effectively perform the required services for which there is minor, insignificant, or no opportunity for subcontracting.

(8) The department has determined that extraordinary circumstances exist which make it impossible for the potential contractor or the department to comply with the Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise requirements.

(9) An amendment to an existing contract is either based on one or more of the above conditions or the amendment will not materially change the scope of services, as determined by the department.

(10) The work is to be performed pursuant to a change order or amendment to an existing construction contract.

(b) When it is necessary for the department to establish a more appropriate disabled veteran business enterprise goal for a specific contract, the department shall identify disabled veteran business enterprises and involve them in the contracting process to the extent reasonably possible.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of article heading and renumbering and amendment of former section 3476 opening paragraph to new section 3475 filed 10-18-93 as an emergency; operative 10-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-15-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day. For prior history, see Register 91, No. 6.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-18-93 order transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 and filed 3-16-94 (Register 94, No. 11).

3. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a)(1) filed 3-27-95 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 95, No. 13).

4. Amendment of article heading, section heading, and subsections (a), (a)(2), (a)(8) and (b) filed 11-13-98 as an emergency; operative 11-13-98 (Register 98, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-15-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

5. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-13-98 order transmitted to OAL 2-10-99 and filed 3-8-99 (Register 99, No. 11).

3476. Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Bid and Sole Source Requirements.

(a) Within the time frames specified by the department’s bid or sole source package, potential contractors shall be required to provide the department with either (1) or (2) below:

1. Documentation, as required in the department’s bid or sole source package, that they have met the disabled veteran business enterprise goals established in the respective package which shall include, but not be limited to, the names of their subcontractors; certification pursuant to section 3477; and dollar amounts of the subcontracts.

2. Documentation, as required in the department’s bid or sole source package pursuant to section 3478 of their good faith effort to meet the disabled veteran business enterprise goal established in the department’s bid or sole source package.

(b) For the purpose of this article, a disabled veteran business enterprise must perform a commercially useful function. A disabled veteran business enterprise is considered to be performing a commercially useful function when it meets both of the following criteria:

1. The business concern is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work of the contract; carrying out its obligation by actually performing, managing, or supervising the work involved; and performing work that is normal for its business services and functions.

2. The business concern is not further subcontracting a greater portion of the work than would be expected by normal industry practices.


HISTORY:
1. Renumbering and amendment of former section 3477 opening paragraph to new section 3476, amendment of section heading and Note; filed 10-18-93 as an emergency; operative 10-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-15-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-18-93 order transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 and filed 3-16-94 (Register 94, No. 11).

3. Amendment of subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) filed 11-22-96 as an emergency; operative 11-22-96 (Register 96, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-1-97 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-22-96 order, including amendment of subsection (b), transmitted to OAL 3-20-97 and filed 5-1-97 (Register 97, No. 18).

5. Amendment of section heading and subsections (a)(1)–(b)(1) filed 11-13-98 as an emergency; operative 11-13-98 (Register 98, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-15-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-13-98 order transmitted to OAL 2-10-99 and filed 3-8-99 (Register 99, No. 11).

3477. Certification of a Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise.

(a) As specified in the department’s bid or sole source package, potential contractors shall be required to provide the department with certification documentation that a business concern is certified as a disabled veteran business enterprise as defined in section 3000.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of subsection (a), new section heading, subsection (b) and Note filed 10-18-93 as an emergency; operative 10-18-93 (Register 93, No. 43). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-15-94 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-18-93 order transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 and filed 3-16-94 (Register 94, No. 11).

3. Amendment of subsection (a) filed 11-22-96 as an emergency; operative 11-22-96 (Register 96, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-1-97 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

4. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-22-96 order, including amendment of subsection (b), transmitted to OAL 3-20-97 and filed 5-1-97 (Register 97, No. 18).

5. Amendment of section heading and subsections (a)(1)–(b)(1) filed 11-13-98 as an emergency; operative 11-13-98 (Register 98, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-15-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

6. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-13-98 order transmitted to OAL 2-10-99 and filed 3-8-99 (Register 99, No. 11).

3478. Good Faith Effort Documentation.
A potential contractor shall be considered to have made a good faith effort when he/she submits, within specified time limits, documentary evidence, as required in the department’s bid or sole source package, that all of the following actions were taken:
(a) Contact was made with the department to identify disabled veteran business enterprise business concerns.
(b) Contact was made with other federal and state agencies and local disabled veteran business enterprise organizations to identify disabled veteran business enterprises.
(c) Advertising was published in trade papers and disabled veteran business enterprise focus papers, as specified in the bid or sole source package, unless time limits imposed by the department did not permit such advertising. Trade papers and disabled veteran business enterprise focus papers, as defined in section 3000, must be acceptable to the department.
(d) Invitations to bid were submitted to potential disabled veteran business enterprise contractors.
(e) Bids submitted by disabled veteran business enterprises were fairly considered.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-3-90 as an emergency; operative 12-3-90 (Register 91, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-2-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text (Register 91, No. 11).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-28-90 order transmitted to OAL by 3-21-91 and filed 4-22-91 (Register 91, No. 20).

3480. Joint Venture Program

The secretary shall establish Joint Venture Program operations in state prison facilities pursuant to the Prison Inmate Labor Initiative of 1990 (PILI). This program shall allow employers to employ inmates for the purpose of producing goods or services that may be sold to the public. The purpose of the program shall include preparing offenders for return to society by offering relevant job skills and work habits to increase success on parole, thereby benefiting society at large.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2717.3 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference Sections 2717.2 and 5058, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-3-90 as an emergency; operative 12-3-90 (Register 91, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-2-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text (Register 91, No. 11).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-28-90 order transmitted to OAL by 3-21-91 and filed 4-22-91 (Register 91, No. 20).

3480.1. Joint Venture Policy Advisory Board.
The Joint Venture Policy Advisory Board, established in the department by Penal Code section 2717.4, shall serve to advise the secretary of policies that further the purposes of the Prison Inmate Labor Initiative of 1990. The board shall meet at the call of the chairperson. The secretary shall serve as the chairperson of the board.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2717.3 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2717.4 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:


(a) A Joint Venture Employer (JVE) shall be selected on the basis of their ability to further the purpose of the PILI. The secretary shall consider the employer’s ability to:
(1) Provide inmates with the means to reimburse the state from earned wages for a portion of the cost of the inmate’s room and board.
(2) Provide inmates with the means of paying restitution and compensation to the victims of crime from wages earned.
(3) Employ inmates in productive work and provide them with the opportunity to earn money while encouraging and maintaining safe prison operations.
(4) Provide inmates with the means to support their families to the extent possible.
(5) Teach inmates skills and work habits that may be used upon their release from prison by patterning the operation after those operations outside of prison.
(6) Assist inmates in their rehabilitation.
(7) Assist with retaining or reclaiming jobs for California, supporting new or developing California industries, or creating jobs for a deficient labor market as determined in cooperation with the Employment Development Department.
(b) The secretary shall consider whether the operation will have an adverse impact upon California’s labor force.
(c) The secretary shall consider the operation’s effect on public safety, security of the institution, and applicable worker safety standards.
(d) The secretary shall consider the financial status of the prospective Joint Venture Employer company prior to the execution of a contract with the Joint Venture Employer.
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NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2717.3 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2717.2, 2717.5 and 5054, Penal Code; and Section 5, Article XIV of the State Constitution.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-3-90 as an emergency; operative 12-3-90 (Register 91, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-2-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text (Register 91, No. 11).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-28-90 order transmitted to OAL 3-21-91 and filed 4-2-91 (Register 91, No. 20).
4. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (a) (Register 92, No. 5).
5. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(5), (b) and (c) and new subsection (d) filed 9-13-2005; operative 9-13-2005 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2005, No. 37).

3482. Joint Venture Program Contracts.
(a) In addition to state contract requirements, each Joint Venture Program (JVP) contract shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
(1) A detailed description of the Joint Venture Employer’s program operation, including but not limited to, the Joint Venture Employer’s type of business and products produced.
(2) The conditions and requirements under which the Joint Venture Employer’s non-inmate employees shall be admitted onto or excluded from departmental or departmentally leased property.
(3) A provision for Joint Venture Employer non-inmate employee orientation training which shall consist of those items necessary for employees to operate the industry within the institution in a consistent, secure and effective manner. Ongoing training shall be scheduled as directed by the institution head.
(4) A requirement that inmate-employees shall be paid “comparable wages” as defined by PC section 2717.8. “Comparable wages” means that compensation of inmate-employees by the Joint Venture Employer shall be comparable to the wages paid by the Joint Venture Employer to non-inmate employees performing the same or similar work for that employer. If the Joint Venture Employer does not employ such non-inmate employees in the same or similar work, compensation shall be comparable to wages paid for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the work is to be performed. These wages are subject to the deductions listed in Section 3485(h) and the mandatory savings listed in Section 3485(i).
(5) A provision that the administrator of the JVP shall monitor the wage rates paid to inmate-employees for compliance with the comparable wage requirement of PC section 2717.8.
(6) Hours of inmate employment and work schedule.
(7) Minimum and maximum inmate workforce requirements.
(8) Contraband items.
(9) Work-site security.
(10) Communications.
(11) Utilities.
(12) Responsibilities of the Joint Venture Employer, specifically those regarding:
(A) Obligation to pay inmate-employees comparable wages as required by PC section 2717.8.
(B) Compliance with all applicable record-keeping requirements set forth in the California Labor Code and applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders.
(C) General Liability, Fire, Legal, and Automobile Liability Insurance.
(D) Maintenance of production equipment.
(E) Providing production supplies, materials, and equipment.
(F) Adherence to applicable federal, state, and local health and safety laws and regulations.
(G) Inmate-employee benefits.
(H) Notification to inmate-employees of their rights under PC section 2717.8 and relevant Labor Code provisions.
(I) Compliance with the requirements of the department’s approved inmate appeal procedures as required by Title 15, California Code of Regulations (CCR) Sections 3084 through 3084.9 or relevant Labor Code provisions.
(J) A Security Bond, or equivalent security, posting requirement shall be included in the contract. The amount of the bond, or its equivalent, shall be not less than two months wages for the workforce contemplated by the Joint Venture Employer after six months of operation, and shall be determined on a case-by-case basis based on, but not limited to, the size of the inmate workforce and the size of space leased by the Joint Venture Employer. The bond, or its equivalent shall be retained by the department for the duration of the contract and may be used by the department in the event a Joint Venture Employer fails to submit payroll or defaults on any of its obligations to the State. The department shall apply the bond first to pay past due wages to inmate-employees and thereafter, the bond shall be available to pay unpaid obligations to the State, including, but not limited to, rent, utilities, workers’ compensation, and custody costs.
(K) A requirement that the Joint Venture Employer prepare and submit to the administrator of the JVP for its review and approval:
1. Prior to commencing business, a detailed job description for each job to be performed at the facility;
2. At the time additional jobs are created, a detailed job description for each new job;
3. A revised job description when there is a twenty-five percent or more change in job duties;
4. If there are non-inmate employees performing the same or similar work for that employer, a detailed job description, wage rate, and a wage plan for its non-inmate workforce with documentation; or
5. Annually, an updated, detailed job description for all jobs at the Joint Venture Employer’s operation. Duty statements shall include a description of tasks to be performed, machines used, and skills required for each job and shall be certified as to the accuracy of the job description under oath by the JVE.
(L) A requirement that the Joint Venture Employer prepare and submit to the department for its review and approval:
1. Prior to initial start-up of the Joint Venture Employer’s operation, a wage plan detailing the comparable wage rate for each position, taking into account seniority, tenure, training, technical nature of the work being performed, or other factors; and
2. Annually, the Joint Venture Employer’s current wage plan.
(M) Hiring of eligible inmate-employees, which is a decision within the sole determination of the Joint Venture Employer.
(N) Inmate-employee time keeping.
(O) Workers’ Compensation Rate.
(P) Agreement that the Joint Venture Employer’s business will not result in the displacement of any non-inmate workers performing the same work.
(Q) The process used by JVE for final selection of inmate-employees.
(R) Sole responsibility of Joint Venture Employer to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations. (Nothing in this section should be construed to modify the responsibility of the State as defined in the California Code Regulations, Title 15, Division 3, Chapter 1, Subchapter 5, Article 9, Section 3484.)
(S) Inmate-employee performance evaluations.
(T) Requirement to post notices of employee rights.
(U) Provision of all applicable inmate-employee payroll data.
(13) Responsibilities of the department/facility, specifically those regarding:
(A) Designation of a Coordinator by the facility.
(B) Lockdowns, modified programs, fog lines and other circumstances under which inmate-employees may be restricted from work.
(C) Right of entry and searches of the area leased by the Joint Venture Employer.
(D) Inmate-employee discipline.
(E) Program evaluation.
(F) Initial screening of potential inmate-employee pool for security purposes.
(b) No Joint Venture Program contract shall be executed by the department that will initiate employment by inmates in the same job classification as non-inmate employees of the same employer who are on strike or subject to lockout as defined in PC section 2717.6.
(c) The Joint Venture Employer and any and all agents and employees of the Joint Venture Employer shall act in an independent capacity and not as officers or employees of the State. “Joint Venture Program” is merely the colloquial name of the program, and does not create or connote a “joint venture” or partnership relationship between the parties as a matter of law. Nothing in this program shall be construed as constituting the parties herein as partners or joint venturers as those terms are defined under California law or any other law.
(d) Nothing in these regulations is intended to establish an employer/employee relationship between any inmate participating in the Joint Venture Program and the State of California, the department, or any individual agency or office of the State of California.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 11-28-90 as an emergency; operative 11-28-90 (Register 91, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-28-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-28-90 order transmitted to OAL 3-21-91 and filed 4-22-91 (Register 91, No. 20).
4. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (a)(12)(R) filed 1-25-2006 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2006, No. 4).
5. Amendment of subsections (a), (a)(4)-(5) and (a)(12)(K) and amendment of Note filed 10-18-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
7. Amendment of subsection (a)(12)(d) filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
8. Amendment of subsection (a)(13)(B) filed 6-14-2011; operative 7-14-2011 (Register 2011, No. 24).

3483. Joint Venture Lease.
(a) The State of California, acting through the Department of General Services, with the approval of the department, shall enter into a lease with all Joint Venture Employer businesses.
(b) In addition to state leasing requirements, each Joint Venture Program lease shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
(1) Description of the leased space.
(2) Lease terms.
(3) Rent to be paid to Department of General Services.
(4) Utility rates.
(5) Maintenance of leased space.
(6) Prohibited/contraband items.
(7) Environmental Compliance.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-3-90 as an emergency; operative 12-3-90 (Register 491, No. 6). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-2-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text (Register 91, No. 11).
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-28-90 order transmitted to OAL 3-21-91 and filed 4-22-91 (Register 91, No. 20).

3484. Monitoring Comparable Wages and Wage Plans.
(a) The JVP shall monitor the wage rates and wage plans submitted by the Joint Venture Employer for compliance with PC section 2717.8. Monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, unannounced on-site visits to determine the accuracy of the job descriptions and to assess compliance with wage plan requirements including compliance with PC section 2717.8. The JVP shall develop a written protocol for these visits and retain a copy of the on-site visit reports for at least five years.
(b) The JVP shall obtain wage data, applicable Standard Occupational Codes (SOC), and survey data from Occupational Employment Surveys (OES) for each inmate-employee job description from the Employment Development Department annually, upon the creation of any new JVE job position, upon the alteration of any existing position, or upon the establishment of any new JVP business.
(c) The JVE job descriptions and wage plans shall be reviewed annually, upon the creation of any new JVE job position, upon the alteration of any existing position, or upon establishment of a new JVP business.
(d) The JVP shall maintain a database which includes each inmate’s date of hire, hourly wage, hours worked and the SOC code for each inmate position.
(e) The JVP shall conduct desk audits every ninety days of a randomly selected ten percent of the inmate workforce and shall review salary levels to verify that the comparable wage rates are being paid.

HISTORY:
2. Amendment of section and Note filed 10-18-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmit-
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Inmate Joint Venture Program Participation.

(a) Inmate employment is “at will” and as such is at the discretion of the employer. The Joint Venture Employer may lawfully terminate inmate-employees at any time with or without cause but not for unlawful reasons. The department may remove inmate-employees from participation in the Joint Venture Program at any time with or without cause.

(b) As a condition of employment, all inmate-employees agree to participate in random urine testing.

(c) Earned wages paid by the Joint Venture Employer will be distributed to inmates by the department once a month, regardless of the frequency the employer issues payroll.

(d) Inmate participation in the Joint Venture Program shall be voluntary as evidenced by their written consent on the department’s CDCR Form 1872, (Rev. 9/05) Inmate Participation Agreement—Joint Venture Program (JVP). The Joint Venture Employer shall provide to all inmates hired written information on the conditions of their participation in the Joint Venture Program. Such information shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) Hours of work and the requirements that comparable wages be paid.

(2) Job description.

(3) Right to file complaints regarding claimed violations of their rights under PC section 2717.8, relevant provisions of the Labor Code, and applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders.

(4) Inmates shall not be subject to retaliation, as specified in Title 15, CCR, Section 3084.1(d), by the department for their use of the inmate appeal process, to address Joint Venture Employer-related matters. Neither the Joint Venture Employer nor the department shall retaliate against inmates for exercising rights guaranteed under the State Labor Code or elsewhere in law to address Joint Venture Employer-related matters.

(e) The Joint Venture Employer shall post at the worksite and provide to each inmate-employee a notice of applicable employment laws and relevant Labor Code provisions.

(f) The total daily hours worked by inmate-employees in the same job classification as non-inmate employees of the same Joint Venture Employer who are on strike or subject to lockout shall not exceed, for the duration of the strike, the average daily hours worked for the preceding six months, or if the Joint Venture Program has been in operation for less than six months, for the period of the operations. If the secretary determines upon receipt of written notification by the union representing the non-inmate employees on strike or subject to lockout that such a condition exists, the limitation on inmate-employee work hours shall be implemented within 48 hours.

(g) A separate inmate waiting list shall, if necessary, be maintained for each Joint Venture Program operation.

(1) An inmate’s inclusion on any waiting list for a Joint Venture Program operation shall not affect their status on any other waiting lists maintained by the facility until such time as the inmate is employed by the Joint Venture Employer.

(2) If the inmate refuses to work, quits, or is removed from the Joint Venture Program, they shall be immediately returned to their housing unit, temporarily unassigned and referred to a classification committee for placement either on a facility waiting list or, if they refuse to work, in a non-credit earning group pursuant to Title 15, CCR Section 3375.

(h) Wages earned by each inmate participating in a Joint Venture Program operation shall be subject to the following deductions, which shall not exceed 80 percent of the inmate’s gross wages:

(1) Federal, state and local taxes.

(2) Twenty percent of the inmate’s net wages after taxes shall be for any lawful restitution fine or contributions to any fund established by law to compensate the victims of crime.

(3) Twenty percent of the inmate’s net wages after taxes shall be for costs of room and board which shall be remitted to the department.

(4) Twenty percent of the inmate’s net wages after taxes for allocations for support of family pursuant to statute, court order, or agreement of the inmate. If the inmate chooses not to send money to a family member, and there is no court-ordered withholding, these funds will be deposited in mandatory savings.

(i) In addition to (h) of 3485, twenty percent of the inmate’s net wages after taxes shall be retained for the inmate in mandatory savings under the control of the department.

(1) Funds retained for an inmate’s mandatory savings shall be deposited in an interest bearing account.

(2) Inmate-employees who terminate from Joint Venture Program with a savings account balance of $500 or less may voluntarily elect to close their account and have the balance forwarded to their institutional trust account in order to avoid account fees.

(3) Each inmate’s savings, plus the interest accrued by their savings, shall be provided to the inmate upon their release. Inmate-employee savings accounts are intended solely for the deposit of wages earned from employment with the JVE. Institution heads may authorize an earlier withdrawal of up to 50% of an inmate’s savings in cases where the inmate is sentenced to 15 years or more and the inmate has accrued $6,500 or more from Joint Venture wages in their account.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 2717.3 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2717.8 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
2. Amendment of subsections (i)(2)–(3) filed 10-18-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3486. Compliance.

If a JVE is found to be in non-compliance with PC section 2717.8 or the provisions of sections 3482(a)(4) and 3482(a)(12)(K), the JVP administrator shall issue a written notice requiring the JVE, within 30 days, to comply with the JVP contract. After 30 days, if the JVE remains non-compliant with the contract, the administrator shall issue to the JVE a written 30-day cancellation notice indicating that the JVE is in material breach of contract. Any bonds held pursuant to 3483(a)(12)(J) shall be forfeited if the JVE is found to be non-compliant. At the close of the 30-day cancellation notice, if the JVE has not come into compliance with the contract, the JVE shall be terminated from the JVP.

NOTE: Authority cited: 2717.3 and 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2717.8 and 5054, Penal Code; and Vasquez v. State of California, 105 Cal.App.4th 849 (2003), Stipulated Injunction and Order, Superior Court of San Diego County, Case No. GIC-740832.
HISTORY:
1. New section filed 10-18-2007 as an emergency; operative 10-18-2007 (Register 2007, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-26-2008 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

SUBCHAPTER 6. ADULT PAROLE

Article 1. Parole Supervision

3500. General Policy.
(a) Pursuant to the provisions of Penal Code (PC) section 3000, when an inmate is sentenced under PC section 1168 or 1170 by a court, the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) shall release the inmate on parole unless it is waived by the Board of Parole Hearings.
(b) Release on parole means the legal and physical transfer of an inmate from confinement in an institution to the supervision of a parole agent of the CDCR, Division of Adult Parole Operations.
(c) The function of parole is:
(1) To provide for the supervision and surveillance of parolees, including the judicious use of revocation actions.
(2) To provide educational, vocational, family and personal counseling necessary to assist in the transition between imprisonment and discharge, when feasible.
(d) Public safety and security.
(1) Consistent effort will be made to ensure that the public is protected and the effectiveness of inmate/parolee treatment programs are within the framework of departmental security and safety.
(2) Each CDCR employee within the parole process will be trained to understand how employee behavior, supervision levels, personnel, and operative procedures affect the maintenance of public safety and security.
(3) The requirement of compliance with conditions of parole, the law, and the need to protect the public will take precedence over all other considerations in the operation of all programs and activities of the parole process.


HISTORY:
1. New Subchapter 6 (Articles 1–7, Sections 3500–3562, not consecutive) filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
2. Repealer of Subchapter 6 (Articles 1–7, Sections 3500–3560, not consecutive) and new Subchapter 6 (Article 1, section 3500) filed 3-2-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 12). For prior history, see Registers 79, No. 34; 79, No. 8; 78, No. 29 and 77, No. 40.
3. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 92, No. 5).
4. Amendment of subchapter and article headings, renumbering of former section 3500 to section 3501 and new section 3500 filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

3501. Rules and Regulations.
Persons committed to the department who are allowed to go upon and remain upon parole or outpatient status, shall conform to the applicable rules established by or under the authority of the Board of Parole Hearings as set forth in Title 15, Divisions 2 and 5 of the California Code of Regulations.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-11-2002; operative 4-10-2002 (Register 2002, No. 11).
2. Renumbering of former section 3501 to section 3730 and renumbering of former section 3500 to section 3501, including amendment of section heading and section, filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

3502. Prerelease Referral.
An inmate’s case shall be referred to the parole region for supervised parole program development 150 days prior to the expected release date, or immediately if less time remains.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3604 to new section 3502 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).
3. Amendment filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
4. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-2010 and filed 7-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 29).

3503. Assignment to Parole Agent. [Reserved]

3504. Parole Assessment.
(a) For the purpose of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
(1) High Control means the highest level of supervision based on commitment offense(s) and prior criminal history. Cases designated high control shall be reserved for persons with violent felony commitments as described in Penal Code (PC) section 667.5(c), PC section 290 registrants; cases generating extensive media or public attention; or cases involving membership in gangs, as stated on CDC Form 812-A (Rev. 9/92) Notice of Critical Information—Prison Gang Identification, or membership in a disruptive group, as identified on CDC Form 812-B (Rev. 9/92) Notice of Critical Information—Disruptive Group Identification. The following minimum contact requirements shall apply to these cases:
(A) Face-to-face contact by the first working day following release from custody, but no later than the third working day following release. In most cases it is expected that this contact will take place at the office.
(B) Each month one field contact at the parolee’s residence. The first face-to-face residential contact shall be within seven working days following release from custody.
(C) Each thirty days one collateral contact.
(D) If anti-narcotic testing applies, a minimum testing schedule of one test per month.
(E) Case review, thirty calendar days after assignment to this category and, if retained in this category, each sixty calendar days thereafter.
(2) High Service means the level of supervision based on service needs and behavioral patterns and is primarily utilized for the placement of civil addicts, or individuals requiring special assistance such as individuals with severe mental or psychiatric problems. The following minimum contact requirements shall apply to these cases:
(A) Face-to-face contact by the first working day following release from custody, but no later than the third working day following release. In most cases it is expected that this contact will take place at the office.
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(B) Each month one field contact at the parolee’s residence. The first face-to-face residential contact shall be within seven working days following release from custody.
(C) Each thirty days one collateral contact.
(D) With the exception of civil addicts, if anti-narcotic testing applies, a minimum testing schedule of one test per month. Civil addicts shall be tested weekly; two of which tests must be random/surprise urinalysis tests. One of the two random/surprise tests shall be in the field.
(E) Case review thirty calendar days after assignment to this category and, if retained in this category, each sixty calendar days thereafter.
(3) Control Services means the level of supervision based on commitment offense(s) and prior criminal history, or service needs and behavioral patterns that do not meet the specifications of high control as described in subsection (a)(1) and high service as described in subsection (a)(2). The following minimum contact requirements shall apply for these cases:
(A) Face-to-face contact by the first working day following release from custody and, when possible, the initial interview will be conducted no later than the third working day following release. In most cases, it is expected that this contact will take place at the office.
(B) Two face-to-face contacts per quarter, with at least one being at the parolee’s residence. One face-to-face contact at the parolee’s residence within fifteen workdays following release from custody.
(C) Each quarter one collateral contact.
(D) If anti-narcotic testing applies, felon parolees shall be tested twice every quarter and non-felon parolees two time each thirty days.
(E) Parolees who complete 180-days of satisfactory parole will automatically be assigned to the minimum supervision category. Exceptions to the automatic reduction shall include violent felony commitments described in PC section 667.5, PC section 290 registrants, cases generating extensive media or public attention, and gang members, as documented on CDC Form 812-A (Rev. 9/92).
(4) Minimum Supervision means the level of supervision based on commitment offense(s) and prior criminal history, and service needs and behavioral patterns. With the exception of parole outpatient clinic attendees and those cases/parolees identified in subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2), felon parolees who complete 180 days of satisfactory parole under control services supervision, absent a case review, shall be assigned to the minimum supervision level category unless the unit supervisor retains the case at the control services level.
One face-to-face contact shall be conducted in the month prior to discharge. If retained on parole, there shall be two field contacts annually.
(5) Collateral Contact means any communication with an individual concerning a parolee. Collateral contacts may be completed in person, via telephone, or by written or electronic medium.
(b) Upon their initial release from an institution/facility, parolees shall not be placed on the minimum supervision level category. Upon their initial release, parolees shall be placed in one of the following categories:
(1) High Control.
(2) High Service.
(3) Control Services.
(4) Non-revocable parolee, as described in section 3000.
(c) Civil addicts shall remain in the high service supervision level category until they complete 180 days of continuous drug-free outpatient or civil addict parole.
(d) Exceptions to placement in any of the supervision level categories or reduction in any of the supervision level categories described in subsections (a)(1) through (a)(4) may be made by the unit supervisor on a case-by-case basis.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 290, 667.5(c), 3000.03 and 5054, Penal Code; and Sections 3151 and 3152, Welfare and Institutions Code.

HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3605 to new section 3504 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment of subsection (b), new subsection (b)(4) and amendment of Note filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
3. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-2010 and filed 7-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 29).

3504.1. Determination of Highest Control or Risk Classification.
(a) Any person released on parole who meets the following criteria, is defined as being within the highest control or risk classification:
1. Is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Penal Code sections 290 through 290.023.
2. Has a California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) risk number value of 5 as provided in California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Division 3, section 3768.1.
3. Has a California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) risk number value not available at the time of release on parole, the person shall be assigned a risk number value of 5 for the purposes of release. After release on parole, a CSRA risk number value shall be provided within five business days.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 12-13-2011; operative 1-12-2012 (Register 2011, No. 50).

3504.2. Highest Control or Risk Classification Parole Reporting Requirements.
(a) Inmates meeting the criteria for assignment to the highest control or risk classification as provided in subsections 3504.1(a)-(a)(2), upon release from confinement in a State facility, are required to report to their assigned parole unit within two days (48 hours) from time of release.
1. Inmates shall not be released to the community from a State facility on a Friday or the day before a legal holiday.
2. If the inmate’s release date falls on a Friday or the day before a legal holiday, the inmate shall have his or her scheduled release date adjusted.
(b) For the purposes of subsection 3504.2(a)(1) above, recognized legal holidays are:
1. New Years Day
2. Martin Luther King Day
3. President’s Day
4. Cesar Chavez Day
5. Memorial Day
6. Independence Day
7. Labor Day
8. Veteran’s Day
9. Thanksgiving Day
10. Day after Thanksgiving
11. Christmas Day
(c) Any scheduled release date that is adjusted to a date that would not permit the inmate to report to his or her assigned parole...
unit within 48 hours of release during normal business hours, will require the inmate to be seen by a parole agent during a weekend or holiday, within 48 hours of release.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-25-2010; operative 1-12-2012 (Register 2011, No. 50).

3505. Non-Revocable Parole.
(a) Inmate/parolees who meet the following criteria shall be placed on non-revocable parole, as described in section 3000, and pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 3000.03:
(1) Is not required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Chapter 5.5 (commencing with section 290) of Title 9 of Part 1 of the PC.
(2) Does not have a commitment offense that is a serious felony as defined in PC sections 1192.7 and 1192.8, or a violent felony, as defined in PC section 667.5.
(3) Does not have a prior conviction for a serious felony as defined in PC sections 1192.7 and 1192.8, or a violent felony, as defined in PC section 667.5.
(4) Does not have a current or prior conviction for a sexually violent offense as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code, section 6600(b).
(5) Has not been found guilty of a serious disciplinary offense as defined in this section.
(6) Is not validated as an active or inactive prison gang member or associate as defined in section 3378(c) by the Chief, Office of Correctional Safety, or a designee.
(7) Has signed a notification of parole requirements which include, but are not limited to an agreement to search by law enforcement pursuant to PC section 3067.
(8) Has a low or moderate probability of felony arrest after release to parole upon assessment of risk pursuant to section 3768.1.
(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, the department is not required to provide services or programs for parolees on non-revocable parole.
(c) For purposes of this section, a serious disciplinary offense is defined as an act of misconduct during the current term of imprisonment, with the exception of possession of inmate manufactured alcohol, which resulted in a finding of guilt for a Division A through C offense pursuant to section 3323(a) through (e).


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-25-2010 as an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a)(2); operative 1-25-2010 (Register 2010, No. 5). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-25-2010 order transmitted to OAL 6-17-2010 and filed 7-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 29).

3506. [Reserved]
3507. [Reserved]
3508. [Reserved]
3509. [Reserved]
3510. [Reserved]
3511. [Reserved]
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(1) Parolees who have a past or current violent felony conviction pursuant to PC section 667.5(c).
(2) Parolees who have a current felony conviction pursuant to PC section 1192.7(c) and/or 1192.8.
(3) Civil addict commitments.
(4) Parolees with a misdemeanor hold.
(5) Parolees who are designated high notoriety.
(6) Parolees who have a restraining order/court order and/or victim notification in the county of the RMSC facility.

3521.2. Residential Multi-Service Center Program.

(a) The Residential Multi-Service Center (RMSC) Program’s primary goal is to reduce parolee failures and their subsequent return to prison by providing a variety of services to homeless parolees and those in at-risk living environments.

(b) The RMSC Program offers a variety of services to male and female parolees that include housing, drug counseling, literacy training, job preparation/placement, anger management classes, as well as individual and group counseling. The program offers a standard placement of up to six months of residence with participation in a 90-day aftercare program. Parolees may be allowed to stay in residence up to a maximum of one year, as provided in subsection 3522(a)(1).

(c) All parolees are eligible for placement in the RMSC Program who voluntarily agree to participate in the program, except the following parolees who shall be excluded:

(1) Parolees who are required to register pursuant to PC section 290 (sex offenders).
(2) Parolees who are in custody pending local criminal charge(s) which could result in continued incarceration.
(3) Inmates released to non-revocable parole as provided in section 3525.
(4) Parolees with a felony hold.
(5) Parolees with pending felony criminal charges.
(6) Interstate parolees as defined in subsection 3521.1(b)(6).
(7) Street gang members.

(d) The following parolees will be considered on a case-by-case basis for participation in the RMSC Program:

(1) Parolees who have a past or current violent felony conviction pursuant to PC section 667.5(c).
(2) Parolees who have a current felony conviction pursuant to PC section 1192.7(c) and/or 1192.8.
(3) Civil addict commitments.
(4) Parolees with a misdemeanor hold.
(5) Parolees who are designated high notoriety.
(6) Parolees who have a restraining order/court order and/or victim notification in the county of the RMSC facility.
(7) Street gang members.
(8) Validated prison gang members.

3521.3. Day Reporting Center Program.

The Day Reporting Center (DRC) Program provides “one-stop” parolee resource centers. The DRC Program conducts a comprehensive intake evaluation and assessment on referral parolees to determine their specific needs.

(a) Where available under the DRC Program, transitional housing shall be made available to eligible parolees who have no existing housing arrangement, or are living in an environment which is not conducive to maintaining a drug, alcohol, and/or crime-free lifestyle. Parolee housing may be dormitory style or individual rooms. The transitional living environment must be clean and conducive to alcohol and drug-free living.

(b) All Parolees are eligible for placement in the DRC Program who voluntarily agree to participate in the program, except the following parolees who shall be considered on a case-by-case basis:

(1) Parolees who are required to register pursuant to PC section 290 (sex offenders).
(2) Parolees who have a current or prior conviction for arson pursuant to PC sections 451(a), 451(b) or 451.5.
(3) Parolees remain on active parole status while participating in the DRC Program.

3521.4. Computer Literacy Learning Center Program.

The Computer Literacy Learning Center (CLLC) Program is a computer-assisted instructional program designed to increase the literacy skills of parolees, resulting in increased parolee employability and parole success. The primary educational focuses are: to identify the reading level and reading deficits of the parolees enrolled in the program; provide a user friendly training methodology; provide life skills training; and to provide employment competency training. All parolees are eligible for placement in the CLLC Program who voluntarily agree to participate in the program.

3521.5. Drug Treatment Network Program.

The Drug Treatment Network Program utilizes an education based program designed to provide substance abuse and relapse prevention instruction to parolees in need of substance abuse education. The Drug Treatment Network Program utilizes, but is not limited to, the Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery (STAR) Program. All Parolees are eligible for placement in the Drug Treatment Network Program who voluntarily agree to participate in the program.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).
§ 3522. Preventing Parolee Crime Program Placement.

(a) Placement into a Preventing Parolee Crime Program Component Program will vary depending upon the needs of the parolee, and type of program that is required.

(1) For residential placement programs, placement times may vary. Some are for 90 days and others are for 180 days. Parolees may be allowed to stay longer, up to a maximum of one year, as determined on a case-by-case basis.

(2) Placement in non-residential programs will vary depending upon program availability.

(b) Staff shall not require that a parolee attend Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, or any other religious based program if the parolee refuses to participate in such a program for religious reasons. Under these circumstances, the parolee shall be referred to a program that is a non-religious based program. To facilitate program participation, it may be necessary to transfer the parolee to another county, as provided in subsection 3523(b).


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).

§ 3523. Procedures for Placing Parolees in a Component Program of the Preventing Parolee Crime Program.

(a) Parole agents may place parolees in a Component Program of the Preventing Parolee Crime Program utilizing the CDCR Form 1502 (Rev. 10/06), Activity Report.

(b) Placement into some Component Programs of the Preventing Parolee Crime Program may require placement into a county outside of the parolee's county of last legal residence, as defined in PC section 3003. When reviewing a transfer outside of the county of last legal residence, the parolee's compliance with the requirements of PC section 3003 must be considered.

(c) A parolee's continued presence in a Component Program of the Preventing Parolee Crime Program is contingent upon the parolee participating in the program and is at the discretion of the Component Program facilitator and the parole agent. The parole unit supervisor will consider all case factors and the parolee's overall adjustment into the community and make the final decision on any issues that cannot be resolved between the Component Program facilitator and the parole agent.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).

§ 3524. [Reserved]

§ 3525. Preventing Parolee Crime Program Site Restriction.

(a) All Preventing Parolee Crime Program Component Programs, as described in section 3521, shall ensure that the property line of any new program facility meets the following site restriction criteria:

(1) Compliance with all local ordinance zoning restrictions.

(2) The property line of the facility is no closer than 300 feet from a school, park, daycare facility, or place where children regularly gather.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).

§ 3526. Status While Participating in the Preventing Parolee Crime Program.

Parolees shall remain on active parole status while participating in the Preventing Parolee Crime Program.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).

§ 3527. Evaluation.

The Preventing Parolee Crime Program will be continually monitored to examine the program's impact upon the supervision, control, and sanction of parolees under the jurisdiction of the sampled parole units.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-3-2011; operative 4-2-2011 (Register 2011, No. 9).

Article 3. Electronic Monitoring


(a) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (department) may use continuous electronic monitoring technology to monitor the whereabouts of a parolee who requires electronic surveillance. The use of continuous electronic monitoring technology may be utilized:

(1) As an additional supervision tool for parolees who are identified as requiring a higher level of supervision pursuant to section 3545.

(2) To verify compliance with parole conditions, and to investigate suspicious patterns of behavior;

(3) As an alternative tool for addressing remedial sanctions in lieu of a revocation proceeding and return of a parolee into custody.

(4) To monitor all parolees who require Global Positioning System (GPS) monitoring, as described in section 3560, while under parole supervision.

(b) Any use of continuous electronic monitoring shall have as its primary objective, to enhance public safety through the reduction in the number of people and property being victimized by crimes committed by a parolee.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 3 (sections 3540-3548) and section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL by 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


(a) The continuous electronic monitoring device shall:

(1) Be designed to be worn on the ankle by the parolee. The parole agent, at his or her discretion, may request modifications to the placement of the device as an alternative form of continuous elec-
tronic monitoring. The modification request shall be considered for approval by the Director or designee, Division of Adult Parole Operations, on a case-by-case basis. The modifications may include the parolee carrying the monitoring device on his or her person at all times (fanny pack, back pack, belt etc.) and must be kept within reach when showering or sleeping. The device may be attached to any object which would enable a non-ambulatory parolee the ability to move around, i.e., a wheel chair.

(b) Emit a signal as a person is moving or is stationary. The signal shall be capable of being received and tracked across large urban or rural areas, statewide, and be received from within structures, vehicles, and other objects to the degree technically feasible in light of the associated costs and design.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


(a) A continuous electronic monitoring system has the capacity to pinpoint the parolee’s location, compliance with curfews, orders to stay away from predetermined locations, and compliance with other special conditions of parole. The system may immediately notify the department of predetermined faults, parameters, and system indicators that may indicate actual or possible violations of the terms and conditions of parole.

(b) This information, including geographic location and tampering, may be used as evidence to prove a violation of the terms and conditions of parole.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3543. Public Safety Standards for Minimum Time Between Transmission and Accuracy of Information.

The department establishes the following minimum performance standards for a continuous electronic monitoring system to enhance public safety:

(a) On a case-by-case basis, determining the minimum time interval between transmissions of information about the location of the individual parolee under parole supervision shall be based on the following, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) The resources of the department.

(2) The criminal history and case factors of the parolee under parole supervision.

(3) The safety of the victim of the parolee under parole supervision.

(4) The most current technology available to the department. (b) The standard for the accuracy of the information identifying the location of the parolee under parole supervision shall be based on the following, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) The need to identify the location of the parolee proximate to the location of the parolee’s residence or location of a crime.

(2) Resources of the department.

(3) The need to avoid false indications of continuous electronic monitoring violations.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


(a) No private or public entities, shall have access to, and use of, electronic signals transmitted in any fashion by equipment utilized for continuous electronic monitoring. Unauthorized access to, and use of, electronic signals includes signals transmitted in any fashion by equipment utilized for continuous electronic monitoring. Only those entities with the express written consent of the department shall be allowed access, and only for the terms and conditions stated in writing.

(b) Devices used pursuant to this Article shall not be used to eavesdrop or record any conversation, except a conversation between the parolee and the supervising parole agent. The continuous electronic monitoring technology is to be utilized solely for the purposes of voice identification and verification of the parolee’s geographic location in the community.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3545. Persons to Participate in Continuous Electronic Monitoring.

(a) Violation of parole or violation of the law is not a prerequisite for the implementation of continuous electronic monitoring technology for the purpose of subsections 3545(b) or (c) below.

(b) Adjudicated violations of parole, as provided for in the Parole Violation Decision Making Instrument, as described in section 3768, may subject the parolee to continuous electronic monitoring as authorized by this article.

(c) The following target population may be eligible for continuous electronic monitoring:

(1) Parolees classified with a risk number value of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, as described in section 3768.1.

(2) Parolees who commit minor violations of the law.

(3) Civil addict parolees.

(4) Interstate cases.

(5) Gang members.

(6) Serious and/or violent offenders.
(7) Any offenders not already subject to Global Positioning System (GPS) supervision.

(d) Participation in continuous electronic monitoring of an eligible parolee may require the following, unless otherwise stated:
   (1) Shall be on active parole in the community.
   (2) Prior to placement, the parolee shall have a special condition of parole imposed that requires participation utilizing continuous electronic monitoring technology.
   (3) Placement may require the written recommendation of the Parole Agent and written approval of the Unit Supervisor.
   (4) Any curfew imposed on the parolee while on continuous electronic monitoring shall be in writing and a document articulating the curfew imposed shall be provided to the parolee. The document, the CDCR Form 1515-EID (01/10), Electronic In-Home Detention (EID) Special Conditions of Parole, which is incorporated by reference, shall be signed by the parolee. The curfew imposed shall include a start and stop date for the participation of in-home confinement restrictions imposed.
   (5) The parolee shall be informed that non-compliance with the special condition of parole for continuous electronic monitoring is a violation of parole and may result in a referral to the Board of Parole Hearings for revocation consideration.
   (6) The parolee’s signature on the CDCR Form 1515-EID will acknowledge in writing, the parolee's responsibility for the safe return of the continuous electronic monitoring equipment when discharged from parole or released from the requirement from electronic monitoring. This will also acknowledge that upon failure to return the electronic monitoring equipment, the parolee may be charged the full replacement cost of each item of equipment not returned or returned damaged.
   (7) No parolee shall be required to participate in continuous electronic monitoring authorized by this article for any period of time longer than the term of parole.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3548. Payments of Certain Costs by Parolees.
   (a) Any person released on parole who is required to participate in continuous electronic monitoring, may be required to pay for that electronic surveillance upon a finding by the department of the ability of the parolee to pay those costs. However, the department shall waive any or all of that payment upon a finding of an inability to pay.
   (1) Ability to pay means the overall capability of the person to reimburse the actual costs or portion of the costs, of providing continuous electronic monitoring.
   (2) Overall capability of the person to reimburse the actual costs shall be determined by the Unit Supervisor or designee on a case-by-case basis. Factors to consider are employment status, income level, supplemental income sources and total monthly household expenses.
   (3) The department shall consider any remaining amounts a person has been ordered to pay in fines, assessments and restitution fines, fees and orders, and shall give priority to the payment of those items before requiring that the person pay for the continuous electronic monitoring.
   (b) If the parolee disagrees with the department's finding that the parolee has the ability to pay for the costs associated with the continuous electronic monitoring, the parolee may file an appeal by submitting a CDC Form 602 (rev 12/87), Inmate/Parolee Appeal form to the departmental appeals coordinator.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3549. [Reserved]

Article 4. Global Positioning System Program Establishment

3560. Global Positioning System Program Establishment.

Departmental use of Global Positioning System (GPS) technology is designed to monitor the whereabouts of parolees on parole by use of continuous electronic monitoring. The GPS program is for parolees who are identified as requiring a high level of supervision, as described in section 3561. By placing a GPS tracking device on a parolee, a parole agent receives information about a parolee’s whereabouts, verifies the parolee’s compliance with parole conditions, and is able to investigate suspicious behavior patterns.
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NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 4 (sections 3560-3565) and section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3561.  Global Positioning System Technology on Eligible Parolees Designated as High Risk.

(a) The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (department) shall evaluate all parolees’ criminal history and identify those parolees who require a high level of supervision, due to the risk of victimizing the public by committing new crimes while on parole.

(b) Parolees who are deemed to require a high level of supervision and subject to Global Positioning System (GPS) supervision include, but are not limited to:

1. Any parolee who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, codified in Penal Code (PC) sections 290 through 290.023.

2. Any validated prison gang, street gang, or disruptive group member or associate as indicated on the CDC Form 812 (Rev. 8/01), Notice of Critical Case Information—Safety of Persons (Non-confidential Enemies), CDC Form 812-A (Rev. 9/92), Notice of Critical Information—Prison Gang Identification, or CDC Form 812-B (Rev. 9/92), Notice of Critical Information, Disruptive Group Identification.

3. A high control offender as defined in section 3504.

4. (a) Any parolee’s case factors include unavailability for supervision, history of absconding parole supervision, escalating parole violations, or other such factors that would indicate the parolee is likely to re-offend, and where prevention of reoffending and knowledge of the whereabouts of the parolee is a high priority for maintaining public safety.

5. Any parolee who received a return to custody assessment by the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH), with a BPH final recommendation that the duration of the return to custody assessment be served in the community, utilizing GPS monitoring.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


Placement of a Global Positioning System (GPS) Monitoring device on an eligible parolee shall require the following:

(a) The parolee shall be on active parole in the community.

(b) Prior to placement, the parolee shall have a special condition of parole imposed which requires his or her participation in GPS monitoring.

(c) The parolee shall be informed that noncompliance with the special condition of parole for GPS monitoring is a violation of parole and may result in a referral to the Board of Parole Hearings for revocation consideration.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


(a) Parolees who are required to participate in continuous electronic monitoring by Global Positioning System (GPS) pursuant to the law shall be required to pay for the costs associated with the GPS system. However, the department shall waive any or all of that payment upon a finding of an inability to pay. The department shall consider any remaining amounts the parolee has been ordered to pay in fines, assessments and restitution fines, fees, and orders, and shall give priority to the payment of those items before requiring that the parolee pay for the global positioning monitoring.

1. Ability to pay means the overall capability of the person to reimburse the actual costs or portion of the costs, of providing global positioning system monitoring.

2. Overall capability of the person to reimburse the actual costs shall be determined by the Unit Supervisor or designee on a case-by-case basis. Factors to consider are employment status, income level, and other supplemental income sources.

3. The department shall consider any remaining amounts a person has been ordered to pay in fines, assessments and restitution fines, fees and orders, and shall give priority to the payment of those items before requiring that the person pay for the global positioning system monitoring.

(b) If the parolee disagrees with the department’s finding that the parolee has the ability to pay for the costs associated with the global positioning system monitoring, the parolee may file an appeal by submitting a CDC Form 602 (Rev. 12/87), Inmate/Parolee Appeal form to the departmental appeals coordinator.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 5058 and 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3004, 3010, 3010.1, 3010.2, 3010.3, 3010.4, 3010.5, 3010.6, 3010.7, 3010.8, 3010.9 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).


(a) Any parolee who has been convicted for a felony violation of a sex offense described in subdivision (c) of Penal Code section 290 or any attempt to commit any of those offenses, released from custody on or after November 8, 2006, shall be subject to lifetime Global Positioning System (GPS) monitoring. GPS monitoring shall commence within 48 hours of release from a state correctional facility, or during the first contact with a parole agent, whichever is sooner.

(b) The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall maintain GPS monitoring for the entire period of parole
supervision. Responsibility for lifetime supervision on GPS monitoring will be transferred to another agency upon discharge from parole supervision and termination of departmental jurisdictional authority.

(c) An active parolee subject to lifetime GPS monitoring shall remain on continuous GPS monitoring for the duration of parole unless the parolee is in federal, state, or local custody pending criminal charges or serving an imposed sentence.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

3565. Transitioning Sex Offenders from Global Positioning System Monitoring to Local Law Enforcement Monitoring.

(a) An active parolee subject to lifetime Global Positioning System (GPS) monitoring upon release from custody shall be monitored by the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation until discharged from parole and departmental jurisdiction.

(b) Between 90-60 days prior to the parolee’s controlling discharge date, Division of Adult Parole Operations staff shall notify, in writing, the assuming agency of the pending discharge. Divisional staff shall:
   (1) Make the parolee available to the assuming agency within five working days prior to the controlling discharge date to transition the parolee from departmental GPS equipment to the assuming agency’s equipment.
   (2) Notify the assuming agency if the parolee is to be discharged directly from custody.
   (c) If no other agency assumes GPS monitoring prior to the parolee’s discharge from departmental jurisdiction, the departmental GPS equipment will be removed and recovered from the parolee upon reaching the parolee’s Controlling Discharge Date.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 2-16-2010 as an emergency; operative 2-16-2010 (Register 2010, No. 8). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(c), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-26-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-16-2010 order transmitted to OAL 7-1-2010 and filed 8-13-2010 (Register 2010, No. 33).

Article 7. Parole Searches

3600. Searches of Parolees.

(a) Any contraband or evidence of illegal activity shall be seized by the parole agent or the law enforcement officer conducting a search of a parolee’s person, property, or residence. Property not belonging to the parolee shall be seized only when needed as evidence to support a parole violation charge.

(b) Property seized as evidence by departmental staff shall be documented on a CDCR Form 1136 (Rev. 10/06), Evidence Report and Inventory Receipt. A copy of the form will be available to either the parolee or a responsible adult, or left at the place of seizure.

(c) Only those areas of a parolee’s residence occupied solely by the parolee or of common access shall be searched without a search warrant.

(d) A parole agent’s authority to search or arrest a parolee applies to all law enforcement officers in California as long as it is judicious and conducted for legitimate law enforcement purposes.

(e) If staff’s forced entry into a structure results in damages to the structure, the parole office shall make available to the landlord or owner the claim form needed to recover repair costs through the Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding article 7 (section 3600) and renumbering former section 3701.1 to new section 3600 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment of subsections (b) and (d), repealer of subsections (d)(1)-(3) and amendment of subsection (e) filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

3604. Prerelease Referral.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-27-93; operative 6-28-93 (Register 93, No. 22).
2. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3604 to new section 3502 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).

Article 8. Financial Assistance

3605. Financial Assistance.

(a) Financial assistance funds may be loaned to qualified parolees/releasees or discharges as described in (b), below.

(b) When a request for financial assistance is received, the parole agent shall determine if the requestor needs the assistance and whether other resources are available to meet the need.

(c) If assistance is deemed necessary and not available from other sources, the parole agent shall obtain both of the following:
   (1) The unit supervisor’s approval for any loan.
   (2) The signature of the requestor on CDC Form 910C (Rev. 11/96), Bank Draft Stock Register, which is incorporated by reference, before releasing the loan funds.

(d) The parolee/releasee or dischargee shall repay any such loans as soon as their employment and personal circumstances permit. A receipt for every repayment made on a loan shall be provided to the individual.

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HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-18-2000 as an emergency; operative 5-18-2000 (Register 2000, No. 20). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-25-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Editorial correction of History 1 (Register 2000, No. 21).
3. New section refiled 10-24-2000 as an emergency; operative 10-26-2001 (Register 2001, No. 19). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 4-4-2001 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
5. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3605 to new section 3504, adding article 8 (section 3605) and renumbering former section 3705 to section 3605 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
6. Amendment of article heading and subsections (a) and (c)(1)–(2) filed 9-9-2010; operative 10-9-2010 (Register 2010, No. 37).

3605.5. Release from Revocation or Limited Placement.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 5-27-93; operative 6-28-93 (Register 93, No. 22).
2. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3605 to new section 3704, adding article 8 (section 3605) and renumbering former section 3705 to section 3605 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).

Article 9. Parole Outpatient Clinic

3610. Parole Outpatient Clinic Services.

(a) Parole outpatient clinics (POC) have been established to provide mental health assessments and outpatient mental health treatment, if needed, to parolees.

(b) At any time during the period of parole, the parole agent of record may refer a parolee to a POC for a screening evaluation to determine the need for a full mental health assessment.

(c) POC clinical staff shall provide a mental health assessment for each referred parolee to determine if there is a need for transitional or sustained therapeutic intervention on an outpatient basis. If therapy is deemed necessary, the parolee shall be assigned to attend a POC for mental health treatment. Treatment services may be supplemented by interagency agreements/contracts with other state and county agencies. All records of mental health diagnosis, evaluation and treatment shall be considered confidential in accordance with subsection 3361(c).

(d) The parole agent of record shall impose a special condition of parole to participate in a POC on all parolees assigned by clinical staff to attend POC for treatment.

(e) A parolee upon whom a special condition of parole to attend a POC is imposed and who is absent without being excused by their parole agent of record or the POC clinician, or whose stated reasons for absence are later determined by the parole agent of record to be false, shall be considered in violation of their parole conditions.

(f) Mandatory referral to a POC for a mental health assessment shall be made by the parole agent of record for the following:

(1) Inmates who are in a mental health treatment program at the time of the prerelease case referral as described in section 3502. To provide continuity of care, a POC referral appointment shall occur as soon as possible but not more than 30 days after release to parole.

(2) Parolees whose offense history, institutional history, social history, or behavior in the community, past or present, indicate that a mental health assessment may be of assistance in successful reintegration to the community.

(3) Violent offenders, as designated in Penal Code (PC) section 667.5(c), and sex offenders as designated in PC section 290, for whom a mental disorder may have been a contributing factor to their commitment offense.

(4) Parolees exhibiting observable symptoms of a mental disorder while under supervision in the community.

(g) Parolees for whom psychotropic medications are prescribed shall be given the information upon which to base an informed consent. The parolee shall provide specific written informed consent in compliance with sections 3353 and 3363(d).

(h) When the department’s jurisdiction of a parolee/releasee is expiring and continued treatment or services are required, the parole agent of record, in concert with POC staff, shall assist the parolee/releasee in obtaining the services from a community mental health agency. If the services of the agencies cannot be obtained, the parolee/releasee may continue to receive parole outpatient clinic services until community services can be arranged or the services are no longer required.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding article 9 (section 3610) and renumbering former section 3706 to new section 3610 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment of section and NOTE filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

Article 10. Civil Addicts

3620. Special Requirements of Civil Addict Release or Parole.

A parole agent may impose special requirements necessary for a civil addict releasee’s or parolee’s successful adjustment to their release or parole. Any such requirements which are to remain in effect for more than seven days shall be given to the releasee or civil addict parolee in writing. Any such conditions to remain in effect for more than 30 days shall be submitted to the Board of Parole Hearings as a recommendation to impose as a special condition of release or parole.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 3151 and 3201(c), Welfare and Institutions Code; and Section 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding article 10 (sections 3620–3625) and renumbering former section 3801 to new section 3620 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

3625. Civil Addict Program Exclusion.

(a) A civil addict parolee or releasee who is determined by the department to be unfit for the civil addict program shall be returned to the court in which the case originated for further proceedings on the criminal charges that the court may deem warranted.

(b) Such a determination may be based upon any of the following reasons:

(1) The person engaged in any of the following activities:

(A) Extensive criminal behavior.

(B) Serious criminal behavior unrelated to addiction or substance abuse.
(C) Sales, or possession for sale, of drugs valued at more than $10,000.

(D) Repeated possession of a controlled substance in quantities considered excessive for personal use.

(E) A pattern of using or threatening to use force.

(2) The person commits an act which involved violence or the use of a deadly weapon.

(3) The person refuses to participate in department-prescribed programming.

(4) The person repeatedly absconds from supervision.

(5) The person continues in a pattern of criminal activity not likely to change as a result of supervision.

(6) The person has a long-term medical or psychiatric problem which renders them unsuitable for outpatient supervision.

(7) The person is not available for supervision because of deportation or a felony commitment to a state or federal prison.

(8) The person has been at-large for more than six months and has a prior conviction for violence, sales of drugs, robbery, or possession of a weapon.

(9) The person has been at-large for more than 12 months.

(c) The decision to exclude a civil addict parolee from the Civil Addict Program will be the result of a case conference between the parole agent and the unit supervisor.

(d) When it is determined exclusion procedures will commence, the parole agent shall send the releasee or civil addict parolee a notification letter advising him or her that an exclusion letter will be sent to the committing court in 15 calendar days if they do not report to the parole agent in person. The letter shall be sent to the releasee or civil addict parolee’s last known address. If the releasee or civil addict parolee so reports, the parole agent will case conference with the unit supervisor. Based upon the facts and circumstances surrounding the parolee’s unavailability for parole supervision, the unit supervisor will decide whether or not to proceed with the exclusion letter.

(e) The parole agent shall prepare an exclusion letter for the signature of the Warden of the California Rehabilitation Center. The exclusion letter shall include the following information:

(1) Date releasee or civil addict parolee’s parole status was suspended by the Board of Parole Hearings.

(2) Efforts made to locate the releasee or civil addict parolee.

(3) Any arrests made prior to or after suspension.

(4) Last known address prior to suspension.

(5) Date parole agent sent releasee or civil addict parolee a notification letter as per subsection 3625(d).

(f) Upon receipt of a minute order from the originating court vacating the commitment, the parole agent shall cancel the warrant if issued by the Board of Parole Hearings.

(g) When the parole agent becomes aware that a releasee or parolee at large has been arrested, and an exclusion letter has already been sent, the parole agent shall contact the committing court to determine whether that court has vacated the civil addict commitment.

(1) If the committing court has vacated the civil commitment, a detainer shall not be placed on the releasee at large or parolee at large.

(2) If it cannot be determined whether or not the committing court has acted on the exclusion letter, a detainer shall not be placed until such time as confirmation can be obtained.

(3) If it is confirmed that the committing court has not yet vacated the civil commitment, a detainer may be placed while a decision is made whether or not to rescind the exclusion letter.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect renumbering former section 3802 to new section 3625 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment of subsections (a) and (b)(8) and new subsections (c)-(g)(3) filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

Article 11. Illegal Aliens

3630. Limitations of Parole Services.

(a) Pursuant to Section 411 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, (PRWORA) (8 U.S.C. Section 1621), and notwithstanding any other provision of Title 15, Division 3 of the California Code of Regulations, aliens who are not “qualified aliens” or “nonimmigrant aliens,” as defined by federal law, or who are paroled into the United States for less than one year, are ineligible to receive or participate in the following parole services:

(1) Food coupons.

(2) Bus passes.

(3) Job placement services.

(4) Short-term cash assistance.

(b) Verification of immigration status is based on information furnished to the Department by the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement prior to an inmate alien’s release on parole.

(c) A determination that an alien is ineligible for the services specified in subdivision (a) may be appealed as provided in Sections 3084 through 3084.9 of these regulations.

(d) All eligibility requirements contained herein shall be applied without regard to race, creed, color, gender, religion, or national origin.

(e) For purposes of this section, an alien who, at the time he or she applies for, receives, or attempts to receive a parole benefit specified in subsection (a), is eligible for those benefits if he or she meets all of the conditions of subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) below:

(1) Has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or registered domestic partner or a parent, or by a member of the spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s or parent’s family residing in the same household as the alien, and the spouse or registered domestic partner or parent of the alien consented to, or acquiesced in, such battery or cruelty; or has a child who has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or registered domestic partner or a parent of the alien, without the active participation of the alien in the battery or cruelty, or by a member of the spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s or parent’s family residing in the same household as the alien, and the spouse or registered domestic partner or parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty.

(2) In the opinion of the Attorney General of the United States, which opinion is not subject to the review of any court, there is a substantial connection between such battery or cruelty and the need for the benefits provided.

(3) Has been approved or has a petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case, as enumerated in the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), for:

(A) Status as a spouse or registered domestic partner or child of a United States citizen; or

(B) Suspension of deportation and adjustment of status; or

(C) Classification pursuant to clause (ii) or clause (iii) of Section 204(a)(1)(B) of the INA.

(D) Cancellation of removal pursuant to Section 240A(b)(2) of the INA.
(4) For the period for which the benefits are sought, the individual responsible for the battery or cruelty, as stated in paragraph (e)(1) does not reside in the same household or family eligibility unit as the individual subjected to the battery or cruelty.


3640. Parolee Field Files

(a) For the purpose of this section, a parolee field file means a file maintained by a parole unit office containing information about a parolee and his or her current parole.

(b) Except by means of valid authorization, subpoena, or court order, no parolee or their attorney or the attorney’s designee shall have access to another parolee’s field file or component thereof.

(c) Parolees may review their own field file, subject to applicable federal and state law. This review shall be conducted in the presence of staff. The parolee will not be provided access to a computer to view any of his or her electronic records, if applicable, but instead will have a printed copy made available.

(d) No parolee or their attorney or the attorney’s designee shall access information designated confidential pursuant to section 3321 which is in or from the parolee’s field file.

(e) An attorney or the attorney’s designee, hired to or appointed to represent a parolee in the parole revocation process may review a parolee’s field file, subject to applicable federal and state law. A parolee’s attorney or the attorney’s designee is not required to obtain authorization from the parolee before reviewing the parolee’s field file, though authorization may be provided. This review shall be conducted in the presence of staff. The attorney or the attorney’s designee will not be provided access to a computer to view any of the parolee’s electronic records, if applicable, but instead will have a printed copy made available.

(f) No parolee field file or component thereof shall be released to any agency or person outside the department, except for private attorneys hired to represent the department, the Office of the Attorney General, the Board of Parole Hearings, the Inspector General, and as provided by applicable federal and state law. Any outside person or entity that receives parolee field files is subject to all legal and departmental standards for the integrity and confidentiality of those documents.


HISTORY:
1. New article 12 (section 3640) and section filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

3650. Registration Notification.

An inmate/parolee required to register pursuant to Penal Code sections 186.30, 290 et seq., 457.1 or Health and Safety Code section 11590, shall be notified of the requirement to register pursuant to the procedures specified in section 3075.2.


HISTORY:
1. New article 13 (sections 3650–3654) and section filed 8-11-2009; operative 9-10-2009 (Register 2009, No. 33).

3651. Penal Code Section 186.30 Registrants (Gang Offenders).

(a) Any inmate/parolee required to register pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 186.30 shall register with the Chief of Police of the city in which he or she resides, or the Sheriff of the county if he or she resides in an unincorporated area or in a city that has no police department, within 10 days of release from custody or within 10 days of his or her arrival in any city, county, or city and county to reside, whichever comes first.

(b) The registration required by PC section 186.30 shall consist of the following:

(1) The parolee shall appear at the law enforcement agency.

(2) The law enforcement agency will serve the parolee with a California Street Terrorism Enforcement and Prevention Act notification which includes, where applicable, that the parolee belongs to a gang whose members engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity as described in PC section 186.22(e).

(3) The parolee shall submit a written statement, signed by the parolee, giving any information that may be required by the law enforcement agency.

(4) The parolee shall submit his or her fingerprints and a current photograph to the law enforcement agency.

(c) Within 10 days of changing his or her residence address, any person required to register shall inform, in writing, the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered, of his or her new address. If his or her new residence address is located within the jurisdiction of a law enforcement agency other than the agency where he or she last registered, he or she shall also register with the new law enforcement agency, in writing, within 10 days of the change of residence.

(d) Any parolee required to register who knowingly violates any of the provisions of PC section 186.30 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(e) Any person who is required under PC section 186.30 and who knowingly fails to register, and who is subsequently convicted of or subject to a juvenile petition that is sustained for a violation of any of the offenses in PC section 186.30 is subject to an additional term of imprisonment in the state prison.

(f) The registration requirement terminates five years after the last imposition of a registration requirement that arose under PC section 186.30.


HISTORY:

3652. Penal Code Section 290 Registrants (Sex Offenders).

(a) Any inmate/parolee who is required to register pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 290 et seq. shall register with the Chief of Police of the city in which he or she is residing, or the Sheriff of the
county if he or she is residing in an unincorporated area or city that has no police department. The inmate/parolee shall also register with the Chief of Police of a campus of the University of California, the California State University, or community college if he or she is residing upon the campus or in any of its facilities. The inmate/parolee shall meet these registration requirements within five working days of coming into, or changing his or her residence within, any city, county, or city and county, or campus in which he or she temporarily resides.

(1) If the person who is registering has more than one residence address at which he or she regularly resides, he or she shall register in each of the jurisdictions in which he or she regularly resides, regardless of the number of days or nights spent there. If all of the addresses are within the same jurisdiction, the parolee shall provide the registering authority with all of the addresses where he or she regularly resides.

(2) Beginning on his or her first birthday following registration or change of address, the person shall register annually, within five working days of his or her birthday, to update his or her registration(s). At the annual update, a sex offender registrant shall provide current information as required by the Department of Justice registration forms and PC section 290.012.

(3) The registration requirement shall be for life.

(b) Sexually Violent Predators:

(1) Every person who has been adjudicated a sexually violent predator as defined in section 6600 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, shall, after his or her release from custody, verify his or her residence and employment addresses at least once every 90 days, including the name of the employer and the place of employment.

(2) Any person who has ever been adjudicated a sexually violent predator, and who fails to verify his or her registration at least every 90 days is subject to imprisonment in the state prison, or in the county jail not to exceed one year.

(c) Definitions: For the purpose of this section, the following terms are defined:

(1) Transient means a person who has no residence.

(2) Residence means one or more addresses at which a person regularly resides, regardless of the number of days or nights spent there, such as a shelter or structure that can be located by a street address, including, but not limited to, houses, apartment buildings, motels, hotels, homeless shelters, and recreational and other vehicles.

(d) Transient parolees required to register pursuant to PC Section 290 et seq:

1. Following Release: A transient must register, or re-register if the person has previously registered, within five working days after release from incarceration, placement or commitment, or release on probation, except that if the person previously registered as a transient less than 30 days from the date of his or her release from incarceration, he or she does not need to re-register as a transient until his or her next required 30-day re-registration. If a transient is not physically present in any one jurisdiction for five consecutive working days, he or she must register or re-register in the jurisdiction in which he or she is physically present on the fifth working day following release.

2. Re-Register: Beginning on or before the 30th day following initial registration upon release, a transient must re-register and continue to re-register, at least once every 30 days. A transient must re-register at least once every 30 days regardless of the length of time he or she has been physically present in the particular jurisdiction in which he or she re-registers. A transient shall re-register with the Chief of Police of the city in which he or she is physically present within that 30-day period, or the Sheriff of the county if he or she is physically present in an unincorporated area or city that has no police department, and additionally, with the Chief of Police of a campus of the University of California, the California State University, or community college if he or she is physically present upon the campus or present in any of its facilities.

(3) Failure to Re-Register: If a transient fails to re-register within any 30-day period, he or she is subject to prosecution in any jurisdiction in which he or she is physically present. Willful failure to re-register within any 30-day period is a misdemeanor, and under some circumstances specified in PC section 290.018(g), is a felony.

(4) Annual Update: Beginning on his or her first birthday following registration, a transient shall register annually within five working days of his or her birthday, to update his or her registration with the law enforcement agency or agencies having jurisdiction over the place in which he or she is physically present on that date.

(5) Required Information: A transient shall, upon registration, 30-day re-registration, and the annual update, provide current information as required on the Department of Justice registration forms, including the information required by PC section 290.015(a), and shall also list the places where he or she sleeps, eats, works, frequents, and engages in leisure activities. If a transient changes or adds to the places listed on the form during a 30-day re-registration period, he or she does not need to report the new place or places until the next required registration.

(6) Move to Residence: A transient who moves to a residence shall have five working days within which to register at that address.

(7) Becomes Transient: A person registered at a residence who becomes transient shall have five working days within which to register or re-register as a transient.

(e) Providing Proof of Registration, Changes and Updates: Every person released on parole who is required to register as a sex offender shall provide proof of registration to his or her parole agent within six working days of release on parole. The six-day period for providing proof of registration may be extended but only upon determination by the parole agent that unusual circumstances exist relating to the availability of local law enforcement registration capability that preclude that person’s ability to meet the deadline.

(1) Every parolee who is required to register as a sex offender who makes a change or update to his or her registration information shall provide proof of any change or update to his or her parole agent within five working days of making the change or update with the Chief of Police or County Sheriff and if applicable, with the Campus Police Chief.

(2) A parolee agent who supervises a parolee who is required to register as a sex offender shall inform that parolee of the parolee’s duties under this subsection no fewer than six days prior to the date on which proof of registration is to be provided to the parolee agent.

(3) For the purpose of this section, proof of registration means a photocopy of the actual registration form.


HISTORY:

§ 3653. Penal Code Section 457.1 Registrants

(Arson Offenders).

(a) The following offenders convicted of arson, a violation of Penal Code (PC) section 451, 451.5 or 453, and offenders convicted of attempted arson, which includes but is not limited to, a violation of PC section 455, shall register:

1. Any offender who, on or after November 30, 1994, is convicted in any court in California of arson or attempted arson shall be required to register for the rest of his or her life.

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(2) Any offender who, on or after January 1, 1985 through November 29, 1994, inclusive, is convicted in any court in California of arson or attempted arson, shall be required to register for a period of five years beginning, in the case where he or she was confined for the offense, from the date of his or her release from confinement, or if he or she was not confined for the offense, from the date of sentencing or discharge if he or she was ordered by the court at the time of sentencing to register as an arson offender.

(b) Registration Timing and Jurisdiction(s) Where to Register: Offenders with a registration obligation under subsection (a) above must register within 14 days of coming into or changing residence or location within any city, county, city and county, or campus where he or she temporarily resides, or if he or she has no residence, is located with the following law enforcement:

(1) Chief of Police: If the person is residing in a city, or if the person has no residence and is located in a city, he or she must register with the Chief of Police of the city where he or she is residing or located, or;

(2) Sheriff: If the person is residing in an unincorporated area or in a city that does not have a police department, or if the person has no residence and is located in an unincorporated area or in a city that does not have a police department, he or she must register with the Sheriff of the county where the person is residing or located.

(3) Chief of Police, Campus: If the person is residing at a campus of the University of California, the California State University, or a community college, or if the person has no residence and is located at one of these places, he or she must register with the Chief of Police of that campus, in addition to registering with either the Chief of Police or Sheriff.

(c) Information: Law enforcement agencies shall make registration information of arson registrants required to register under subsection (a)(2) above available to the chief fire official of a legally organized fire department or fire protection district having local jurisdiction where the person resides. Law enforcement agencies are permitted to make registration information of arson registrants required to register under both (a)(1) and (a)(2) above available to regularly employed peace officers and to other law enforcement officers, including those employed by fire departments and fire protection districts.

(d) Change of Residence: If an arson offender required to register by PC section 457.1 changes his or her residence address, he or she shall inform, in writing, within 10 days, the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address. The law enforcement agency is obligated, within three days after receipt of the information, to forward it to the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice is obligated to forward appropriate registration data to the law enforcement agency having local jurisdiction of the new place of residence.

(e) Violations: Any parolee required to register by H&SC section 11590, changes his or her residence address, or she shall inform, in writing, within 10 days, the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address. The law enforcement agency is obligated, within three days after receipt of the information, to forward it to the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice is obligated to forward appropriate registration data to the law enforcement agency having local jurisdiction of the new place of residence.

(f) Termination: The registration requirement of H&SC section 11590 who knowingly violates any of its provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(3) The fingerprints and current photograph of the parolee shall be submitted to the law enforcement agency.

(d) Violations: Any parolee required to register by H&SC section 11590 who knowingly violates any of its provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(e) Termination: The registration requirement of H&SC section 11590 who terminates five years after the discharge from prison, release from jail or termination of probation or parole of the person convicted.


HISTORY:


(a) Any inmate/parolee obligated to register by Health and Safety Code (H&SC) section 11590 shall register with the Chief of Police of the city in which he or she resides, or the Sheriff of the county if he or she resides in an unincorporated area or in a city without a police department, within 30 days of release from custody, or within 30 days of his or her arrival, in any city, county, or city and county to reside.

(b) Change of Address: If an inmate/parolee required to register by H&SC section 11590, changes his or her residence address, he or she shall inform, in writing, within 10 days, the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address. The law enforcement agency is obligated, within three days after receipt of the information, to forward it to the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice is obligated to forward appropriate registration data to the law enforcement agency having local jurisdiction of the new place of residence.

(c) Registration Requirements. The registration required by H&SC section 11590 shall consist of the following:

(1) The parolee shall appear at the law enforcement agency.

2. A written statement, signed by the parolee, giving any information that may be required by the Department of Justice.

3. The fingerprints and current photograph of the parolee shall be submitted to the law enforcement agency.

(d) Violations: Any parolee required to register by H&SC section 11590 who knowingly violates any of its provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(e) Termination: The registration requirement of H&SC section 11590 shall terminate five years after the discharge from prison, release from jail or termination of probation or parole of the person convicted.


HISTORY:

Article 14. Hormonal Chemical Treatment for Sex Offenders [Reserved]
3706. Alternative to Medroxyprogesterone Acetate Treatment. [Reserved]  

3707. Administration of Medroxyprogesterone Acetate Treatment Program. [Reserved]  

Article 15. Discharge  

3720. Discharge Reviews.  

(a) Inmate/parolees who are released to non-revocable parole as provided in section 3505, are excluded from any of the provisions of this Article 15, Discharge.  

(b) The following terms are defined for the purpose of this Article 15, Discharge:  

(1) Continuous Parole, pursuant to California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Division 2, subsection 2515(b)(4), is parolees who have not had parole revoked or absconded from parole supervision since their initial release. If a revocation, revocation with credit for time served, or suspension with reinstatement of parole with time loss has occurred in the period, the parolee has not been on continuous parole.  

(2) Discharge Review means a review of a parolee’s criminal history, and his or her adjustment and/or performance while under parole supervision for the purpose of rendering a decision as to whether or not a parolee should be retained on parole supervision for another year or be discharged from parole supervision altogether.  

(c) Discharge review periods to be followed by the Division of Adult Parole Operations are as follows:  

(1) The review for those parolees who are subject to a three-year parole period as provided in CCR, Title 15, Division 2, subsection 2515(b), shall be performed during the 12th month of continuous parole, except for those who were committed for violent felonies as listed in section 667.5(c) of the Penal Code, in which case the review shall be performed during the 24th month of continuous parole.  

(2) The review for those parolees who are subject to a five-year parole period, as provided for in CCR, Title 15, Division 2, subsection 2515(d), shall be performed during the 36th month of continuous parole.  

(3) The review for those parolees who are subject to lifetime parole period shall be during the 84th month of continuous parole for first degree murder parolees and during the 60th month of continuous parole for second degree murder parolees.  

(4) A parolee shall be immediately referred to the Board of Parole Hearings for discharge consideration if any of the following criteria exist:  

(A) Confirmation exists that the parolee was deported to his or her country of origin after being released to parole.  

(B) Confirmation exists that the parolee is under the supervision of another prison system, state or federal, and that supervision period, which includes the period of incarceration and any supervised release, exceeds the jurisdiction period maintained by the Department.  


HISTORY:  
1. New article 15 (sections 3720-3723) and section filed 4-26-2010; operative 5-26-2010 (Register 2010, No. 18).  

3721. Discharge Review Reports.  

(a) The assigned parole agent shall review each case within the specified review period and recommend retaining the case on parole or recommend discharge and allow the case to discharge by operation of law.  

(b) The parole agent must complete a discharge review report, whether the recommendation is to retain or discharge. The following factors shall be considered in conducting discharge reviews and preparing a discharge review report for a parolee in the community:  

(1) Parole Adjustment. Whether or not the parolee was complying with his or her conditions of parole or involved in any criminal behavior or activities, the parole adjustment shall include, but is not limited to, the following:  

(A) Residence, whether or not the parolee’s residential pattern is stable.  

(B) Employment, whether or not the parolee demonstrated a steady pattern of employment, educational or vocational training, and if he or she has the ability to reasonably provide for his or her own financial needs while in the community.  

(C) Compliant with Special Conditions of Parole. Address any known violations of any general, mandatory or special conditions of parole, or the parolee’s ability to comply with all conditions.  

(D) Psychological Factors. Note the mental health status of the parolee and his or her compliance with any mental health treatment.  

(E) Gang Validation. Note any past or present involvement in any prison, criminal, or street gang as a validated member, associate, or affiliate, and if the parolee is an active or inactive validated member, associate, or affiliate.  

(2) Restitution. Note any fine and/or restitution balance at the time of review, and any effort to satisfy the fine and/or restitution balance.  

(3) Criminal History.  

(A) Sex, Arson, Gang or Drug Registration Requirements. Note any registration requirement as per sections 290, 457.1 and 186.30 of the Penal Code; and/or section 11590 of the Health and Safety Code and if the applicable registration(s) are current.  

(B) Serious or Violent Commitment Offense. Indicate whether or not the parolee’s commitment offense, regardless of whether it is the controlling or non-controlling case, is considered serious or violent as defined in Penal Code sections 1192.7(c), 1192.8, or 667.5(c).  

(C) Use of a Weapon during Commitment Offense. Indicate whether or not it is known if the parolee’s commitment offense involved the use of a weapon, regardless of whether it is the controlling or non-controlling offense.  

(D) Possession of Firearm during Commitment Offense. Indicate whether or not the parolee’s commitment offense involved the possession of a firearm, regardless of whether it is the controlling or non-controlling offense.  

(E) History of Serious or Violent Felony Convictions. Indicate whether or not the parolee’s criminal history includes a conviction for any serious or violent felony as defined in Penal Code sections 1192.7(c), 1192.8, or 667.5(c).  

(F) History of Use of a Weapon Conviction. Indicate whether or not the parolee’s criminal history includes a conviction for any offense involving the use of a weapon.  

(G) History of Possession of a Firearm Conviction. Indicate whether or not the parolee’s criminal history includes a conviction for any offense involving the possession of a weapon within the 10 year period before the commitment offense.  


HISTORY:  
1. New section filed 4-26-2010; operative 5-26-2010 (Register 2010, No. 18).
3721.1. Documenting the Discharge Review.

Discharge Review Report. When preparing a discharge review report on a parolee, it shall be reported on a CDCR Form 1502 (Rev. 10/06), Activity Report, which is incorporated by reference.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-26-2010; operative 5-26-2010 (Register 2010, No. 18).

3722. Annual Discharge Reviews.

(a) General. At the discharge review, the Division of Adult Parole Operations shall consider the parolee’s adjustment on parole and any other information relevant to determining whether the parolee should be discharged or retained under parole supervision.

(b) In the event of a retention on parole, the parolee shall be entitled to a review by the parole authority each year thereafter until the statutory maximum period of parole expires. In the event the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) acts to retain parole, the parole agent shall complete subsequent annual reviews each year thereafter and forward the discharge review report to the BPH for discharge or retain consideration. Annual discharge reviews shall be performed as provided in section 3720 and as noted in this section.

(c) Criteria. Factors tending to indicate there is good cause to retain a parolee on parole include:

(1) Commitment Offense. The parolee was committed to prison for several offenses, for an offense involving weapons or great bodily harm, for an offense which was part of large scale criminal activity or for an offense which caused considerable concern in the local community.

(2) Parole Adjustment. While on parole, the parolee has been involved in criminal activity even if that activity did not result in revocation of parole, has been using drugs, has been involved in gang activities, is currently undergoing criminal prosecution or is being investigated for possible prosecution.

(3) Placement Returns. The parolee has been returned to custody for substance abuse or psychiatric treatment.

(4) Supervision Needed. The parolee is in special need of continued supervision for the safety of the parolee or of the public.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-26-2010; operative 5-26-2010 (Register 2010, No. 18).

3723. Parolee Rights.

The parolee shall receive a copy of the discharge review decision, including the reasons for a decision not to discharge the parolee, if applicable. The parolee may appeal any mistake of fact contained in the discharge review report pursuant to the appeals process provided in sections 3084-3084.9. If a mistake of fact is substantiated and that mistake results in a change in the recommendation to retain on parole, the corrected discharge review report with the recommendation to discharge shall be corrected and submitted to the Board of Parole Hearings with a request to reconsider the decision to retain.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-26-2010; operative 5-26-2010 (Register 2010, No. 18).
2. Amendment filed 12-13-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-28-2011 (Register 2010, No. 51). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-7-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

Article 16. Restitution

3730. Restitution Obligations.

Restitution obligations shall be considered when recommending a parolee for early discharge or when conducting an annual discharge review.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 4852.05 and 5054, Penal Code.

HISTORY:
1. New article 16 (section 3730) and renumbering of former section 3501 to section 3730, including amendment of section, filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

Article 17. Revocation or Limited Placement Releases

3740. Release from Revocation or Limited Placement.

Upon a parolee’s release from local custody, an institution, facility, or sanction imposed program their assigned parole agent shall assist the parolee to return to their previous parole program or to develop a new program based upon their particular needs or Board of Parole Hearings imposed sanction.


HISTORY:
1. Change without regulatory effect adding article 17 (section 3740) and renumbering former section 3605.5 to new section 3740 filed 7-30-2008 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 31).
2. Amendment filed 6-17-2009; operative 7-17-2009 (Register 2009, No. 25).

Article 18. Parole Holds [Reserved]

3750. Authority to Place a Parole Hold. [Reserved]

3751. Criteria for Placement of a Parole Hold. [Reserved]

3752. Factors to be Considered. [Reserved]

3753. Review of a Parole Hold. [Reserved]

3754. Reasons for a Parole Hold. [Reserved]

3755. Transfer to Prison. [Reserved]

3756. Length of a Parole Hold. [Reserved]

Article 19. Parole Violations and Reports

3760. General. [Reserved]

3761. Reportable Information. [Reserved]

3762. Reportable Information for Sex Offenders Undergoing Chemical Treatment. [Reserved]

3763. Investigation. [Reserved]

3764. Parole Violation Report. [Reserved]
3765. Supplemental Parole Violation Reports. [Reserved]

3766. Recommendations. [Reserved]


(a) The purpose of the Parole Violation Decision-Making Instrument (PVDMI) is to enable parole staff to uniformly determine, recommend, and impose proportionate and consistent sanctions for parole violators. These sanctions will be based on the risk level of the offender and the severity of the violation. The risk level of the offender is determined by the California Static Risk Assessment, as described in section 3768.1. The severity of the violation is based on the department's analysis of all technical and criminal violations. Severity rankings were developed in conjunction with the California Department of Justice, the Board of Parole Hearings, and the department.

(b) The PVDMI shall be used to assess all violations of parole except as noted in section 3768.2.

(c) For the purposes of this section, “severity rankings” are determined by rating all known parole violation codes, as provided in the Violation Code Descriptions (new 12/09), which is incorporated by reference, in a numerical value from 1 to 4.


HISTORY:
1. Amendment of article heading and new section filed 1-7-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a) and Government Code section 11346.1(d) (Register 2010, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-7-2010 order, including amendment of section heading and section, transmitted to OAL 6-25-2010 and filed 7-22-2010 (Register 2010, No. 30).

3768.1. California Static Risk Assessment.

(a) The California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) (new 12/09), which is incorporated by reference, is a validated risk assessment tool that utilizes a set of risk factors which are most predictive of recidivism. The tool produces a risk number value that will predict the likelihood that an offender will incur a felony arrest within a three-year period after release to parole.

Risk factors utilized include, but are not limited to, age, gender, criminal misdemeanor and felony convictions, and sentence/supervision violations.

(b) CSRA risk number values fall in one of following five categories:

1. Low Risk, with a risk number value of “1”.
2. Moderate Risk, with a risk number value of “2”.
3. High Risk Drug, with a risk number value of “3”. High Risk Drug means that the offender has a greater risk of reoffending with a drug offense.
4. High Risk Property, with a risk number value of “4”. High Risk Property means that the offender has a greater risk of reoffending with a property offense.
5. High Risk Violence, with a risk number value of “5”. High Risk Violence means that the offender has a greater risk of reoffending with a violent offense.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the CSRA is defined as an actuarial tool that computes the likelihood to re-offend (incur a felony arrest within a three-year period after release to parole), and uses static indicators that do not change. These indicators include gender, age and offense history of the offender.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-7-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a) and Government Code section 11346.1(d) (Register 2010, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-7-2010 order, including amendment of subsection (b)(5), transmitted to OAL 6-25-2010 and filed 7-22-2010 (Register 2010, No. 30).

3768.2. Exclusions from the Mandatory Use of the Parole Violation Decision-Making Instrument.

(a) The Parole Violation Decision-Making Instrument (PVDMI), CDCR Form 1500 (08/08), which is incorporated by reference, shall be used to assess all known parole violations except in the following instances:

1. Any alleged violation committed by a civil addict commitment.
2. Any alleged violation committed by a felon from another state who is being supervised in California under the provisions of the Interstate Commission for Adult Offender Supervision (Compact).
3. Any alleged violation which is based on in-custody behavior.
4. If the automated PVDMI system is inoperable due to system failure. The Parole Automation Team (PAT) will notify system users of the failure and estimated time of system restoration, via electronic mail. Upon restoration of the system, the PAT will utilize electronic mail to notify users that the system is operational.
5. Any alleged violation committed by a participant of a reentry court program shall have his or her violation referred to the reentry court for adjudication.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the PAT is defined as staff assigned to the Division of Adult Parole Operations that are responsible for the information technology and automation needs of the Division, and are responsible for the maintenance and support of the PVDMI system.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-7-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a) and Government Code section 11346.1(d) (Register 2010, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
2. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-7-2010 order, including amendment of section heading and subsection (a), transmitted to OAL 6-25-2010 and filed 7-22-2010 (Register 2010, No. 30).


(a) The automated CDCR Form 1500 (08/08), Parole Violation Decision-Making Instrument (PVDMI), which is incorporated by reference, shall be utilized as the reporting mechanism for the following types of alleged parole violations:

1. Any alleged violation that can be adjudicated by the Division of Adult Parole Operations at the parole unit level.
2. Any alleged violation referred to the Board of Parole Hearings for final adjudication with a recommendation to Continue On Parole, when the offender is not in custody, excluding:
   (A) Residential Substance Abuse or Treatment Program placement recommendations.
   (B) In-Custody Drug Treatment Program placement recommendations.
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(b) The automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, shall be printed upon completion and shall accompany the CDC Form 1676 (Rev. 3/97), Charge Sheet/Revocation Tracking/Scheduling Request, that is forwarded to the Board of Parole Hearings for final adjudication. The CDC Form 1676 is incorporated by reference. Violations for which the CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, should accompany the CDC Form 1676 include:

1. Alleged violations with a final recommendation of revocation.
2. Alleged violations with a final recommendation for Parolee Substance Abuse Program placement.
3. Alleged violations with a final recommendation for In-Custody Drug Treatment Program placement.

(c) The automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, shall be completed prior to the removal of a Penal Code section 3056 parole hold. The CDCR Form 1500 is not required to be completed when an investigation reveals that no parole violation occurred.

(d) The responsible parole agent will complete the following sections of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI:

1. Section A, Offender Information. Section A requires manual entry for those portions that do not auto-populate upon entry of the offender’s prison number.
2. Section B, California Static Risk Level. Section B shall auto-populate. When a California Static Risk Assessment (CSRA) risk number value, as described in section 3768.1, is unavailable, the parole agent is responsible for requesting a CSRA risk number value upon discovery of the violation.
4. Section D, Circumstances of Charges. Section D requires manual entry clearly articulating the facts and circumstances for each charged violation.
5. Section E, Mandatory Report to the Board of Parole Hearings. Section E requires manual entry to designate if the violation(s) are required to be reported to the Board of Parole Hearings in accordance with section 2616 of the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Division 2.
6. Section F, Instrument Response Level. Section F shall auto-populate an appropriate response level to the alleged violation. Response levels include:
   (A) Least Intensive. Least Intensive responses are those responses to a violation that impose a minimal sanction and are based on the severity of the violation and the risk score of the offender who committed the violation. The Least Intensive Response Level could include a verbal reprimand, the imposition of a curfew, or increased reporting instructions.
   (B) Moderately Intensive. Moderately Intensive responses are those responses to a violation that impose a medium-range sanction and is based on the severity of the violation and the risk score of the offender who committed the violation. The Moderately Intensive Response Level could include community service, increased urinalysis testing, or referral to a structured program.
   (C) Most Intensive A. Most Intensive A responses are those responses to a violation that impose a higher range sanction and are based on the severity of the violation and the risk score of the offender who committed the violation. The Most Intensive A Response Level could include a referral to an In-Custody Drug Treatment Program or placement into Mental Health Services.
   (D) Most Intensive B. Most Intensive B responses are those responses to a violation that impose the highest range sanction and are based on the severity of the violation and the risk score of the offender who committed the violation. The Most Intensive B Response Level would result in a recommendation for revocation by the parole agent.
   (E) Most Intensive C. Most Intensive C responses are those responses to a violation that impose the highest range sanction and are based on the severity of the violation and the risk score of the offender who committed the violation. The Most Intensive C Response Level would result in a recommendation for revocation by the PVDMI.
7. Section G, Recommended Responses. Section G requires the parole agent to select a recommended response level as provided for in Section F, or the parole agent may select an alternative response level. An alternative response selection will require the completion of the “Parole Agent Override Section.”
8. Parole Agent Override Section. The parole agent shall indicate stabilizing factors, which would mitigate the offender’s risk and support a less intensive response, or destabilizing factors, which would support a more intense response. Overrides should not adjust the response level by more than one level.
9. Section H, Agent’s Recommended Response Level. The parole agent shall indicate the specific program that the offender will be required to complete based on the selected response level.
   (a) The parole unit supervisor, or designee, shall ensure the responsible parole agent completed all the required sections of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI. Once verified, the unit supervisor shall complete Section I, Unit Supervisor’s Determination of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI.
   (1) For violations that do not require adjudication by the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH), the parole administrator can elect to:
      (A) Retain the response provided by the unit supervisor and forward the completed PVDMI packet to the BPH.
      (B) Modify the response provided by the unit supervisor, documenting the change in Section J of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, and forward the packet to the BPH, or return the packet to the parole unit, depending on the modification.
   (2) For violations that do require final adjudication by the BPH, the parole administrator can elect to:
      (A) Retain the response provided by the unit supervisor and forward the completed PVDMI packet to the BPH.
      (B) Modify the response provided by the unit supervisor, documenting the change in Section J of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI and forward the packet to the BPH.
      (C) The parole unit supervisor, or designee, shall ensure the responsible parole agent completed all the required sections of the automated CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI.
   (f) Upon receipt of the completed PVDMI packet, the Decentralized Revocation Unit parole administrator shall review the parole unit’s response level on the CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI.
   (1) Once the unit supervisor reviews the CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, the “Unit Response Level” shall be selected. Unit Response Levels that differ from the response level provided by an agent require articulation of the difference of opinion in the “comments” area of Section I.
   (2) The unit supervisor shall print and sign the completed CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI document, attach any supporting documents, and forward the completed PVDMI packet for processing.
   (g) Upon receipt of the completed PVDMI packet, the BPH shall review the completed CDCR Form 1500, PVDMI, and forward the packet to the BPH, or return the packet to the parole unit, depending on the modification.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 1-7-2010 as an emergency; operative 1-25-2010 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3(a) and Government Code section 11346.1(d) (Register 2010, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-6-2010 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
§ 3769. Parole Reentry Court Program.
(a) As part of the parole reentry accountability program for parolees established under Penal Code section 3015, the Reentry Court Program (RCP) operates under an established memorandum of understanding between the Administrative Office of the Court and the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (department). The RCP is designed to promote public safety, hold parolees accountable for their behavior, and reduce recidivism.
(b) Under the RCP, services that may be provided to program participants include but are not limited to:
(1) Substance abuse and addiction treatment.
(2) Residential housing.
(3) Individual/group counseling.
(4) Vocational training.
(5) Anger management.
(6) Intensified supervision.
(c) For the purpose of sections 3769-3769.6, the following terminology is defined:
(1) Reentry court program team is defined as the parole agent, representatives from county probation, the district attorney's office, court, and treatment provider.
(2) History of substance abuse is defined as a documented arrest history related to criminal use or possession of a controlled substance, to include alcohol.
(3) History of mental illness is defined as a documented history of any mental illness as determined by a psychiatrist, psychologist, or social worker licensed by the State to make those determinations.
(4) Reentry Court is defined as a county superior court authorized by an agreement with the department to participate in the reentry court program.
(5) Dual Jurisdiction is defined as a situation in which a parolee with a current sentence under the jurisdiction of the department also has a new sentence pending before the court and/or is currently on local probation.
(6) Deputy Commissioner is defined as an official with the Board of Parole Hearings responsible for adjudicating parole revocation cases.
(7) Reentry Parole Agent is defined as a parole agent with the department who is assigned to assist in the administration of the reentry court program.
(8) Reentry Court Judge is defined as a judge assigned to the participating reentry court program who is responsible for the judicial oversight of parolees in the program.
(9) Referral Packet is defined as the package of reports, forms and supporting documents compiled by the department that is required for referral of a parolee into the reentry court program.

3769.1. Reentry Court Program Eligibility Criteria.
(a) To be eligible for the Reentry Court Program (RCP) a parolee must meet all of the following eligibility criteria:
(1) Parolees must have been sentenced to a term of imprisonment under Penal Code section 1170 and released from an institution or facility to a period of parole supervision.
(2) Parolees must have a documented history of substance abuse or mental illness.
(3) Parolees must violate their conditions of parole.
(b) A parolee who meets the above criteria may be referred by his or her parole agent for participation in the RCP pursuant to section 3769.3.
(B) Sign the CDCR Form 1515-RCP (12/10), Reentry Court Program Special Conditions of Parole, which is incorporated by reference.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-15-2011 as an emergency; operative 4-15-2011 (Register 2011, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-22-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3769.4. Parole Agent Responsibilities—Reentry Court Program.

(a) The reentry parole agent will work as part of the Reentry Court Program (RCP) team. Reentry parole agent duties shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(1) Attend RCP team meetings at least once per week.
(2) Present referral packets to the RCP team for review.
(3) Obtain any additional parole casework information requested by the RCP team.
(4) Act as liaison between the reentry court and other divisions and programs within the department.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-15-2011 as an emergency; operative 4-15-2011 (Register 2011, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-22-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3769.5. Processing Violations of Parole—Reentry Court Program.

(a) Any new violation of parole will be transmitted in accordance with the provisions of sections 3768.3. The alleged violation shall be referred to the Reentry Court Program in accordance with the provisions of subsection 3768.2(a)(5). The authority to place a parolee on probation may be suspended and the parolee may be terminated from parole program.

(b) The reentry parole agent will submit a summary of charges for any new violation of parole to the reentry court judge for review and disposition. Within two business days of a reentry court parolee being placed into custody, the reentry parole agent shall coordinate with the reentry court judge to determine if the parolee shall remain in custody, or be terminated from the reentry parole program.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-15-2011 as an emergency; operative 4-15-2011 (Register 2011, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-22-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

3769.6. Processing Absconders from Parole—Reentry Court Program.

(a) In the event a parolee is determined to have absconded from Reentry Court Program (RCP) supervision, the violation shall be reported to the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) and processed pursuant to the provisions for the suspension of parole and issuance of a warrant in Title 15, Division 2, sections 2711 and 2731.

(b) When an absconding RCP parolee is located, the parolee shall be detained in a county jail pursuant to a parole hold pending the parolee’s appearance before the RCP judge on the absconding charge.

(c) In the event the BPH acted to suspend the absconder’s parole, the Reentry Parole Agent shall, upon being advised that the parolee is in custody, initiate the process for reinstatement of parole.

(d) Pursuant to PC section 3015, the RCP judge has exclusive authority to hear and adjudicate the absconding charge. If the RCP judge chooses to terminate the parolee’s participation in the RCP, the BPH shall retain the authority to hear the charge and determine appropriate sanctions.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 4-15-2011 as an emergency; operative 4-15-2011 (Register 2011, No. 15). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-22-2011 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

Article 20. Revocation Proceedings [Reserved]

3770. General. [Reserved]

3771. Revocation Period. [Reserved]

3772. Division of Adult Parole Operations Review. [Reserved]

Article 21. PC 3050 Residential Aftercare Program

3800. General Policy. Pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 3050, eligible felon inmates who have successfully completed an in-prison drug treatment program or other CDCR sanctioned substance abuse program, upon release from state prison, shall, whenever possible, be entered into a 150-day residential aftercare drug treatment program sanctioned by the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR). This residential treatment program shall be known as the Treatment Incentive Program (TIP). As a condition of parole, if the parolee successfully completes 150 days of residential aftercare treatment, as determined by the CDCR and the aftercare provider, the parolee shall be discharged from parole supervision at that time.


HISTORY:
1. New article 21 (sections 3800–3800.3) and section filed 3-9-2011; operative 4-8-2011 (Register 2011, No. 10).

3800.1. Treatment Incentive Program Eligibility Criteria.

(a) To be eligible to participate in the Residential Aftercare Program, the felon inmate must:

(1) Volunteer to participate.
(2) Have successfully completed an in-prison Substance Abuse Program (SAP), as described in section 3040.1, or other CDCR sanctioned substance abuse program.

(3) Not meet any of the exclusionary criteria as provided for in section 3800.2.
(b) Successful completion of a SAP or other CDCR sanctioned substance abuse program will be determined by the Successful Completion Assessment Team (SCAT).

(1) The SCAT shall include:
(A) Correctional Counselor (CC) III
(B) SAP treatment staff.

(2) The SCAT shall determine successful completion of the SAP or other CDCR sanctioned substance abuse program based on the following criteria:
(A) Time in program.
(B) Participation in program.
(C) Performance in program.
(D) Accomplishment of treatment plan objectives.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-9-2011; operative 4-8-2011 (Register 2011, No. 10).

§ 3800.2. Treatment Incentive Program Exclusionary Criteria.

(a) An inmate is excluded from Treatment Incentive Program participation if any of the following conditions exist:
(1) The inmate is currently serving time as a parole violator who has been returned to custody.
(2) The inmate was convicted on or after January 1, 1997 of Corporal Injury pursuant to PC section 273.5; Violation of a Protective Order pursuant to PC section 273.6; or Stalking pursuant to PC section 646.9, where they are required to complete a 52-week batterer’s program as outlined in PC Section 3053.2.
(3) The inmate is currently serving a Civil Addict commitment as described in Welfare and Institutions Code section 3051.
(4) The inmate is currently serving or has served a prior indeterminate sentence or a sentence for:
(A) A violent felony of any of the crimes listed as a violent felony in PC section 667.5(c).
(B) A serious felony of any of the crimes listed as a serious felony in PC sections 1192.7(c) and 1192.8.
(C) A crime that requires him or her to register as a sex offender pursuant to PC section 290.
(5) The inmate is eligible to participate in non-revocable parole status pursuant to Institution Classification action and as noted on CDC Form 128-B (Rev. 04/74), General Chrono.
(b) Inmates who volunteer to participate in the TIP but are denied entry may appeal the decision through the Department’s inmate appeal process as outlined in sections 3084 through 3085.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 273.5, 273.6, 290, 646.9, 667.5(c), 667.59(c), 1192.7(c), 1192.8, 3050, 3053.2 and 5054, Penal Code; and Section 3051, Welfare and Institutions Code.

HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-9-2011; operative 4-8-2011 (Register 2011, No. 10).

§ 3800.3. 150-Day Residential Aftercare Program.

(a) After successful completion of a CDCR sanctioned in-prison SAP or other CDCR sanctioned substance abuse program, and volunteering, upon release to parole, the parolee shall be placed in a CDCR sanctioned 150-day community based drug treatment program.
(b) Parolees who successfully complete the 150-day residential aftercare program shall be allowed to leave the program at 5 p.m. on their 150th day in the program, and discharged from parole.

(1) Successful completion will be determined by the Aftercare Successful Completion Assessment Team (ASCAT), whose team members shall include:
(A) The Office of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (OSATS) PA II,
(B) The Treatment Provider,
(C) The Substance Abuse Service Coordination Agencies (SASCA) or Female Offender Treatment and Employment Program (FOTEP) Advocate, Case Manager,
(D) The Parole Agent of Record (AOR), whenever possible.

(2) Between the parolee’s 130th day and no later than the 135th day of the PC section 3050 150-day residential aftercare program, the ASCAT shall conduct a case review to evaluate for successful completion, using the same criteria as for program eligibility outlined in section 3800.1(b).

(3) Upon a determination of successful completion, a copy of the Certificate of Completion and a CDCR Form 1502 (Rev. 10/06), Activity Report, shall be faxed to the AOR by the OSATS PA II no later than the 137th day. The AOR shall complete the CDCR Form 1502 and any remaining documentation, recommend closing interest in the case pursuant to PC section 3050(b), and shall submit the case to the Unit Supervisor (US) for review.

(4) The field parole US shall review the CDCR Form 1502, and upon approval, note an effective discharge date of 150-days from the date the parolee entered the residential program pursuant to PC section 3050(b). The CDCR Form 1502 and Certificate of Completion shall then be forwarded to Case Records.

(5) Upon receipt of the CDCR Form 1502, Division of Adult Parole Operations (DAPO) Case Records shall discharge the parolee from parole pursuant to PC section 3050(b).
(c) Parolees who fail to successfully complete the Treatment Incentive Program will remain under active parole supervision of DAPO.

(1) The US may restart the parolee in another CDCR sanctioned PC section 3050 150-day program.
(A) The AOR will contact SASCA for an alternate placement and recommend that the parolee restart the 150-days. If there is no bed or program available the parolee will not be afforded the option to restart and will forfeit the opportunity to discharge from parole pursuant to PC section 3050.
(B) If the parolee is restarted in the program a CDCR Form 1502 shall be submitted to the US recommending the effective start date and noting the new tentative discharge date 150-days after the restart date.


HISTORY:
1. New section filed 3-9-2011; operative 4-8-2011 (Register 2011, No. 10).